

INDEXACIÓN Y SLICING EN PANDAS

Selección de datos de Pandas

Hay varias formas de seleccionar e indexar filas y columnas en Pandas :

- **Seleccionar datos por posición (.iloc)**
- **Seleccionar datos por etiqueta o por una declaración condicional (.loc)**

Para verificar la estructura que devuelve la selección (Series o Dataframe) asignar a una variable la selección y posteriormente aplicar `type()`.

SLICING EN PANDAS

CON ILOC

Indexación en Pandas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
>>> print(datos)
   order  rank discipline  yrs.since.phd  yrs.service  sex  salary
0      1   Prof         B             19           18  Male  139750
1      2   Prof         B             20           16  Male  173200
2      3  AsstProf         B              4            3  Male   79750
3      4   Prof         B             45           39  Male  115000
4      5   Prof         B             40           41  Male  141500
..     ...   ...         ...           ...         ...   ...   ...
392   393   Prof         A             33           30  Male  103106
393   394   Prof         A             31           19  Male  150564
394   395   Prof         A             42           25  Male  101738
395   396   Prof         A             25           15  Male   95329
396   397  AsstProf         A              8            4  Male   81035

[397 rows x 7 columns]
```

Índice de columnas								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Índice de filas	0	order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
	1	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
	2	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
	3	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
	4	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
	5	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
	6	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
	7	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
	8	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
	9	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
	10	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
	11	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
	12	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
	13	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
	14	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
15	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800	

El dataset que se utiliza en los ejemplos tiene 397 filas

Seleccionar una fila

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')  
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[4]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar última fila

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[-1]
```

```
# podemos ingresar una lista, con un solo índice entero,  
# cuando usamos iloc. Esto indexará una fila, pero la salida  
# será diferente en comparación con el ejemplo anterior:  
datos.iloc[[-1]]
```

		Índice de columnas						
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
		order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
Índice de filas	0	383	AssocProf	A	8	5	Male	86895
	1	384	Prof	A	44	44	Male	105000
	2	385	Prof	A	27	21	Male	125192
	3	386	Prof	A	15	9	Male	114330
	4	387	Prof	A	29	27	Male	139219
	5	388	Prof	A	29	15	Male	109305
	6	389	Prof	A	38	36	Male	119450
	7	390	Prof	A	33	18	Male	186023
	8	391	Prof	A	40	19	Male	166605
	9	392	Prof	A	30	19	Male	151292
	10	393	Prof	A	33	30	Male	103106
	11	394	Prof	A	31	19	Male	150564
	12	395	Prof	A	42	25	Male	101738
	13	396	Prof	A	25	15	Male	95329
	14	397	AsstProf	A	8	4	Male	81035

Seleccionar una celda específica

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[9,5]
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar múltiples filas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[[7, 2, 0]]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve un Dataframe

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar parte de los datos de una fila

Import pandas as pd

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[3, [1, 2, 3]]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar rango de filas y todas las columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[8:13]
```

Al seleccionar varias columnas o varias filas , las filas / columnas seleccionadas se ejecutarán desde el primer número hasta ***uno menos*** del segundo valor, por ejemplo, [1: 5] será 1, 2, 3, 4.

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[:, 0]
```

Selecciona todas las
filas

Selecciona la
columna 0

`datos.iloc[:, 0]`

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[:, -1]
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar parte de filas y una columna

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[1:5, 3]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve una Serie

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
0	1 Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2 Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3 AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4 Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5 Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6 AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7 Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8 Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9 Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10 Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11 AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12 AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13 AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14 AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15 Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar todas las filas y un rango de columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[ : , 1: 6]
```

En esta selección pandas devuelve un Dataframe

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar subconjuntos de celdas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.iloc[2:5, 3:6]
```

Indexación de filas

Indexación de columnas

`datos.iloc[2:5 , 3:6]`

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
0	1 Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2 Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3 AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4 Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5 Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6 AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7 Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8 Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9 Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10 Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11 AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12 AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13 AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14 AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15 Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

SLICING EN PANDAS

CON LOC

Seleccionar fila

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.loc[3]
```

```
datos.loc[[3]]
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar subconjunto

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.loc[1:5]
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar filas alternadas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
print(datos)
```

```
datos.loc[[1, 3, 7, 10, 13]]
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[:, 'rank']
```

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[1:5, ['rank', 'yrs.service']]
```

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar con nombres de columnas

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[1:5, 'rank':'yrs.service']
```

Índice de columnas							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
0	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar con el nombre de una columna un dato determinado

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[datos['rank'] == 'Prof']
```

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
0	1 Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750
1	2 Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200
2	3 AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750
3	4 Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000
4	5 Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500
5	6 AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000
6	7 Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000
7	8 Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765
8	9 Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250
9	10 Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000
10	11 AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800
11	12 AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800
12	13 AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700
13	14 AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000
14	15 Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800

Seleccionar filas usando múltiples condiciones

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[(datos['yrs.service'] > 25) & (datos['rank'] == 'AssocProf')]
```

Índice de columnas						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary
187	AssocProf	B	13	10	Female	103750
188	Prof	B	18	10	Male	107500
188	189	AssocProf	28	28	Male	106300
190	Prof	B	25	19	Male	153750
193	Prof	B	19	18	Male	122100
194	AssocProf	B	19	19	Male	86250
194	195	AssocProf	48	53	Male	90000
196	AssocProf	B	9	7	Male	113600
197	AsstProf	B	4	4	Male	92700
259	AsstProf	A	9	3	Male	73800
260	Prof	A	32	30	Male	92550
260	261	AssocProf	41	33	Male	88600
262	Prof	A	45	45	Male	107550
263	Prof	A	31	26	Male	121200
284	Prof	A	45	43	Male	155865
285	AssocProf	A	8	6	Male	88650
285	286	AssocProf	49	49	Male	81800
287	Prof	A	28	27	Male	115800
288	AsstProf	A	2	0	Male	85000
298	Prof	A	17	11	Male	148800
299	Prof	A	49	43	Male	72300
299	300	AssocProf	45	39	Male	70700
301	Prof	A	39	36	Male	88600
302	Prof	A	27	16	Male	127100

Seleccionar filas usando múltiples condiciones

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[(datos['yrs.service'] > 25) & (datos['rank'] == 'AssocProf'), 'yrs.since.phd' : 'sex']
```

Índice de columnas

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	
188	187	AssocProf	B	13	10	Female	103750
	188	Prof	B	18	10	Male	107500
	189	AssocProf	B	28	28	Male	106300
	190	Prof	B	25	19	Male	153750
194	193	Prof	B	19	18	Male	122100
	194	AssocProf	B	19	19	Male	86250
	195	AssocProf	B	48	53	Male	90000
	196	AssocProf	B	9	7	Male	113600
260	197	AsstProf	B	4	4	Male	92700
	259	AsstProf	A	9	3	Male	73800
	260	Prof	A	32	30	Male	92550
	261	AssocProf	A	41	33	Male	88600
285	262	Prof	A	45	45	Male	107550
	263	Prof	A	31	26	Male	121200
	284	Prof	A	45	43	Male	155865
	285	AssocProf	A	8	6	Male	88650
299	286	AssocProf	A	49	49	Male	81800
	287	Prof	A	28	27	Male	115800
	288	AsstProf	A	2	0	Male	85000
	298	Prof	A	17	11	Male	148800
299	299	Prof	A	49	43	Male	72300
	300	AssocProf	A	45	39	Male	70700
	301	Prof	A	39	36	Male	88600
	302	Prof	A	27	16	Male	127100

Índice de filas

Agregando columna y dato según una condición

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
```

```
datos.loc[datos['yrs.service'] > 25, 'Antigüedad'] = 'Jubilable'
```

```
datos.loc[datos['yrs.service'] > 25, 'yrs.since.phd':'Antigüedad']
```

		Índice de columnas							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Índice de filas	0	order	rank	discipline	yrs.since.phd	yrs.service	sex	salary	Antigüedad
	1	1	Prof	B	19	18	Male	139750	NaN
	2	2	Prof	B	20	16	Male	173200	NaN
	3	3	AsstProf	B	4	3	Male	79750	NaN
	4	4	Prof	B	45	39	Male	115000	Jubilable
	5	5	Prof	B	40	41	Male	141500	Jubilable
	6	6	AssocProf	B	6	6	Male	97000	NaN
	7	7	Prof	B	30	23	Male	175000	NaN
	8	8	Prof	B	45	45	Male	147765	Jubilable
	9	9	Prof	B	21	20	Male	119250	NaN
	10	10	Prof	B	18	18	Female	129000	NaN
	11	11	AssocProf	B	12	8	Male	119800	NaN
	12	12	AsstProf	B	7	2	Male	79800	NaN
	13	13	AsstProf	B	1	1	Male	77700	NaN
	14	14	AsstProf	B	2	0	Male	78000	NaN
15	15	Prof	B	20	18	Male	104800	NaN	

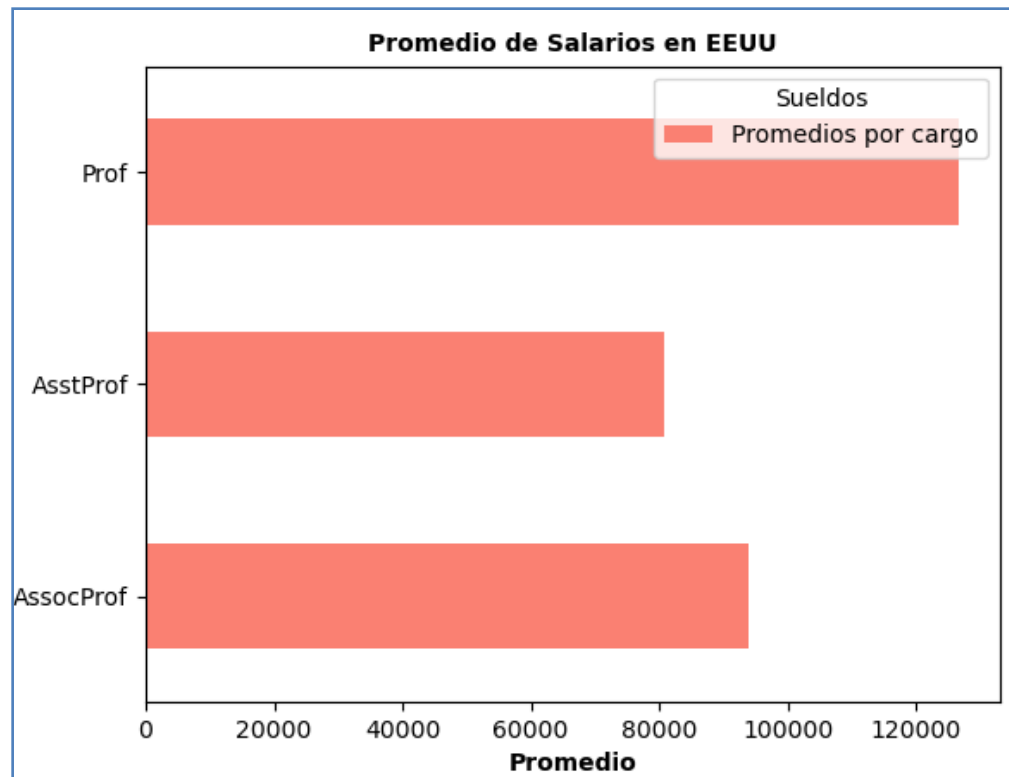
Gráfico agrupando datos

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')

datos.groupby('rank')['salary'].mean().plot(kind='barh',
                                             color='salmon',
                                             label='Promedios por cargo')

plt.xlabel('Promedio de Salarios', weight='bold')
plt.ylabel('Cargos Docentes')
plt.title('Salarios',
          weight='bold',
          size=10)
plt.legend(title='Sueldos')
plt.plot(data=None)
plt.show()
```

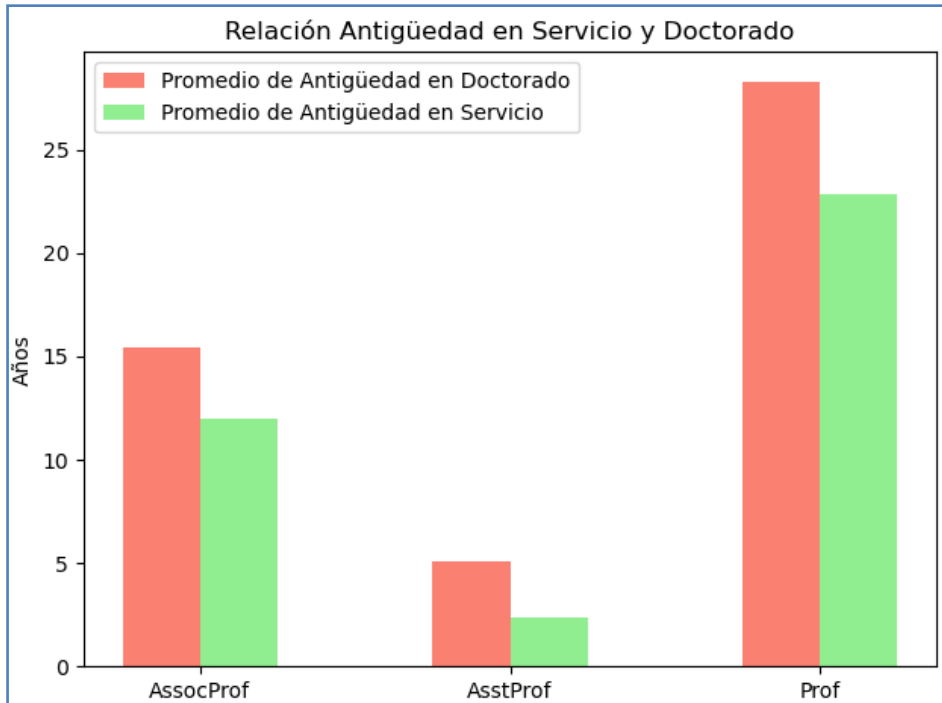


Graficando con valores de columnas aplicando funciones

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
datos = pd.read_csv('Salaries.csv')
cargos = ['AssocProf', 'AsstProf', 'Prof']
phd_means = pd.Series(datos.groupby('rank')['yrs.since.phd'].mean())
serv_means = pd.Series(datos.groupby('rank')['yrs.service'].mean())
```

```
#Obtenemos la posicion de cada etiqueta en el eje de X
x = np.arange(len(cargos))
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
width=0.25
```



```
#Generamos las barras para el conjunto de promedios de salarios
ax.bar(x - width/2, phd_means, width, label='Promedio de Antigüedad en Doctorado',color='salmon')
#Generamos las barras para el conjunto de promedios de antigüedad
ax.bar(x + width/2, serv_means, width, label='Promedio de Antigüedad en Servicio',color='lightgreen')
```

```
#Agregamos las etiquetas de identificación de valores en el gráfico
ax.set_ylabel('Años')
ax.set_title('Relación Antigüedad en Servicio y Doctorado')
ax.set_xticks(x)
ax.set_xticklabels(cargos)
```

```
#Agregamos legen() para mostrar con colores a que pertenece cada valor.
ax.legend()
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

<https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.html>

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html

<https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference/api/pandas.DataFrame.plot.barh.html>