

Route Files

Level 5 - Part II



Single application file is too long

app.js

```
var express = require('express');
...
app.route('/blocks')
  .get(function(request, response) {
    ...
  });
  .post(parseUrlencoded, function(request, response) {
    ...
  });
app.route('/blocks/:name')
  .get(function(request, response) {
    ...
  })
  .delete(function(request, response) {
    ...
  });
...
```

Too many lines of code in a text file is a **bad smell**

Our **app.js** file is growing too long.

Extracting routes to modules

This helps clean up our code and allows our main **app.js** file to easily accommodate additional routes in the future.

app.js

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();

app.use(express.static('public'));


var blocks = require('./routes/blocks');
app.use('/blocks', blocks);

app.listen(3000);
```

we'll move our routes
to this new file



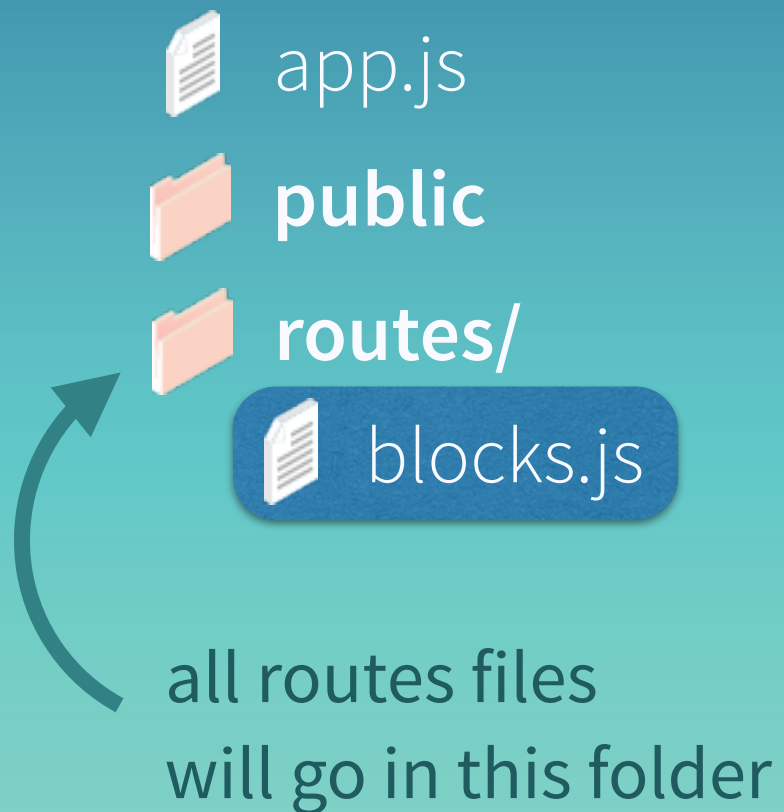
router is mounted in
a particular **root url**



Let's see how we can do this by taking advantage of Node's **module** system.

Writing the new routes file

A dedicated folder for **routes** can help organize our code



```
var express = require('express');  
var router = express.Router();
```

returns router instance which can
be *mounted* as a middleware


Exporting the router object

We assign the router to `module.exports` to make it accessible from other files

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');  
var router = express.Router();  
  
...  
module.exports = router;
```

exports the router
as a Node **module**



Extracting GET /blocks to routes file

All block-related logic is **encapsulated** inside its routes file


blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
var bodyParser = require('body-parser');
var parseUrlencoded = bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false });

var blocks = {
  'Fixed': 'Fastened securely in position',
  'Movable': 'Capable of being moved',
  'Rotating': 'Moving in a circle around its center'
};
```

...

```
module.exports = router;
```



moved here
from **app.js**

Building the router for /blocks

Router path is **relative** to the where it's mounted

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
var bodyParser = require('body-parser');
var parseUrlencoded = bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false });
```

```
var blocks = {
  'Fixed': 'Fastened securely in position',
  'Movable': 'Capable of being moved',
  'Rotating': 'Moving in a circle around its center'
};
```

```
router.route('/')
...
module.exports = router;
```

the root path relative to
the path where it's mounted

app.js

```
app.use('/blocks', ...);
```

mounted on the
/blocks path

Extracting GET /blocks to routes file

Routes are moved unmodified from the app.js file

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
...
router.route('/')
  .get(function (request, response) {
    ...
  });
  .post(parseUrlencoded, function(request, response) {
    ...
  });
...
...
```

same as before

Building the router for /blocks/:name

The `route` function uses the same format for dynamic routes

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
...
router.route('/')
  .get(function (request, response) {
    ...
  });
  .post(parseUrlencoded, function(request, response) {
    ...
  });
router.route('/:name')
...

```

the `/:name` path relative to
the path where it's mounted

app.js

```
app.use('/blocks', ...);
```

mounted on the
/blocks path

Extracting GET /blocks to routes file

The **all** route is called for **all** requests for a given URL path

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
...
router.route('/')
...
router.route('/:name')
  .all(function (request, response, next) {
    var name = request.params.name;
    var block = name[0].toUpperCase() + name.slice(1).toLowerCase();
    request.blockName = block;
    next();
  })
...
```

the same code that turns first
characters to uppercase and
remaining characters to lowercase

used to be here

app.param('name/' ...

Extracting GET /blocks to routes file

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
...
router.route('/')
...
router.route('/:name')
  .all(function (request, response, next) {
    ...
  })
  .get(function (request, response) {
    ...
  });
  .delete(function (request, response) {
    ...
  });
...

```

same as before



The complete blocks routes file

Our routes file is ready to be mounted in our application

blocks.js

```
var express = require('express');
var router = express.Router();
var bodyParser = require('body-parser');
var parseUrlencoded = bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false });

var blocks = { ... }

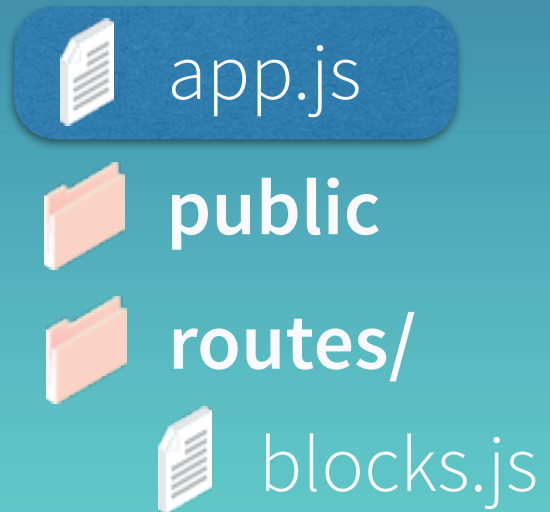
router.route('/')
  .get(function (request, response) { ...
  .post(parseUrlencoded, function(request, response) { ...

router.route('/:name')
  .all(function (request, response) { ...
  .get(function (request, response) { ...
  .delete(function (request, response) { ...

module.exports = router;
```

Requiring the router in the application

Our router is simply a Node module and can be required like so



app.js

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();

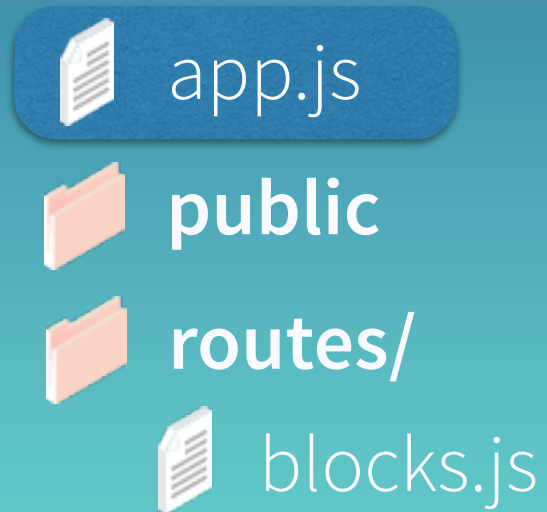
app.use(express.static('public'));

var blocks = require('./routes/blocks');

app.listen(3000);
```

Mounting the router in the application

All requests to the `/blocks` url are dispatched to the **blocks** router



router is mounted in
a particular **root url**

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();

app.use(express.static('public'));

var blocks = require('./routes/blocks');
app.use('/blocks', blocks);

app.listen(3000);
```

Additional route mappings

The **app.js** file is now ready to support multiple routes and still look clean



app.js



public



routes/



blocks.js



buildings.js



users.js

app.js

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();

app.use(express.static('public'));

var blocks = require('./routes/blocks');
var buildings = require('./routes/buildings');
var users = require('./routes/users');

app.use('/blocks', blocks);
app.use('/buildings', buildings);
app.use('/users', users);

app.listen(3000, function () {
  console.log('Listening on 3000 \n');
});
```