k-nn

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```
[2]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import pandas as pd
     import sklearn.model_selection as train_test_split
     import sklearn.neighbors as KNeighborsClassifier
     import sklearn.metrics as accuracy_score
[3]: data={
         'BP': [120,130,140,150,160,170,180,190,200,210],
         'Cholesteoral': [200,220,240,260,280,300,320,340,360,380],
         'HeartRisk' : [0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1]
     df= pd.DataFrame(data)
[5]: x=df[['BP','Cholesteoral']]
     y=df['HeartRisk']
[7]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import pandas as pd
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import the class_
      \hookrightarrow directly
     from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier # Import the class directly
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
     # ... (rest of your code)
     k = 3
     knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k) # Now you're using the class_
      \hookrightarrow correctly
     knn.fit(x, y)
[7]: KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
[9]: new_data = np.array([[100,200]])
     prediction = knn.predict(new_data)
```

```
if prediction ==0:
    print("Low risk")
elif prediction ==1:
    print("High risk")
```

Low risk

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but KNeighborsClassifier was fitted with feature names

warnings.warn(