BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN'S SARDARPATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(Empowered Autonomous Institute Affiliated to University of Mumbai)
[Knowledge is Nectar]

Department of Computer Engineering Advance Data Visualization

Name & UID	Manthan Ayalwar (2021700003)
Class & batch	BE CSE-DS Batch I
Subject	Advanced Data Visualization
Experiment No.	8
Title	Experiment to design interactive dashboards and create visual storytelling using D3.js on a dataset related to Environment/Forest cover, covering basic and advanced charts

Dataset Link :- https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/karnikakapoor/global-forest-data-2001-2022

About the Dataset

1. Tree Cover Data (2001-2022):

- Provides annual data on tree cover loss and associated emissions from 2001 to 2022.
- o Includes tree cover statistics for the years 2000 and 2010 for historical context.

2. Biomass Stocks and Densities:

• Presents data on aboveground biomass stocks and densities for the year 2000.

3. Carbon Metrics:

- Includes detailed carbon data: carbon densities, emissions, removals, and net fluxes.
- Data is given in megagrams of CO2-equivalent per year (Mg CO2e/yr).
- Focuses on emissions from tree cover loss and forest disturbances, with data on CO2, methane (CH4), and nitrous oxide (N2O).

4. Canopy Cover Thresholds:

- Categorizes data based on various canopy cover thresholds (e.g., >10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 50%, 75%).
- Emissions, removals, and net flux data are specifically provided for canopy covers greater than 30%, 50%, and 75% in the year 2000.

5. Research and Collaboration:

- Developed through collaborations with the University of Maryland's GLAD Laboratory, Google, and other partners.
- Based on the foundational research of Hansen et al. (2013) and Harris et al. (2021).

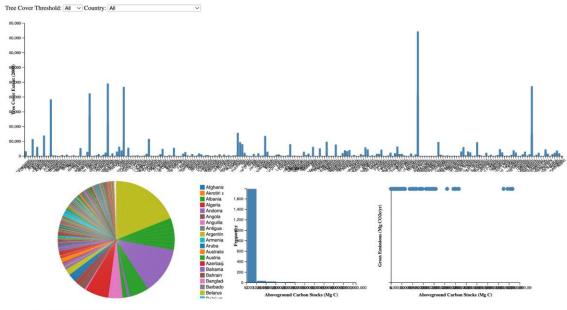
6. Use Cases:

- Essential for analyzing tree cover loss, forest carbon dynamics, and the climate impact of forest disturbances.
- Valuable for environmental researchers, policymakers, and educators focusing on forest conservation, carbon management, and climate change mitigation strategies.

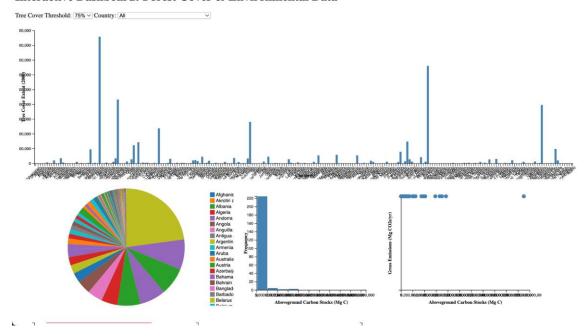
This dataset is a comprehensive resource for understanding the dynamics of forest ecosystems, carbon emissions, and the broader implications for climate change.

Charts

Interactive Dashboard: Forest Cover & Environmental Data



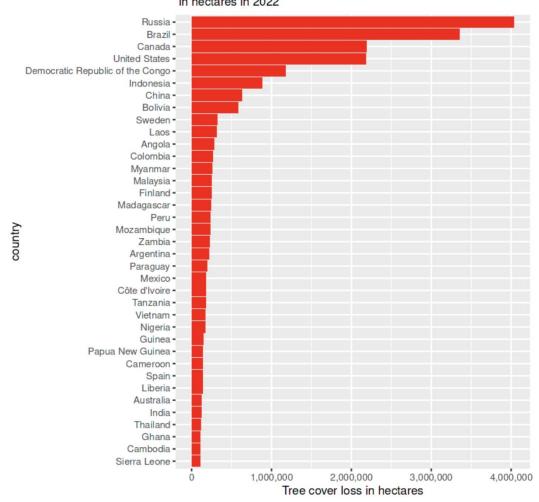
Interactive Dashboard: Forest Cover & Environmental Data



Observation -

- The Aboveground carbon stocks are highest in argentina followed by Albania and Andorra
- For >=75% we have most sparse tree cover extent distribution

Countries with average tree cover loss in hectares in 2022



Observation -

- Russia has highest average tree cover loss followed by brazil and canada
- Distribution is almost equal for the lower quartile (countries like India, Ghana Sierra)

Hypothesis testing

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Forest Cover Visualization</title>
```

```
<script src="https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js"></script>
  .chart { display: inline-
    margin: 10px;
  .axis-label { font-
    size: 12px;
    font-weight: bold;
  .legend { font-
    size: 12px;
    font-family: sans-serif;
<h1>Interactive Dashboard: Forest Cover & Environmental Data</h1>
  <label for="thresholdFilter">Tree Cover Threshold: </label>
  <select id="thresholdFilter">
    <option value="all">All</option>
    <option value="0">0%</option>
    <option value="10">10%</option>
    <option value="20">20%</option>
    <option value="30">30%</option>
    <option value="50">50%</option>
    <option value="75">75%</option>
  <label for="countryFilter">Country: </label>
  <select id="countryFilter">
    <option value="all">All</option>
```

```
<div class="charts">
```

```
d3.csv("forest.csv").then(function(data) {
      data.forEach(d \Rightarrow \{
        d.umd tree cover density 2000 threshold = +d.umd tree cover density 2000 threshold;
        d.umd tree cover extent 2000 ha = +d.umd tree cover extent 2000 ha;
        d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_ Mg_C = +d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000 Mg_C;
        d.gfw forest carbon gross emissions Mg CO2e yr =
+d.gfw forest carbon gross emissions Mg CO2e yr-1;
      const uniqueCountries = [...new Set(data.map(d => d.country))];
     const countryFilter = d3.select("#countryFilter");
      uniqueCountries.forEach(country => {
        countryFilter.append("option").text(country).attr("value", country);
      function filterData() {
        let threshold = d3.select("#thresholdFilter").property("value");
        let country = d3.select("#countryFilter").property("value");
        let filteredData = data;
        if (threshold !== "all") {
           threshold = +threshold;
           filteredData = filteredData.filter(d => d.umd_tree_cover_density_2000_threshold === threshold);
        if (country !== "all") { filteredData = filteredData.filter(d =>
           d.country === country);
        return filteredData;
     // Function to update charts when filters change
```

```
function updateCharts() {
  const filteredData = filterData();

// Clear existing charts
```

```
d3.select(".charts").html("");
  // Add basic charts
  createBarChart(filteredData);
  createPieChart(filteredData);
  createHistogram(filteredData);
  createScatterPlot(filteredData);
  // Add advanced charts
  createBoxPlot(filteredData);
  createViolinPlot(filteredData);
  createRegressionPlot(filteredData);
d3.select("#thresholdFilter").on("change", updateCharts);
d3.select("#countryFilter").on("change", updateCharts);
updateCharts();
function createBarChart(data) { const margin = {top: 20,
  right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};
  const width = 1450 - margin.left - margin.right;
  const height = 400 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
  const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
```

```
.attr("class", "chart")
.attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
.attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
.append("g")
.attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);

const x = d3.scaleBand()
.domain(data.map(d => d.country))
.range([0, width])
.padding(0.1);

const y = d3.scaleLinear()
.domain([0, d3.max(data, d => d.umd_tree_cover_extent_2000_ha)])
```

```
.nice()
.range([height, 0]);

svg.append("g")
.selectAll("rect")
.data(data)
.enter().append("rect")
.attr("x", d => x(d.country))
.attr("y", d => y(d.umd_tree_cover_extent_2000_ha))
.attr("width", x.bandwidth())
.attr("height", d => height - y(d.umd_tree_cover_extent_2000_ha))
.attr("fill", "steelblue");
```

```
.attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
  .call(d3.axisBottom(x))
  .selectAll("text")
  .attr("transform", "rotate(-45)")
  .style("text-anchor", "end");
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
svg.append("text")
  .attr("x", width / 2)
  .attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)
  .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
  .attr("class", "axis-label")
  .text("Country");
svg.append("text")
  .attr("x", -height / 2)
  .attr("y", -margin.left + 15)
  .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
  .attr("transform", "rotate(-90)")
  .attr("class", "axis-label")
```

```
.text("Tree Cover Extent (2000)");
}

function createPieChart(data) { const margin = {top: 20,
    right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};

const width = 550;
```

```
const height = 300;
const radius = Math.min(width, height) / 2;
const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
  .attr("class", "chart")
  .attr("width", width)
  .attr("height", height)
  .append("g")
  .attr("transform", `translate(${width / 2},${height / 2})`);
const pie = d3.pie()
  .value(d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_ Mg_C);
const arc = d3.arc()
  .innerRadius(0)
  .outerRadius(radius);
const color = d3.scaleOrdinal(d3.schemeCategory10);
const arcs = svg.selectAll("arc")
  .data(pie(data))
  .enter().append("g")
  .attr("class", "arc");
arcs.append("path")
  .attr("d", arc)
  .attr("fill", d => color(d.data.country));
svg.append("text")
  .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
```

```
.attr("y", radius + 20)
.attr("class", "axis-label")
.text("Aboveground Carbon Stocks (2000)");
```

```
const legend = svg.append("g")
     .attr("class", "legend")
     .attr("transform", `translate(\{width / 2 - 60\}, \{-height / 2 + 10\})`);
  uniqueCountries.forEach((country, i) => {
     legend.append("rect")
       .attr("x", 0)
       .attr("y", i * 15)
       .attr("width", 12)
       .attr("height", 12)
       .attr("fill", color(country));
     legend.append("text")
       .attr("x", 15)
       .attr("y", i * 15 + 10)
       .text(country);
function createHistogram(data) {
  const margin = {top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};
  const width = 350 - margin.left - margin.right;
  const height = 300 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
  const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
     .attr("class", "chart")
     .attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
     .attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
     .append("g")
```

```
.attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);

const x = d3.scaleLinear()
   .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000__Mg_C)])
   .range([0, width]);

const histogram = d3.histogram()
```

```
.value(d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_Mg_C)
  .domain(x.domain())
  .thresholds(x.ticks(10));
const bins = histogram(data);
const y = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain([0, d3.max(bins, d \Rightarrow d.length)])
  .range([height, 0]);
svg.selectAll("rect")
  .data(bins)
  .enter().append("rect")
  .attr("x", 1)
  .attr("transform", d \Rightarrow \text{`translate}(\{x(d.x0)\}, \{y(d.length)\})')
  attr("width", d => x(d.x1) - x(d.x0) - 1)
  .attr("height", d => height - y(d.length))
  .attr("fill", "steelblue");
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
```

```
.call(d3.axisBottom(x));

svg.append("g")

.attr("class", "axis")

.call(d3.axisLeft(y));

svg.append("text")

.attr("x", width / 2)

.attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)

.attr("text-anchor", "middle")

.attr("class", "axis-label")

.text("Aboveground Carbon Stocks (Mg C)");

svg.append("text")

.attr("x", -height / 2)
```

```
.attr("y", -margin.left + 15)

.attr("text-anchor", "middle")

.attr("transform", "rotate(-90)")

.attr("class", "axis-label")

.text("Frequency");

}

function createScatterPlot(data) {

const margin = {top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};

const width = 400 - margin.left - margin.right;

const height = 300 - margin.top - margin.bottom;

const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
```

```
.attr("class", "chart")
  .attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
  .attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
  .append("g")
  .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);
const x = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain(d3.extent(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000__Mg_C))
  .nice()
  .range([0, width]);
const y = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain(d3.extent(data, d => d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1))
  .nice()
  .range([height, 0]);
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
  .call(d3.axisBottom(x));
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
```

```
svg.append("g")
.selectAll("circle")
.data(data)
```

```
.enter().append("circle")
          .attr("cx", d \Rightarrow x(d.gfw aboveground carbon stocks 2000 Mg C))
          .attr("cy", d => y(d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1))
          .attr("r", 5)
          .attr("fill", "steelblue");
       svg.append("text")
          .attr("x", width / 2)
          .attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)
          .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
          .attr("class", "axis-label")
          .text("Aboveground Carbon Stocks (Mg C)");
       svg.append("text")
          .attr("x", -height / 2)
          .attr("y", -margin.left + 15)
          .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
          .attr("transform", "rotate(-90)")
          .attr("class", "axis-label")
          .text("Gross Emissions (Mg CO2e/yr)");
    function createRegressionPlot(data) { const
margin = {top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};
const width = 400 - margin.left - margin.right;
const height = 300 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
```

```
.attr("class", "chart")
.attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
.attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
.append("g")
.attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);
```

```
const x = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain(d3.extent(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000 Mg C))
  .nice()
  .range([0, width]);
const y = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain(d3.extent(data, d => d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions__Mg_CO2e_yr-1))
  .nice()
  .range([height, 0]);
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
  .call(d3.axisBottom(x));
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
const lr = linearRegression(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000__Mg_C, d =>
```

```
d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1);

// Plot regression line

svg.append("line")

.attr("x1", x(d3.min(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_Mg_C)))

.attr("y1", y(lr.intercept + lr.slope * d3.min(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_Mg_C)))

.attr("x2", x(d3.max(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_Mg_C)))

.attr("y2", y(lr.intercept + lr.slope * d3.max(data, d => d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000_Mg_C)))

.attr("stroke", "red")

.attr("stroke", "red")

.attr("stroke-width", 2);

svg.append("g")

.selectAll("circle")

.data(data)

.enter().append("circle")
```

```
.attr("cx", d => x(d.gfw_aboveground_carbon_stocks_2000__Mg_C))
.attr("cy", d => y(d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions__Mg_CO2e_yr-1))
.attr("r", 3)
.attr("fill", "steelblue");

svg.append("text")
.attr("x", width / 2)
.attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)
.attr("text-anchor", "middle")
.attr("class", "axis-label")
.text("Regression Plot of Emissions vs. Carbon Stocks");
}

function createViolinPlot(data) {
    const margin = {top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};
    const width = 400 - margin.left - margin.right;
```

```
const height = 300 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
  .attr("class", "chart")
  .attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
  .attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
  .append("g")
  .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);
const y = d3.scaleLinear()
  .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1)])
  .range([height, 0]);
const x = d3.scaleBand()
  .domain(["Emissions"])
  .range([0, width])
  .padding(0.2);
const histogram = d3.histogram()
  .value(d => d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions__Mg_CO2e_yr-1)
  .domain(y.domain())
```

```
.thresholds(y.ticks(20));

const bins = histogram(data);

const density = bins.map(b => {

const densityValue = b.length / (d3.sum(bins, b => b.length) * (b.x1 - b.x0));

return {x: (b.x0 + b.x1) / 2, y: densityValue};

});
```

```
svg.append("path")
  .datum(density)
  .attr("fill", "steelblue")
  .attr("opacity", 0.5)
  .attr("d", d3.area()
     x(d \Rightarrow x("Emissions") + x.bandwidth() / 2)
     .y0(height)
     .y1(d \Longrightarrow y(d.y))
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
  .call(d3.axisBottom(x));
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
svg.append("text")
  .attr("x", width / 2)
  .attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)
  .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
  .attr("class", "axis-label")
  .text("Violin Plot of Forest Emissions");
```

```
function createBoxPlot(data) {
 const margin = {top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 40, left: 40};
 const width = 400 - margin.left - margin.right;
 const height = 300 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
 const svg = d3.select(".charts").append("svg")
    .attr("class", "chart")
    .attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
    .attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
    .append("g")
    .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);
 const y = d3.scaleLinear()
    .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => d.gfw_forest_carbon_gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1)])
    .range([height, 0]);
  const x = d3.scaleBand()
    .domain(["Emissions"])
    .range([0, width])
    .padding(0.1);
 const q1 = d3.quantile(data.map(d =>
d.gfw forest carbon gross emissions Mg CO2e yr-1).sort(d3.ascending), 0.25);
 const median = d3.quantile(data.map(d =>
d.gfw forest carbon gross emissions Mg CO2e yr-1).sort(d3.ascending), 0.5);
 const q3 = d3.quantile(data.map(d =>
d.gfw forest carbon gross_emissions_Mg_CO2e_yr-1).sort(d3.ascending), 0.75);
 svg.append("rect")
    .attr("x", x("Emissions"))
    .attr("y", y(q3))
    .attr("height", y(q1) - y(q3))
    .attr("width", x.bandwidth())
```

```
.attr("fill", "steelblue");
svg.append("line")
  .attr("x1", x("Emissions"))
  .attr("x2", x("Emissions") + x.bandwidth())
  .attr("y1", y(median))
  .attr("y2", y(median))
  .attr("stroke", "black");
svg.append("line")
  .attr("x1", x("Emissions"))
  .attr("x2", x("Emissions") + x.bandwidth())
  .attr("y1", y(q3 + 1.5 * iqr))
  .attr("y2", y(q3 + 1.5 * iqr))
  .attr("stroke", "red");
svg.append("line")
  .attr("x1", x("Emissions"))
  .attr("x2", x("Emissions") + x.bandwidth())
  .attr("y1", y(q1 - 1.5 * iqr))
  .attr("y2", y(q1 - 1.5 * iqr))
  .attr("stroke", "red");
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
  .call(d3.axisBottom(x));
svg.append("g")
  .attr("class", "axis")
  .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
svg.append("text")
  .attr("x", width / 2)
  .attr("y", height + margin.bottom - 5)
  .attr("text-anchor", "middle")
  .attr("class", "axis-label")
  .text("Box Plot of Forest Emissions");
```

</html>

Conclusion - In this experiment, we visualized the forestation data using d3.js library allowing users to interact with the threshold values with the dashboard.