### **Part 1: Theoretical Analysis**

# Q1. Explain how AI-driven code generation tools (e.g., GitHub Copilot) reduce development time.

- Write and autocomplete code snippets, reducing repetitive tasks
- -Suggest functions and syntax as you type
- -Offer explanations for unfamiliar or complex code

#### What are their limitations?

- May generate incorrect or insecure code
- -Might not adapt well to unique or unconventional project setups
- -Risk of reducing deep understanding and coding independence

# Q2: Compare supervised and unsupervised learning in the context of automated bug detection.

### **Supervised Learning**

- -Trains on labelled data (e.g., known bugs)
- -Best for identifying familiar, well-documented errors

#### **Unsupervised Learning**

- -Finds unusual patterns or outliers without labelled examples
- -Useful for discovering new, unexpected bugs

Use **supervised** models for precision and **unsupervised** ones for exploration.

# Q3: Why is bias mitigation critical when using AI for user experience personalization?

- -Biased systems can unfairly favour or exclude individuals
- -Can damage user experience, brand reputation, and trust
- -May violate data ethics principles or legal frameworks
- -Ensuring fairness boosts inclusivity, accountability, and reliability.

## **Case Study Analysis**

## How does AIOps improve software deployment efficiency? Provide two examples.

AIOps (Artificial Intelligence for IT Operations) streamlines deployment by automating detection and resolution of issues.

- E.g. 1: Predicts performance degradation or outages ahead of time
- E.g. 2: Automatically rolls back faulty releases or tunes system behaviour in real time