```
import React, { Component } from "react";
import { ThemeContext } from "../contexts/ThemeContext";
class ThemeToggle extends Component
                                                                              How do we go about changing shared state?
                                                                              Idea: press a button to change the theme.
  static contextType = ThemeContext;
  render() {
   const { toggleTheme } = this.context;
                                                                              Create (inside components folder) ThemeToggle.js (1)
    return(
                                                                              // purpose: output a button that user may use to change
      <button onClick={toggleTheme}>Toogle the theme</button>
                                                                              theme
                                                                              Inside ThemeContext.js, define an array function called
                                                                              toggleTheme (2)
export default ThemeToggle;
                                                                               - that fct must live inside the provider class
                                                                               - inside fct, call this.setState to change isLightTheme to
import React, { createContext, Component } from 'react';
                                                                              its opposite value
                                                                                                                                                  UPDATING CONTEXT
                                                                               - I want to pass this fct down as a property inside the obj
export const ThemeContext = createContext();
                                                                                                                                                             DATA
                                                                              associated with the value property
class ThemeContextProvider extends Component {
                                                                              => now we should have access to this fct inside any comp
  state = {
                                                                              that consumes this context
    isLightTheme: true,
    light: { syntax: '#555', ui: '#ddd', bg: '#eee' },
    dark: { syntax: '#ddd', ui: '#333', bg: '#555' }
                                                                              Note: you may also use anyOtherName: this.toggleTheme
                                                                             but in this case, call anyOtherName from consumers
  toggleTheme = () => {
   this.setState({ isLightTheme: !this.state.isLightTheme});
                                                                              Summary:
  render() {
                                                                              Interact with the data by defining a fct inside context
                                                                              provider class, that can edit the state; then pass that fct
      <ThemeContext.Provider value = {{...this.state, toggleTheme: this.toggleThem</p>
                                                                              into the value prop of the provider, therefore when we
        {this.props.children}
      </ThemeContext.Provider>
                                                                              consume the context, we can have access to that fct.
export default ThemeContextProvider;
                                                                                      Two ways:
     import React, {Component} from 'react';
                                                                                       using contextType (A)
     mport { ThemeContext } from '../contexts/ThemeContext';
                                                                                       - using context consumer (B)
    class BookList extends Component
                                                                                      We'll exemplify (A) for BookList (1)
      static contextType = ThemeContext;
                                                                                      // to be applied similarly for the other component, Navbar,
                                                                                      see (2)
        const { isLightTheme, light, dark } = this.context;
        const theme = isLightTheme? light : dark;
                                                                                      Notes about approach (A):
                                                                                       - preferred approach (for some) when using CC
          <div className='book-list' style = {{color: theme.syntax, background: theme.bg}}>
                                                                                       - declare static contextType (mandatory name) inside comp
               the way of kings
                                                                                      and assign it specific context, in our case ThemeContext
               the name of the wind 
                                                                                       - this.context should be equal to whatever you passed into
               the way of kings
                                                                                      the value inside ThemeContextProvider
            </div>
                                                                                       - destructure this.context into separate variables
                                                                                       - define a new constant, theme // based on those variables
                                                                                      (may use ternary operator)
                                                                                       - use theme variable at will
     export default BookList:
                                                                                      Note: Every time state changes in the context, anything
    (2) see in Notes // N1
                                                                                                                                                              ACCESSING
                                                                                      consuming the ThemeContext will be updated as well.
                                                                                                                                                               CONTEXT
     import React, {Component} from 'react';
                                                                                      Summary: introduce static prop contextType, set it equal
     mport { ThemeContext } from '../contexts/ThemeContext';
                                                                                      to whatever context you want to use, then get access to
    class BookList extends Component
                                                                                      that context object on this.
      render() {
                                                                                      We'll exemplify (B) for BookList (3)
                                                                                      // to be applied similarly for the other component, Navbar,
          <ThemeContext.Consumer>{(context) => {
            const { isLightTheme, light, dark } = context;
                                                                                      see (4)
            const theme = isLightTheme ? light : dark;
             return(
               <div className='book-list' style = {{color: theme.syntax, background: theme.b</pre>
                                                                                      Notes about approach (B):
                                                                                       - works with both CC and FC
                   the way of kings
                                                                                       - much like we have a <ThemeContext.Provider> tag when
                   the name of the wind 
                                                                                      creating a context, we also have a consumer i.e.
                   the way of kings
                 <ThemeContext.Consumer> (to consume the context).
               </div>
                                                                                       - inside the consumer tag, it is expected to pass in a function,
                                                                                      which takes in a context param and returns JSX
          }} </ThemeContext.Consumer>
                                                                                      Summary: use the consumer tag of the ThemeContext
                                                                                      previously created. Inside consumer, we use a fct that takes
                                                                                      in that context object as a param. Therefore, inside this fct,
     export default BookList:
                                                                                      we have access to that context object.
    (4) see in Notes // N2
                                                                      Under folder contexts > new file ThemeContext.js with content (1)
                                                                      // our theme context will reside there
                                                                      // To be used later inside App.is, like so (2)
             export const ThemeContext = createContext();
                                                                      Note:
                                                                      When we create a context, we also need to create a provider,
             class ThemeContextProvider extends Component {
                                                                      which is a tag that surrounds whichever components need to use
               state = {
                 isLightTheme: true,
                                                                      that context
                 light: { syntax: '#555', ui: '#ddd', bg: '#eee' },
                 dark: { syntax: '#ddd', ui: '#333', bg: '#555' }
                                                                      Comments about ThemeContext.js
                                                                       import React as usual
               render() {
                                                                       import also the createContext function
                   <ThemeContext.Provider value = {{...this.state}}>
                                                                       // to create a context, stored in a constant (has no data yet)
                     {this.props.children}
                   </ThemeContext.Provider>
                                                                       create a CLASS component that will contain some state
                                                                       / suggestion for class name (opt): context + suffix "Provider"
                                                                       class will contain the state
             export default ThemeContextProvider:
                                                                       // a few different properties inside state obj i.e. light, dark, etc
                                                                       from this class, return a JSX containing that provider tag i.e.
                                                                      <ThemeContext.Provider>
             import logo from './logo.svg';
                                                                                                                                                   ADDING A CONTEXT
                                                                       / tag is the name of the context + dot + "Provider" suffix
             import './App.css';
             import Navbar from './components/Navbar';
                                                                       on the provider tag, specify a value property, to which you can
                                                                                                                                                        & PROVIDER
             import BookList from './components/BookList';
                                                                      assign the state object
              mport ThemeContextProvider from './contexts/ThemeContexts/
                                                                       // we used the spread operator, like so: { ...this.state }
             function App() {
              return (
                                                                      Go to App.js > surround Navbar & BookList by
               <div className="App">
                                                                      ThemeContext.Provider.
               <ThemeContextProvider>
                 <Navbar />
                 <BookList />
                                                                      Back in ThemeContext.js, make sure to output children by doing
                </ThemeContextProvider>
```

{this.props.children} In App.js, having Navbar nested inside ThemeContextProvider means Navbar is attached to the props of ThemeContextProvider const myObj = { isLight: true, light: 'blue', dark: 'black'} Search for "React Developer Tools"; add extension Have a look at the spread operator syntax with an example (3) https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript /Reference/Operators/Spread_syntax You can try out example from point (3) right here (4) → App ▼ ThemeContextProvider

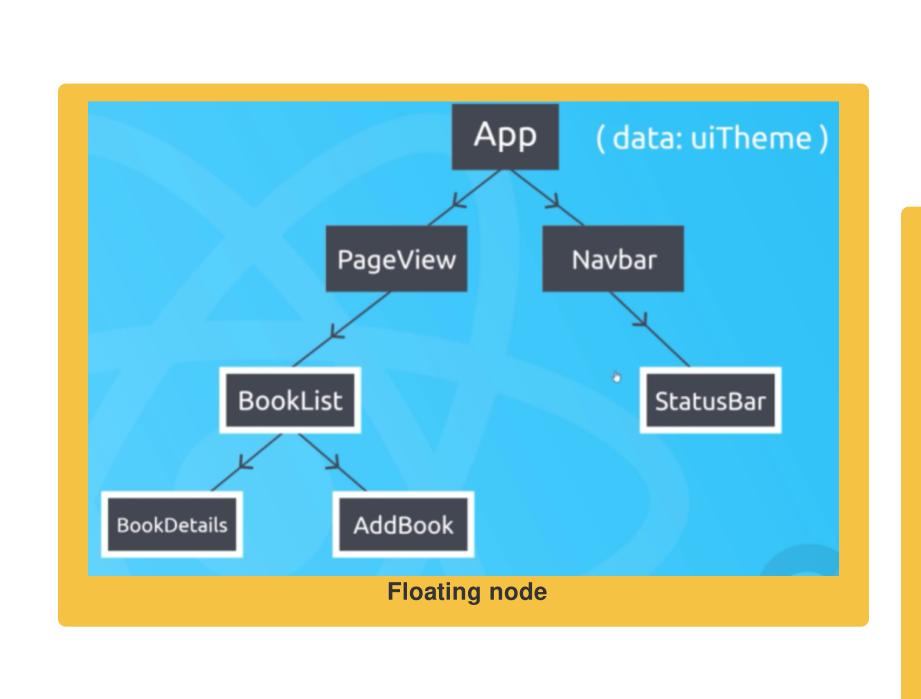
</div>

export default App;

var x = {...myObj}

console.log(x.light)

Navbar BookList Context.Provider children: [<Navbar />, <BookList />] ▼ value: {dark: {...}, isLightTheme: true, light: {...}} ~ dark: {bg: "#555", syntax: "#ddd", ui: "#333"} bg: "#555" syntax: "#ddd" ui: "#333" new entry: "" isLightTheme: true > light: {bg: "#eee", syntax: "#555", ui: "#ddd"} new entry: "" new entry: "" rendered by ThemeContextProvider createLegacyRoot() react-dom@17.0.2 ThemeContext.js:13 Pic3



Theme

Context

About Contact Context API: Clean and easy way to share state between components (without having to pass props down all of the time) export default Navbar; import React, {Component} from 'react'; Tap into the inner workings of React in FC (that we can only normally do inside CC)* class BookList extends Component render() { INTRO Context API + Hooks => MAGIC! return (=> Redux-like, state management logic, without having <div className='book-list'> to install a third party library. the way of kings the name of the wind **PRACTICE** the way of kings Scaffold new React app (1) and add a few classes: Navbar.js (2) // contains h1 and menu links in ul, li tags </div> BookList.js (3) // contains book list in ul, li tags importing them into App.js (4) export default BookList: import logo from './logo.svg'; import './App.css'; mport Navbar from './components/Navbar'; nport BookList from './components/BookList'; function App() { **CONTEXT API** <div className="App"> <Navbar /> YT Course by The Net Ninja / June 2019 <BookList /> Mind map by Ana-Maria Dobre export default App; - Helps with SHARING STATE within a component tree - Gives us a CENTRAL PLACE to store data / state & share it between components without having to pass it down as props - Concept of storing data centrally, just like Redux => ALTERNATIVE TO REDUX - Global type of data typically shared with Context Api: authenticated user, theme, preferred language Compare to props: it can get messy doing it via props, as your component tree grows bigger OVERVIEW > - Case study (Pic1) & comparison to props: We want the bottom 4 components to share data from App. If we pass the data down as props, we'd cover even components which don't use the props / state directly (these are acting like carriers). - create a new context (ThemeContext) in a new file - provide it to our component tree (do this via Context Provider // Context Provider is a React type; wraps whichever components needs access to it - the wrapped components have access to the shared data (and no "carriers" needed)

C:\Workspace\nn\contextapp>npx create-react-app contextapp

import React, { Component, createContext} from 'react';

class Navbar extends Component

<h1>Context App</h1>

Home

render() {

return (

<l

Added as page footer because code is similar to excerpt already included for similar component import React, { Component } from 'react'; import { ThemeContext } from '../contexts/ThemeContext'; class Navbar extends Component { static contextType = ThemeContext; render() { console.log(this.context); const { isLightTheme, light, dark } = this.context; const theme = isLightTheme ? light : dark; <nav style = {{ background: theme.ui, color: theme.syntax }}> <h1>Context App</h1> Home About Contact </nav> <u>Notes</u> export default Navbar; FC: functional components CC: class components *: refers to things like: import React, { Component } from 'react'; useState, or kind of tapping into a lifecycle method import { ThemeContext } from '../contexts/ThemeContext'; opt: optional fct: function class Navbar extends Component Ideas to research later: render() - component composition <ThemeContext.Consumer>{(context) => { console.log(context); const { isLightTheme, light, dark } = context; const theme = isLightTheme ? light : dark; <nav style = {{ background: theme.ui, color: theme.syntax }}> App <h1>Context App</h1> Home About **Context Provider** Contact </nav> Navbar PageView </ThemeContext.Consumer> BookList StatusBar export default Navbar; AddBook