



# INTERNSHIP REPORT PATTERN RECOGNITION UNISA ITALY

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Une grande école pour réussir

ENSICAEN

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## Thanks

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### Introduction

During the second year of engineering school at ENSICAEN we have 3 month internship that I decided to do in the MIVIA Lab of Salerno's university in italy. They are specialised in image synthesis which is my major course, moreover I am interested in a double diploma in this unversity which gives me the opportunity to see the place and teachers, learn the italian and make some contacts.

My internship subject has been splited in two. First a study on the Motorola HC1 helmet used for exemple in military domain. The aim was to see if we could make the helmet compile Linux for helmet. Then developpe an application capable of recognise patterns in an image and store the position, the number of patterns found and the type of each pattern. So as to determine the name of a global structure which the patterns are composants.

In this report I will present the laboratory and the place of the internship, the study of the hardware for the helmet and the software (OpenCV mainly) for the application. What exists and where my projects are situated in their environnements. After that I explain what I tried to slove the problems and what are the results.

## Lab and place

### 2.1 The MIVIA Laboratory

for Macchine Intelligenti per il riconoscimento di Video, Immagini e Media which means intelligent machines for video, images and media recognition. The laboratory is located in Fisciano, Campania, Italy, near Salerno and Napoli as we can see below.



Figure 2.1: Location of the University

As its name suggests, except theaching computer science, doctors of the lab work on pattern recognition, classification, media analysis and many parallele subjects like autonomus drones and robot vision.

Because of the opportunity of double diploma, the proximity with France, the possibility to learn a new language even if I know that everybody speaks english in lab. I was really optimistic about the place and the laboratory.





### 2.2 Place and life in Italy

The first month of internship, I lived in Carpineto, 25 minutes to the university by foot. It was envoying the view on the montains in the morning and the evening but when I wanted to move the week-end, buses didn't pass near my flat so that I had easily hours of walk to get back home. I moved on to Salerno, in the centro historico. Than it was easier to move the week-ends.

The main tourstic place around is the Amalfitan coast which is really beautiful. There is also Napoli and Pompei which are really near. There is also a lot of beaches and montains. A really nice place where you can have snow in the winter and 33 degrees during weeks in the summer.



Figure 2.2: Picture of Amalfi early in the morning from the harbour

In the picture 2.2 the beach is not set for summer so there is nowone, but in july, it becomes overcrowded because of tourism. Besides, I can tell that what this part of Italy is really human. It feels like you can trust people really quickly because they are really sympathics. In that way, there is few offical contract. That is suprising when you come from France and it requires a thousand of documents to get a flat. Here the ID card is enough. People are always happy but a bit slow when the walk that is getting on my nerves when I am in a hury. I took advantage of the intership to make a lot of trekking in the amalfitan coast and around Fisciano. Visite ruins, Napoli and see a lot of churches because christianism is really present in Italy.

### Evaluation of the need

#### 3.1 Helmet HC1 needs

The HC1 Helmet from Motorola is a professional uses helmet dedicated to wide or site conditions, that is why it costs around 3000\$ with the camera. It is used to show images in augmented reality in the little screen in front of the left eye. Full voice commanded, it uses a embedded version of windows which was the real problem. You can look at the figure 3.1 to have an idea of what it looks like.

Despite the fact that the Helmet is thought to add functionnalities, a client of the MIVIA Lab asked them if it was possible to install Linux or Android on the helmet. Even if they loose the voice command system and the drivers to run the camera etc. They asked me to try, at least, to do it.



Figure 3.1: Picture of the HC1 helmet with the camera plugged

### 3.2 The software needs

At work, when people have to make maintenance of the material, they encounter a problem with the density of the maintenance manuals which can make around 700 pages. We try to ease the maintenance by recreating manuals that focuses on the material that the technician is looking at. To obtain this result, we have to analyze the images of the camera and extract the type of material. That is what the laboratory asked me to do.

This solution can apply to a lot of other objects to find monuments and extract their description for exemple.

## Study of the existing

Once again this part will be splitted in 2 because the subjects are totally differents. I am going to talk first about the helmet, that required 1 month of test and studies. I will explain the procedures in the next chapter.

#### 4.1 Helmet study

#### 4.1.1 Helmet itself

I began my study by acquire some knowledges about the helmet itself. It has been release in the end of 2013, build for harsh condition, its price makes it unaccessible for the public. The army and building companies sow a good opportunity in this technologie to ease the work by bringing communication into the field.

The helmet is equiped with a batterie, Wi-Fi and blutooth connections, a camera and it can be wear under the work helmet. Everything is voice commanded and very responsive thanks to Motorola's work. Windows CE 6.0 is used on the last release of the helmet image. It is good for the next section to understand that the booting system and the update system of windows CE are related. That means that you can change the file system for an update but it is windows itself that validate and copy the files on the intern memory from the SD card.

#### 4.1.2 Embedded systems

I learned a lot about embbeded system, mainly on the boards and all the materials related to it. In our case, the materials inside the helmet are not know and not published on the Internet. Pierluigi contacted the company that brought us the helmet but they couldn't tell us which board was used in the helmet. I must have guessed which TI technology it was because the datasheet reference a TI OMAP 3 microprocessor.

That is mainly why I put my effort on the "ISEE – IGEP COM MODULE" built in with a TI OMAP 3 processor. It was at the top of the art when the helmet released and the smallest board with this processor. It corresponds well with the size of the hardware





slot. In any case, if the linux kernel is compatible with the processor a cross compiled file system should boot and at least it should show an image on the screen.

#### 4.1.3 Cross-compilation

#### Description

The cross-compilation is a compilation for a different achitecture than the architecture that makes the computations.

### 4.2 Pattern recognition study

- 4.2.1 OpenCV
- 4.2.2 Existing code

## Achievements

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