

Input: C : regularization parameter tol : numerical tolerance max_passes : max # of times to iterate over α 's without changing $(x^{(1)}, y^{(1)}), \dots, (x^{(m)}, y^{(m)})$: training data**Output:** $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}^m$: Lagrange multipliers for solution $b \in \mathbb{R}$: threshold for solution

- Initialize $\alpha_i = 0, \forall i, \quad b = 0$.

- Initialize $passes = 0$.

- while** ($passes < max_passes$)

- $num_changed_alphas = 0$.

- for** $i = 1, \dots, m$,

- Calculate $E_i = f(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}$ using (2).

- if** ($(y^{(i)} E_i < -tol \quad \&\& \quad \alpha_i < C) \parallel (y^{(i)} E_i > tol \quad \&\& \quad \alpha_i > 0)$)

- Select $j \neq i$ randomly.

- Calculate $E_j = f(x^{(j)}) - y^{(j)}$ using (2).

- Save old α 's: $\alpha_i^{(old)} = \alpha_i, \alpha_j^{(old)} = \alpha_j$.

- Compute L and H by (10) or (11).

- if** ($L == H$)

- continue** to next i .

- Compute and clip new value for α_j

- if** ($|\alpha_j - \alpha_j^{(old)}| < 10^{-5}$)

- continue** to next i .

- Determine value for α_i

- Compute b

- $num_changed_alphas := num_changed_alphas + 1$.

- end if**

- end for**

- if** ($num_changed_alphas == 0$)

- $passes := passes + 1$

- else**

- $passes := 0$

- end while**

$$f(x) = \langle \omega, x \rangle + b$$

$$\omega = \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i y^{(i)} x^{(i)}$$