

01/30/25

## Free Talk

Mafia 黑手党

Authentic 地道的

Chicken claws 鸡爪

Drumstick 鸡腿

Red envelope / lucky money 红包

Peach blossom 桃花

Credit 学分

Class performance 课堂表现

The whole grade 全年级

Incentive 奖励

## Homework Analysis - Writing



Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
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Memo No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Do You Agree or Disagree that Workers should have a longer Weekend? ! 总是缺少标点符号

Working hours ← 更有能

The time of working plays an essential part in our life. Some people think they should have longer weekend, while others do not some people not. In my opinion, workers should have longer weekends. ? 力滑流

First, having a longer weekend can greatly benefit mental health. Many workers feel stressed due to long working hours and limited rest. A shorter workweek would give people more time to relax, spend <sup>time</sup> with family, or enjoy personal hobbies. For example, if workers Good → But why? had three-day weekends, they GOOD would feel more refreshed when they return to work. This would lead to happier and healthier employees. → 更偏向分析

● 作为例子

→ 建设黄绿顺序互换

(Second, a shorter <sup>workweek</sup> week? could increase productivity) when people know that they have less time to complete their tasks, they often tend to <sup>more efficiently</sup> work faster and stay focused. Some countries, like Iceland, have tested they

Memo No. \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su

as those on a five-day schedule

the four-day workweeks ~~are~~ and found that workers were just as productive or even more efficient. <sup>as what?</sup> Employers would benefit <sup>as well</sup> because workers achieve the same results while ~~resting~~ <sup>is also important</sup> feeling less stressed. <sup>something is missing!!!</sup> <sup>→ 所以还是 workers 受益呀!!!</sup>

前面讲的是员工, 后面又提到老板, 最后有逻辑连接词. 显得不突兀.

In summary, shorter workweek can be more efficient while feeling ~~is~~ relaxed and great mental health. <sup>这句话应该站在老板角度讲 比如: feeling less stressed and more motivated</sup>

Are they both "K" ???

更有动力干啥? 上班呀! → 老板受益.

## Introduction

1 → The time of working → Working hours

2 → ... should have longer weekend, some people do not. → while other people do not. (句子缺少谓语, 并且要+转折)

3 → **Some people think that...**

**主语 谓语 宾语 (that 后面+句子, 所以是宾语从句)**

\*什么成分是句子, 就是什么从句

\*谓语 → 只能是一个动词

4 → I like coffee. → I like coffee, too.

I don't like coffee. → I like coffee, either.

I like coffee. → So do I.

I don't like coffee. → Neither do I.

## Body Paragraph 1

### 1 → 虚拟语气

时间	真实情况	虚拟语气结构	例句
现在	事实与愿望不符	主语 + 动词过去式 (be动词用were)	If I <b>were</b> you, I <b>would</b> study harder. (如果我是你, 我会更努力学习。)
过去	过去的事实相反	主语 + had + 过去分词	If he <b>had studied</b> harder, he <b>would have passed</b> the exam. (如果他当时更努力学习, 他就通过考试了。)
将来	未来的可能性不大	主语 + were to / should + 动词原形 或 动词过去式	If she <b>were to win</b> the lottery, she <b>would travel</b> around the world. (如果她中了大奖, 她会去环游世界。)

和现在事实相反的虚拟语气 (文中句子)

If + were/did, 主语 + would/should/might/could + do

假如我在北京过年, 我就能吃到所有我想吃的。

If were celebrating the New Year in Beijing, I would be able to eat whatever I want.

2 → ... if workers had three-day weekends, they more refreshed... → they would feel more refreshed... (缺少谓语, 并且要用虚拟语气)

## Body Paragraph 2

1 → Second, a shorter week can increase... → a shorter workweek could

2 → When people know that they have less time to complete their task, ...

→ tasks (建议用复数, 因为前面是 people)

3 → work faster and stay focus → work more efficiently

4 → Some countries, like Iceland, they have tested... → Some countries, like Iceland, have tested...

灰色部分句子包含两个**主语**，两个句子，所以不正确

① **Some countries**, like Iceland, have tested...

② **They** have tested...

5 → ... and found that workers were just as productive... → as productive  
as those on a five-day schedule. (“as”作用是比较，所以要有两个比较的内容；schedule 和 four-day  
workweeks 是同义替换)

6 → Employers benefit because... → Employers benefits as well  
because... (从雇员过渡到雇主，建议+as well，表示附加信息；或者用递进关系：furthermore, moreover 等等)

7 → ... because workers achieve the same results while feeling less  
stressed. → ... feeling less stress and more motivated. (不+motivated 的话，还是雇员受  
益，但是句子想表达雇主受益。员工 motivated 是为了给雇员干活，所以最终受益是雇主。 → 其实就是要表达更清楚  
一点，不要让读者绕太多弯儿)

8 →

## Conclusion

Nice!



## Different ways of asking questions

\*Do you agree or disagree?

\*To what extent do you agree or disagree?

\*To what extent do you agree?

\*What is your opinion?

## Agreement & Disagreement

**I agree with ~/ that S+V 我同意/赞同……**

**I agree with the idea that** movies and television can negatively influence our behavior.

我赞同电影和电视对我们的行为有消极影响。

**I agree that** people should not judge others by their looks.

我同意人们不应该以貌取人。

**I disagree with ~/ that S+V 我不同意/赞同……**

**I disagree with** the idea that success always comes from taking risks.

我不同意成功来自冒险这一观点。

**I disagree that** children should be allowed to watch TV without their parents' permission.

我不赞同允许孩子在没有得到家长许可的情况下看电视。

**I am in favor of the idea of V-ing ~/ the idea that S+V 我支持……的**

**观点/我认为……**

**I am in favor of the idea of** building a public library in our town.

我支持在我们镇建一座公共图书馆的想法。

**I am in favor of the idea that** schools should teach students about specific careers and jobs.

我认为学校应该教学生具体的职业和工作。

**I do not hold with V-ing ~/ the idea that S+V 我不同意/认为……**

**I do not hold with** developing nuclear weapons to protect our country.

我不同意开发核武器以保护国家。

**I do not hold with the idea that** businesses can do anything to gain a profit.

我不认为为了获取利润，企业什么都可以做。

**I go along with ~ 我同意/赞同/认为……**

**I go along with** the opinion that adults can enjoy games as much as children.

我认为，成年人可以像孩子一样陶醉于游戏当中。

## New Writing Task - In-class Practising

Write about the following topic:

It is important for everyone, including young people, to save money for their future.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Write at least 180 words.

.....

### **Introduction**

Whether people should save money for their future is a popular topic. I disagree that young people should (+prioritize) save money for the future. While saving can be useful/beneficial, ~~but~~ young people/individual should ~~have other~~ (focus on other) ~~priority~~ (priorities) ~~for their~~ (such as) happiness and (+ personal) growth.

### **Body Paragraph 1**

First, young people should invest ~~on~~ (in) their personal growth. Gaining skills ~~by~~ (from/through) education is more important than saving. Plus (Moreover), education is (+often) more expensive. For example, ~~paying for~~ (purchasing) ~~good~~ (quality) books and ~~training~~ (attending training programs) help them get a better job in the future. If they only focus on



saving money, they might lose the chance of learning new things that could lead to higher salaries.

### **Body Paragraph 2**

Second, ~~young~~ people should enjoy their life and gain experience while they are young. (+Spending money on) Traveling ~~around the world~~, try(ing) some social activities and hobbies that can help them ~~learn about the world~~ (learn about different cultures), ~~making~~ new friends, and develop their life skills(.) (+These experiences) can broaden their horizon. If they (overly) focus on saving money, they might miss out on valuable experiences that can shape their personalities (+and perspectives).

### **Conclusion**

In summary, young people should spend money wisely on experiences and self-development rather than worrying too much about saving. (+Investing in personal growth and life experiences will ultimately benefit them more in the long run.)

## Homework - OPINION ESSAY

Write about the following topic:

The most important aim of science should be to improve people's lives.  
To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Write at least 180 words.

.....

### **Introduction**

...

### **Body Paragraph 1**

...

### **Body Paragraph 2**

...

### **Conclusion**

...

## Agreement & Disagreement - Exercise

### Example:

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Parents are the best teachers.

✓ I agree that parents are better teachers for their children than any other person for several reasons.

从某几个原因上讲，我同意父母比其他任何人都更适合当孩子的老师。

1.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? When people succeed, it is because of hard work. Luck has nothing to do with success.

✗ I do not hold with the idea that \_\_\_\_\_.

我并不认为人们取得成功是运气而不是努力工作。

2.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Watching television is bad for children.

✓ I go along with the opinion that \_\_\_\_\_.

我赞同看电视对孩子有负面影响的观点。

3.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? All students should be required to study art and music in secondary school.

✗ I disagree that \_\_\_\_\_.

我不同意中学生应该把美术和音乐作为必修课来学习。

4.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Only people who earn a lot of money are successful.

✗ **I am not in favor of the idea that** \_\_\_\_\_.

我不赞同只有富人才能成功的。

5.

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? A person's childhood years (the time from birth to twelve years of age) are the most important years of a person's life.

✓ **I agree that** \_\_\_\_\_.

我同意童年是人生最重要的时期。