

503108

UI/UX DESIGN

CHAPTER 7: MOCKUP AND PROTOTYPE

LESSON 08 – MOCKUP AND PROTOTYPE

- 1. Introduction
- 2. How much Prototype Do I Need?
- 3. Paper Prototyping
- 4. Digital Prototyping
- 5. Prototype Examples
- 6. What Happens After Prototyping?

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1. Introduction

- Prototyping is an effective way of testing and validating proposed functionality and designs prior to investing in development.
- Prototyping is also a great way to experiment and ideate with your team and/or your clients
- Prototyping is the act of creating, mimicking, or testing all or part of the functionality of an application or website with users

1. Introduction (cont.)

- Prototypes can be created in an analog state (such as with whiteboards or pencil and paper)
- Or in a digital state (with PowerPoint or Keynote, Acrobat, Visio, omnigraffle, Axure, HTML, or other technology-based tools).
- Prototyping should be an iterative process because prototypes are generally created to identify issues with—or to validate—the user experience.

1. Introduction (cont.)

 The outcome of the prototyping process is actionable internal or external feedback on concepts in order to enhance and improve the design

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2. How much Prototype Do I Need?

- Any user experience design process should include some degree of prototyping—whether it is formal or informal, interactive or inactive
- Prototyping does not have to be performed for an entire website or application.
- Methods that are readily available: whiteboarding, pencil-and-paper sketching, storyboarding, cardboard cut-outs, and so on.
- A growing number of digital tools are available that allow you to create interactive prototypes

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3. Paper Prototyping

- Paper prototyping is flexible
- It's also cheap
- The process is simple: Sketch the portion of the functionality you want to test.
- Used early in the process, paper prototyping can help uncover design related issues before you've become heavily invested.
- Changes at this stage can be made quickly and efficiently, reducing your risk.

3. Paper Prototyping

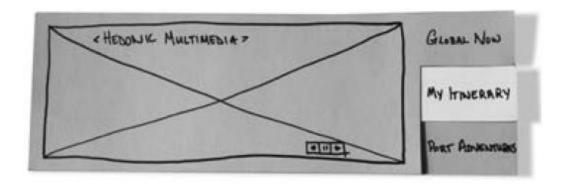


Figure 13.1 Paper prototype of a vertical, tab-based navigation

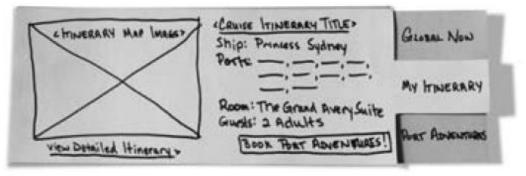


Figure 13.2 Paper prototype of a vertical tab-based navigation with the My Itinerary tab activated

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• Wireframe vs. Realistic Prototypes

- Who are you building this prototype for, and why?
- What types of resources, tools, and skills do you have available?
- What does your timeline look like?

HTML vs. WYSIWYG Editors

Creating a Prototype with a WYSIWYG Editor

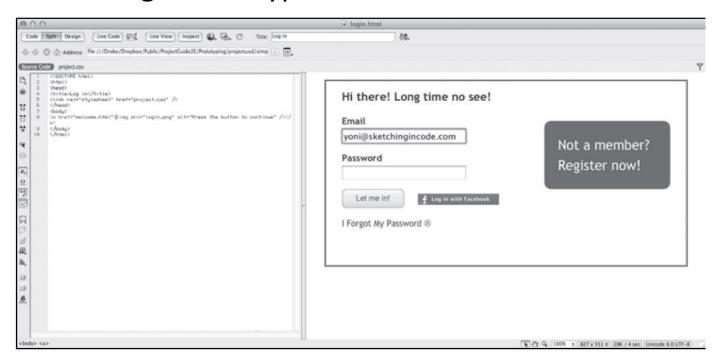


Figure 13.3 A simple example prototype created in Dreamweaver

HTML vs. WYSIWYG Editors

Creating a Basic HTML Prototype



Figure 13.4
The login.html live and in the browser

Additional Tools for Prototyping

- PowerPoint & Keynote: Presentation software applications
- Keynote KungFu (http://keynotekungfu.com): Travis isaacs has a great approach to visual prototyping
- Adobe Acrobat PDFs: Can be used to link pages of content based upon click interactions
- Visio & omnigraffle: Pretty standard PC and Mac wireframing tools
- Axure RP: Wireframing with built-in methods for documentation and prototyping
- Adobe Fireworks: Fireworks has a standard set of Ui elements that make prototyping relatively quick
- Balsamiq Mockups

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5. Prototype Examples

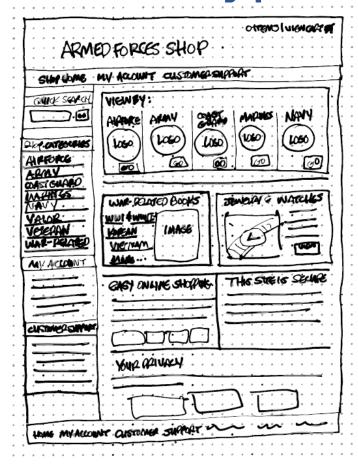


Figure 13.12 Paper prototype used to explain navigation concepts to development team



Figure 13.13 Live website design based on paper prototype

5. Prototype Examples

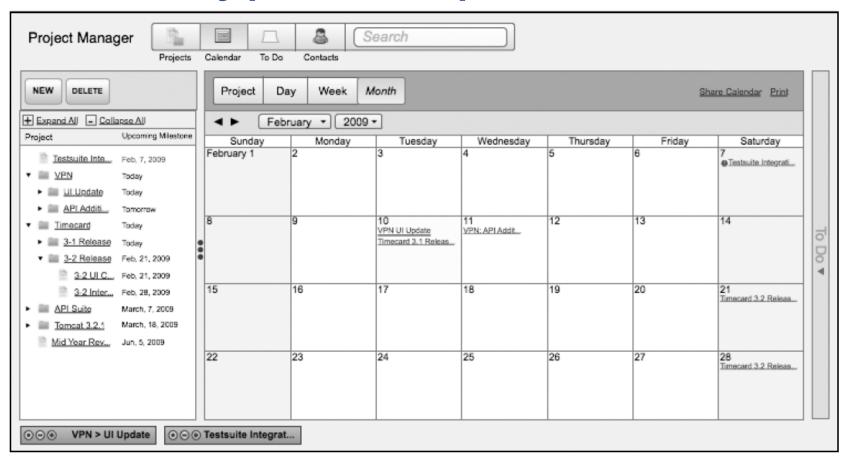


Figure 13.14 Functional prototype of a calendar tool, mocked up using high-fidelity XHTML, CSS, and JavaScript. Courtesy of Jon Hadden.

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4. What Happens After Prototyping

- Prototypes are a way to achieve one or more of the following goals:
 - Work your way through a design
 - Create a common communication platform
 - Sell your design ideas internally (e.g., to your boss, other designers, etc.)
 - Test technical feasibility
 - Test design concepts with end users/customers
- Once you have completed your prototyping process, you will need to synthesize your results and turn them into something actionable
- Move on to the next stage of the user experience process.