

5.1 Flow Controls

6.1 Arrays

7.1 Strings

Write following C++ programs as per given instructions.

1. There is a requirement to create a new **Student Evaluation System** for a school to verify students' marks by themselves. First, system will ask **username** (String) & **student ID** (number). Then it asks you to enter marks for 3 subjects. Then system should print some messages according to entered values. If student scores less than 50 for any subject, then he is repeated all 3 subjects (Means that he has got failed the exam). Therefore, print whether he should do repeat exam or not. Then, if average mark is higher than 75 then print "**Very Good**", 50 ~ 74 print "**Good**", 35~49 print "**average**" otherwise, print "**Fail**". Also, if he scored above 90 for all subjects, he would get a **first class**. System should handle errors, like if user enter invalid marks (-10, 120) for a given subject, system will show error message and ask to enter again. But if the 2nd time also user entered an invalid number, then system shows an error message & value will be set to zero for that subject automatically. Finally print the details in "nice" way.
 - a. You may or may not use array support
 - b. (Hint: You may create several test cases to verify the system.)
2. Write a simple program to perform below tasks. (Note: You should not use arrays)
 - a. Request user to enter only positive numbers as inputs.
 - b. Once he enters 0, program should stop requesting more values.
 - c. If any negative value is entered, just ignore that value & display a message
 - d. print maximum number & minimum number of entered values.
 - e. Print the count, sum of entered numbers
3. Find the lucky number by taking user's birthday as an input. Use following format to input birthday YYYYMMDD -19850217. ➔ lucky number is 6.
(19850217 ➔ 1 + 9 + 8 + 5 + 0 + 2 + 1 + 7 = 33 ➔ 3 + 3 = 6)
4. Write a C++ program to perform following task.
 - a. Create a 2D **integer** array of 3 columns & 4 rows and Initially, set all values to 0
 - b. User is able to enter integer values only and the maximum no. of elements is 12.
 - i. But, whenever user enters (-1) before filling the entire 2D array then program should stop taking inputs.
 - ii. inform user how many values already inserted in each turn
 - c. Once data entry process is over, print all values of the array
 - d. Find the maximum & minimum values and print them
 - i. (-1) & (0) are not to be consider as minimum values
 - e. Calculate the average of only the entered values

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5. Write a program to count number of words in a user entered string.
 - a. (Hint: use C-Style String to store user input value.)
6. Create a 2D character array (C-Style String type) (5 rows & 10 columns)
 - a. Store "Yamaha", "Honda", "Benz", "Tata", "Suzuki" strings
 - b. Print base memory address without using address (&) operator (See image below)
 - c. Print each row values using a for loop (See image below)

```
chArray = 00A8F788
chArray[0] = Yamaha
chArray[1] = Honda
chArray[2] = Benz
chArray[3] = Tata
chArray[4] = Suzuki
```

- d. Print each element using two for loops, & you must print **only** not null values (See image below)

```
chArray[0][0] = Y
chArray[0][1] = a
chArray[0][2] = m
chArray[0][3] = a
chArray[0][4] = h
chArray[0][5] = a
chArray[1][0] = H
chArray[1][1] = o
chArray[1][2] = n
chArray[1][3] = d
chArray[1][4] = a
```

```
....
....
...
```

7. User will enter long text with **colon** separated. *example Book:Pen:Pencil:Table:Desk*
 - a. Use String object to store user input value (string str)
 - b. You must print the values one after another, after splitting the string using delimiter (:)
Book
Pen
Pencil
...
 - c. All letters should be **UPPERCASE**
 - d. Hint:
 - i. You can use substring () & find () string functions support
 - ii. You can use while loop support