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# Objektorientierte Programmierung, SoSe 17

## Übung 01

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Tutorium 10

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### 1 Aufgabe: Wochentage

(10 Punkte)

*Berechnet den Wochentag anhand des Datums*

Listing 1: Beispiel: Code zu Aufgabe 1

```
1 def weekdays(day, month, year):
2     r"""
3
4     Parameters
5     -----
6     day: integer value,
7         day of the month, has to be between 1 and 31
8     month: integer value,
9         month as in the gregorian calendar, has to be between 1 and 12
10    year: integer value,
11        year
12
13    Returns
14    -----
15    weekday: string
16
17    """
18
19    # check input data
20    if not (day > 0 and day <= 31):
21        raise ValueError('please, choose a day between 1 and 31.')
22    if not (month > 0 and month < 12):
23        raise ValueError('please, choose a month between 1 and 12.')
24    if (month == 2 and day > 29):
25        raise ValueError('The Month February as maximal 29 days')
26    if (month in [4, 6, 9, 11] and day > 30):
27        raise ValueError('April, June, September and November have just 30 days')
28
29    # initialize weekday list
30    weekday = ['Sunday', 'Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday']
31
32    # Calculate Weekdays by Georg Glaeser
33    # https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wochentagsberechnung
34    transformed_month = ((month - 3) % 12) + 1
```

```

35 century = int(year/100)
36 decade = year - century*100

38 #adapted decade and century

40 if (month == 1) | (month == 2):
41     decade = (decade - 1) % 100
42     if decade == 99:
43         century -= 1

45 w = int((day + (2.6 * transformed_month - 0.2) + decade + (decade/4) + (century/4) - 2
46         * century) % 7)

47 return weekday[w]

```

## 2 Aufgabe: Summen berechnen

(12 Punkte)

Listing 2: Beispiel: Code zu Aufgabe 2

```

1 # Definition of functions
2 # The end of the sum is given is passed as an argument

4 def sum_1(max):
5     sum = 0

7     for i in range(1, max+1):
8         sum += i

10    return sum

12 def sum_2(max):
13     sum = 0

15     for i in range(1, max+1):
16         sum += 1/i

18    return sum

20 def sum_3(max):
21     sum = 0

23     for i in range(1, max+1):
24         sum += 1/i**2

26    return sum

28 def sum_4(max):
29     sum = 0

31     for i in range(1, max+1):
32         sum += 1 / fac(i)

34    return sum

36 def fac(i):
37     if i < 2:
38         return 1

40    faculty = 1

42    for k in range(2, i+1):
43        faculty *= k

44    return faculty

```

```

47 # User interaction
48 sum_no = int(input("Which sum would you like to calculate? "
49                   "Choose a Number between 1 and 8:\n"))

51 # Process input
52 if sum_no == 1:
53     print(sum_1(100))
54 elif sum_no == 2:
55     print(sum_1(100000))
56 elif sum_no == 3:
57     print(sum_2(100))
58 elif sum_no == 4:
59     print(sum_2(100000))
60 elif sum_no == 5:
61     print(sum_3(100))
62 elif sum_no == 6:
63     print(sum_3(100000))
64 elif sum_no == 7:
65     print(sum_4(20))
66 elif sum_no == 8:
67     print(sum_4(1000))
68 else:
69     print("Wrong input.")

```

### 3 Aufgabe: Multiplikation

(8 Punkte)

Listing 3: Beispiel: Code zu Aufgabe 3

```

1 def calculate_product():
2     print('perform a multiplication with a value greater than 0 or terminate the program
3     with 0')
4     x = int(input('Enter a number :'))
5     #check initial value
6     if x == 0:
7         raise ValueError('number has to be different from zero')
8     #set y=1 to enter while loop
9     y = 1
10    while y!= 0:
11        y = int(input('Enter a number greater or equal zero:'))
12        if y<0:
13            print('number has to be greater or equal zero')
14            y = int(input('Enter a number greater or equal zero'))
15        elif y != 0:
16            x*= y
17            print(x)
18        else:
19            break

20    print('result of the product of all inserted number is: ',x)
21    return x

```