

# Face Morphing & Wiener-Filter

Digitale Bildverarbeitung

**Gruppe 1: Manyue Zhang, Babar Ayan**Winter Semester 22/23



### **Problemstellung**



- Input: Zwei Bilder mit menschlichen Gesichtern (Bild a und Bild b)
- Ziel: die Gesichte von a wird so fließend wie möglich nach b transformiert



Morphing



Bild a

Bild b

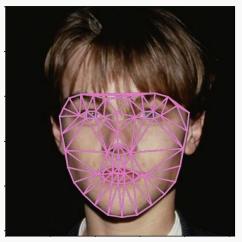
#### Gesichtsmerkmalen auswählen

HM\*

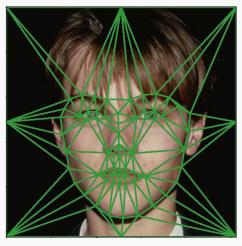
- Merkmalen manuell markieren
- Olib Bibliothek + shape\_predictor\_68\_face\_landmarks.dat



68 Punkte mit dlib.shape\_predictor()



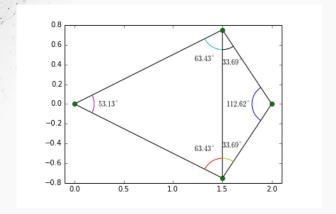
68 Punkte+Delaunay triangulation

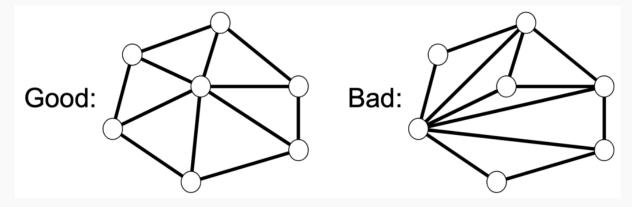


68+8 Punkte

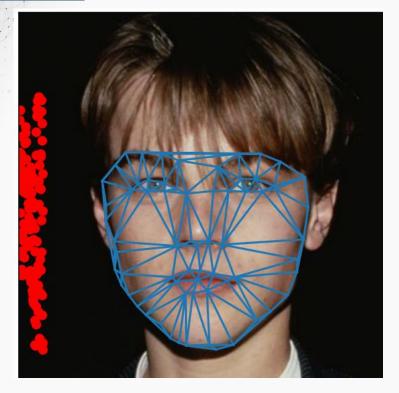
### **Delaunay Triangulation**



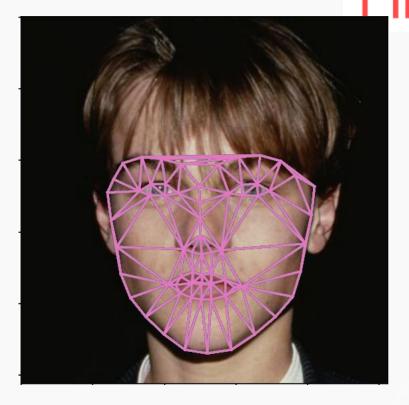




## Delaunay Triangulation



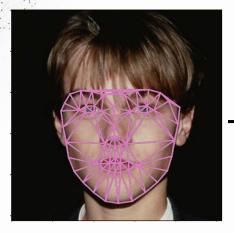
Manuell+ Delaunay Triangulation



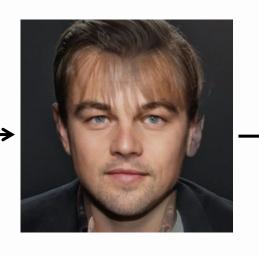
Dlib + Delaunay Triangulation

#### **Affine Transformation**

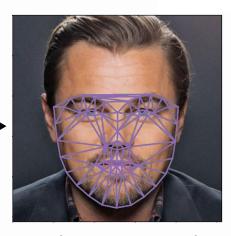




 $A = \{A1, A2, A3, ...., Ai\}$ alpha = 0



alpha = 0.5



 $B = \{B1, B2, B3, ...., Bi\}$  alpha = 1

B: Zielbild

M: Zwischenbild

$$M = (1 - alpha) * A + alpha * B$$

$$M(x,y) = (1 - alpha)A(x_i,y_i) + alpha * B(x_i,y_i)$$