



Algorithms: Design  
and Analysis, Part II

# Greedy Algorithms

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A Scheduling Application:  
The Algorithm

# Intuition for Algorithm

Recall: want to min  $\sum_{j=1}^n w_j C_j$

Goal: devise correct greedy algorithm

Question: ① with equal lengths, schedule larger- or smaller-weight jobs earlier?

② with equal weights, schedule shorter or longer jobs earlier?

Ⓐ larger / shorter

Ⓑ smaller / shorter

Ⓒ larger / longer

Ⓓ smaller / longer

# Resolving Conflicting Advice

Question: what if  $w_i > w_j$  but  $l_i > l_j$ ?

Idea: assign "scores" to jobs that are:

- increasing in weight
- decreasing in length

Guess ①: order jobs by decreasing value of  $w_j - l_j$

Guess ②: order  $w_j / l_j$

# Breaking A Greedy Algorithm

To distinguish (1) & (2): find example where the two algorithms produce different outputs (at least one will be incorrect).

Example:  $l_1 = 5$   $l_2 = 2$  larger ratio larger difference  
 $w_1 = 3$   $w_2 = 1$

Algt#1:  $1 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 7 = 23$

Algt#2:  $3 \cdot 5 + 1 \cdot 7 = 22$

Question: what is the sum of weighted completion times of algorithms (1) & (2), respectively?

- (A) 22 and 23 (B) 23 and 22  
(C) 17 and 17 (D) 17 and 11

# The Story So Far

So: Alg#1 not (always) correct.

Claim: Alg#2 (order by decreasing ratio  $w_j/l_j$ 's)  
is always correct.

[not obvious! — proof coming up next]

Running time:  $O(n \log n)$  [just need to sort].