ACM 通识课(上) --- Homework 1

- 1. 算法导论第二章问题 2-4
- 2. Sorting a Somewhat-Sorted Array
 - a) What is the best case run-time of MergeSort? That is, find the largest function g(n) such that for every array of length n, MergeSort takes at least $\Omega(g(n))$ operations to sort the array.
 - b) Define an array to be "k-somewhat-sorted" if it is possible to remove k elements from the array and obtain a sorted array. Suppose you are given a k-somewhat-sorted array of length n, but you don't know k. Design an algorithm that runs in time O(n) and takes as input a length n "k-somewhat sorted array", and identifies a set of O(k) elements (i.e. indices into the input array) with the property that after removing those elements, the array is sorted. Your solution should contain both the pseudo-code, a clear and succinct proof of the correctness of your algorithm (this can just be 2 sentences!), and a clear proof that the runtime is O(n).
 - c) Give an algorithm that sorts a k-somewhat-sorted array of length n in time $O(n+k\log(k))$ time. Your solution should contain both the pseudo-code, a clear and succinct proof of the correctness of your algorithm (this can just be 2 sentences!), and a clear proof that the runtime is $O(n+k\log k)$ [Hint: leverage the result from the previous part of the problem. Even if you didn't solve part (b), you can still do this part, assuming the existence of a solution to the previous part.]

下面两题,请设计数据结构和算法。建议首先简单陈述算法思路,然后用伪码描述。非常规数据结构(队列、链表、树等)请用伪码仔细说明。分析自己算法的最坏情况大 O 复杂度,如果想到多个算法最坏复杂度一样,可以考虑平均复杂度。非最优算法不能得全分。加分题可不做,做对有加分。

- 3. 总共有 n 个数, 分布在 k 个已经排序好的队列中, 请将这 n 个数排序。
- 4. 一个数组有 n 个正整数, 和一个目标整数 s, 请问最短连续子数组的长度, 使得它的和大于 s。比如数组 [1, 6, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1], s = 8, 那答案就是 3: [6, 1, 2]。
- 5. 【加分题】总共有 n 个没有排序的数, 请找出大小相邻两个数的最大差值。 比如 [1, 9, 3, 2, 11, 5], 那差值就是 9-5 = 4。