Arrays II



Overview

```
- more methods
  - nested arrays
*/
```

2

```
/* .splice mutates the original array; it's used to add or remove elements
  from the middle of an array (instead of adding or removing from either
  end */
/* its first argument is an index; the second is a count of elements to
  delete from the element, starting at the provided index */
/* it returns a new array with all of the removed elements */
let names = ['George', 'John', 'Thomas'];
let singleTermPresidents = names.splice(1, 1);
console.log(names);
console.log(singleTermPresidents);
```



```
let names = ['Paul', 'George', 'John', 'Ringo'];
let acrossTheUniverse = names.splice(1, 2);
console.log(names);
console.log(acrossTheUniverse);
```



```
/* you can optionally add new elements at the given index */
let names = ['Paul', 'George', 'Pete', 'John'];
let formerMembers = names.splice(2, 1, 'Ringo');
console.log(names);
console.log(formerMembers);
```



```
/* you don't have to remove any elements! */
let names = ['Paul', 'George', 'Ringo', 'John'];
let removedElements = names.splice(2, 0, 'Pete', 'Stuart');
console.log(names);
console.log(removedElements);
```

[Paul, George, Pete, Stuart, Ringo, John] []

.join method

```
/* .join concatenates the elements of an array into a string; the original
  array is not changed */
let names = ['Paul', 'George', 'John', 'Ringo'];
let joinedString = names.join();
console.log(typeof joinedString);
console.log(joinedString);
```



.join method

```
let names = ['Paul', 'George', 'John', 'Ringo'];
let joinedString = names.join(' and '); // add a separator
console.log(joinedString);
```



.concat method

```
/* concat merges two or more arrays into one */
/* it returns a new array and doesn't change the array on which is was
  called */
let older = ['Ringo', 'John'];
let younger = ['Paul', 'George'];
let allTogetherNow = older.concat(younger);
console.log(allTogetherNow);
console.log(older);
```

[Ringo, John, Paul, George] [Ringo, John]



Nested arrays

```
/* arrays can contain any type of value, including other arrays */
let relatedThings = [['Windows', 'MacOS'], ['New York', 'Chicago']];
console.log(relatedThings[0]);
console.log(relatedThings[1][0]);
console.log(relatedThings.length);
```

[Windows, MacOS] New York 2

Nested arrays: looping

```
let rsvpGroups = [['Jane', 'Mel'], 'Jack', ['Rohan', 'David', 'Meg']];
for (let i = 0; i < rsvpGroups.length; i++) {
 let element = rsvpGroups[i]; // not sure if this is a string or an array
 if (Array.isArray(element)) {
  for (let j = 0; j < element.length; j++) {
    let name = element[j];
    console.log(name);
 else {
  console.log(element)
```

11 BOOTCAMP PREP



Nested arrays: grid

```
/* use nested arrays to represent a grid in code */
/* inner arrays represent the rows of the grid */
/* each index of the rows represents a column */
let grid = [
[1, 2, 3],
[1, 2, 3],
 [1, 2, 3]
let firstColumn = [grid[0][0], grid[1][0], grid[2][0]];
console.log(firstColumn);
```

12 BOOTCAMP PREP



Recap

```
- more methods
  - nested arrays
*/
```

13

Sudoku Project

- 100% optional
- Good practice building a slightly larger program
- o Instructions available in extra workshop on LearnDot
- Don't forget to write tidy code!
- Send your solution to the instructors by the end of class next Thursday if you want feedback!