Tutorial (vignette) for the eurostat R package 2018-05-20

R Tools for Eurostat Open Data

This rOpenGov R package provides tools to access Eurostat database, which you can also browse on-line for the data sets and documentation. For contact information and source code, see the package website.

Installation

```
Release version (CRAN):
install.packages("eurostat")

Development version (Github):
library(devtools)
install_github("ropengov/eurostat")
```

Overall, the eurostat package includes the following functions:

Finding data

Function get_eurostat_toc() downloads a table of contents of eurostat datasets. The values in column 'code' should be used to download a selected dataset.

```
# Load the package
library(eurostat)
library(rvest)

# Get Eurostat data listing
toc <- get_eurostat_toc()

# Check the first items
library(knitr)
kable(head(toc))</pre>
```

title	code	type	last update of data	last table structure
Database by themes	data	folder	NA	NA
General and regional statistics	general	folder	NA	NA
European and national indicators for short-term analysis	euroind	folder	NA	NA
Business and consumer surveys (source: DG ECFIN)	ei_bcs	folder	NA	NA
Consumer surveys (source: DG ECFIN)	ei_bcs_cs	folder	NA	NA
Consumers - monthly data	ei_bsco_m	dataset	27.04.2018	27.04.2018

With search_eurostat() you can search the table of contents for particular patterns, e.g. all datasets related to passenger transport. The kable function to produces nice markdown output. Note that with the type argument of this function you could restrict the search to for instance datasets or tables.

```
# info about passengers
kable(head(search_eurostat("passenger transport")))

title

Volume of passenger transport relative to GDP

Modal split of passenger transport
Railway transport - total annual passenger transport (1 000 pass., million pkm)

Railway transport - passenger transport by type of transport (detailed reporting only) (1 000 pass.)

Railway transport - passenger transport by type of transport (detailed reporting only) (million pkm)
```

International railway passenger transport from the reporting country to the country of disembarkation (1 000 passengers)

Codes for the dataset can be searched also from the Eurostat database. The Eurostat database gives codes in the Data Navigation Tree after every dataset in parenthesis.

Downloading data

The package supports two of the Eurostats download methods: the bulk download facility and the Web Services' JSON API. The bulk download facility is the fastest method to download whole datasets. It is also often the only way as the JSON API has limitation of maximum 50 sub-indicators at a time and whole datasets usually exceeds that. To download only a small section of the dataset the JSON API is faster, as it allows to make a data selection before downloading.

A user does not usually have to bother with methods, as both are used via main function get_eurostat(). If only the table id is given, the whole table is downloaded from the bulk download facility. If also filters are defined the JSON API is used.

Here an example of indicator 'Modal split of passenger transport'. This is the percentage share of each mode of transport in total inland transport, expressed in passenger-kilometres (pkm) based on transport by passenger cars, buses and coaches, and trains. All data should be based on movements on national territory, regardless of the nationality of the vehicle. However, the data collection is not harmonized at the EU level.

Pick and print the id of the data set to download:

```
[1] "t2020_rk310"
```

Get the whole corresponding table. As the table is annual data, it is more convient to use a numeric time variable than use the default date format:

```
dat <- get_eurostat(id, time_format = "num")</pre>
```

Investigate the structure of the downloaded data set:

```
str(dat)
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 2431 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ unit : Factor w/ 1 level "PC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
## $ values : num 11 10.6 3.7 9.1 11.3 32.4 14.9 13.5 6 24.8 ...
kable(head(dat))
```

unit	vehicle	geo	time	values
PC	BUS_TOT	AT	1990	11.0
PC	BUS_TOT	BE	1990	10.6
PC	BUS_TOT	CH	1990	3.7
PC	BUS_TOT	DE	1990	9.1
PC	BUS_TOT	DK	1990	11.3
PC	BUS_TOT	EL	1990	32.4

Or you can get only a part of the dataset by defining filters argument. It should be named list, where names corresponds to variable names (lower case) and values are vectors of codes corresponding desidered series (upper case). For time variable, in addition to a time, also a sinceTimePeriod and a lastTimePeriod can be used.

```
dat2 <- get_eurostat(id, filters = list(geo = c("EU28", "FI"), lastTimePeriod=1), time_format = "num")
kable(dat2)</pre>
```

Replacing codes with labels

By default variables are returned as Eurostat codes, but to get human-readable labels instead, use a type = "label" argument.

Eurostat codes in the downloaded data set can be replaced with human-readable labels from the Eurostat dictionaries with the label_eurostat() function.

```
datl <- label_eurostat(dat)
kable(head(datl))</pre>
```

unit	vehicle	geo	time	values
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Austria	1990	11.0
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Belgium	1990	10.6
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Switzerland	1990	3.7
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Germany (until 1990 former territory of the FRG)	1990	9.1
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Denmark	1990	11.3
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	Greece	1990	32.4

The label_eurostat() allows conversion of individual variable vectors or variable names as well.

```
label_eurostat_vars(names(datl))
```

Vehicle information has 3 levels. You can check them now with:

```
levels(datl$vehicle)
```

Selecting and modifying data

EFTA, Eurozone, EU and EU candidate countries

To facilitate smooth visualization of standard European geographic areas, the package provides ready-made lists of the country codes used in the eurostat database for EFTA (efta_countries), Euro area (ea_countries), EU (eu_countries) and EU candidate countries (eu_candidate_countries). These can be used to select specific groups of countries for closer investigation. For conversions with other standard country coding systems, see the countrycode R package. To retrieve the country code list for EFTA, for instance, use:

```
data(efta_countries)
kable(efta_countries)
```

code	name
IS	Iceland
LI	Liechtenstein
NO	Norway
СН	Switzerland

EU data from 2012 in all vehicles:

```
dat_eu12 <- subset(datl, geo == "European Union (current composition)" & time == 2012)
kable(dat_eu12, row.names = FALSE)</pre>
```

unit	vehicle	geo	time	values
Percentage	Motor coaches, buses and trolley buses	European Union (current composition)	2012	9.5
Percentage	Passenger cars	European Union (current composition)	2012	82.8
Percentage	Trains	European Union (current composition)	2012	7.7

EU data from 2000 - 2012 with vehicle types as variables:

Reshaping the data is best done with spread() in tidyr.

```
library("tidyr")
dat_eu_0012 <- subset(dat, geo == "EU28" & time %in% 2000:2012)
dat_eu_0012_wide <- spread(dat_eu_0012, vehicle, values)
kable(subset(dat_eu_0012_wide, select = -geo), row.names = FALSE)</pre>
```

unit	$_{ m time}$	BUS_TOT	CAR	TRN
PC	2000	10.4	82.4	7.2
PC	2001	10.2	82.7	7.1
PC	2002	9.9	83.3	6.8
PC	2003	9.9	83.5	6.7
PC	2004	9.8	83.4	6.8
PC	2005	9.8	83.3	6.9

unit	time	BUS_TOT	CAR	TRN
PC	2006	9.7	83.2	7.1
PC	2007	9.8	83.1	7.1
PC	2008	9.9	82.8	7.4
PC	2009	9.3	83.6	7.1
PC	2010	9.4	83.5	7.2
PC	2011	9.4	83.2	7.3
PC	2012	9.5	82.8	7.7

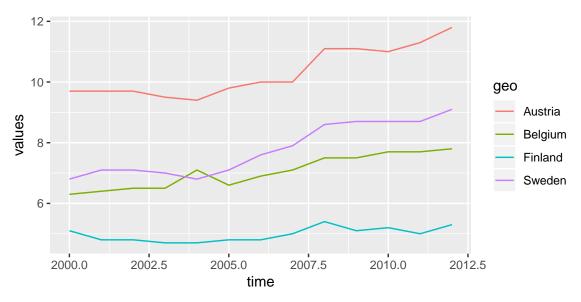
Train passengers for selected EU countries in 2000 - 2012

unit	time	Austria	Belgium	Finland	Sweden
Percentage	2000	9.7	6.3	5.1	6.8
Percentage	2001	9.7	6.4	4.8	7.1
Percentage	2002	9.7	6.5	4.8	7.1
Percentage	2003	9.5	6.5	4.7	7.0
Percentage	2004	9.4	7.1	4.7	6.8
Percentage	2005	9.8	6.6	4.8	7.1
Percentage	2006	10.0	6.9	4.8	7.6
Percentage	2007	10.0	7.1	5.0	7.9
Percentage	2008	11.1	7.5	5.4	8.6
Percentage	2009	11.1	7.5	5.1	8.7
Percentage	2010	11.0	7.7	5.2	8.7
Percentage	2011	11.3	7.7	5.0	8.7
Percentage	2012	11.8	7.8	5.3	9.1

Visualization

Visualizing train passenger data with ggplot2:

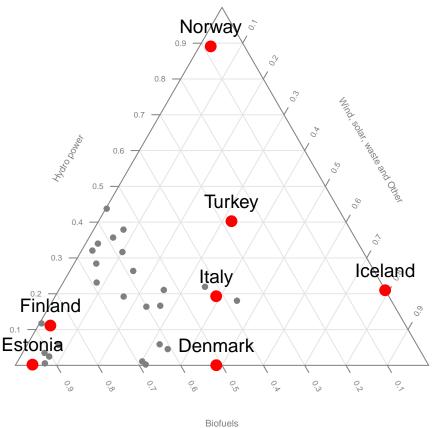
```
library(ggplot2)
p <- ggplot(dat_trains, aes(x = time, y = values, colour = geo))
p <- p + geom_line()
print(p)</pre>
```



Triangle plot

Triangle plot is handy for visualizing data sets with three variables.

```
library(tidyr)
library(plotrix)
library(eurostat)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
# All sources of renewable energy are to be grouped into three sets
dict <- c("Solid biofuels (excluding charcoal)" = "Biofuels",</pre>
 "Biogasoline" = "Biofuels",
 "Other liquid biofuels" = "Biofuels",
 "Biodiesels" = "Biofuels",
 "Biogas" = "Biofuels",
 "Hydro power" = "Hydro power",
 "Tide, Wave and Ocean" = "Hydro power",
 "Solar thermal" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other",
 "Geothermal Energy" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other",
 "Solar photovoltaic" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other",
 "Municipal waste (renewable)" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other",
 "Wind power" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other",
 "Bio jet kerosene" = "Wind, solar, waste and Other")
# Some cleaning of the data is required
 energy3 <- get_eurostat("ten00081") %>%
 label_eurostat(dat) %>%
 filter(time == "2013-01-01",
product != "Renewable energies") %>%
 mutate(nproduct = dict[as.character(product)], # just three categories
 geo = gsub(geo, pattern=" \\(.*", replacement="")) %>%
 select(nproduct, geo, values) %>%
 group_by(nproduct, geo) %>%
 summarise(svalue = sum(values)) %>%
 group by(geo) %>%
mutate(tvalue = sum(svalue),
 svalue = svalue/sum(svalue)) %>%
```



Maps

Disposable income of private households by NUTS 2 regions at 1:60mln resolution using tmap

The mapping examples below use tmap package.

```
library(dplyr)
library(eurostat)
library(sf)
```

```
library(tmap)
# Download attribute data from Eurostat
sp_data <- eurostat::get_eurostat("tgs00026", time_format = "raw", stringsAsFactors = FALSE) %>%
 # subset to have only a single row per geo
 dplyr::filter(time == 2010, nchar(geo) == 4) %>%
 # categorise
 dplyr::mutate(income = cut_to_classes(values, n = 5))
## Reading cache file /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026 raw code FF.rds
## Table tgs00026 read from cache file: /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026_raw_code_FF.rds
# Download geospatial data from GISCO
geodata <- get_eurostat_geospatial(output_class = "sf", resolution = "60")</pre>
##
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##
## sf at resolution 1:60 read from local file
##
## # -----
## HEADS UP!!
## Function now returns the data in 'sf'-class (simple features)
## by default which is different
## from previous behaviour's 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame'.
## If you prefer either 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame' or
## fortified 'data_frame' (for ggplot2::geom_polygon),
## please specify it explicitly to 'output_class'-argument!
```

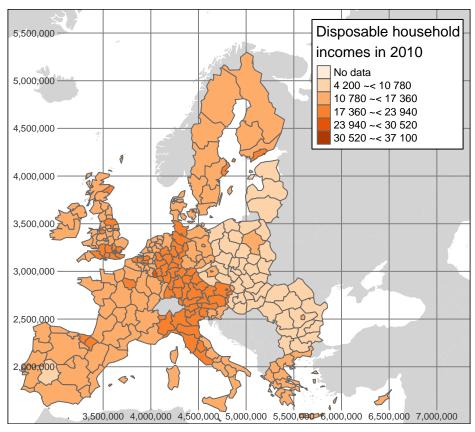
```
##
## # -----
##

# merge with attribute data with geodata
map_data <- inner_join(geodata, sp_data)

## Joining, by = "geo"

# plot map using tmap
data(Europe)</pre>
```

Construct the map



Interactive maps can be generated as well

```
# Interactive
tmap_mode("view")
map1

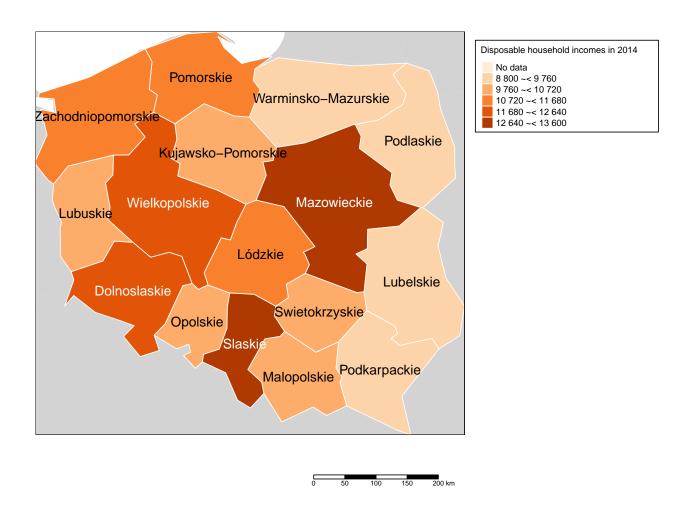
# Set the mode back to normal plotting
```

```
tmap_mode("plot")
print(map1)
```

Disposable income of private households by NUTS 2 regions in Poland with labels at 1:1mln resolution using tmap

```
library(eurostat)
library(dplyr)
library(sf)
library(RColorBrewer)
# Downloading and manipulating the tabular data
print("Let us focus on year 2014 and NUTS-3 level")
## [1] "Let us focus on year 2014 and NUTS-3 level"
euro_sf2 <- get_eurostat("tgs00026", time_format = "raw",</pre>
                                                         stringsAsFactors = FALSE,
                             filter = list(time = "2014")) %>%
    # Subset to NUTS-3 level
    dplyr::filter(grepl("PL",geo)) %>%
    # label the single geo column
    mutate(label = paste0(label_eurostat(.)[["geo"]], "\n", values, "€"),
                    income = cut_to_classes(values))
print("Download geospatial data from GISCO")
## [1] "Download geospatial data from GISCO"
geodata <- get_eurostat_geospatial(output_class = "sf", resolution = "60")</pre>
## COPYRIGHT NOTICE
## When data downloaded from this page
## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-unit">## <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-units-units-statistical-units-units-statistical-units-units-statistical-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-units-u
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##
```

```
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##
## sf at resolution 1:60 read from local file
## # -----
## HEADS UP!!
## Function now returns the data in 'sf'-class (simple features)
## by default which is different
## from previous behaviour's 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame'.
## If you prefer either 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame' or
## fortified 'data_frame' (for ggplot2::geom_polygon),
## please specify it explicitly to 'output_class'-argument!
## # -----
# Merge with attribute data with geodata
map_data <- inner_join(geodata, euro_sf2)</pre>
## Joining, by = "geo"
# plot map
map2 <- tm_shape(Europe) +</pre>
 tm_fill("lightgrey") +
 tm_shape(map_data, is.master = TRUE) +
 tm_polygons("income", title = "Disposable household incomes in 2014",
             palette = "Oranges", border.col = "white") +
 tm_text("NUTS_NAME", just = "center") +
 tm_scale_bar() +
 tm_format_Europe(legend.outside = TRUE, attr.outside = TRUE)
map2
```

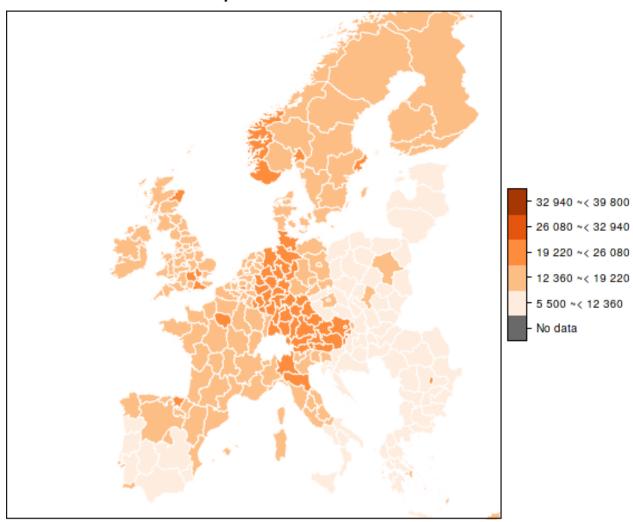


Disposable income of private households by NUTS 2 regions at 1:10mln resolution using spplot

```
library(sp)
library(eurostat)
library(dplyr)
library(RColorBrewer)
dat <- get_eurostat("tgs00026", time_format = "raw", stringsAsFactors = FALSE) %>%
 # subsetting to year 2014 and NUTS-3 level
 dplyr::filter(time == 2014, nchar(geo) == 4) %>%
 # classifying the values the variable
 dplyr::mutate(cat = cut_to_classes(values))
## Reading cache file /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026_raw_code_FF.rds
## Table tgs00026 read from cache file: /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026_raw_code_FF.rds
# Download geospatial data from GISCO
geodata <- get_eurostat_geospatial(output_class = "spdf", resolution = "10", nuts_level = 2)</pre>
##
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## Reading cache file /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/spdf102.RData
## SpatialPolygonDataFrame at resolution 1: 10 read from cache file: /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/spdf102
##
## # -----
## HEADS UP!!
## Function now returns the data in 'sf'-class (simple features)
## by default which is different
## from previous behaviour's 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame'.
## If you prefer either 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame' or
## fortified 'data_frame' (for ggplot2::geom_polygon),
## please specify it explicitly to 'output_class'-argument!
##
## # -----
# merge with attribute data with geodata
geodata@data <- left_join(geodata@data, dat)</pre>
## Joining, by = "geo"
# plot map
sp::spplot(obj = geodata, "cat", main = "Disposable household income",
      xlim = c(-22,34), ylim = c(35,70),
          col.regions = c("dim grey", brewer.pal(n = 5, name = "Oranges")),
      col = "white", usePolypath = FALSE)
```

Disposable household income



Disposable income of private households by NUTS 2 regions at 1:60mln resolution using gg-plot 2 $\,$

Meanwhile the CRAN version of ggplot2 is lacking support for simple features, you can plot maps with ggplot2 by downloading geospatial data as data.frame with output_class argument set as df.

```
library(eurostat)
library(ggplot2)
dat <- get_eurostat("tgs00026", time_format = "raw", stringsAsFactors = FALSE) %>%
    # subsetting to year 2014 and NUTS-2 level
    dplyr::filter(time == 2014, nchar(geo) == 4) %>%
    # classifying the values the variable
    dplyr::mutate(cat = cut_to_classes(values))
```

```
## Reading cache file /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026_raw_code_FF.rds
```

Table tgs00026 read from cache file: /tmp/Rtmpav96gu/eurostat/tgs00026_raw_code_FF.rds

```
# Download geospatial data from GISCO
geodata <- get_eurostat_geospatial(output_class = "df", resolution = "60", nuts_level = "2")</pre>
##
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## please contact EuroGeographics for
## information regarding their licence agreements.
## Regions defined for each Polygons
## Joining, by = "id"
## data_frame at resolution 1:60 read from local file
##
## # -----
## HEADS UP!!
## Function now returns the data in 'sf'-class (simple features)
## by default which is different
## from previous behaviour's 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame'.
##
## If you prefer either 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame' or
## fortified 'data_frame' (for ggplot2::geom_polygon),
## please specify it explicitly to 'output_class'-argument!
##
## # -----
# merge with attribute data with geodata
map_data <- inner_join(geodata, dat)</pre>
```

Joining, by = "geo"

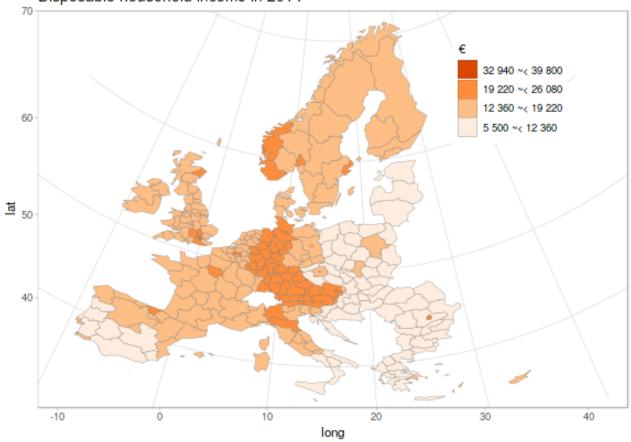
```
# plot map
ggplot(data=map_data, aes(x=long,y=lat,group=group)) +
  geom polygon(aes(fill=cat),color="dim grey", size=.1) +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Oranges") +
  # scale fill continuous(trans = 'reverse', ) +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse=T, title = "€")) +
  labs(title="Disposable household income in 2014",
       caption="(C) EuroGeographics for the administrative boundaries
                Map produced in R with a help from Eurostat-package <github.com/ropengov/eurostat/>") +
  theme_light() + theme(legend.position=c(.8,.8)) +
  coord_map(project="orthographic", xlim=c(-12,44), ylim=c(35,70))
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <82>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <ac>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <82>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <ac>
## Warning in grid.Call(C_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
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## conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <82>
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## x$y, : conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <e2>
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## x$y, : conversion failure on '€' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <82>
## Warning in grid.Call.graphics(C_text, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x,
## x$y, : conversion failure on '$\epsilon' in 'mbcsToSbcs': dot substituted for <ac>
```





(C) EuroGeographics for the administrative boundaries Map produced in R with a help from Eurostat-package <github.com/ropengov/eurostat/>

SDMX

Eurostat data is available also in the SDMX format. The eurostat R package does not provide custom tools for this but the generic rsdmx R package can be used to access data in that format when necessary:

```
library(rsdmx)

# Data set URL
url <- "http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/SDMX/diss-web/rest/data/cdh_e_fos/..PC.FOS1.BE/?startperiod=2005&e.

# Read the data from eurostat
d <- readSDMX(url)

# Convert to data frame and show the first entries
df <- as.data.frame(d)

kable(head(df))</pre>
```

UNIT	Y_GRAD	FOS07	GEO	FREQ	obsTime	obsValue	OBS_STATUS
PC	TOTAL	FOS1	BE	A	2009	NA	na
PC	TOTAL	FOS1	BE	A	2006	NA	na
PC	Y GE1990	FOS1	BE	A	2009	43.75	NA

UNIT	Y_GRAD	FOS07	GEO	FREQ	obsTime	obsValue	OBS_STATUS
PC	Y_GE1990	FOS1	BE	A	2006	NA	na

Further examples

For further examples, see the package homepage.

Citations and related work

Citing the data sources

Eurostat data: cite Eurostat.

Administrative boundaries: cite EuroGeographics

Citing the eurostat R package

For main developers and contributors, see the package homepage.

This work can be freely used, modified and distributed under the BSD-2-clause (modified FreeBSD) license:

```
citation("eurostat")
```

```
## Kindly cite the eurostat R package as follows:
##
##
     (C) Leo Lahti, Janne Huovari, Markus Kainu, Przemyslaw Biecek.
##
     Retrieval and analysis of Eurostat open data with the eurostat
##
     package. R Journal 9(1):385-392, 2017. Version 3.2.1 Package
     URL: http://ropengov.github.io/eurostat Manuscript URL:
##
##
     https://journal.r-project.org/archive/2017/RJ-2017-019/index.html
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
##
     @Misc{,
       title = {eurostat R package},
##
##
       author = {Leo Lahti and Janne Huovari and Markus Kainu and Przemyslaw Biecek},
       journal = {R Journal},
##
       volume = \{9\},
##
       number = \{1\},
##
       pages = \{385-392\},
##
##
       year = \{2017\},\
##
       url = {https://journal.r-project.org/archive/2017/RJ-2017-019/index.html},
##
       note = {Version 3.2.1},
##
```

Related work

This rOpenGov R package is based on the earlier CRAN packages statfi and smarterpoland.

The independent reurostat package develops related Eurostat tools but seems to be in an experimental stage at the time of writing this tutorial.

The more generic quandl, datamart, rsdmx, and pdfetch packages may provide access to some versions of eurostat data but these packages are more generic and hence, in contrast to the eurostat R package, lack tools that are specifically customized to facilitate eurostat analysis.

Contact

For contact information, see the package homepage.

Version info

This tutorial was created with

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.5.0 (2018-04-23)
## Platform: x86 64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Ubuntu 18.04 LTS
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /home/lei/bin/R-3.5.0/lib/libRblas.so
## LAPACK: /home/lei/bin/R-3.5.0/lib/libRlapack.so
##
## locale:
##
  [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_NUMERIC=C
   [3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8
##
  [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
   [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
##
                                   LC_NAME=C
##
   [9] LC_ADDRESS=C
                                   LC_TELEPHONE=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics
                           grDevices utils
                                               datasets methods
                                                                    base
##
## other attached packages:
                                               RColorBrewer_1.1-2
## [1] rsdmx_0.5-11
                           sp_1.2-7
## [4] tmap_1.11-2
                           sf_0.6-2
                                               plotrix_3.7
  [7] ggplot2_2.2.1.9000 tidyr_0.8.0
                                               bindrcpp_0.2.2
                           xml2 1.2.0
                                               rmarkdown 1.9
## [10] rvest_0.3.2
## [13] eurostat_3.2.1
                           pkgdown_1.0.0.9000 knitr_1.20
## [16] dplyr_0.7.4
                           devtools_1.13.5
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
     [1] backports_1.1.2
                            osmar_1.1-7
                                               plyr_1.8.4
##
     [4] lazyeval_0.2.1
                            splines_3.5.0
                                                crosstalk_1.0.0
     [7] leaflet_2.0.0
                                               digest_0.6.15
                            geojsonlint_0.2.0
##
   [10] foreach_1.4.4
                            htmltools_0.3.6
                                                gdata_2.18.0
##
    [13] magrittr_1.5
                            memoise_1.1.0
                                                readr_1.1.1
##
  [16] gmodels_2.16.2
                            R.utils_2.6.0
                                                colorspace_1.3-2
  [19] jsonvalidate 1.0.0 rgdal 1.2-20
                                                callr 2.0.3
## [22] crayon_1.3.4
                            RCurl_1.95-4.10
                                                jsonlite_1.5
```

```
[25] roxygen2_6.0.1
                             bindr 0.1.1
                                                 iterators_1.0.9
##
    [28] glue_1.2.0
                             gtable_0.2.0
                                                 webshot_0.5.0.9000
    [31] V8 1.5
                             maps_3.3.0
##
                                                 scales 0.5.0.9000
    [34] DBI_1.0.0
                                                 viridisLite_0.3.0
##
                             Rcpp_0.12.16
##
    [37] xtable_1.8-2
                             spData_0.2.8.3
                                                 units 0.5-1
    [40] mapproj 1.2.6
                             foreign 0.8-70
                                                 spdep_0.7-7
##
    [43] stats4 3.5.0
                             htmlwidgets 1.2
                                                 httr 1.3.1
##
    [46] geosphere 1.5-7
                             pkgconfig_2.0.1
                                                 XML 3.98-1.11
##
##
    [49] R.methodsS3 1.7.1
                             deldir_0.1-15
                                                 tidyselect_0.2.4
    [52] labeling_0.3
                             rlang_0.2.0.9001
                                                 reshape2_1.4.3
##
    [55] later_0.7.2
                             tmaptools_1.2-4
                                                 munsell_0.4.3
                                                 broom_0.4.4
    [58] tools_3.5.0
                             cli_1.0.0
##
                                                 yaml_2.1.19
##
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                             fs_1.2.2
                                                 purrr_0.2.4
##
    [64] highlight_0.4.7.2
##
    [67] satellite_1.0.1
                             nlme_3.1-137
                                                 whisker_0.4
##
    [70] mime_0.5
                             R.oo_1.22.0
                                                 rmapshaper_0.4.0
    [73] debugme_1.1.0
                             compiler_3.5.0
                                                 rstudioapi_0.7
##
##
    [76] curl 3.2
                             png 0.1-7
                                                 e1071 1.6-8
    [79] testthat_2.0.0
                             RPostgreSQL_0.6-2
                                                tibble_1.4.2
##
##
    [82] stringi 1.2.2
                             highr 0.6
                                                 desc 1.2.0
##
    [85] rgeos_0.3-26
                             lattice_0.20-35
                                                 Matrix_1.2-14
##
    [88] classInt 0.2-3
                             commonmark 1.5
                                                 psych_1.8.4
    [91] pillar_1.2.2
                             LearnBayes_2.15.1
                                                bitops_1.0-6
##
    [94] raster 2.6-7
                             mapview 2.4.0
                                                 httpuv 1.4.2
##
   [97] R6 2.2.2
                             promises_1.0.1
##
                                                 KernSmooth 2.23-15
## [100] codetools_0.2-15
                             gdalUtils_2.0.1.14 dichromat_2.0-0
## [103] boot_1.3-20
                             MASS_7.3-50
                                                 gtools_3.5.0
## [106] assertthat_0.2.0
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                                                 withr_2.1.2
## [109] mnormt_1.5-5
                             expm_0.999-2
                                                 parallel_3.5.0
## [112] hms_0.4.2
                             udunits2_0.13
                                                 grid_3.5.0
                             class_7.3-14
## [115] coda_0.19-1
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## [118] shiny_1.0.5
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## [121] rematch_1.0.1
```