<u>Assignment 2 – Calculator</u>

1.

Server:

Screenshots:

- # * Fill in start (1)
 server_socket.bind((host, port)) # the server binds the IP and port so it can listen to incoming requests
 server_socket.listen(500) # put the server in listen mode -> listen to maximum 500 incoming connections
 # * Fill in end (1)
- client_socket, address = server_socket.accept()
 # the server accepts the request of the client and returns an acknowledgment to the client address
 # socket.accept() is a blocking function, meaning the code will
 # continue until a connection is established
- data = client_socket.recv(api.BUFFER_SIZE) # the server receives the data from the client
- (4) client_socket.sendall(response) # send responses to client recursively
 # (using regular socket.send() func.) until nothing left to send.

Explanations:

(1) bind() is method which binds the socket it to a specific IP and port so that it can listen to incoming requests to that port. The listen() method puts the server into listen mode and the argument is the number of connections it could listen to. We don't want that the proxy will get endless requests so we limited for 500 requests.

- (2) accept() is method that used to retrieve a connect request and convert that into a request. The output is a tuple of a socket and IP address. Once the connection is made, we can unpack the tuple into 2 variables for further use (sending responses).
- (3) The recv() method reads the data sent to the server, using the default buffer size as the argument.
- (4) sendall() this it method to sends all incoming data back by repeatedly calls send(). So in pic(4) we can see that the client socket get back the response by the server. And after that it simply closes the client's connection by method close().

Sum:

The server socket, binds it to a host and port by bind() method, and start listening for incoming connections by listen() method. To accept an incoming connection we call accept() method which will block until a new client connects. When this happens, it creates a new socket and returns it together with the client's address. Then, in an infinite cycle, it reads data from the socket in batches of 1024 bytes using method recv() until it returns an empty string. After that, it sends all incoming data back using a convenient method sendall(). And after that the client closes the connection.

Proxy:

Screenshots:

- # Prepare the proxy socket
 # * Fill in start (1)
 proxy_socket.bind(proxy_address) # bind proxy IP to proxy port proxy_address argument contains tuple of both
 proxy_socket.listen(500) # put the proxy in listen mode -> listen to maximum 500 incoming connections
 # * Fill in end (1)
- (2) client_socket, client_address = proxy_socket.accept()
 # the proxy accepts the request of the client and returns an acknowledgment to the client address
 # socket.accept() is a blocking function, meaning the code will
 # continue until a connection is established
- (3) data = client_socket.recv(api.BUFFER_SIZE)_# the proxy receives the data from the client
- (4) client_socket.sendall(response) # send responses to client recursively
 # (using regular socket.send() func.) until nothing left to send.

Explanations:

- (1) The proxy server binds the socket with the default proxy host and IP, using the bind() method as explained above. The listen() method puts the proxy into listen mode and the argument is the number of connections it could listen to. We don't want that the proxy will get endless requests so we limited for 500 requests.
- (2) In the proxy server, we unpack the tuple returned from the accept() method as explained above about the "main" server.
- (3) The recv() method reads the data sent to the proxy, using the default buffer size as the argument.

(4) The response is built as follows: if there is a cache "hit", meaning the query was recently sent and its response is in the caches, then the response variable would take its value straight from the cache. Otherwise (cache "miss"), the proxy would acquire a connection with the server send it the query, the server would then save the response in the cache as well as send it back to the proxy which would save it in its response variable. We then send the response to the client via sendall() method.

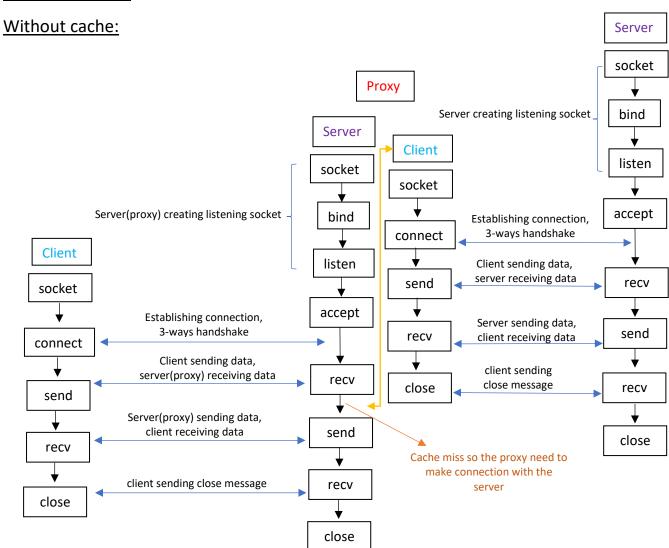
See diagram below showing the 2 processes explained above.

Sum:

The server proxy, binds it to a proxy_host and proxy_port by bind() method, and start listening for incoming connections by listen() method. To accept an incoming connection we call accept() method which will block until a new client connects. When this happens, it creates a new socket and returns it together with the client's address. Then, if there is a cache "hit", meaning the query was recently sent and its response is in the caches, then the response variable would take its value straight from the cache. Otherwise (cache "miss"), the proxy would acquire a connection with the server send it the query, the server would then save the response in the cache as well as send it back to the proxy which would save it in its response variable. We then send the response to the client via sendall() method. And after that the client closes the connection.

See diagram below showing the 2 processes explained above.

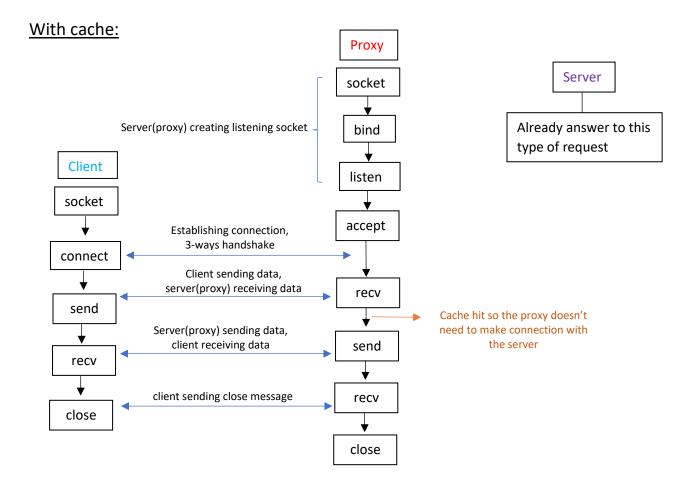
Proxy flowchart:



This flowchart describes what happened when the proxy is listening and the client open request connection when the cache is not hit in the proxy.

when the client opens a request the client is the client, and the proxy is the server. If the proxy doesn't have the cache, he need to send request connection to the server and now the proxy is the client and the server is server.

When the proxy get the response data from the server and close the connection with the server he send back the response with the data back to the client and then close the connection.



This flowchart describes what happened when the proxy is listening and the client send request connection when the cache is hit in the proxy.

when the client open a request the client is the client and the proxy is the server.

Because the proxy has the cache he don't need to send request connection to the server. So, he can response data from the cache back to the client and then close the connection.

Wire shark:

3.1.

Screenshots:

Cmd: Note that our notes are in red – we can see the whole 3 request.

The server:

```
python .\server.py
Listening on 127.0.0.1:9999 The server is open to get request from the client.

Conection established with 127.0.0.1:64031 The client send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:64031} Got request of length 687 bytes The client send request with the data (687 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:64031} Sending response of length 564 bytes The server sends the response with the data (564 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:64031} Connection closed The connection is closed.

Conection established with 127.0.0.1:64032 The client send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:64032} Got request of length 687 bytes The client sends the same request with she data (687 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:64032} Sending response of length 564 bytes The server sends the same response with the data (564 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:64032} Connection closed The connection is closed.

Conection established with 127.0.0.1:64033 The client send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:64033} Got request of length 376 bytes The client sends a different request with the data (376 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:64033} Sending response of length 60 bytes The server sends a different response with the data (60 bytes)

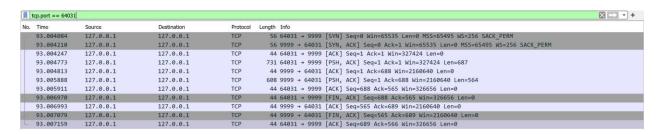
{127.0.0.1:64033} Connection closed The connection is closed.
```

The client:

```
python .\client.py
                                                                                                      aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
{127.0.0.1:9999} Connection established The client get confirmat {127.0.0.1:9999} Sending request of length 687 bytes The {127.0.0.1:9999} Got response of length 564 bytes The client Result: -0.38748277824137206 The data.
Steps:
(\sin(\max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13))
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, 0.909090909090909))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(37.333333333333) / 12) * 13
     = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
     = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
      = -0.38748277824137206
{127.0.0.1:9999} Connection closed
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python .\client.py
127.0.0.1:9999} Connection established The client get confir
127.0.0.1:9999} Sending request of length 687 bytes Telephone 127.0.0.1:9999} Got response of length 564 bytes The CRESULT: -0.38748277824137206 The same data.
Steps:
(\sin(\max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13))
      = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.33333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13
     = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, 0.90909090909091)) / 12) * 13)
     = (\sin(37.333333333333) / 12) * 13
     = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
     = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
     = -0.38748277824137206
{127.0.0.1:9999} Connection closed The connection is closed.
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python .\client.py
[127.0.0.1:9999] Connection established The client get confir
[127.0.0.1:9999] Sending request of length 376 bytes 1
[127.0.0.1:9999] Got response of length 60 bytes The client
Result: 6
Steps:
\max(2, 3) + 3 = 3 + 3
                  = 6
{127.0.0.1:9999} Connection closed
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> |
```

Wire shark:

(1) First request: client -> 64031, server -> 9999



"3 way handshake":

- 1. client sends SYN request a request to connect with server.
- 2. Server sends ACK and SYN to connect with client.
- 3. Client sends ACK to approve connection

Sending query:

4. Client sends PSH package – query to server

```
> Frame 1188: 731 bytes on wire (5848 bits), 731 bytes captured (5848 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_Loopback, id 0
> Null/Loopback
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 127.0.0.1, Dst: 127.0.0.1
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64031, Dst Port: 9999, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 687

> Data (687 bytes)

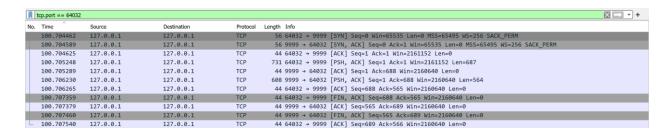
Data: 638f608102af1c00ffff000080049598020000000000008c0a63616c63756c61746f7294...
[Length: 687]
```

- 5. Server sends ACK acknowledging receiving the query
- 6. Server sends ACK + PSH response to client.

7. Client send ACK acknowledging receiving response.

Closing connection:

- 8. Server sends package requesting to end connection "FIN"
- 9. Client acknowledges
- 10. Client sends request to end connection with server.
- 11. Server acknowledges.
- (2) Second request(same one): client -> 64032, server -> 9999



"3 way handshake":

- 1. client sends SYN request a request to connect with server.
- 2. Server sends ACK and SYN to connect with client.
- 3. Client sends ACK to approve connection

Sending query:

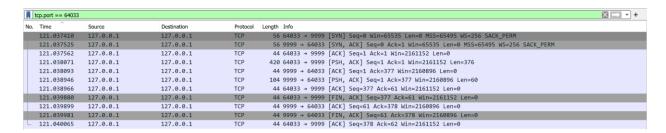
4. Client sends PSH package – query to server we can see that is the same data.

- 5. Server sends ACK acknowledging receiving the query
- 6. Server sends ACK + PSH response to client. Again we can see that is the same response data.

7. Client send ACK acknowledging receiving response.

Closing connection:

- 8. Server sends package requesting to end connection "FIN"
- 9. Client acknowledges
- 10. Client sends request to end connection with server.
- 11. Server acknowledges.
- (3) Third request(diffrenet one): client -> 64033, server -> 9999



Here we send a different query. The process is the same except for the sizes (len – 375) of the query sent from the client.

We can see that the response sent back from the server is different (len -60)

3.2.

Screenshots:

Cmd: Note that our notes are in red.

The server: We can see that the server get two request because the proxy is on and when the client ask the proxy, if the cache miss in the proxy he had to get connected with the server and when he had the data in cache he didn't had to get connected with the server.

```
python .\server.py

Listening on 127.0.0.1:9999

Conection established with 127.0.0.1:65121 The client (proxy) send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:65121} Got request of length 687 bytes The client (proxy) send request with the data (687 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:65121} Sending response of length 564 bytes The server sends the response with the data (564 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:65121} Connection closed The connection is closed.

Conection established with 127.0.0.1:65124 The client (proxy) request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:65124} Got request of length 376 bytes The client (proxy) sends a different request with the data (376 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:65124} Sending response of length 60 bytes The server sends a different response with the data (60 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:65124} Connection closed The connection is closed.
```

The proxy:

```
python .\proxy.py aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>

Listening on 127.0.0.1:9998

{127.0.0.1:65120} Connected established The client send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:65120} Cache miss, response cached ,server time remaining: inf, client time remaining: inf The cached miss so the proxy make connection with the server ti7.0.0.1:65120} Sending response of length 564 bytes The proxy gets the data (564) from the server and then he sends it to the client

{127.0.0.1:65120} Connection closed The connection is closed.

{127.0.0.1:65122} Connected established The client send request to open connection.

{127.0.0.1:65122} Cache hit ,server time remaining: inf, client time remaining: inf The cached hits of the proxy doesn't need to make connection with the server ti7.0.0.1:65122} Sending response of length 564 bytes The client sends the same request with the data (687 bytes)

{127.0.0.1:65122} Sending response of length 564 bytes The proxy sends the response with the same data (564) from the server and then he sends it to the the tenth that he sends it to the the tenth tenth that he sends it to the the tenth tenth tenth tenth tenth tenth that he sends it to the tenth te
```

The client: here the client is the client, and the server is the proxy.

```
python client.py -p 9998aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
 {127.0.0.1:9998} Connection established
{127.0.0.1:9998} Sending request of length 687 bytes {127.0.0.1:9998} Got response of length 564 bytes The Result: -0.38748277824137206 The data.
(\sin(\max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
         = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.33333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.33333333333336, 0.9090909090909091)) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(37.3333333333333) / 12) * 13
         = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
         = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
         = -0.38748277824137206
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed The connection is closed. PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python client.py -p 9998
[127.0.0.1:9998] Connection established The client get confit [127.0.0.1:9998] Sending request of length 687 bytes [127.0.0.1:9998] Got response of length 564 bytes [127.0.0.1:9998] Got response of length 664 bytes [127.0.0.1:9998] Got response of length 564 bytes [127.0.0.1:9998] Got response [
 (sin(max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (sin(max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
         = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
          = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, 0.909090909090909))) / 12) * 13)
         = (\sin(37.3333333333333) / 12) * 13
         = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
         = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
           = -0.38748277824137206
 {127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python client.py -p 9998
 {127.0.0.1:9998} Connection established The client get confirm
{127.0.0.1:9998} Sending request of length 376 bytes T
{127.0.0.1:9998} Got response of length 60 bytes The clie
Result: 6
Steps:
\max(2, 3) + 3 = 3 + 3
                                  = 6
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed The connection is closed.
PS C:\Users\maorl\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> |
```

(1) First request: client ->65120, server(proxy) ->9998 client(proxy) ->65121, server ->9999

	tcp.port == 65120	tcp.port == 65121				X → * +
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
	52.973184	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 65120 → 9998 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	52.973298	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9998 → 65120 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	52.973345	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65120 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=0	
	52.973900	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	731 65120 → 9998 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=687	
ı	52.973925	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65120 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=0	
Г	52.974570	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 65121 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	52.974681	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9999 → 65121 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	52.974710	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65121 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=0	
	52.974781	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	731 65121 → 9999 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=687	
	52.974802	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65121 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	52.976222	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	608 9999 → 65121 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=564	
	52.976242	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65121 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	52.976409	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65121 → 9999 [FIN, ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	52.976429	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65121 [ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	52.976520	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65121 [FIN, ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
L	52.976602	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65121 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=689 Ack=566 Win=326656 Len=0	
	52.976676	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	608 9998 → 65120 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=564	
	52.976699	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65120 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	52.977741	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65120 → 9998 [FIN, ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	52.977759	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65120 [ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	52.977837	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65120 [FIN, ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	52.977928	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65120 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=689 Ack=566 Win=326656 Len=0	

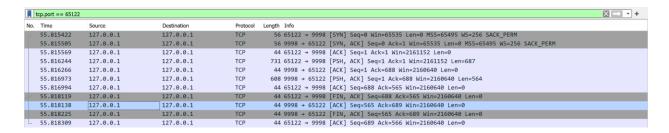
Here the client sends the query to the proxy server after establishing connection in the same way as in question 3.1.

The proxy sends the query to the main server, after establishing connection, because there was a cache "miss" (first time query).

The server sends the response to the proxy and requests end of connection.

Then the proxy sends the response to the client and requests end of connection.

(2) Second request: client ->65122, server(proxy) ->9998



Here the process is the same except for the fact that no connection is established between the proxy and the server side, for it is not necessary, because the proxy

"found" the response for the query (which is identical to the last one) int the cache,

meaning there was a cache hit, and there was no need to recalculate the result.

Therefore, the only connection needed to respond to the query was between the client side and the proxy side.

(3) Third request: client ->65123, server(proxy) ->9998 client(proxy) ->65124, server ->9999

t	cp.port == 65123	tcp.port == 65124				+
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
	76.404887	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 65123 → 9998 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	76.404971	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9998 → 65123 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	76.405026	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65123 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.405560	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	420 65123 → 9998 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=376	
	76.405580	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65123 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=0	
г	76.406256	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 65124 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	76.406348	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9999 → 65124 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	76.406375	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65124 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.406424	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	420 65124 → 9999 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=376	
	76.406437	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65124 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=0	
	76.407445	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	104 9999 → 65124 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=60	
	76.407485	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65124 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=377 Ack=61 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.407574	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65124 → 9999 [FIN, ACK] Seq=377 Ack=61 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.407589	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65124 [ACK] Seq=61 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0	
	76.407667	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 65124 [FIN, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0	
L	76.407715	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65124 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=378 Ack=62 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.407914	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	104 9998 → 65123 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=60	
	76.407952	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65123 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=377 Ack=61 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.408773	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65123 → 9998 [FIN, ACK] Seq=377 Ack=61 Win=2161152 Len=0	
	76.408817	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65123 [ACK] Seq=61 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0	
	76.408833	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 65123 [FIN, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0	
	76.408908	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 65123 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=378 Ack=62 Win=2161152 Len=0	

Here the process is the same as the first query, because this is a new query, which the response for is not stored in the cache. Therefore, there is a cache "miss" and the connection between the proxy and the server is established just like in the first time.

The only difference is in the size (len) of the query data and response data.

3.3.

Screenshots:

Cmd: Note that our notes are in red. We shout down the server after the first request.

The server:

```
python .\server.py aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
Listening on 127.0.0.1:9999
Conection established with 127.0.0.1:49894 The client (proxy) send request to open connection.
{127.0.0.1:49894} Got request of length 687 bytes The client (proxy) send request with the data (687 bytes)
{127.0.0.1:49894} Sending response of length 564 bytes The server sends the response with the data (564 bytes)
{127.0.0.1:49894} Connection closed The connection is closed.
```

The proxy:

```
python .\proxy.py aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
Listening on 127.0.0.1:9998
{127.0.0.1:49893} Connected established The client send request to open connection.
{127.0.0.1:49893} Cache miss, response cached ,server time remaining: inf, client time remaining: inf The cached miss so the proxy make connection with the server {127.0.0.1:49893} Sending response of length 564 bytes The proxy gets the data (564) from the server and then he sends it to the client {127.0.0.1:49893} Connection closed The connection is closed.
{127.0.0.1:498936} Connected established The client send request to open connection.
{127.0.0.1:49896} Connected established The client send request with the data (687 bytes)
{127.0.0.1:49896} Cache hit ,server time remaining: inf, client time remaining: inf The cached hit so the proxy doesn't need to make connection with the server {127.0.0.1:49896} Sending response of length 564 bytes The proxy sends the response with the same data (564) from the server and then he sends it to the {127.0.0.1:49896} Connection closed The connection is closed.
{127.0.0.1:49896} Connected established The client send request to open connection.
{127.0.0.1:49897} Connected established The client send request to open connection.
{127.0.0.1:49897} Connection closed The connection is closed.
```

The client: here the client is the client, and the server is the proxy.

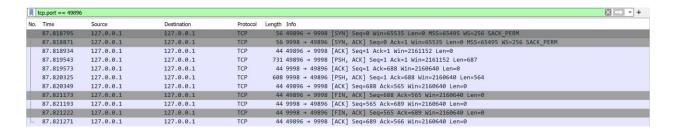
```
python client.py -p 9998aor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
 {127.0.0.1:9998} Connection established The client get of {127.0.0.1:9998} Sending request of length 687 bytes {127.0.0.1:9998} Got response of length 564 bytes The Result: -0.38748277824137206 The data.
Steps: (\sin(\max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13))
            = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
           = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
           = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13
            = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.33333333333336, 0.909090909090909))) / 12) * 13
           = (\sin(37.3333333333333) / 12) * 13
           = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
            = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
 = -0.38748277824137286
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed The connection is closed.
PS C:\USers\maor\NycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python client.py -p 9998
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection established The client pet confirmation to send the reque {127.0.0.1:9998} Sending request of length 687 bytes The client sends the same request of length 687 bytes The client sends the same request. PS of length 687 bytes The client got the same response versus and the same response versus the same response versus and the same response versus the same res
 Steps: (sin(max(2, (3 * 4), 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13 = (sin(max(2, 12, 5, (6 * ((7 * 8) / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13
           = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * (56 / 9)), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
           = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, (6 * 6.2222222222222), (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
             = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.3333333333336, (10 / 11))) / 12) * 13)
           = (\sin(\max(2, 12, 5, 37.33333333333336, 0.909090909090909))) / 12) * 13
            = (\sin(37.3333333333333) / 12) * 13
           = (-0.35767641068434347 / 12) * 13
             = -0.02980636755702862 * 13
= -0.38749277824137266
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed The connection is closed.
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2> python client.py -p 9998
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection established The client pet confirmation to send the request with the data.
{127.0.0.1:9998} Goding request of length 376 bytes The clients had a different request with the data (376 bytes).
{127.0.0.1:9998} Got response of length 170 bytes The client got a different response – because there is an error, he get an error connection (because the server closed)
{127.0.0.1:9998} Got error: ('Internal proxy error', CalculatorServerError('Connection refused by server and the request was not in the cache/it was stale'))
{127.0.0.1:9998} Connection closed The connection is closed.
PS C:\Users\maor1\PycharmProjects\MyProject\CN_Ex2>
```

(1) First request: client ->49893, server(proxy) ->9998 client(proxy) ->49894, server ->9999

	tcp.port == 49893	tcp.port == 49894				+
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
	65.500795	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 49893 → 9998 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	65.500862	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9998 → 49893 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	65.500897	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49893 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=0	
	65.501305	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	731 49893 → 9998 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=687	
	65.501327	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49893 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=0	
Г	65.501914	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 49894 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	65.501971	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9999 → 49894 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM	
	65.501996	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49894 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=0	
	65.502059	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	731 49894 → 9999 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=327424 Len=687	
	65.502078	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49894 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	65.503285	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	608 9999 → 49894 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=564	
	65.503304	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49894 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	65.503387	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49894 → 9999 [FIN, ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	65.503402	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49894 [ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	65.503439	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49894 [FIN, ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
L	65.503482	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49894 → 9999 [ACK] Seq=689 Ack=566 Win=326656 Len=0	
	65.503706	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	608 9998 → 49893 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=688 Win=2160640 Len=564	
	65.503728	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49893 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	65.504504	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49893 → 9998 [FIN, ACK] Seq=688 Ack=565 Win=326656 Len=0	
	65.504520	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49893 [ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	65.504544	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49893 [FIN, ACK] Seq=565 Ack=689 Win=2160640 Len=0	
	65.504594	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49893 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=689 Ack=566 Win=326656 Len=0	

Here the explanation is identical to the one explaining the process in question 3.2.1

(2) First request: client ->49896, server(proxy) ->9998



Here the explanation is identical to the one explaining the process in question 3.2.2

Although, in this attempt the server is already closed. This does not affect the process in any way, since this is the same query as before, and therefore there is caches "hit" and no connection with the server is needed, just as explained in question 3.2.2.

	cp.port == 49897	tcp.port == 49898			
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	104.261104	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 49897 → 9998 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM
	104.261189	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 9998 → 49897 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM
	104.261255	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49897 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=0
	104.261785	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	420 49897 → 9998 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2161152 Len=376
	104.261821	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49897 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=0
4	104.262464	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 49898 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM
	104.262477	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49898 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
	104.764406	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1		56 [TCP Retransmission] [TCP Port numbers reused] 49898 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=25
	104.764441	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49898 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
		127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1		56 [TCP Retransmission] [TCP Port numbers reused] 49898 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=25
	105.267718	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49898 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
		127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1		56 [TCP Retransmission] [TCP Port numbers reused] 49898 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=25
	105.776041	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49898 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
		127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1		56 [TCP Retransmission] [TCP Port numbers reused] 49898 → 9999 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=25
L	106.287273	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9999 → 49898 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
	106.288413	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	214 9998 → 49897 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=377 Win=2160896 Len=170
	106.288447	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49897 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=377 Ack=171 Win=2161152 Len=0
	106.288908	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49897 → 9998 [FIN, ACK] Seq=377 Ack=171 Win=2161152 Len=0
	106.288931	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49897 [ACK] Seq=171 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0
	106.289011	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 9998 → 49897 [FIN, ACK] Seq=171 Ack=378 Win=2160896 Len=0
	106.289068	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 49897 → 9998 [ACK] Seq=378 Ack=172 Win=2161152 Len=0

Here, we send a different query to the proxy, and therefore there is a cache "miss". For this reason, the proxy attempts to establish a connection with the server. But the server is closed, so no such connection is available.

We can see in all the packages colored black, that the proxy reattempts several times to establish a connection with the server, without success.

The red packages show us that no ACK is received from the server to the proxy. finally the proxy sends a response to the client stating that there no connection could be established with the server and proceeds to end the connection with the client.