

# Goal

- Today we will be covering Complete Search.
  1. Generating all subsets.
  2. Generating all permutations.

## Resources

### Generating Subsets

- <https://usaco.guide/CPH.pdf#page=57>
  - Read through the explanation given, it is very good.
  - You should know the two approaches:
    1. Recursion
    2. Bitmasking
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y85dfkCSLP8>
  - Just watch it for the visuals.

### Generating Permutations

- <https://usaco.guide/CPH.pdf#page=59>
  - Read through the explanation given, it is very good.
  - You should know the two approaches:
    1. Recursion
    2. `next_permutation()`
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nabbpl7y4Lo&t=50s>
  - Just watch it for the visuals.

## Problems

### Generating Subsets

1. Given an integer  $n$  and  $n$  distinct integers.
  - Print all subsets of the integers.
  - Each subset should be printed on a new line in the following format:
    - `-> a1 a2 . . . an`
  - Solve this using the recursive approach.
  - `sample_input`

```
3
1 2 3
```

- `sample_output`

```
->
-> 3
```

```
-> 2
-> 2 3
-> 1
-> 1 3
-> 1 2
-> 1 2 3
```

2. Given an integer  $n$  and  $n$  distinct integers.

- Print all subsets of the integers.
- Each subset should be printed on a new line in the following format:
  - -> a1 a2 . . . an
- Solve this using the bitmask approach.
- sample\_input

```
3
1 2 3
```

- sample\_output

```
->
-> 3
-> 2
-> 2 3
-> 1
-> 1 3
-> 1 2
-> 1 2 3
```

3. <https://usaco.org/index.php?page=viewproblem2&cpid=1276>

- Solve this using recursion.

4. <https://usaco.org/index.php?page=viewproblem2&cpid=1276>

- Solve this using bitmasking.

## Generating Permutations

1. Given an integer  $n$  and  $n$  integers.

- Print all permutations of the integers.
- Each permutation should be printed on a new line in the following format:
  - -> a1 a2 . . . an
- Solve this using the recursive approach.
- sample\_input

```
3
1 2 3
```

- sample\_output

```
-> 1 2 3
-> 1 3 2
-> 2 1 3
-> 2 3 1
-> 3 1 2
-> 3 2 1
```

2. Given an integer  $n$  and  $n$  integers.

- Print all permutations of the integers.
- Each permutation should be printed on a new line in the following format:
  - ->  $a_1 a_2 \dots a_n$
- Solve this using the built in function provided in the STL.
- sample\_input

```
3
1 2 3
```

- sample\_output

```
-> 1 2 3
-> 1 3 2
-> 2 1 3
-> 2 3 1
-> 3 1 2
-> 3 2 1
```

3. <https://usaco.org/index.php?page=viewproblem2&cpid=965>

- Solve this using recursion.

4. <https://usaco.org/index.php?page=viewproblem2&cpid=965>

- Solve this using the built in function provided in the STL.