Rule 0.28 (Use Mappings Instead of Arrays for Data Lists)

where

```
arr is a dynamic array of type T[] in contract A; map is a mapping from \mathbf{uint} to T in contract A'; size is a counter tracking the number of elements in the mapping; T is the element type of the array and mapping values; val is a value of type T being added; idx is an index used to access elements.
```

provided

The contract does not require iterating over all elements frequently;

Element access is primarily done by index/key rather than sequential iteration;

The mapping provides sufficient functionality for the use case;

A separate *size* counter is maintained to track the number of elements;

Array operations like **push** are replaced with direct mapping assignments and size increments; Bounds checking uses size instead of arr.length.

Invariant:

Let s_i and s'_i be the initial state of A and A', respectively.

Let s_f and s'_f be the state reached by A and A', respectively, after A.f() and A'.f() are executed from s_i and s'_i , respectively.

Then, the coupling invariant is

$$\forall s_i, s_i' : (s_i = s_i') \rightarrow (s_f = s_f')$$