

JAVA EXCEPTION Part2

```
statement-1;  
try  
{  
    statement-2;  
    statement-3;  
    statement-4;  
}  
    catch(XXX e)  
{  
    statement-5;  
}  
statement-6;
```



If there is no Exception raised.

statement-1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 will be executed.
Resulting in Normal Termination.



If an Exception is raised at statement-3 and the corresponding catch block is matched.

statement-1, 2, 5 & 6 will be executed.
Resulting in Normal Termination.



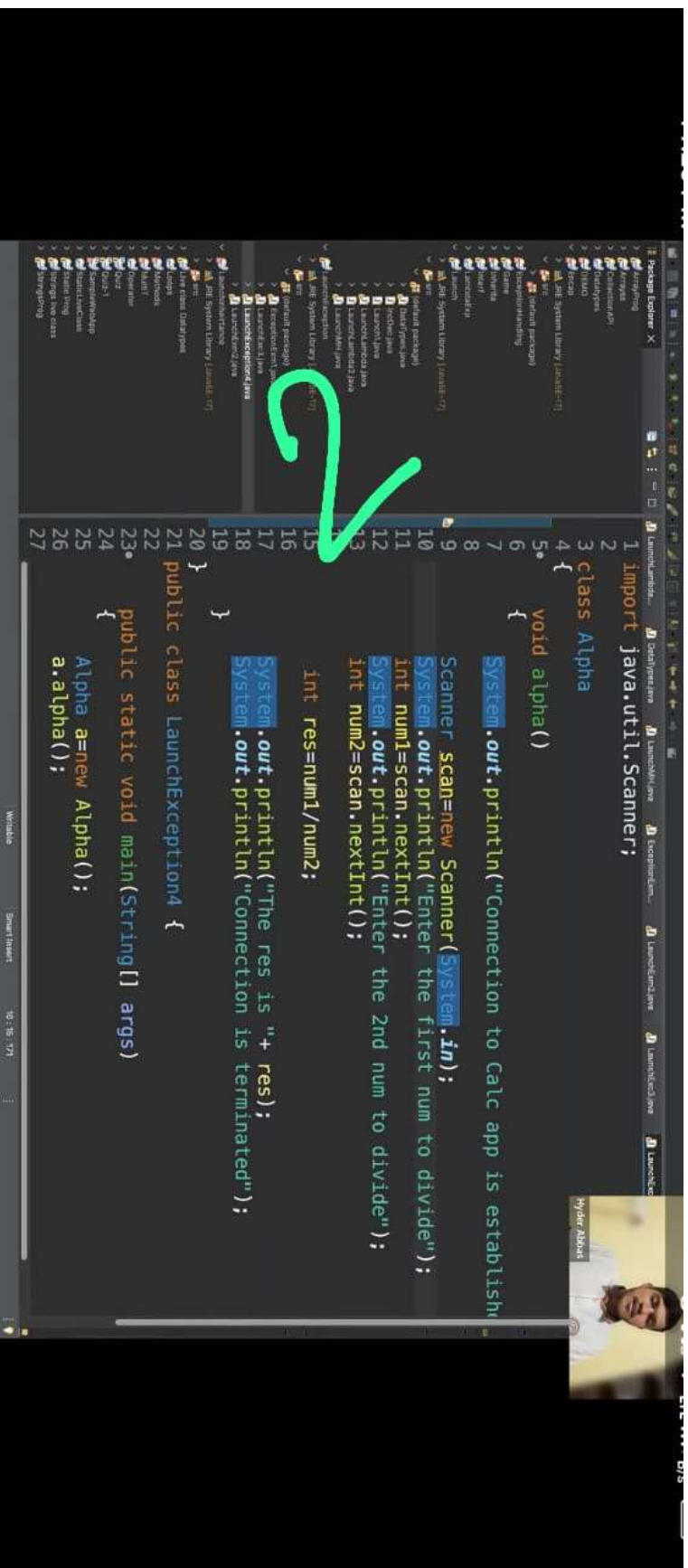
If an Exception is raised at statement-3 and the corresponding catch block is not matched.

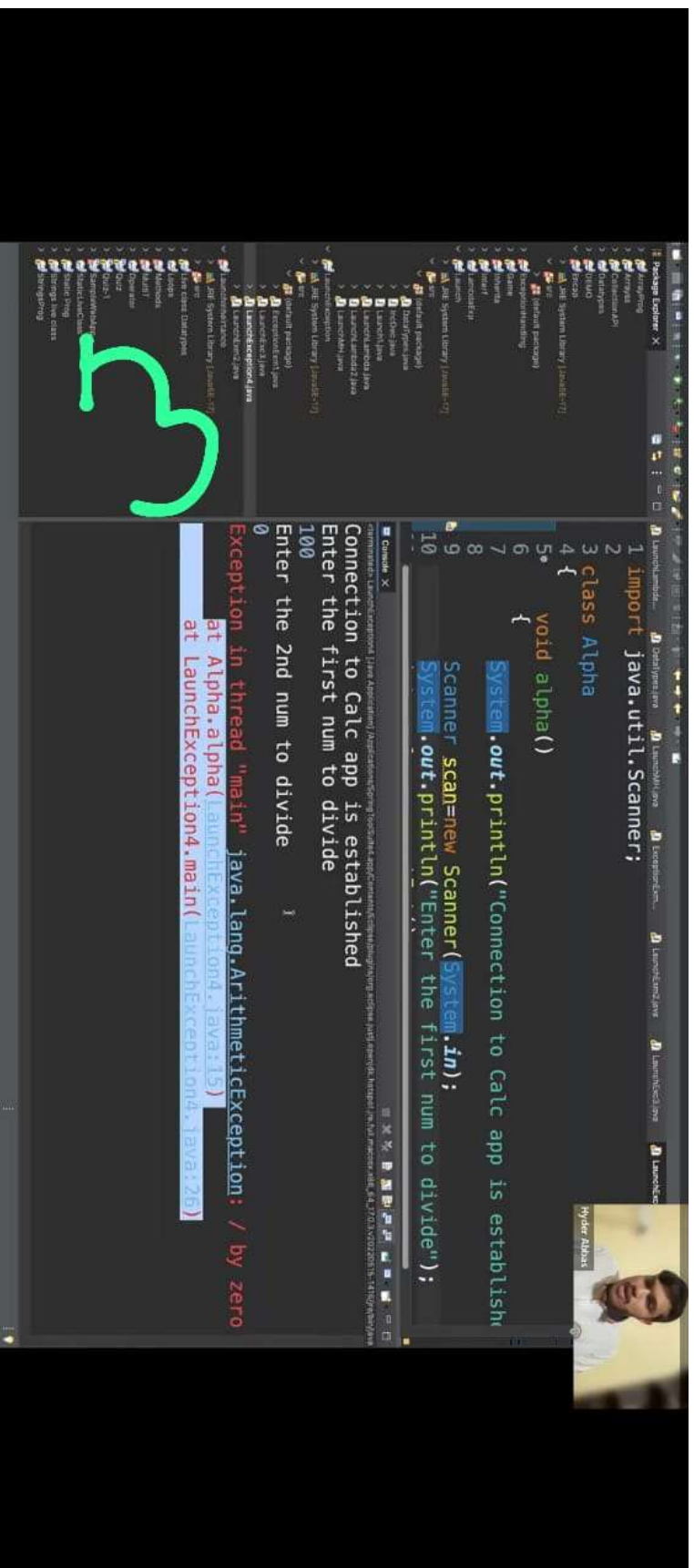
statement-1, 2 will be executed.
Resulting in Abnormal Termination.



If an Exception is raised at statement-1 or statement-5 or statement-6.

statement-1 or 5 or 6 is not a part of try block.
Resulting in Abnormal Termination.







⇒ Whenever there is an Exception

- ① Handle Exception (try-catch)
- ② Duck the Exception (throws)
- ③ Re-throwing an exception (throw, throws)

try, catch(),
finally)


⇒ try, catch, throws, throws, finally

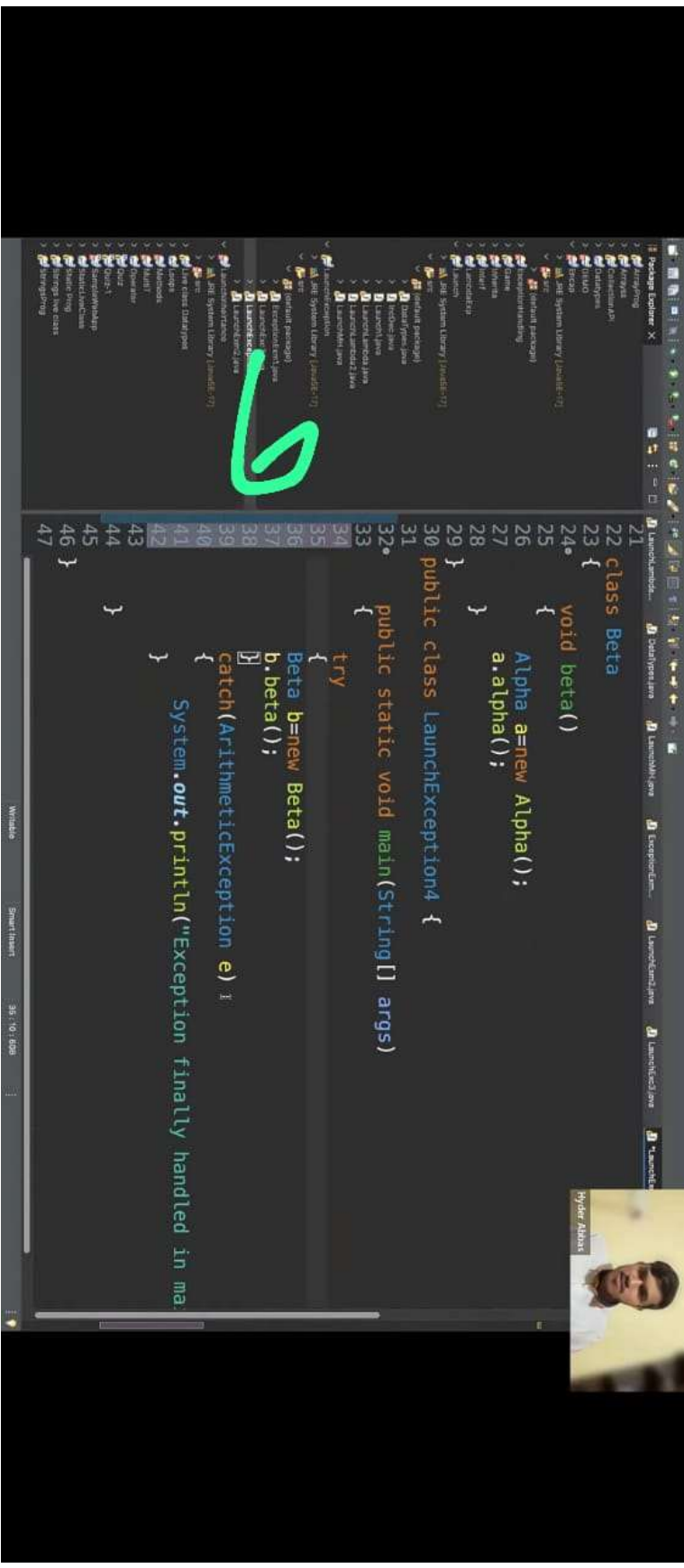


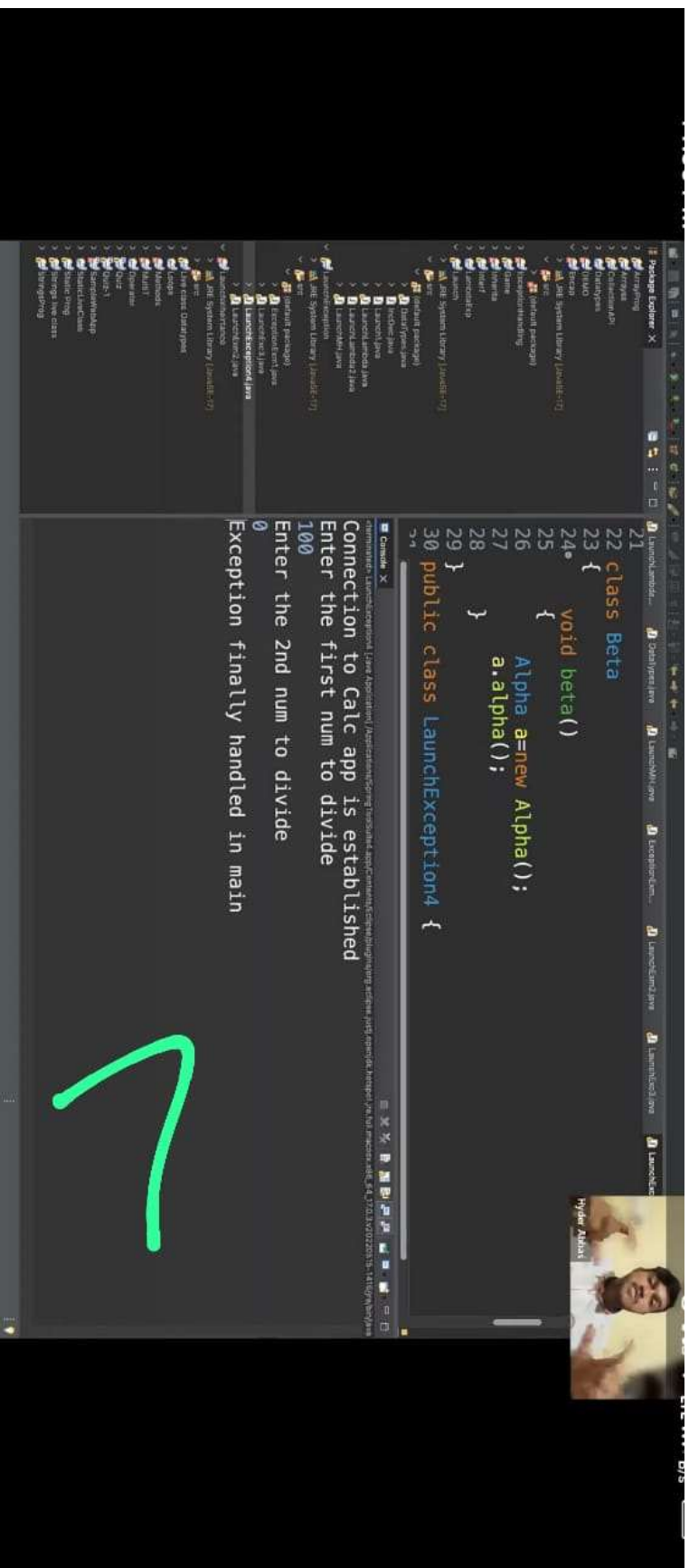
IDE screenshot showing Java code for a program that prints the result of a division and handles exceptions. A large green handwritten 'N' is visible over the code.

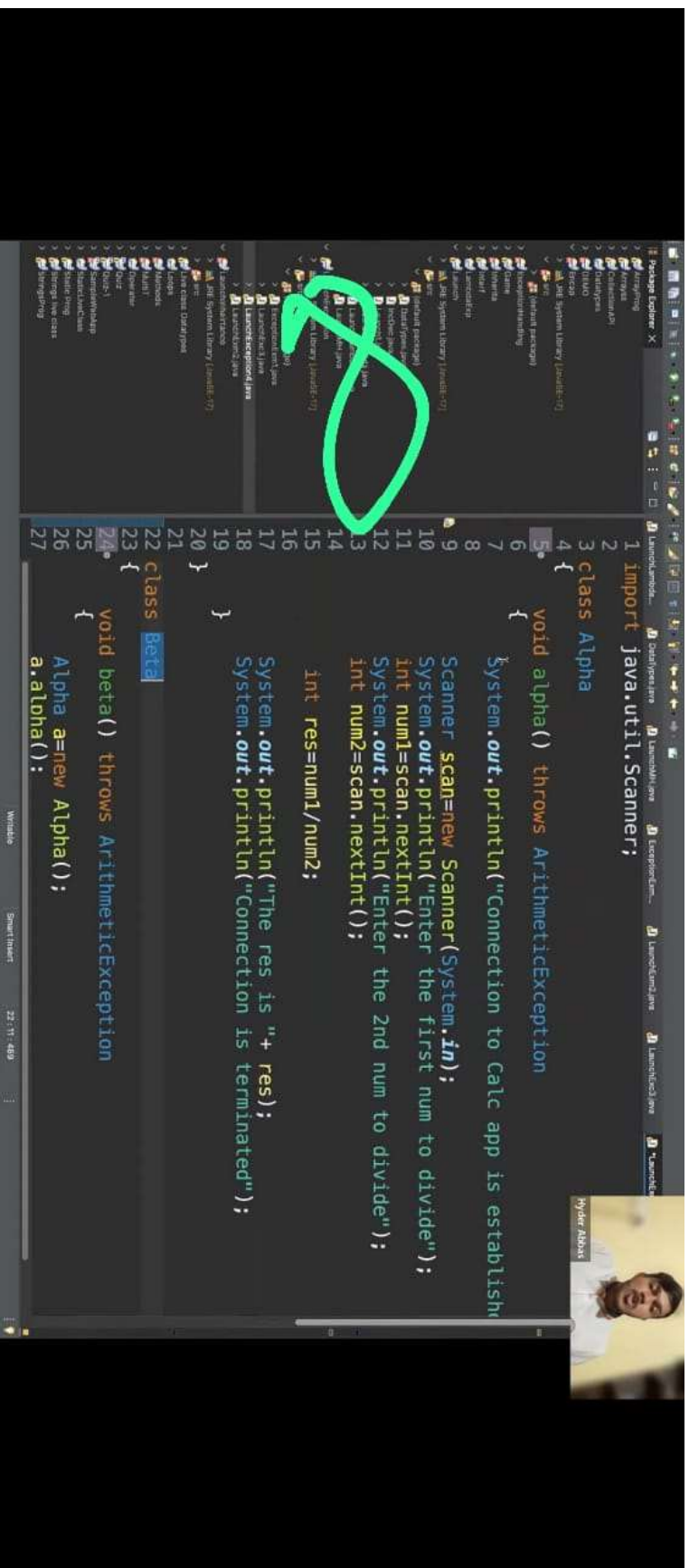
```
14
15     int res=num1/num2;
16
17     System.out.println("The res is "+ res);
18     System.out.println("Connection is terminated");
19 }
20
21
22 class Beta
23 {
24     void beta()
25     {
26         Alpha a=new Alpha();
27         a.alpha();
28     }
29 }
30 public class LaunchException4 {
31
32     public static void main(String[] args)
33     {
34         Beta b=new Beta();
35         b.beta();
36     }
37 }
38
39 }
40
```

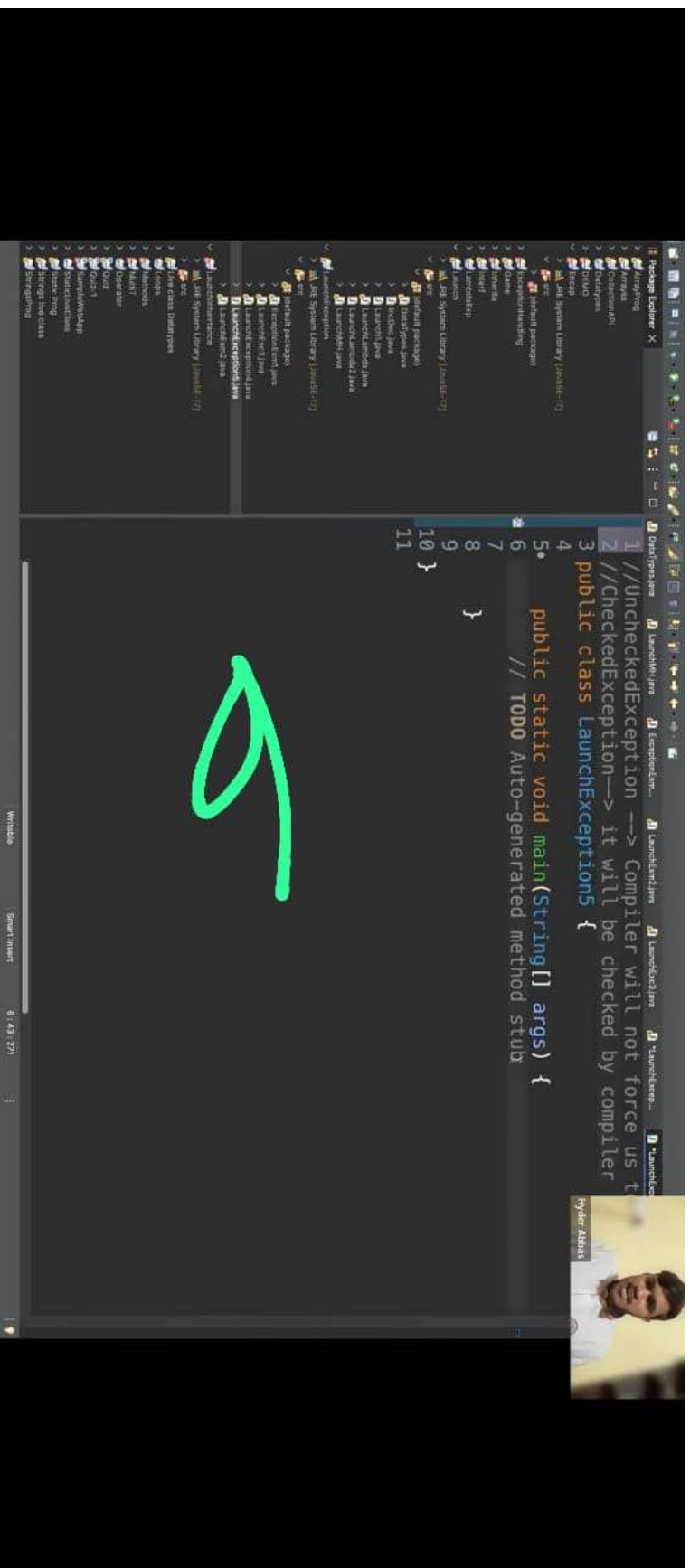
IDE interface includes a Project Explorer on the left showing a package structure with classes like `LaunchException4`, `LaunchException`, and `LaunchException2`. The bottom status bar shows 'Welcome', 'Smart Insert', and '39 / 18 / Q31'.

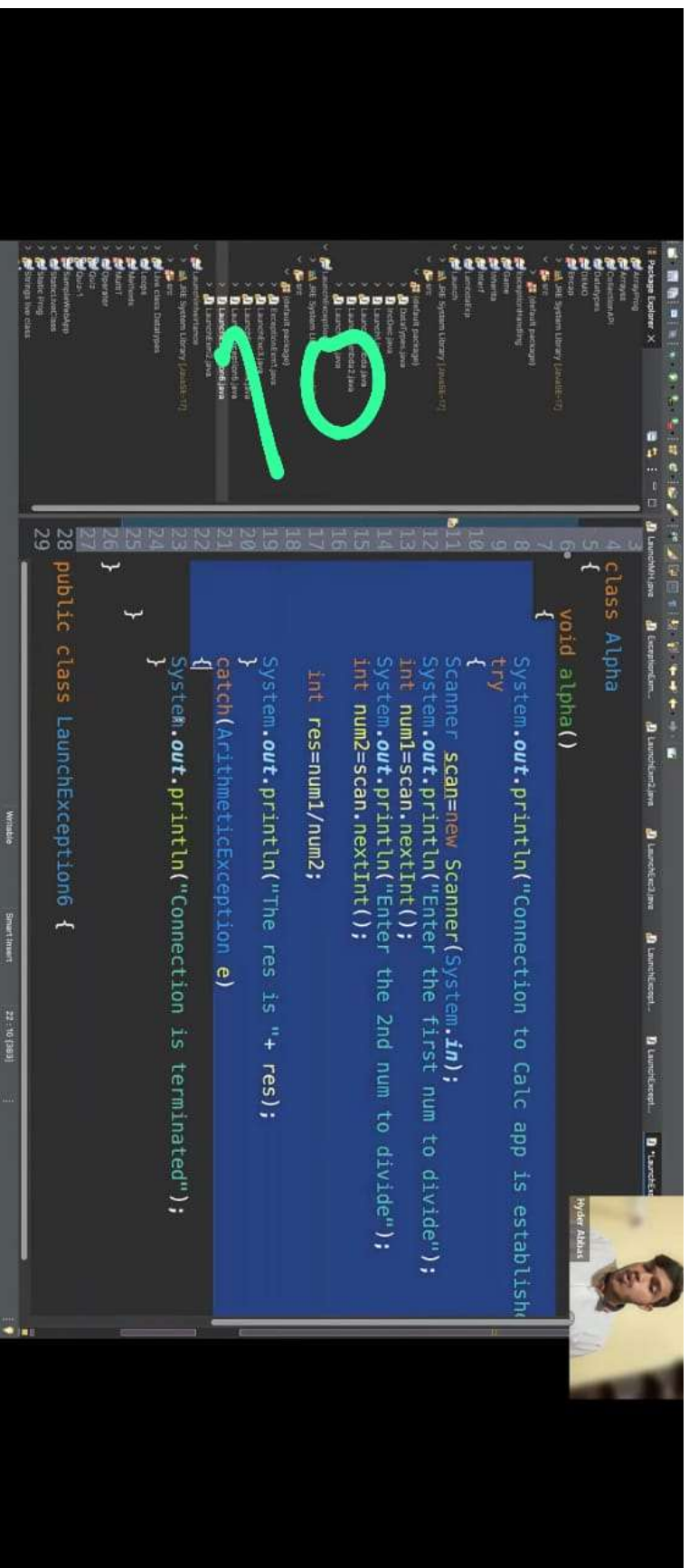


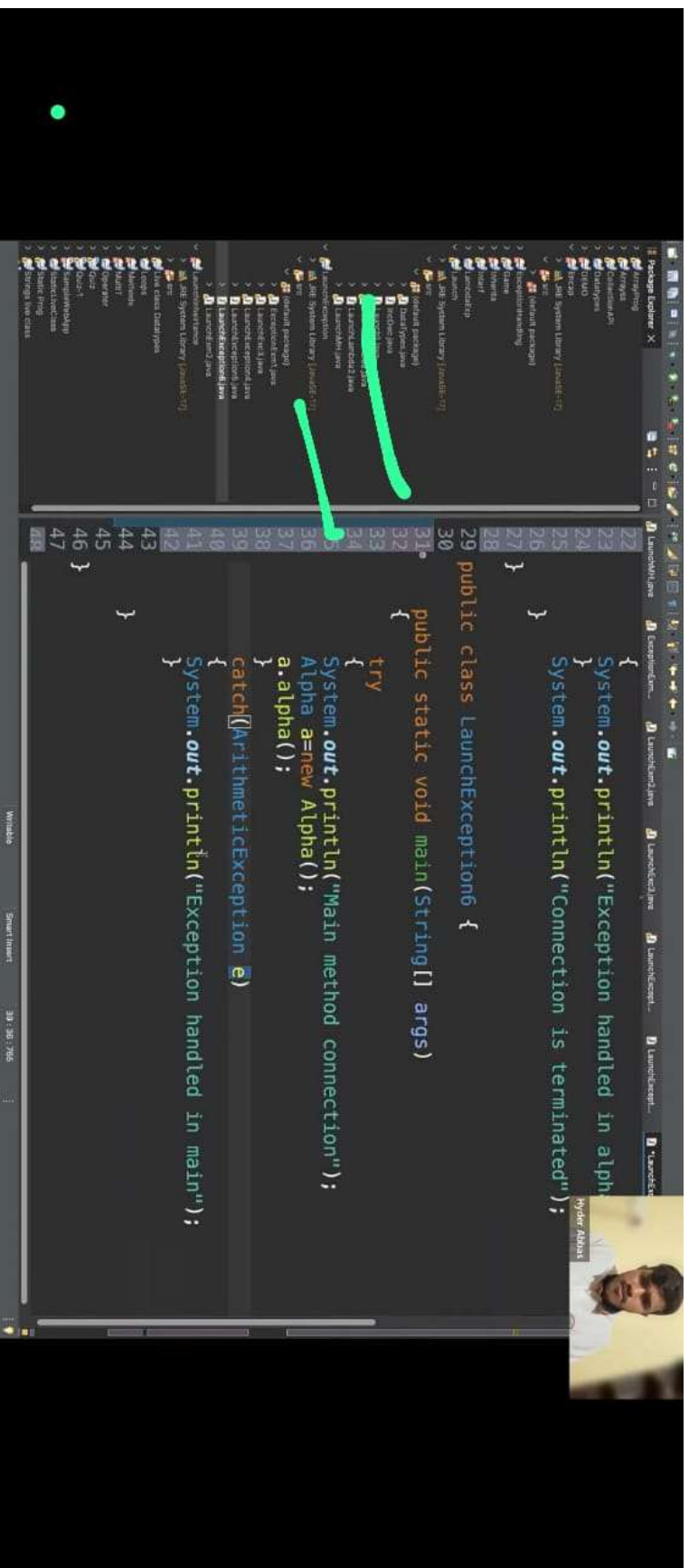


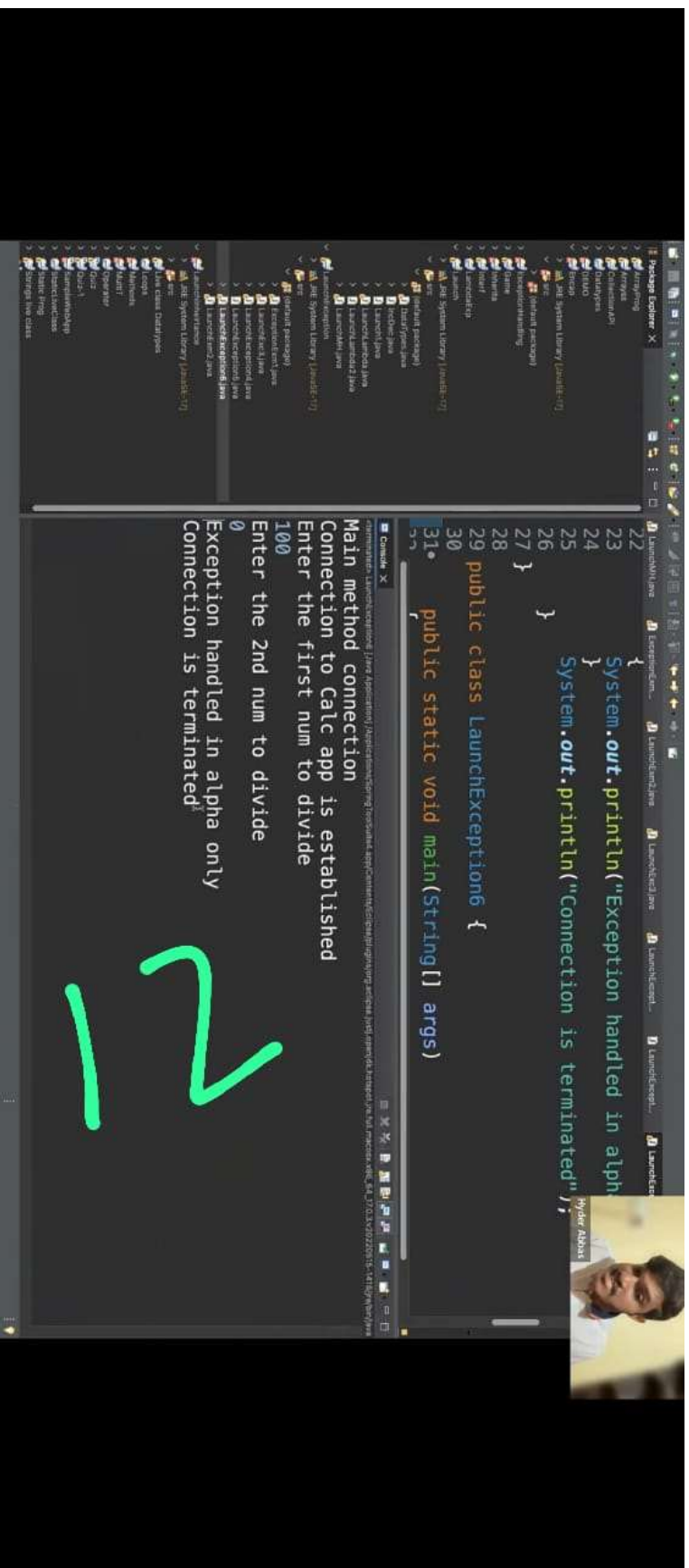


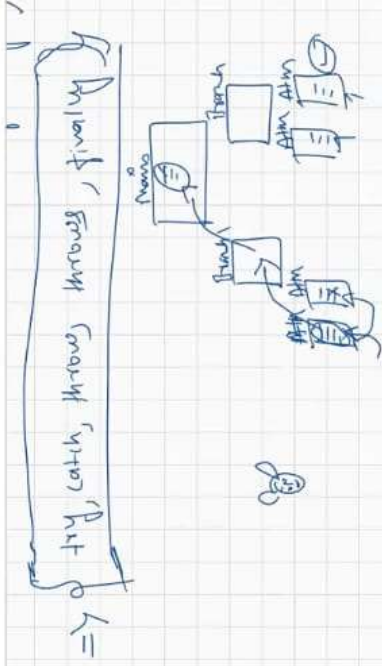




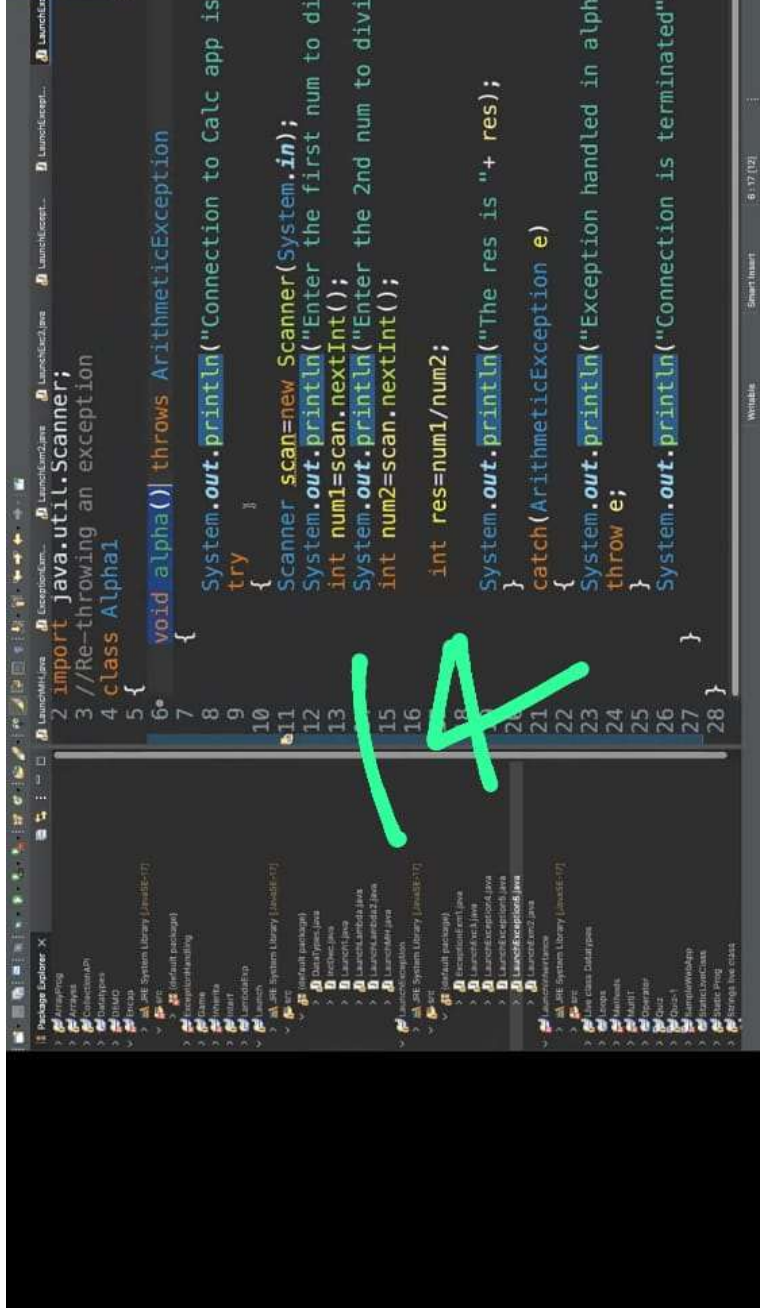








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IDE Screenshot (Eclipse) showing Java code for a class named `LaunchException6`. The code includes a `main` method that attempts to launch a process and handles exceptions.

```
22 {
23     System.out.println("Exception handled in alpha
24     throw e;
25 }
26 finally {
27     System.out.println("Connection is terminated");
28 }
29
30
31
32 public class LaunchException6 {
33
34     public static void main(String[] args)
35     {
36         try
37         {
38             System.out.println("Main method connection");
39             Alpha a=new Alpha();
40             a.alpha();
41         }
42         catch(ArithmeticException e)
43         {
44             System.out.println("Exception handled in main");
45         }
46     }
47 }
```

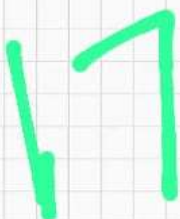
A large green handwritten mark is visible over the left side of the IDE window.

Video feed of the presenter (Syder Abbas) is visible in the bottom right corner.

finally



{
try & catch \Rightarrow To handle exception
throws \Rightarrow Duck & method signature.
throws \Rightarrow catch \rightarrow rethrow
finally \Rightarrow close resource
}



What does the Exception Object contain?



```
class launch
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("Connection1 is established");
        Demo d1 = new Demo();
        d1.alpha();
        System.out.println("Connection1 is terminated");
    }
}
```

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method() Exception Object

```
class Demo
{
    public void alpha()
    {
        System.out.println("Connection2 is established");
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the numerator:");
        int a = scan.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the denominator");
        int b = scan.nextInt();
        int c = a / b;
        System.out.println(c);
        System.out.println("Connection2 is terminated");
    }
}
```

alpha()

Name of the Exception:	ArithmeticException
Description of the Exception:	/ by zero
Stack Trace of the Exception:	Demo.alpha(launch.java:22) launch.main(launch.java:7)

Methods to Print Exception Information

Throwable

```
getMessage()  
toString()  
printStackTrace()
```

1. `e.getMessage()`

Prints the description of the exception

Example: / by zero

2. `e.toString()`

Prints the name and the description of the Exception

Example: ArithmeticException: / by zero

3. `e.printStackTrace()`

Prints the name and the description of the Exception along with the stack trace.

Example: ArithmeticException: / by zero
at Demo.alpha()





finally \Rightarrow close resource
 \Leftrightarrow finally \Rightarrow

- ① If no exception
- ② If exception & catch match
- ③ If exception & catch will not match

①
②

20

IDE screenshot showing Java code for a class named `Demo`. The code includes a `disp()` method with a try-catch-finally block. A green checkmark is drawn over the code.

```
1 class Demo
2 {
3     int disp()
4     {
5         try
6         {
7             System.out.println("Method started");
8             return 10;
9         }
10        finally {
11            System.out.println("Method ending");
12        }
13    }
14 }
15 public class LaunchFinallyReturn {
16
17     public static void main(String[] args) {
18         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
19         Demo d=new Demo();
20         d.disp();
21     }
22 }
23
24 }
25 }
```

Bottom right corner shows a video feed of a person labeled "Syder Abbas".

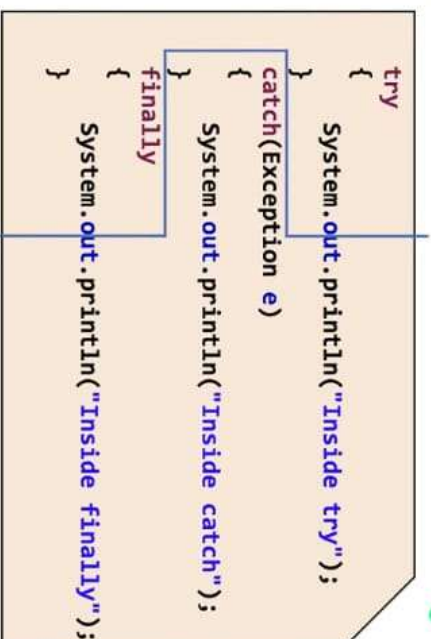




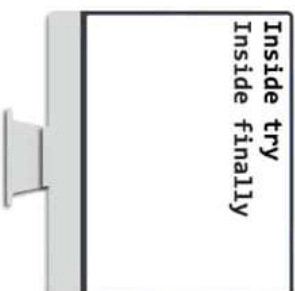
CASE-I

If no exception occurred.

27

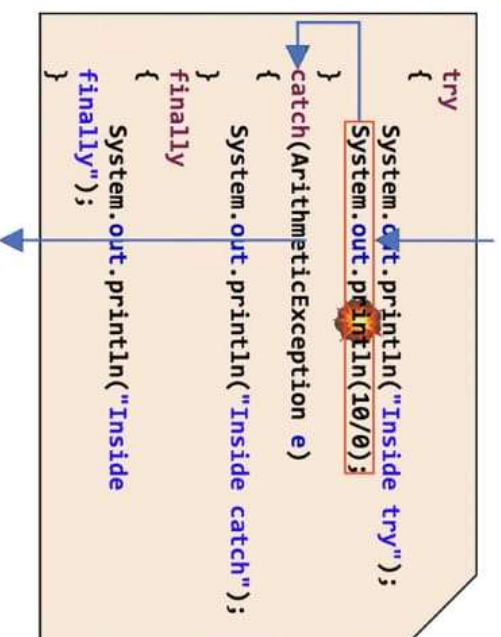


OUTPUT





If an exception has occurred & the corresponding catch block is matched.



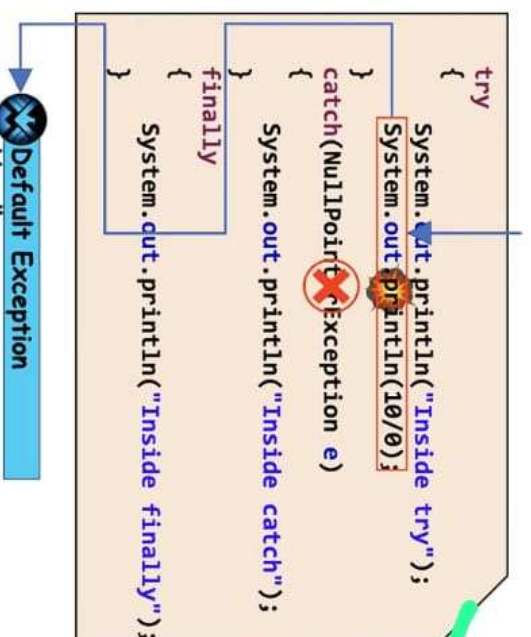
OUTPUT

Inside try
Inside catch
Inside finally

24

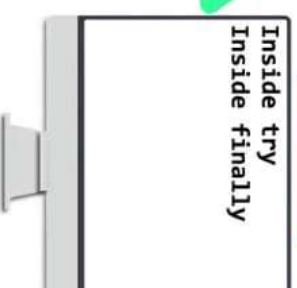


If an exception has occurred & the corresponding catch block is not matched.



Default Exception

OUTPUT





Exception Raised	Exception Handled	finally block Executed
NO	—	YES
YES	YES	YES
YES	NO	YES

82

```

statement-1;
try
{
    statement-2;
    statement-3;
    statement-4;
}
catch(XXX e)
{
    statement-5;
}
finally
{
    statement-6;
}
statement-7;

```



If there is no Exception raised.
statement-1, 2, 3, 4, 6 & 7 will be executed.
Resulting in Normal Termination.



If an Exception is raised at statement-3 and the corresponding catch block is matched.
statement-1, 2, 5, 6 & 7 will be executed.
Resulting in Normal Termination.

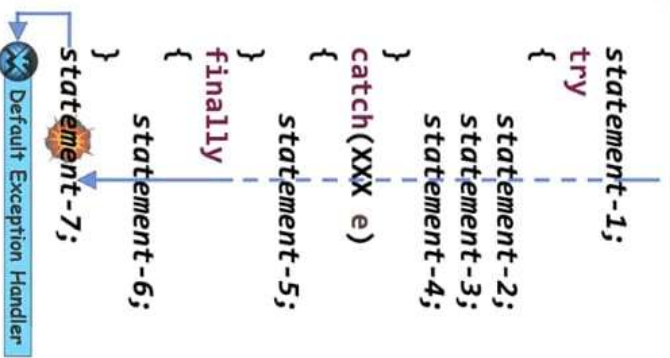


If an Exception is raised at statement-3 and the corresponding catch block is not matched.
statement-1, 2 & 6 will be executed.
Resulting in Abnormal Termination.



If an Exception is raised at statement-5.
Resulting in Abnormal Termination.
But before that finally block will be executed.





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⇒ { unchecked Exception }

⇒ catch ()

↓
class Name

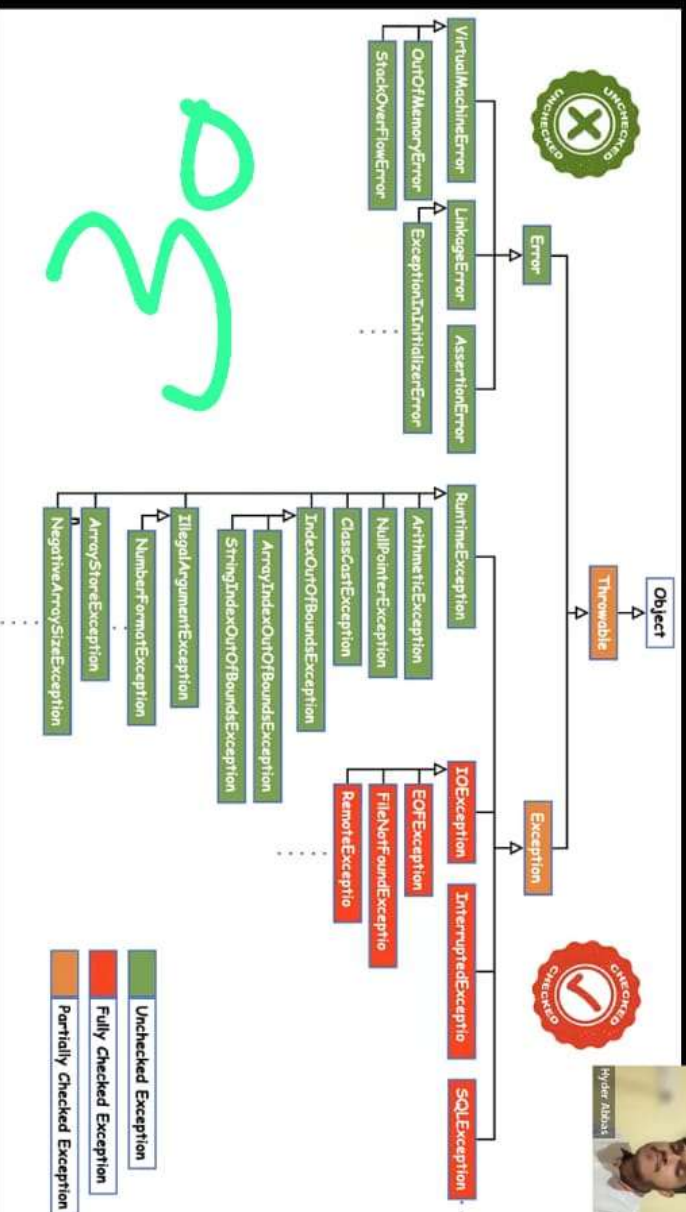
↓
inherit class

↓
no import

↓
java.lang

29





Syder Abbas

Q.

interface Foo {}

class Alpha implements Foo {}

class Beta extends Alpha {}

class Delta extends Beta {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Beta x = new Beta();

16. //insert code here 16

}

}

Which code, inserted at line 16, will cause a java.lang.ClassCastException?

A. Alpha a = x;

B. Foo f = (Delta)x;

C. Foo f = (Alpha)x;

D. Beta b = (Beta)(Alpha)x;

Foo()

|

implements

|

23°C

Partly cloudy



Q. Search



}

Which code, inserted at line 16, will cause a java.lang.ClassCastException?

- A. Alpha a = x;
- B. Foo f = (Delta)x;
- C. Foo f = (Alpha)x;
- D. Beta b = (Beta)(Alpha)x;

Foo()

| implements

| Alpha(C)

| extends

Beta(C) =====> x Foo f = (Delta)x; // invalid becoz the collecting type is of Foo(which is not related)

| extends

| Delta(C)

25



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FileView

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FileView

ClipboardImageToolsBrushesShapesSizeColors

Console14BIUSBackground fill

34

1. public class Pass {

2. public static void main(String [] args) {

3. int x = 5;

4. Pass p = new Pass();

5. p.doStuff(x);

6. System.out.print(" main x = " + x);

7. }

8. }

9. void doStuff(int x) {

10. System.out.print(" dostuff x = " + x++);

11. dostuff x = 5

12. }

main

5

doStuff()

6

Pass

stack

heaparea

Given:

```
String[] elements = { "for", "tea", "too" };
```

```
String first = (elements.length > 0) ? elements[0] : null;
```

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- C. The variable first is set to null.
- D. The variable first is set to elements[0].

Answer:

Note:

```
int[] data = {10,20,30};
```

```
System.out.println(data.length);
```

```
String[] names = {"Navin", "Haider", "Nitin"};
```

```
System.out.println(names.length);
```

```
System.out.println(names[0].length());
```

3



What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- C. The variable first is set to null.
- D. The variable first is set to elements[0].

Answer: D

Note:

```
int[] data = {10,20,30};  
System.out.println(data.length);
```

```
String[] names = {"Navin", "Haider", "Nitin"};  
System.out.println(names.length);  
System.out.println(names[0].length());
```

Arrays => To find the length of the array we use length property or variable or field
String => To find the no of characters present in String we use length().

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```
10. public class SuperCalc {  
11.     protected static int multiply(int a, int b) { return a * b;}  
12. }  
and:  
20. public class SubCalc extends SuperCalc{  
21.     public static int multiply(int a, int b) {  
22.         int c = super.multiply(a, b);  
23.         return c;  
24.     }  
25. }  
and:  
30. SubCalc sc = new SubCalc ();  
31. System.out.println(sc.multiply(3,4));  
32. System.out.println(SubCalc.multiply(2,2));
```

What is the result?

- A. 12
- B. The code runs with no output.
- C. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- D. Compilation fails because of an error in line 21.

12



File Edit View

23. return c;

24. }

25. }

and:

30. SubCalc sc = new SubCalc ();

31. System.out.println(sc.multiply(3,4));

32. System.out.println(SubCalc.multiply(2,2));

What is the result?

A. 12,4

B. The code runs with no output.

C. An exception is thrown at runtime.

D. Compilation fails because of an error in line 21.

E. Compilation fails because of an error in line 22.

F. Compilation fails because of an error in line 31.

Answer: E

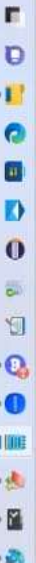
I



Ln 723, Col 1

22°C
Partly cloudy

Q Search



100%

Windows [CTRL]

UTF-8

22:47
28-11-2022

Question

```
class Foo {
```

```
    public int a = 3; //instance variable
```

```
    public void addFive() { a += 5; System.out.print("f "); }
```

```
}
```

```
class Bar extends Foo {
```

```
    public int a = 8; //instance variable
```

```
    public void addFive() { this.a += 5; System.out.print("b "); } //overriding
```

```
}
```

Invoked with:

```
Foo f = new Bar(); //loose coupling
```

```
f.addFive(); //call will be decided by jvm based on runtime object becoz it is overriding method
```

```
System.out.println(f.a); //since a is present in both parent and child compiler only will bind based on the type
```

What is the result?

A. b 3

B. b 8

C. b 13

D. f 3

E. f 8

F. f 13

Ln 13, Col 1



```
File Edit View
public int a = 8; //instance variable
public void addFive() { this.a += 5; System.out.print("b " ); } //overriding
}
```

Invoked with:

Foo f = new Bar(); //loose coupling

f.addFive(); //call will be decided by jvm based on runtime object becoz it is overriding method

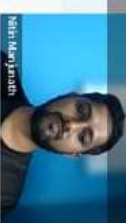
System.out.println(f.a); //since a is present in both parent and child compiler only will bind based on the type

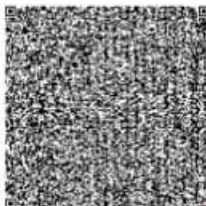
What is the result?

- A. b 3
- B. b 8
- C. b 13
- D. f 3
- E. f 8
- F. f 13
- G. Compilation fails.
- H. An exception is thrown at runtime.

Answer: A

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Examination:

HALL TICKET

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Program:	BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING					
Semester/Year:	SEM 6	Exam Type: 2024-25-EXTERNAL-BTECH2022E6R-PKD	Date of Issue:	09/04/2025		
Course Code	Course Type	Course Name	Date Of Exam	Time Of Exam	Invigilator / External Sign	
CUTM1017	PP	INDUSTRIAL IOT AND AUTOMATION	28/04/2025	10:00AM-01:00PM		
CUTM1021	TUT	DESIGN THINKING		-		
CUTM1030	PP	ADVANCED WEB PROGRAMMING	16/04/2025	10:00AM-01:00PM		
CUTM1034	PP	DATABASE CLUSTER ADMINISTRATION AND SECURITY	23/04/2025	10:00AM-01:00PM		
CUTM1035	PP	DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING	03/05/2025	10:00AM-01:00PM		
CUTM1037	PP	MATHEMATICAL PROBLEM SOLVING	17/04/2025	10:00AM-01:00PM		
CUTM1034	TUT	DATABASE CLUSTER ADMINISTRATION AND SECURITY		-		
CUTM1016	PR	JOB READINESS		-		
CUTM1577	TUT	MINOR PROJECT II		-		
CUTM3156	PR	NURSERY MANAGEMENT		-		
CUTM3156	TUT	NURSERY MANAGEMENT		-		
CUTM3167	PR	JAVA PROGRAMMING		-		
CUTM3167	TUT	JAVA PROGRAMMING		-		
CUST1054	TUT	PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT		-		

--- END OF STATEMENT ---

Signature of the Candidate

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