

# **Analysis of Top-5 Volga Federal District Cities in Russian Federation Using Foursquare API**

**Marat S. Mukhametzhanov**



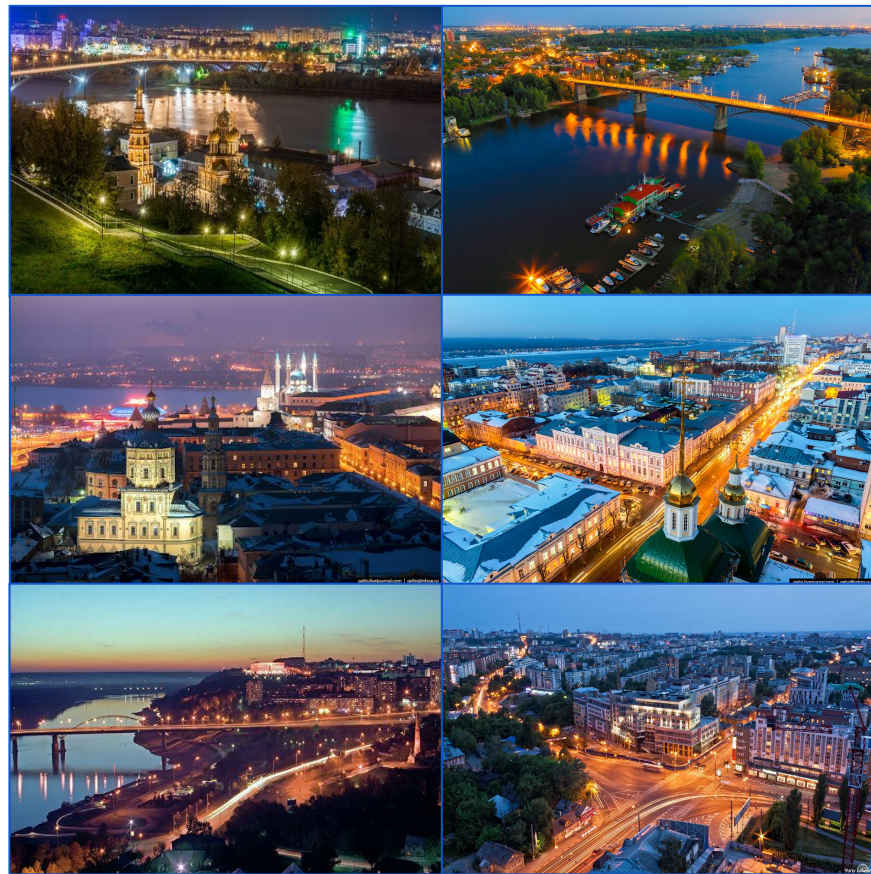
# Background

The Volga Federal District is one of the federal districts in Russian Federation.

It consists of 14 federal subjects with almost 30 million people in total. It is mainly placed along Volga, being the longest river in Europe.

It has 5 cities with a population over 1 million:

1. **Nizhny Novgorod** (rus. *Нижний Новгород*, administrative center, population ~1.252 million people),
2. **Kazan** (rus. *Казань*, population ~1.257 million people),
3. **Ufa** (rus. *Уфа*, population ~1.128 million people ,
4. **Samara** (rus. *Самара*, population ~1.156 million people),
5. **Perm** (rus. *Пермь*, population ~1.055 million people)



# Volga Federal District

## Capital: Nizhny Novgorod





# Business Problem

- A series of restaurants in Nizhny Novgorod has become successful, so its stakeholders are interested to extend their business into other cities.
- Russian Federation is a country with large distances between different cities and each region has its own cultural, economic and even natural or weather specifics.
- The stakeholders first consider opening a restaurant in a city of the same district. It is reasonable to consider only cities similar to Nizhny Novgorod, where their business has already become successful.
- There are 4 cities similar to Nizhny Novgorod in Volga federal district: Kazan, Ufa, Samara, and Perm. These cities are administrative centres of their regions and each of them has more than one million residents.

## The main problem in this research:

1. Find the city of the Volga Federal District closest to Nizhny Novgorod in terms of public venues availability and their categories.
2. In the chosen city, find the best places, where it is reasonable to open a restaurant based on known locations of successful restaurants in the original city (Nizhny Novgorod).

# Interest

- Different businessmen who consider extending their business from one to other cities
  - E.g., there are several series of food restaurants, sushi bars, pizzerias, bars, etc.
- Methodologies presented in this study are easily extendable to other regions and districts not only in Russia, but in other countries as well (e.g., in Europe, USA or Canada).
- Only the Data section of the Jupyter notebook related to this study should be changed in the latter case.

# Used Software

- All methods have been implemented in Python 3.7 using Jupyter [notebooks](#) in [IBM Watson Studio](#).
- Standard libraries have been mainly used during the work:
  - *pandas* and *numpy* for all handlings with the data frames and data series;
  - *seaborn*, *matplotlib*, and *folium* for visualizations;
  - *geopy* and *geocoder* for obtaining the coordinates of the neighborhoods;
  - *json* for handling json-files;
  - *scikit-learn* for clustering;
  - *requests* for working with the Foursquare API.



# Data wrangling

Two main datasets have been used:

1. Neighborhoods associated with postal codes and their coordinates:

a. List of all postal codes in the studied cities from [geonames](#).

	country code	postal code	place name	admin name1	admin code1	admin name2	admin code2	admin name3	admin code3	latitude	longitude	accuracy
0	RU	385000	Майкоп	Адыгея Республика	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	44.8802	40.2166	1.0
1	RU	385001	Майкоп 1	Адыгея Республика	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	44.8802	40.2166	1.0
2	RU	385002	Майкоп 2	Адыгея Республика	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	44.8802	40.2166	1.0
3	RU	385003	Майкоп 3	Адыгея Республика	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	44.8802	40.2166	1.0
4	RU	385006	Майкоп 6	Адыгея Республика	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	44.8802	40.2166	1.0

b. Coordinates of each neighborhood obtained using Nominatim in geopy.geocoders library.

For example:

```
geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent="PFO_explorer")
pcode = '603076'
address = pcode+', '+Nizhny Novgorod'+', Russia'
location = geolocator.geocode(address)
```

	Postal Code	Latitude	Longitude
0	603000	56.317042	43.994228
1	603001	56.328599	43.991916
2	603002	56.317991	43.946463
3	603003	56.353209	43.859960
4	603004	56.244075	43.871575

2. Venues available from each neighborhood obtained using Foursquare API (within the radius of 1000 m.)

	Neighborhood	Neighborhood Latitude	Neighborhood Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Micro Category	Venue Category
0	603000	56.317042	43.994228	Burrito Family	56.316153	43.992785	Burrito Place	Food
1	603000	56.317042	43.994228	Franky Bar	56.316330	43.994536	Cocktail Bar	Nightlife Spot
2	603000	56.317042	43.994228	Surf Coffee	56.317038	43.994256	Coffee Shop	Food
3	603000	56.317042	43.994228	Большая Покровская улица	56.320291	43.998442	Road	Travel & Transport
4	603000	56.317042	43.994228	Бикрам-Йога   Нижний Новгород	56.319637	43.994256	Yoga Studio	Outdoors & Recreation

# Data Cleaning

Number of all venues for each category in each city

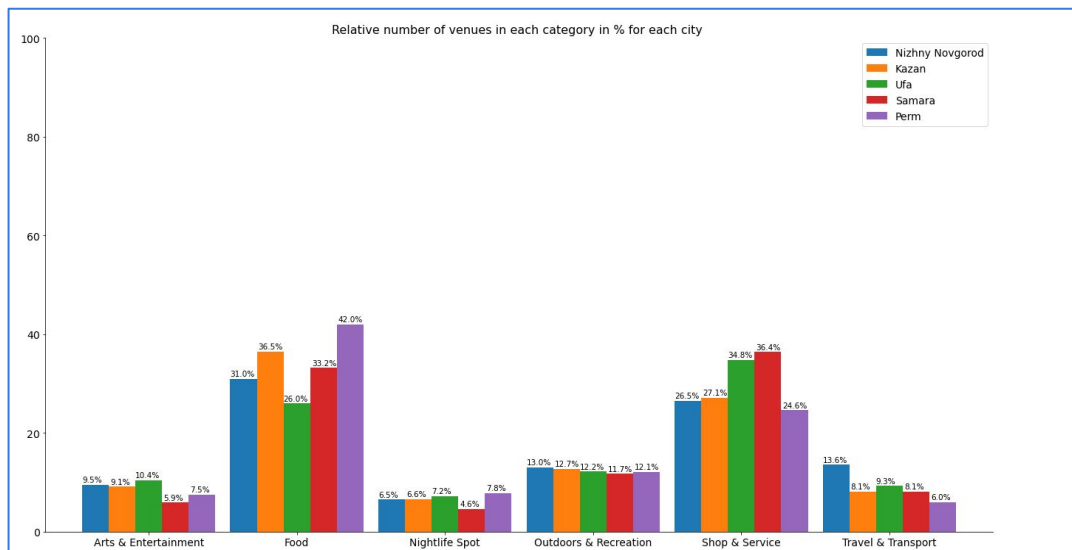
Before cleaning:

	Nizhny Novgorod	Kazan	Ufa	Samara	Perm
Category					
Arts & Entertainment	209	203	261	157	125
College & University	5	3	4	3	1
Event	0	0	0	0	0
Food	685	813	654	882	697
Nightlife Spot	143	148	182	123	129
Outdoors & Recreation	288	282	308	311	201
Professional & Other Places	9	30	20	12	11
Residence	1	0	3	0	3
Shop & Service	586	603	877	966	409
Travel & Transport	300	180	235	214	100
Total	2226	2262	2544	2668	1676

After cleaning:

Category/City	Nizhny Novgorod	Kazan	Ufa	Samara	Perm
Arts & Entertainment	209	203	261	157	125
Food	685	813	654	882	697
Nightlife Spot	143	148	182	123	129
Outdoors & Recreation	288	282	308	311	201
Shop & Service	586	603	877	966	409
Travel & Transport	300	180	235	214	100
Total	2211	2229	2517	2653	1661

Bar plots of relative number of venues in each category (in %)



# Feature Selection

- Relative number of venues for each neighborhood (the first 5 rows for Nizhny Novgorod)

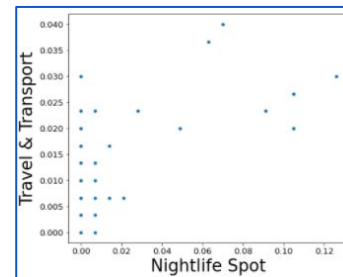
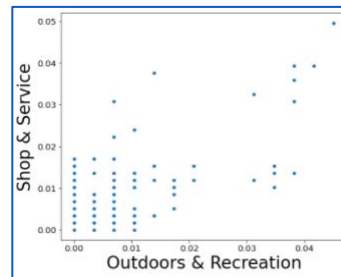
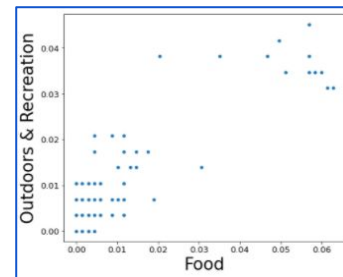
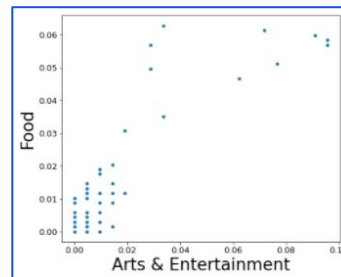
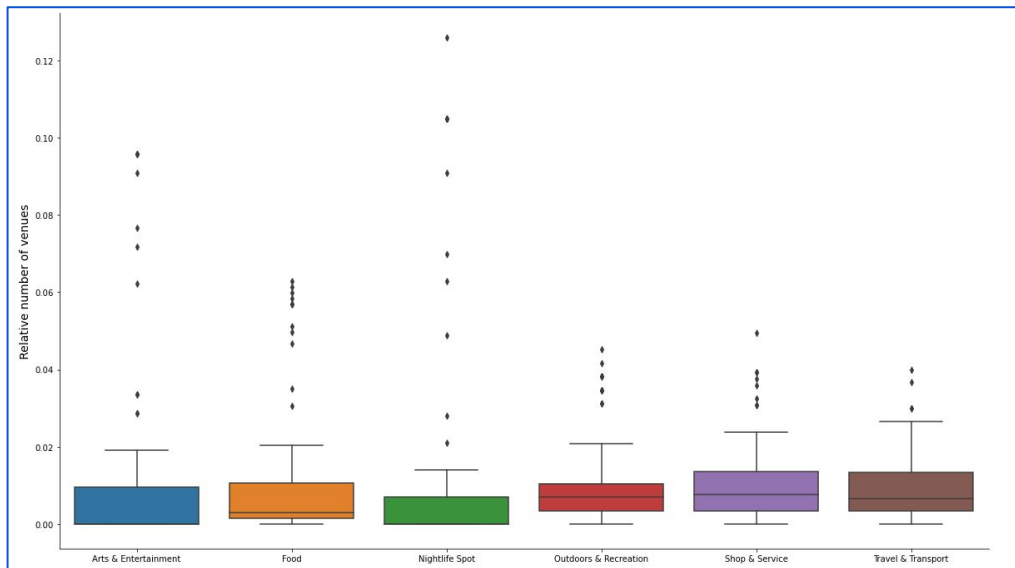
	Neighborhood	Arts & Entertainment	Food	Nightlife Spot	Outdoors & Recreation	Shop & Service	Travel & Transport
0	603000	0.010160	0.026172	0.017893	0.016981	0.024422	0.024775
1	603001	0.023222	0.021302	0.029821	0.018868	0.007712	0.018018
2	603002	0.005806	0.004869	0.000000	0.005660	0.017995	0.013514
3	603003	0.004354	0.006086	0.001988	0.009434	0.007712	0.002252
4	603004	0.002903	0.004869	0.000000	0.009434	0.006427	0.006757

- Dimension of the search space: 6 (there are 6 venues categories in the dataset)
- Each point (or a row in the dataset) is represented by the postal code and 6 numeric values of the range (0,1) being the relative numbers of venues in each category around the neighborhood defined through the postal code.



# Exploratory Data Analysis

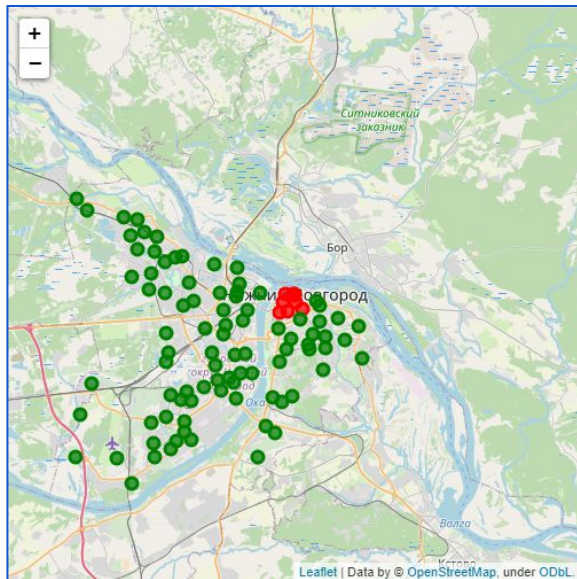
Box plots/scatter plots of relative number of venues in each category in Nizhny Novgorod:



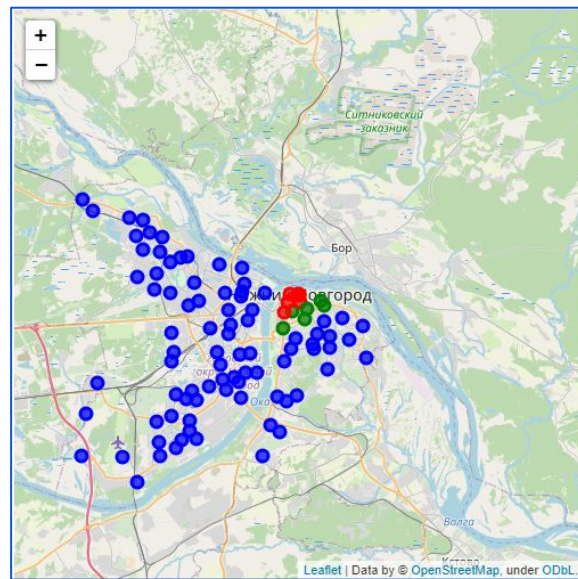
- Box plots show a bias in several categories, scatter charts show a heterogeneous structure of the city.
- Clustering is necessary.
- Distributions of the categories within each cluster should be studied separately.

# Optimal k for k-means clustering, Nizhny Novgorod

Results using 2 clusters:



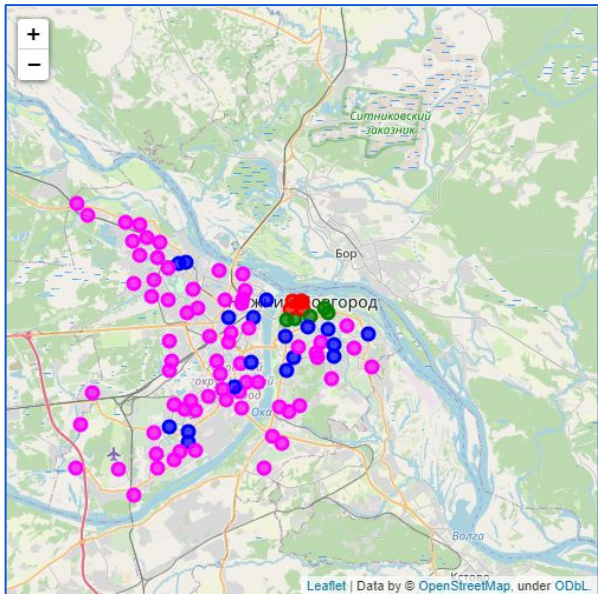
Results using 3 clusters:



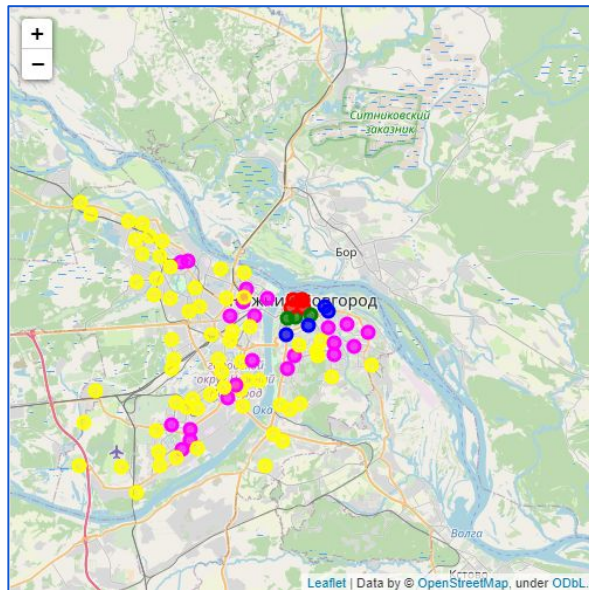
- Clusters are ordered by the average number of mean venues in each category within each cluster (in descending order)
- Each cluster is indicated by the respective color:  
cluster 0 - by red, cluster 1 - by green, cluster 2 - by blue, cluster 3 - by magenta, cluster 4 - by yellow.

# Optimal k for k-means clustering, Nizhny Novgorod

Results using 4 clusters:



Results using 5 clusters:

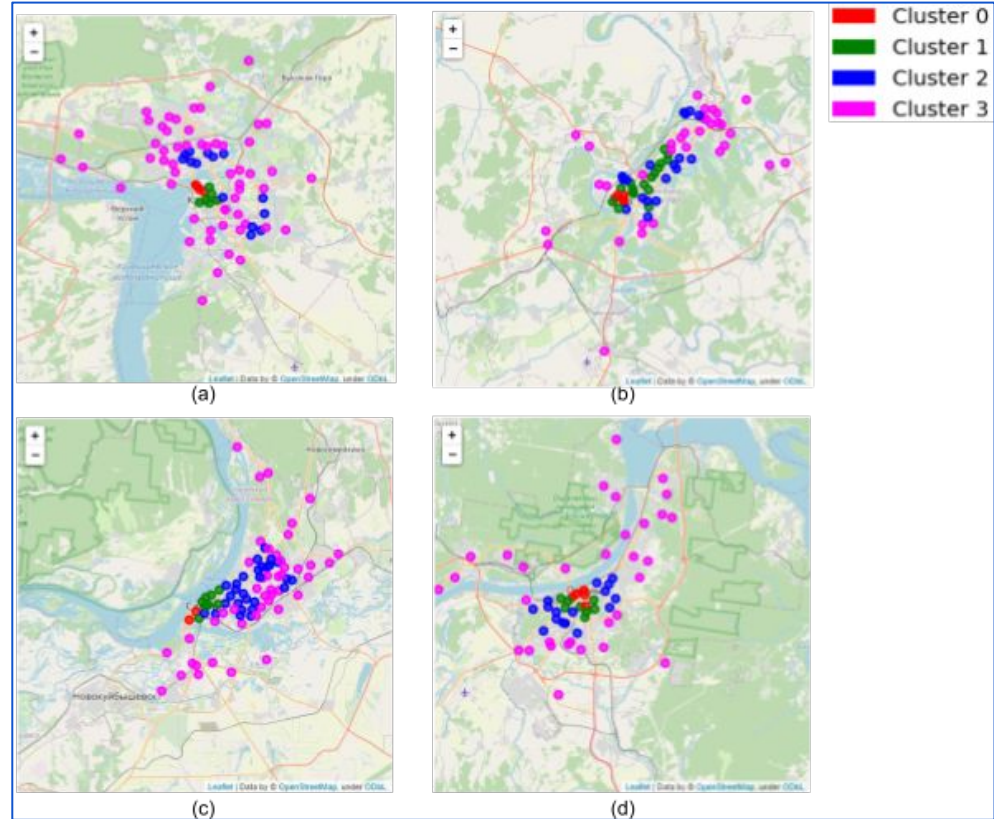


Best value: k=4

- Clusters are ordered by the average number of mean venues in each category within each cluster (in descending order)
- Each cluster is indicated by the respective color:  
cluster 0 - by red, cluster 1 - by green, cluster 2 - by blue, cluster 3 - by magenta, cluster 4 - by yellow.

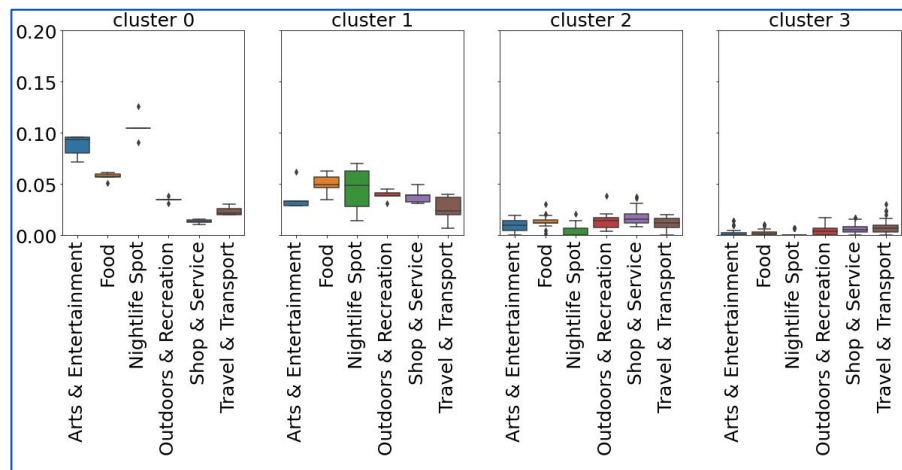
# Results

- Clusters are ordered by the average number of mean venues in each category within each cluster (in descending order):
  - **Cluster 0:** historical city center.  
The highest mean number of venues.  
Top venues:  
Arts&Entertainment, Food, and Nightlife.
  - **Cluster 1:** modern city center.  
Top venues:  
Food, Shopping&Service,  
Outdoors&Recreation/Arts&Entertainment.
  - **Cluster 2:** neighborhoods outside the center.  
Top venues:  
Shop&Service, Food,  
Outdoors&Recreation/Travel&Transport.
  - **Cluster 3:** outskirts, the smallest number of venues.  
Top venues:  
Shop&Service, Food, Travel&Transport.

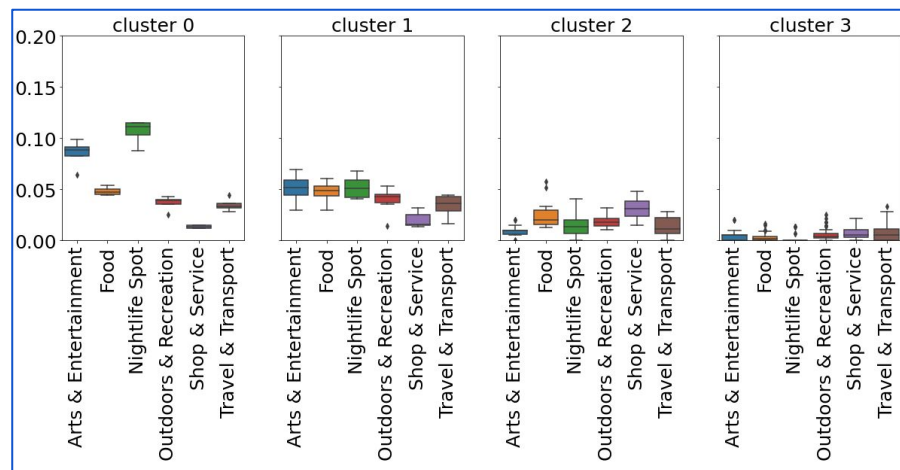


# Boxplots within clusters: N. Novgorod vs. other cities

## Nizhny Novgorod:



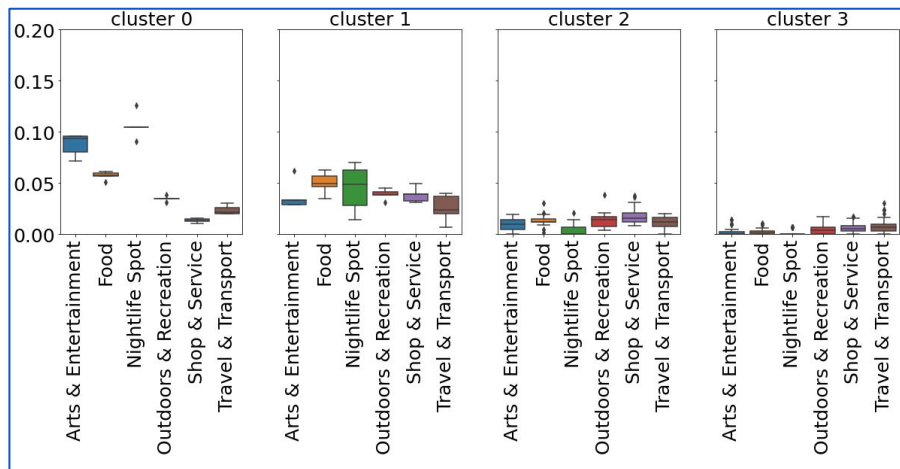
## Kazan:



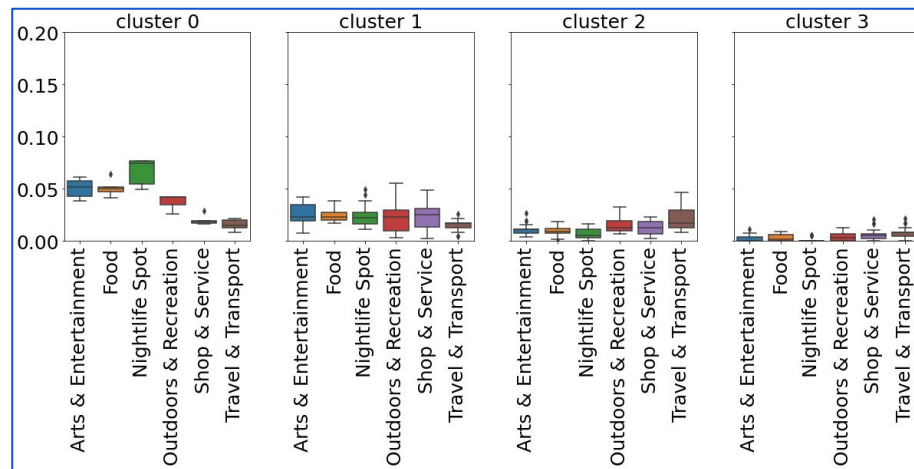


# Boxplots within clusters: N. Novgorod vs. other cities

## Nizhny Novgorod:

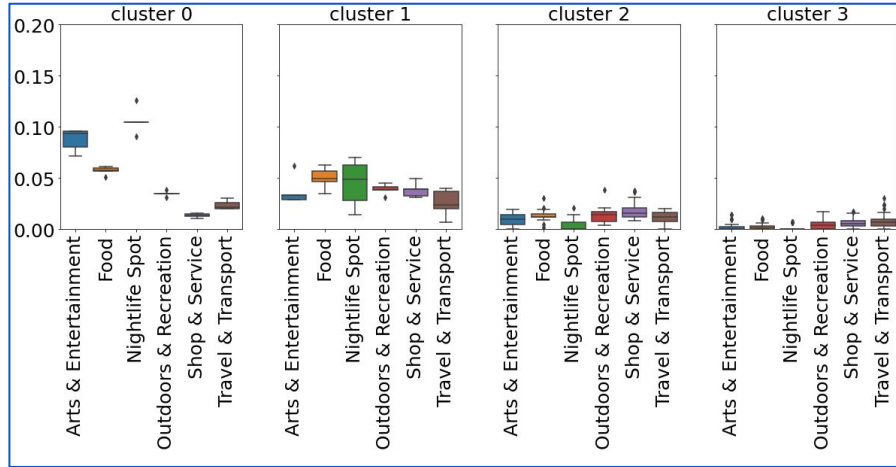


## Ufa:

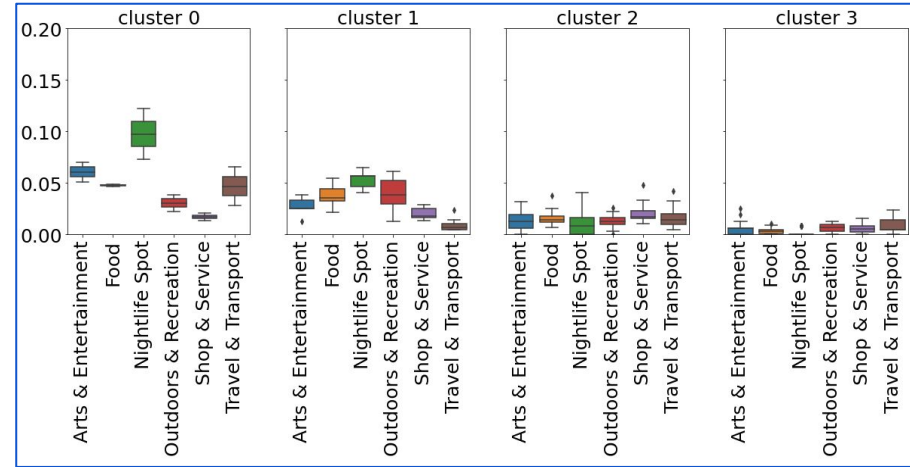


# Boxplots within clusters: N. Novgorod vs. other cities

## Nizhny Novgorod:

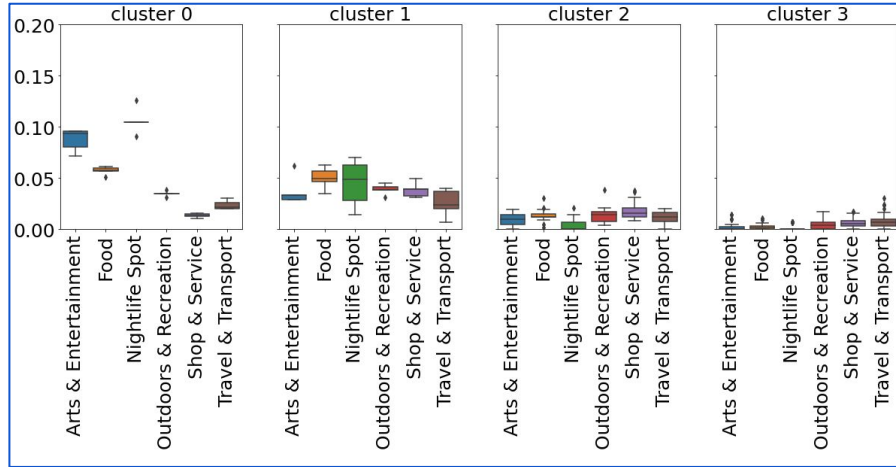


## Samara:

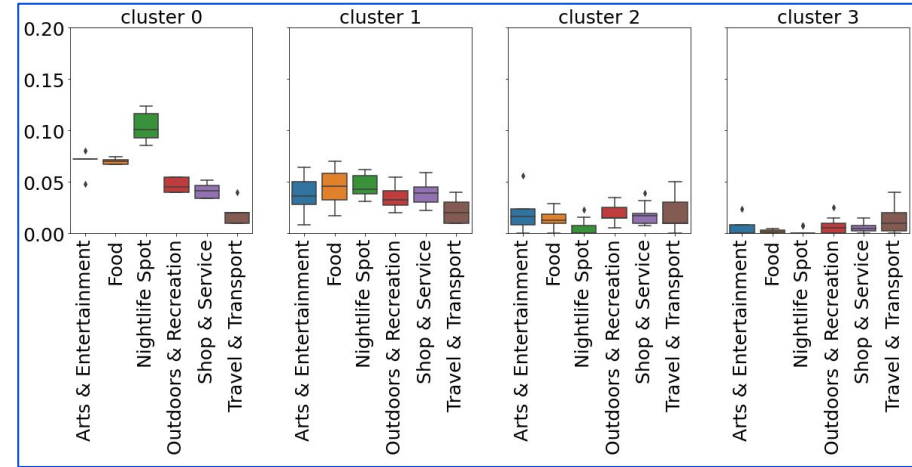


# Boxplots within clusters: N. Novgorod vs. other cities

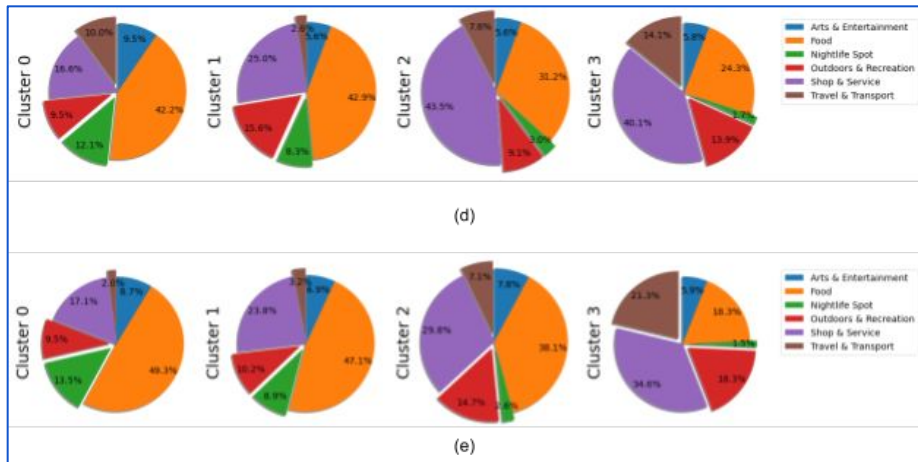
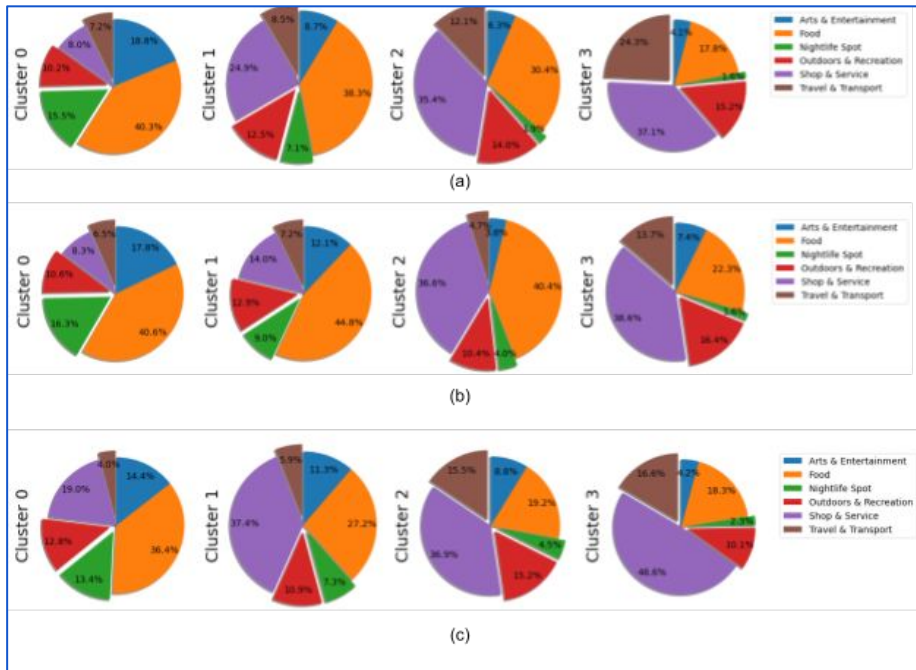
## Nizhny Novgorod:



## Perm:



# Pie charts of the venue categories within each cluster



(a) Nizhny Novgorod, (b) Kazan, (c) Ufa, (d) Samara, and (e) Perm.

# Discussion

- Similarity indices from Wolda, 1981:

	Bray and Curtis	Bray and Curtis (log)	Canberra Metric	Squared Euclidean distance	Morisita index	Simplified Morisita index
City						
Kazan	0.877778	0.954826	0.866495	0.999150	1.009178	0.999207
Ufa	0.715909	0.916262	0.768784	0.895599	0.893019	0.878816
Samara	0.765027	0.900998	0.706925	0.943633	0.952931	0.941298
Perm	0.743902	0.937598	0.824342	0.954763	0.965999	0.950675

- Each of these metrics estimate the similarity (a higher metric means a higher similarity) of two samples:
  - Each sample  $i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ) consists of  $n_{ij}$  individuals of the type  $j$  and  $N_i$  individuals in total.
  - In our case, we have a sample of neighborhoods in each city, where each neighborhood can belong to one of 4 clusters.
  - In this case, for each city  $i$  ( $i=0, 1, 2, 3, 4$ ), the sample consists of  $n_{ij}$  individuals of the cluster  $j$  ( $j = 0, 1, 2, 3$ ).
  - The similarities are estimated between the city 0 (Nizhny Novgorod) and cities  $i$  ( $i=1$  for Kazan,  $i=2$  for Ufa,  $i=3$  for Samara, and  $i=4$  for Perm) one-by-one.
- For each similarity index, the best city is Kazan (indicated by red in the table): it has the highest similarity indices in all the cases.



# Placing a restaurant in Kazan

- First, the number of food venues and non-food venues for each neighborhood in Kazan is determined.
- After that, the neighborhoods are ordered within each cluster by the number of food venues in a descending order.
- For each cluster, take only the neighborhoods, where the number of food venues are less than a predefined threshold.
- Re-order the obtained neighborhoods in an ascending order by the number of non-food venues and take the top-3 neighborhoods for each cluster.
- The obtained neighborhoods are visualized in the map and described by the following table.

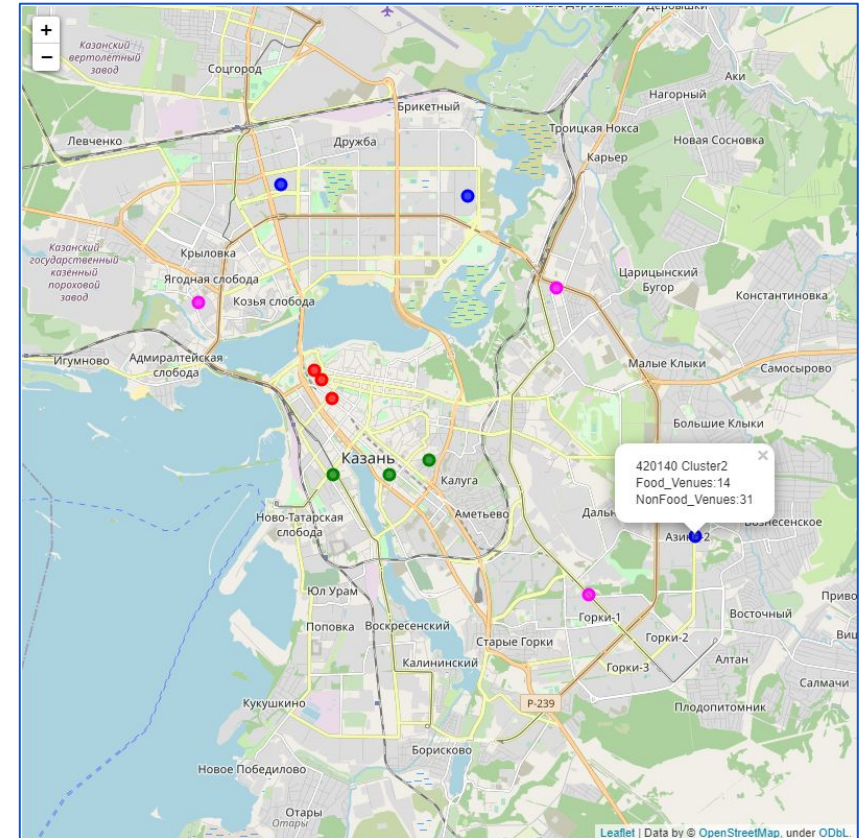
Neighborhood	Sum of Food Venues	Sum of Non-Food Venues	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue
420014	36	64	55.796878	49.108822	0	Food	Arts & Entertainment	Nightlife Spot
420017	37	63	55.798551	49.106324	0	Food	Arts & Entertainment	Nightlife Spot
420111	40	60	55.793351	49.112408	0	Food	Arts & Entertainment	Nightlife Spot
420107	34	54	55.779228	49.131082	1	Food	Shop & Service	Arts & Entertainment
420021	24	43	55.779342	49.112822	1	Food	Outdoors & Recreation	Arts & Entertainment
420043	39	39	55.782064	49.144244	1	Food	Shop & Service	Nightlife Spot
420133	12	31	55.830835	49.157022	2	Shop & Service	Food	Travel & Transport
420140	14	31	55.767897	49.231726	2	Shop & Service	Food	Travel & Transport
420044	12	28	55.832822	49.095629	2	Shop & Service	Food	Outdoors & Recreation
420029	0	18	55.813868	49.186202	3	Shop & Service	Travel & Transport	Arts & Entertainment
420104	1	15	55.757109	49.196832	3	Outdoors & Recreation	Shop & Service	Travel & Transport
420032	2	13	55.811061	49.068375	3	Shop & Service	Outdoors & Recreation	Travel & Transport

# Best places for a restaurant in Kazan

The clustering of Kazan is implemented in the same way as of Nizhny Novgorod: obtained clusters are similar for 2 cities.

Based on the information of the placement of successful restaurants in Nizhny Novgorod, **an optimal place for a restaurant in Kazan can be determined:**

- E.g., if a restaurant in Nizhny Novgorod placed in a neighborhood of the cluster 1 is successful, then it could be useful to consider only neighborhoods of the same cluster in Kazan.
- There can be qualitatively different neighborhoods even within one cluster: e.g., in one neighborhood there can be already more food restaurants, than in another, but in the second one there are more non-food venues.
- In this case, it can be reasonable to choose the second neighborhood, since this allows to reduce the concurrency and to have more clients due to a high traffic.
- Finally, 3 optimal places for each cluster are presented in order to determine the best one during a further analysis, e.g., already in the city.



# Conclusion

- 5 biggest cities of the Volga Federal District have been studied in this research.
- For each city, neighborhoods based on the postal code have been subdivided into 4 clusters:
  - neighborhoods in the old city center,
  - neighborhoods in the modern city center,
  - neighborhoods outside of the center
  - outskirts of the city.
- There have been identified several criteria for the comparison of the cities based on the obtained results. In particular, several numeric metrics used in literature for estimation of the similarity between samples have been used.
- According to these metrics, the most similar city to Nizhny Novgorod is Kazan:
  - This result is reasonable, because both the cities are very similar even structurally. First, each of them has a kremlin as a core of the old historical center of the city. Second, the main pedestrian streets proceed right to the kremlins and a lot of venues are placed around them. Both of the cities are placed at the Volga river, they are administrative centers of two large regions within the Volga Federal District, and Kazan is the closest (in terms of the distance) city to Nizhny Novgorod with respect to other cities studied in this research. For all these reasons, we can substantiate that the most similar city w.r.t. Nizhny Novgorod between the studied cities is really Kazan.
- Top-3 optimal places for a restaurant within each cluster in Kazan have been identified. The best location can be identified based on the information of the location of the most successful restaurants in Nizhny Novgorod.
- A stronger collaboration with the stakeholders will improve the obtained accuracy and restrict the obtained results.
- Foursquare is not well-adapted for use in Russian Federation, especially, in non-touristy cities: e.g., some important venues haven't been identified correctly (e.g., the multiplex cinema "Karo Film Rossiya" around the postal code '87036' wasn't found by Foursquare in Nizhny Novgorod)
- Using of locally adapted APIs is more preferable: e.g., Google or Yandex could provide a more detailed information about the neighborhoods and, as a consequence, a more precise analysis.