Package 'EventLogger'

January 2, 2019

Title Capture events and timings across multiple objects in a shared DataTable
Version 1.15.2
Date 2018-12-18
Author Charles Tilford [aut, cre]
Maintainer Charles Tilford <cran@agent.fastmail.com></cran@agent.fastmail.com>
Description This is a utility package designed to hold and report events. It builds a record of manually defined events and tracks the timings between each for performance analysis.
Depends R (>= 3.1)
Imports CatMisc (>= 1.1.0), crayon, data.table, dynamictable, methods
License GPL-2
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 6.1.1
Suggests testthat
NeedsCompilation no
R topics documented:
actionMessage
dateMessage
debugMessage
err
EventLogger-class
EvLogObj
fieldDescriptions
log
logText
message
showLog
tidyTime

2 actionMessage

Index 15

onMessage EventLogger Action Message

Description

EventLogger object method to present and record an emphatic message

Arguments

msg The text to display and show

prefix Default '[+]', the text to show before the message

color Default 'red', the color of the displayed text

... Passed to message

help Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$actionMessage( help=TRUE )

myObject$actionMessage(msg="No message provided!", prefix='[+]', color="red")

This is just a wrapper for message where prefix='[+]' and color="red"
```

Value

The log table, invisibly

See Also

log, message

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$actionMessage("Outer airlock door not responding")
# Show the log, nicely formatted:
el</pre>
```

dateMessage 3

Description

EventLogger object method to present and record a message with a date

Arguments

msg The text to display and show

... Passed to message

help Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$dateMessage( help=TRUE )
myObject$dateMessage(msg="No message provided!", ...)
```

This is just a wrapper for message where datestamp=TRUE

Value

The log table, invisibly

See Also

log, message

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$dateMessage("Something auspicious just happened")
# Show the log, nicely formatted:
el</pre>
```

4 debugMessage

debugMessage	EventLogger Debug Message

Description

EventLogger object method to present and record a message for debugging

Arguments

msg	The text to display and show
prefix	Default '[DEBUG]', the text to show before the message
color	Default 'white', the color of the displayed text
bgcolor	Default 'blue', the background color of the displayed text
	Passed to message
help	Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

This is just a wrapper for message where prefix='[DEBUG]', color="white" and bgcolor="blue"

Value

The log table, invisibly

See Also

log, message

```
el <- EventLogger()
for (cv in 1:9) {
    el$debugMessage(c("Chevron", cv, "locked ..."))
}
# Show the log, nicely formatted:
el</pre>
```

err 5

err	EventLogger Error Message	

Description

EventLogger object method to present and record an error message

Arguments

msg	The text to display and show
prefix	Default '[ERROR]', the text to show before the message
color	Default 'red', the color of the displayed text
bgcolor	Default 'yellow', the background color of the
	Passed to message
help	Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

This is just a wrapper for message where prefix='[ERROR]', color="red" and bgcolor="yellow"

Value

The log table, invisibly

See Also

log, message

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$err("Weight is not defined")
# Show the log, nicely formatted:
el</pre>
```

6 EventLogger-class

EventLogger-class EventLogger

Description

Utility ReferenceClass object for messaging and recording of events. Use \$message() for general logging (stores event and reports to console), see Methods section for variants.

Details

A \$show() method has been set, so simply evaluating an EventLogger object on the command line will pretty-print the result. The data.table holding the log information can be directly accessed in field \$log.

Fields

log The data.table holding log messages

vb Logical flag indicating if verbose messaging should be active

Calls message with a '[+]' prefix and red coloring

EvLog0bj An optional external EventLogger object. Used to centralize log information across multiple inheriting objects in one place.

verbose(newval = NULL, help = FALSE) Get or set the flag determining if messages are dis-

actionMessage(msg = "No message provided!", prefix = "[+]", color = "red", help = FALSE, ...)

Methods

played

```
dateMessage(msg = "No message provided!", help = FALSE, ...) Calls message() with dat-
    estamp=TRUE
debugMessage(msg = "No message provided!", prefix = "[DEBUG]", color = "white", bgcolor = "blue", h
    Calls message with a '[DEBUG]' prefix and white/blue coloring
err(msg = "No message provided!", prefix = "[ERROR]", color = "red", bgcolor = "yellow", help = FAL
    Calls message with an '[ERROR]' prefix and red/yellow coloring
fieldDescriptions(help = FALSE) A static list of brief descriptions for each field in this object
helpSections(help = FALSE) Static list organizing object methods into conceptual sections
initialize(useColor = TRUE, ...) Create a new RefClassHelper Reference Class object
logText(width = 0.7 * getOption("width"), relative = TRUE, pad = 11, n = 0, help = FALSE)
    Formats the log as a human readable two-column table
message(msg = "No message provided!", prefix = NULL, color = NULL, bgcolor = NULL, datestamp = FALS
    Display a formatted message, and store it in the log table
show(help = FALSE) Pretty-print the object
showLog(help = FALSE, ...) Pretty-prints the log, including total elapsed time
tidyTime(x = NULL, pad = 0, help = FALSE) Reports a time interval with unit management
    and colorization
```

EvLogObj 7

Examples

```
myEL <- EventLogger()
myEL$message("Did something important")
Sys.sleep(3)
myEL$actionMessage("Something emphatic has happened")
Sys.sleep(1)
myEL$dateMessage("Here's a date stamp")
myEL$debugMessage("Remember to comment this out in production")
# Pretty print the log, including an elapsed time:
myEL
# Expose the underlying data.table:
myEL$log
## Demo with inheritance of the class:
demo("objectInheritance", package="EventLogger", ask=FALSE)</pre>
```

EvLog0bj

EventLogger Object

Description

Internal EventLogger field pointing to another object that holds a shared log

Details

This package was designed to be inherited by other ReferenceClass objects, and was also designed such that many objects could share a common log. An object that inherits (contains) EventLogger can choose to reference a different object with this field. If so, operations that would normally alter the EventLogger fields will instead act on the referenced object.

The other object is defined by the log parameter on creation.

```
## NORMALLY YOU WILL NOT WANT TO ACCESS THIS FIELD DIRECTLY ## ALTERING IT MAY RESULT IN CODE INSTABILITY
```

Value

An empty field if not set, or an EventLogger-compliant object

8 log

fieldDescriptions

Field Descriptions

Description

A list of brief descriptions for each object field

Arguments

help

Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$fieldDescriptions( help=TRUE )
myObject$fieldDescriptions( )
```

This method returns a simple list of descriptive text for each object field. It is designed to help the user understand the role of each field.

Value

A list of character strings

See Also

help

Examples

```
myEL <- EventLogger()
myEL$fieldDescriptions()</pre>
```

log

EventLogger Log

Description

Internal EventLogger field holding the data.table of events

logText 9

Details

A data.table (data.frame-compliant) table with two columns: \$Date (which is automatically populated at time of event) and \$Message

This field is intended to be accessed, but alterations (additions) should be performed using the message functions

Value

A data.table

See Also

```
message, showLog
```

Examples

```
el <- EventLogger( )
el$message("An entry")
el$message("A second entry")
el$log</pre>
```

logText

Log Text

Description

EventLogger object method to generate pretty-formatted text of the log

Arguments

widthDefault 70 length to be used when strwrap()ing the event text

- Default TRUE, will show the time elapsed between events. If FALSE will show absolute time stamps

- Default 11, character padding used to align the time column

Default 0, if greater will only show that number of most recent events

belp Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

10 message

This method will parse the log data.table and generate a human-friendly, colorized table of events. The left column will report the time difference between log events, intending to help gauge how long individual events are taking. The right column will be event message text, strwrap()'ed to the user's width option.

This method will return the 'raw' character strings of the text. In general you will likely wish to instead use showLog to have the message shown in a way such that the ANSI color codes are properly evaluated for display.

See Also

```
showLog, message, log
```

Examples

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$message("A sample message")
el$logText()</pre>
```

|--|

Description

EventLogger object method to present and record a message

Arguments

msg	The text to display and show
prefix	Default NULL, Optional text to display in front of message. Will not be recorded in the log.
color	Default NULL, foreground (text) color of message, not logged.
bgcolor	Default NUll, background color of message, not logged.
datestamp	Default FALSE; If TRUE, then a datestamp will be displayed as well. Datestamps are always recorded in the log, regardless of this value.
fatal	Default FALSE; If TRUE, then stop() execution as well.
collapse	Default ", text to use when collapsing msg vector.
help	Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

showLog 11

Details

This method is used to both display a message to the terminal and to record it in the log Several wrapper functions exist with pre-configured display options:

- dateMessage Will display a datestamp
- actionMessage Prefix with '[+]', red color
- debugMessage Prefix with '[DEBUG]', white FG, blue BG
- err Prefix with 'ERROR', red FG, yellow BG

Bear in mind that for all functions the appearance is merely cosmetic - only the contents of msg will go into the log.

Value

The log table, invisibly

See Also

```
log dateMessage (just sets datestamp=TRUE) actionMessage (just sets prefix='[+]' and color='red') debugMessage (sets prefix='[DEBUG]', color="white", bgcolor="blue") err (sets prefix='[ERROR]', color="red", bgcolor="yellow")
```

Examples

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$message("A generic message")
# Show the log, nicely formatted:
el</pre>
```

showLog

Show Log

Description

EventLogger object method to pretty-print the event log

12 tidyTime

Arguments

```
Will be passed to logTexthelpDefault FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.
```

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$showLog( help=TRUE )
myObject$showLog( ... )
```

A simple wrapper for logText(), the contents of which are displayed in the shell using cat. This method is auto-invoked if an EventLogger object is evaluated in the shell (and there are no other ReferenceClass classes contained in the object that would take precedence)

See Also

logText

Examples

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$message("A sample message")
el$showLog()</pre>
```

tidyTime

Tidy Time

Description

EventLogger object method to pretty-format a time difference

Arguments

x Default NULL. Expects a single numeric value in seconds
pad Default 0, a minimum width that the final string should occupy

help Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$tidyTime( help=TRUE )

myObject$tidyTime( (x=NULL, pad=0 )
```

Takes a character vector and applies foregrand and/or background color to it. This method is used by showLog to highlight shorter or longer time frames.

vb 13

Value

A character string with ANSI color codes injected by crayon

See Also

```
showLog, logText
```

Examples

```
el <- EventLogger()
base::message( el$tidyTime(0.00013) )
base::message( el$tidyTime(35232) )</pre>
```

νb

EventLogger Verbosity Flag

Description

Internal EventLogger field holding the data.table of events

Details

A logical flag setting if EventLogger is verbose or not.

```
## NORMALLY YOU WILL NOT WANT TO ACCESS THIS FIELD DIRECTLY
## Instead, use the \link{verbose} method to check and alter the value
```

Value

A logical value

See Also

message

```
el <- EventLogger( )
el$actionMessage("HELLO")
el$verbose( FALSE )
el$message("please no shouting")
el</pre>
```

14 verbose

verbose	EventLogger Verbosity	
---------	-----------------------	--

Description

EventLogger object method to get/set verbosity flag

Arguments

newval Default NULL. If provided and can be made logical, will set the flag. Inability

to cast as logical will emit a non-fatal error.

help Default FALSE. If TRUE, show this help and perform no other actions.

Details

```
## Method Usage:
myObject$verbose( help=TRUE )

myObject$verbose( newval=NULL )
```

Gets or sets the flag determining if messages should be displayed to the terminal, or just logged.

Value

A single logical value, invisibly

See Also

```
message, colorize, vb
```

```
el <- EventLogger()
el$err("Please be aware that something has gone wrong")
el$verbose(FALSE)
el$err("Another problem! But not on your screen. You'll need to check the log")
el</pre>
```

Index

```
actionMessage, 2, 11
colorize, 14
crayon, 13
data.table,9
dateMessage, 3, 11
debugMessage, 4, 11
err, 5, 11
EventLogger (EventLogger-class), 6
{\tt EventLogger-class}, {\color{red} 6}
EvLogObj, 7
{\sf fieldDescriptions}, 8
help, 8
log, 2-5, 7, 8, 10, 11
logText, 9, 12, 13
\mathsf{message}, \, 2\text{--}5, \, 9, \, 10, \, 10, \, 13, \, 14
showLog, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
{\tt tidyTime}, \textcolor{red}{12}
vb, 13, 14
verbose, 14
```