

# show\_results

October 7, 2016

## 1 Load model

### 1.1 Model

```
conv1_1 = new_conv_layer( image, [3, 3, 1, 16], "conv1_1" )
    conv1_2 = new_conv_layer( conv1_1, [3, 3, 16, 16], "conv1_2" )
    pool1 = tf.nn.max_pool(conv1_2, ksize=[1, 2, 2, 1], strides=[1, 2, 2, 1], padding='SAME',
name='pool1')
    conv2_1 = new_conv_layer(pool1, [3, 3, 16, 16], "conv2_1")
    conv2_2 = new_conv_layer(conv2_1, [3, 3, 16, 16], "conv2_2")
    pool2 = tf.nn.max_pool(conv2_2, ksize=[1, 2, 2, 1], strides=[1, 2, 2, 1], padding='SAME',
name='pool2')
    conv3_1 = new_conv_layer(pool2, [3, 3, 16, 16], "conv3_1")
    fc1 = self.new_fc_layer(conv3_1, 252516, 512, 'fc1')
    fc2 = self.new_fc_layer(fc1, 512, 10, 'fc2')
```

### 1.2 train params

L2 on weights (5e-5)

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import simple_model
from simple_model import training_generator
import utils

simple_model=reload(simple_model)
lr          = .005
back_size  = 100
noise      = .1
crop_pos   = (10,10)
```

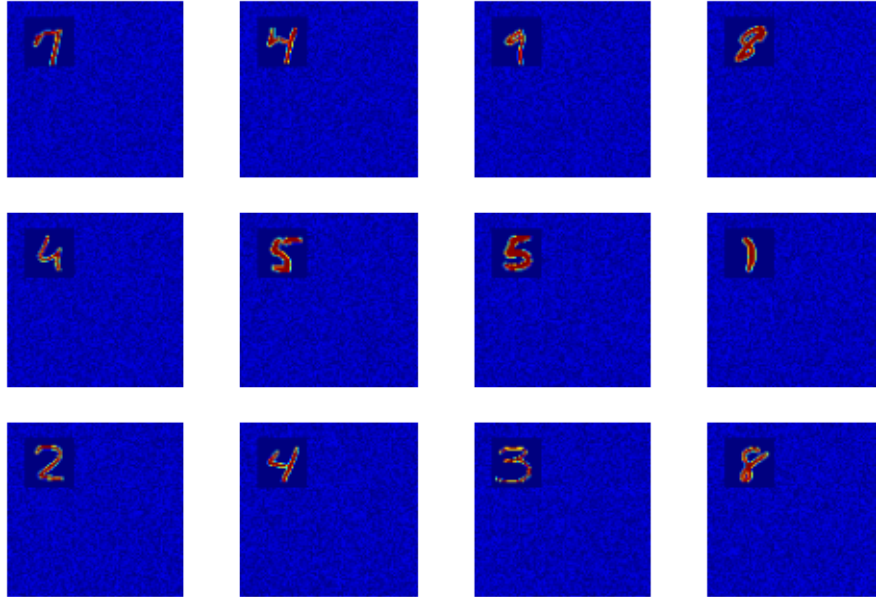
Exception AssertionError: AssertionError("Nesting violated for default stack of <ty

```
In [2]: """Plot training samples"""
batch = utils.get_batch('train', im_size=back_size, noise=noise, crop_pos=c
```

```

fig, axs = plt.subplots(3,4)
for ax,img in zip([b for a in axs for b in a],batch[0]):
    ax.imshow(img.reshape(back_size,back_size), vmin=0, vmax=1)
    ax.set_axis_off()
plt.show()

```



```

In [3]: """Perform training"""
gen = training_generator(lr=lr, back_size=back_size, noise=noise, crop_pos=
for _ in range(10):
    _,accs = gen.next()
    print "max acc so far : "+str(max(accs)*100)

```

```

***** EPOCH 0 *****
1-Loss on testset is 2.504283
1-Accuracy now is 14.65
2-Loss on testset is 0.429126
2-Accuracy now is 86.83
lr now is 0.00475
max acc so far : 14.65

```

```

***** EPOCH 1 *****
1-Loss on testset is 2.924178
1-Accuracy now is 11.60

```

2-Loss on testset is 0.154854  
2-Accuracy now is 95.45  
lr now is 0.00451  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 2 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 3.231258  
1-Accuracy now is 13.40  
2-Loss on testset is 0.081570  
2-Accuracy now is 98.18  
lr now is 0.00429  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 3 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 3.474708  
1-Accuracy now is 11.30  
2-Loss on testset is 0.075181  
2-Accuracy now is 98.45  
lr now is 0.00407  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 4 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 2.863537  
1-Accuracy now is 13.53  
2-Loss on testset is 0.066274  
2-Accuracy now is 98.50  
lr now is 0.00387  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 5 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 2.609213  
1-Accuracy now is 12.55  
2-Loss on testset is 0.060298  
2-Accuracy now is 98.69  
lr now is 0.00368  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 6 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 3.190901  
1-Accuracy now is 12.67  
2-Loss on testset is 0.053704  
2-Accuracy now is 98.77  
lr now is 0.00349  
max acc so far : 14.65

\*\*\*\*\* EPOCH 7 \*\*\*\*\*  
1-Loss on testset is 3.709180  
1-Accuracy now is 10.50

```
2-Loss on testset is 0.058447
2-Accuracy now is 98.79
lr now is 0.00332
max acc so far : 14.65
```

```
***** EPOCH 8 *****
1-Loss on testset is 3.059532
1-Accuracy now is 16.03
2-Loss on testset is 0.051990
2-Accuracy now is 99.07
lr now is 0.00315
max acc so far : 16.03
```

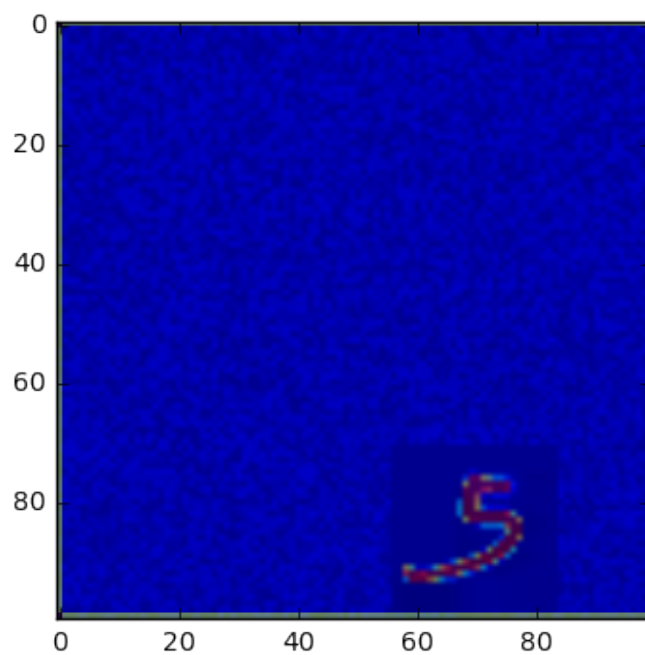
```
***** EPOCH 9 *****
1-Loss on testset is 2.826725
1-Accuracy now is 11.23
2-Loss on testset is 0.052506
2-Accuracy now is 98.88
lr now is 0.00299
max acc so far : 16.03
```

```
In [7]: back_size = 100
```

```
    for _ in range(25):
        print '-----'*5
        imgs, lbls = utils.get_batch('test', 1, back_size, .1).next()

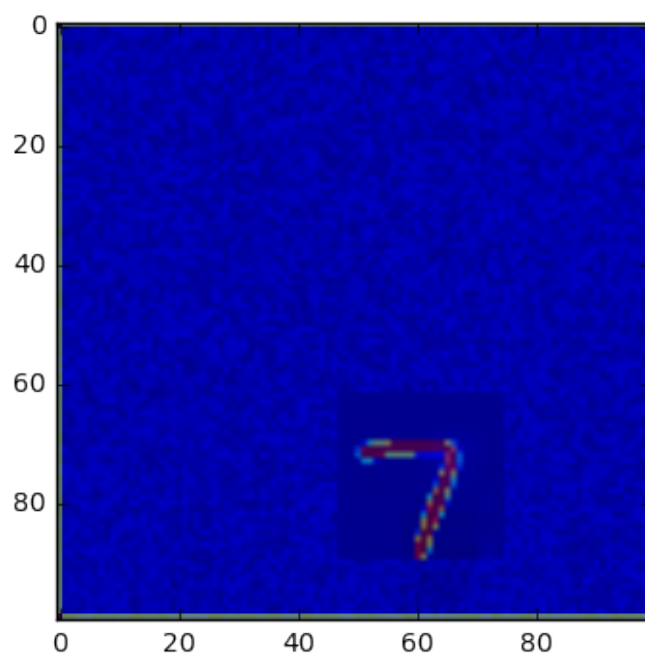
        simple_model.show_activation(imgs[0])
```

```
-----
prediction is : 1 with 1.220
```



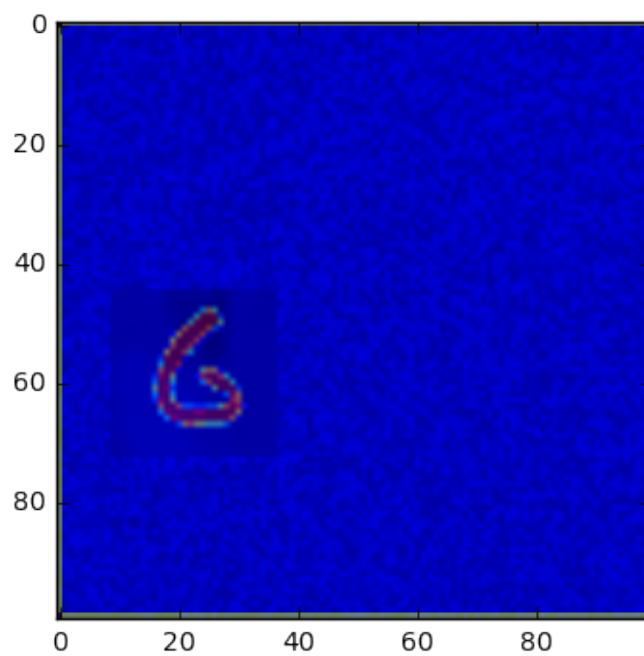
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.242



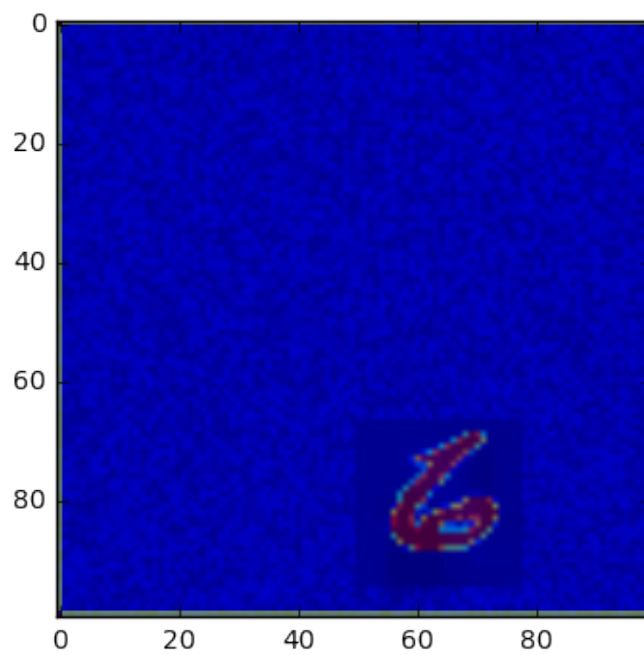
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.271



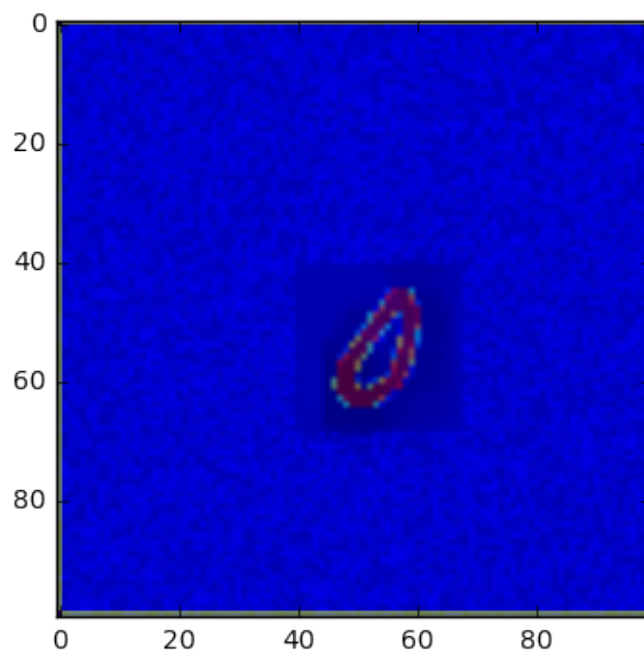
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.227



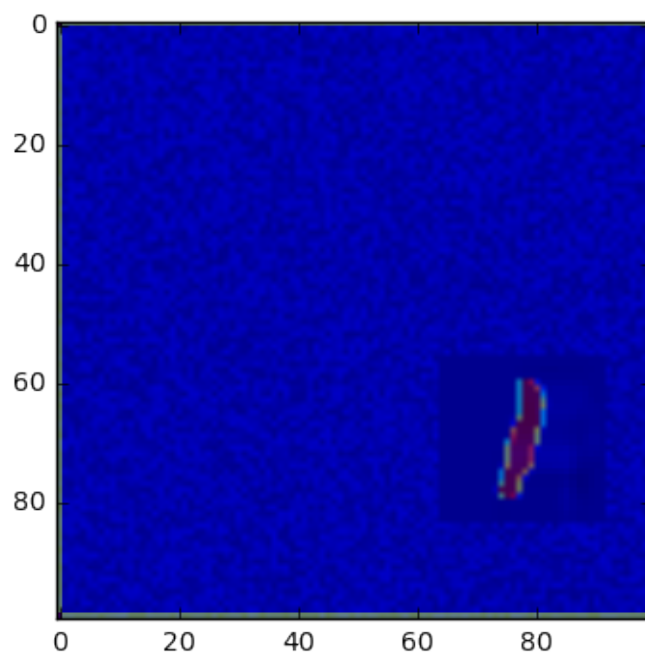
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.119

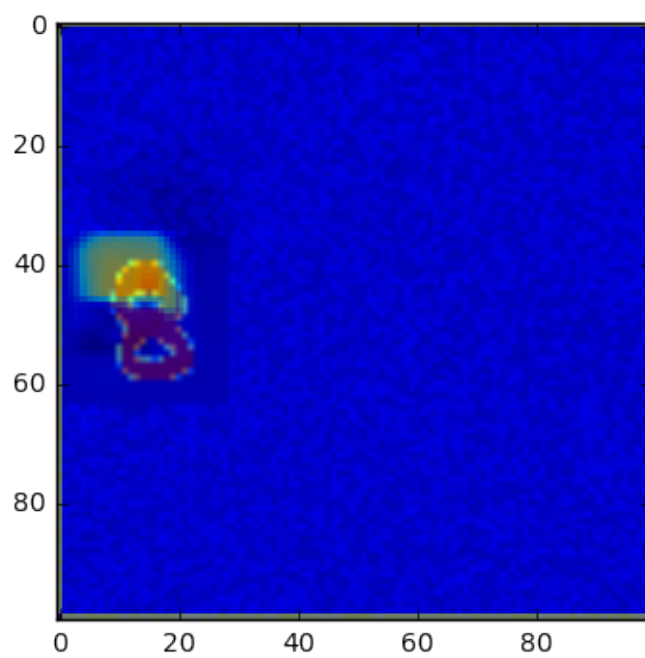


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prediction is : 1 with 1.297



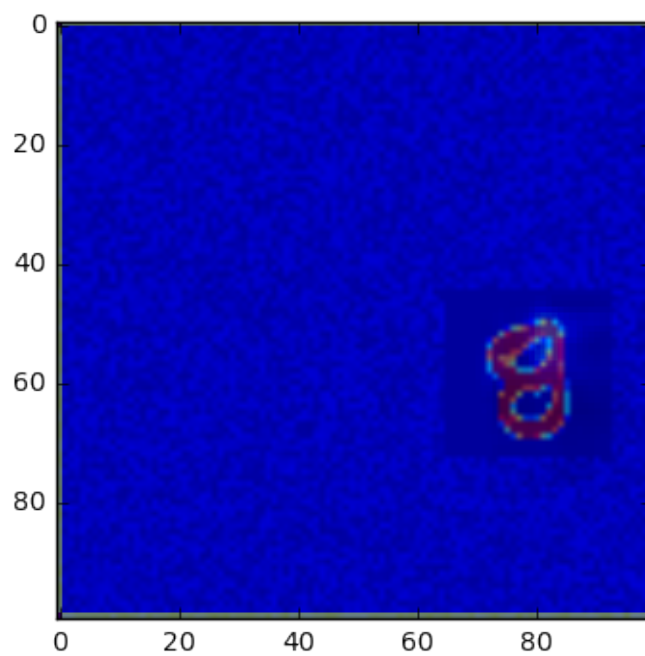
-----  
prediction is : 1 with 3.012





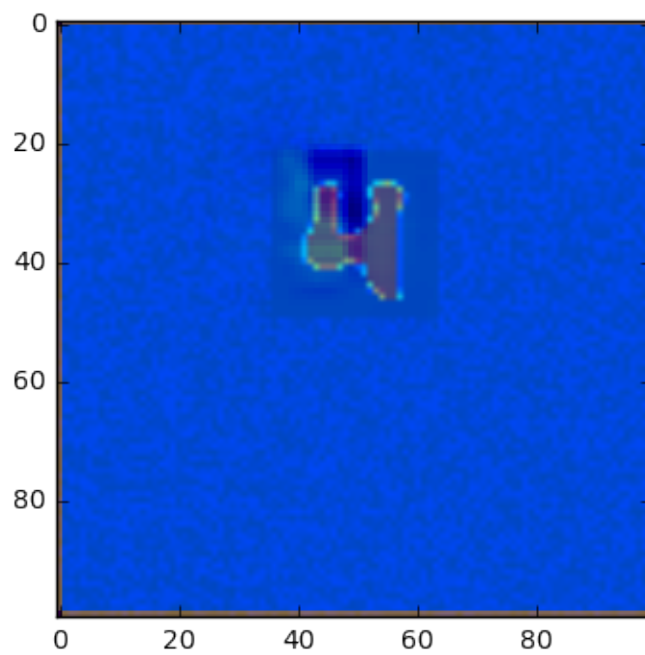
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.207



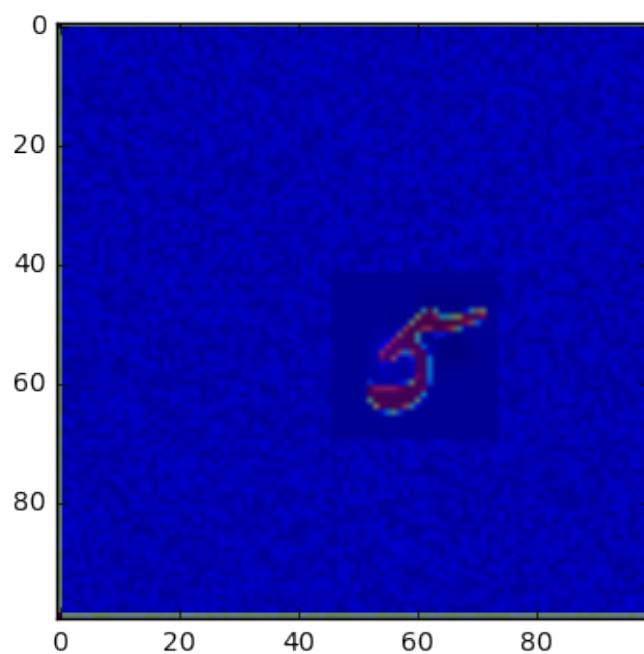
---

prediction is : 3 with 0.920



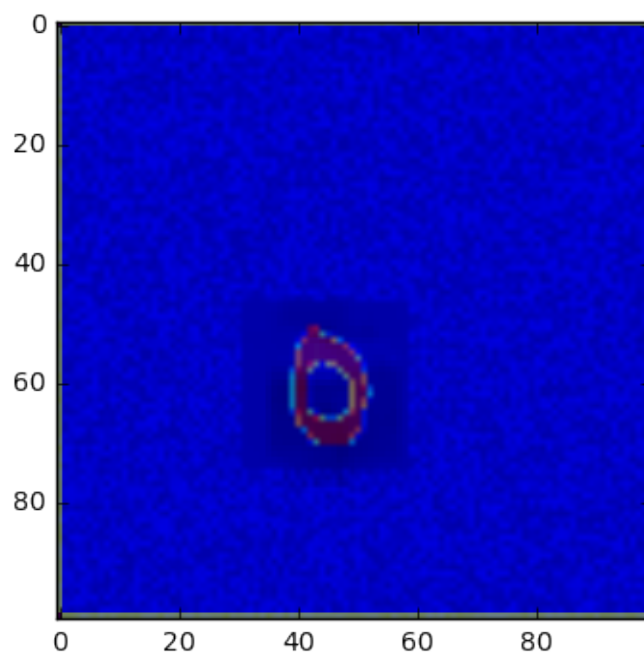
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.254

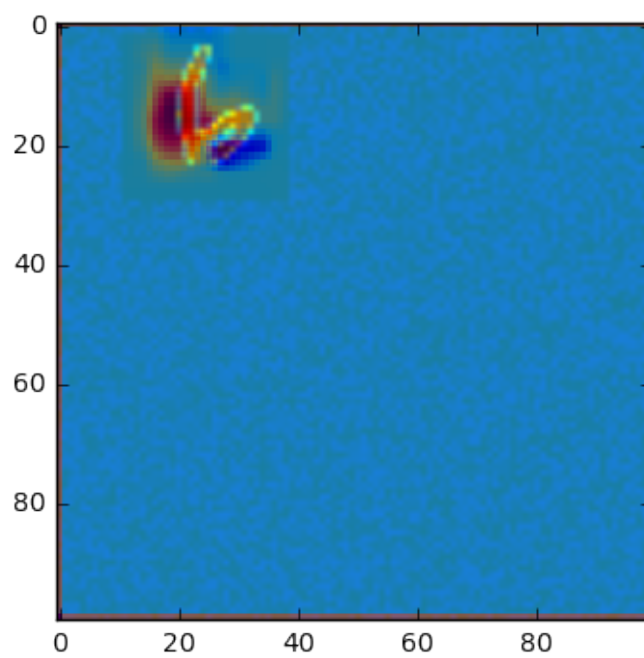


---

prediction is : 1 with 1.102

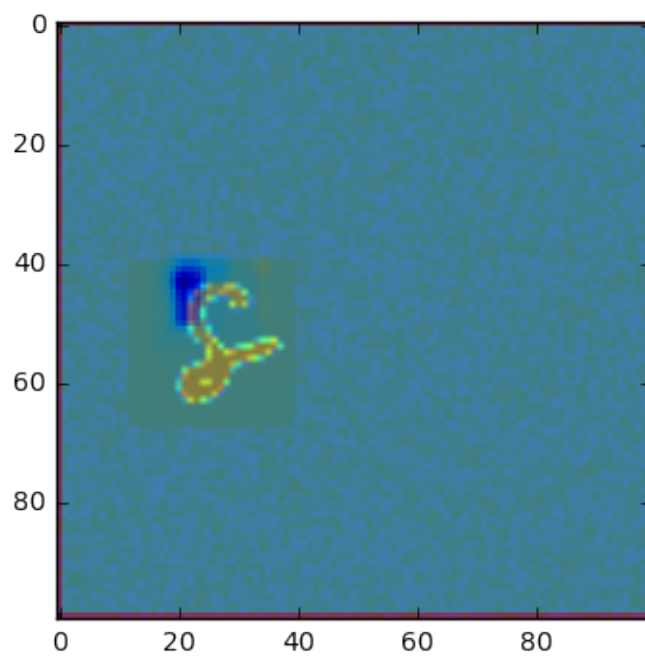


-----  
prediction is : 5 with 11.696



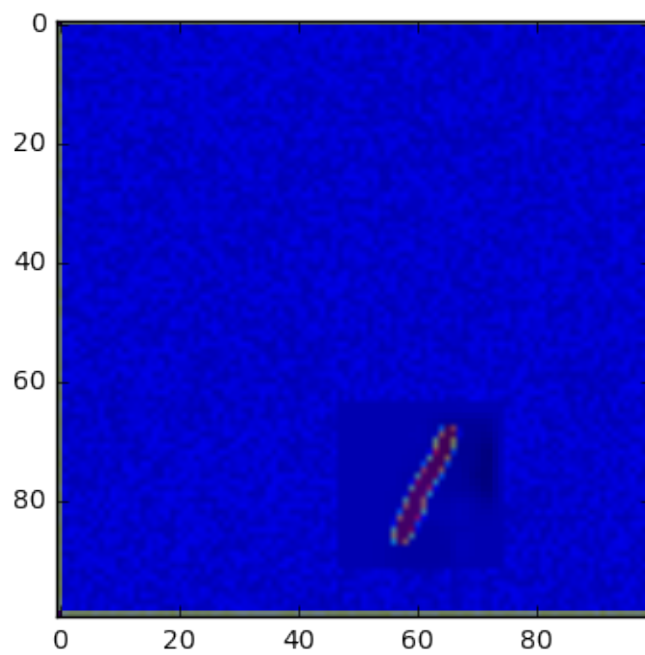
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.174



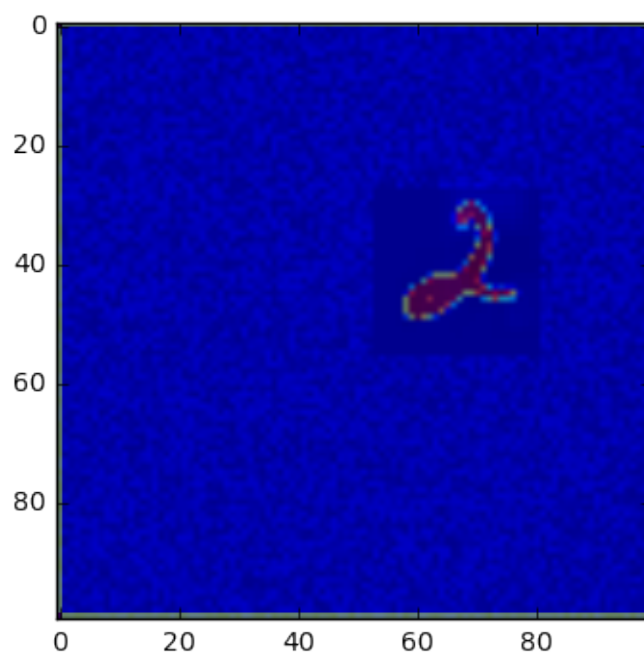
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.210



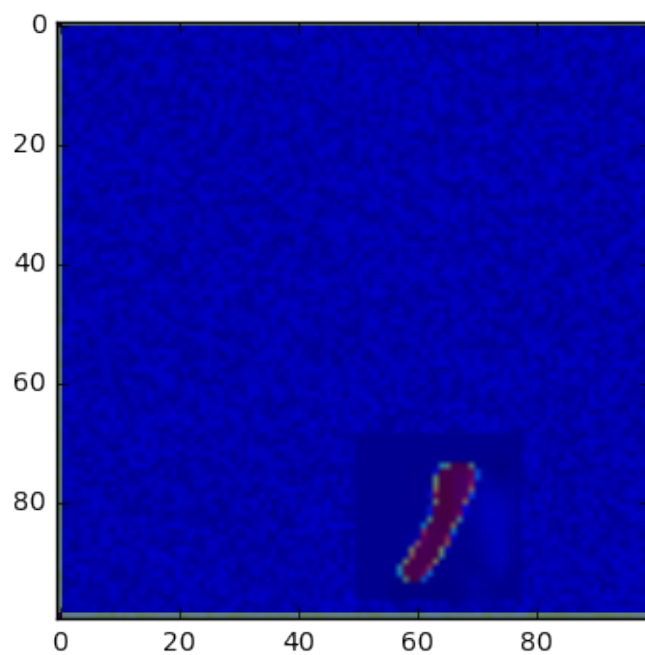
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.249

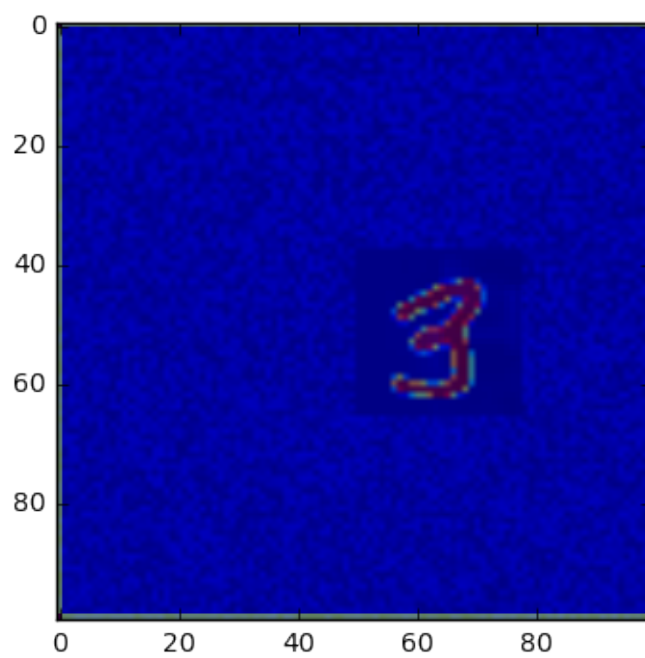


---

prediction is : 1 with 1.250

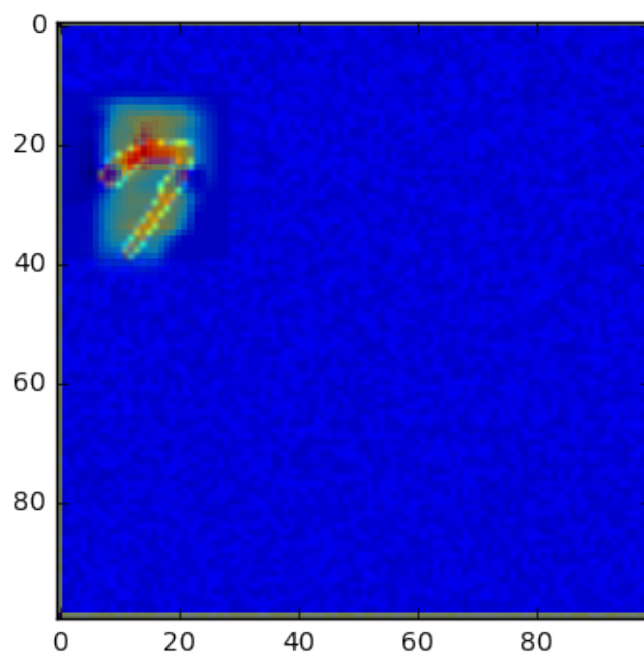


-----  
prediction is : 1 with 1.269



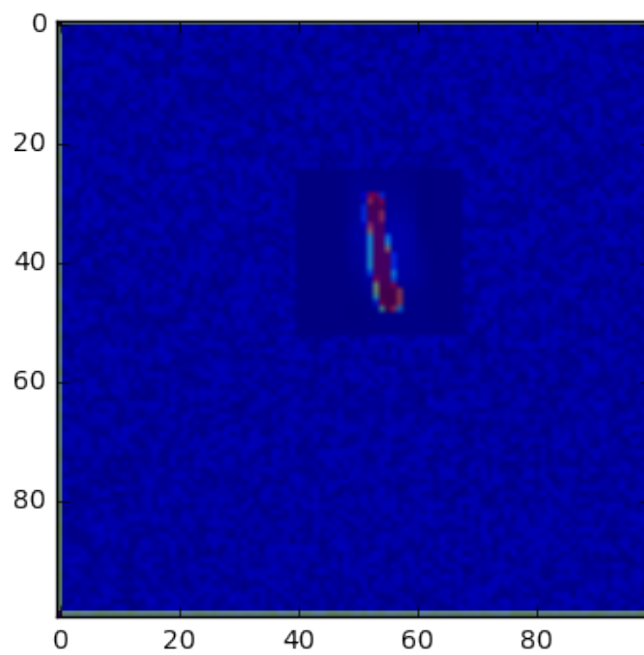
---

prediction is : 7 with 9.108



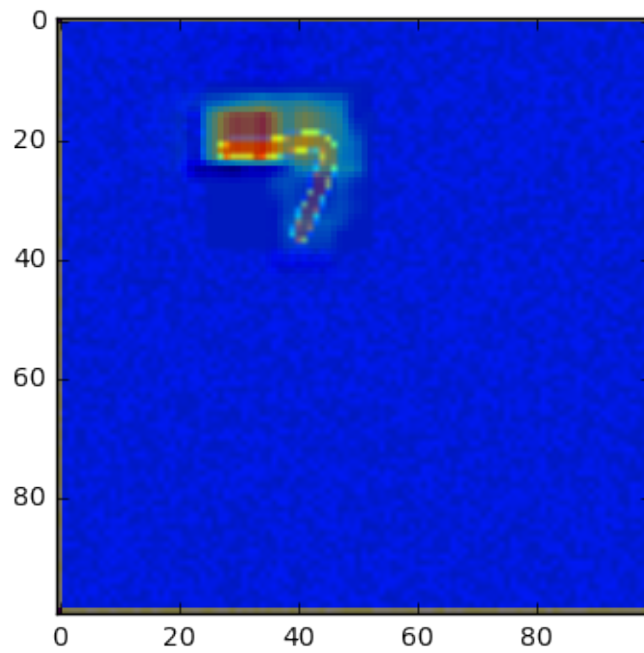
---

prediction is : 3 with 1.036



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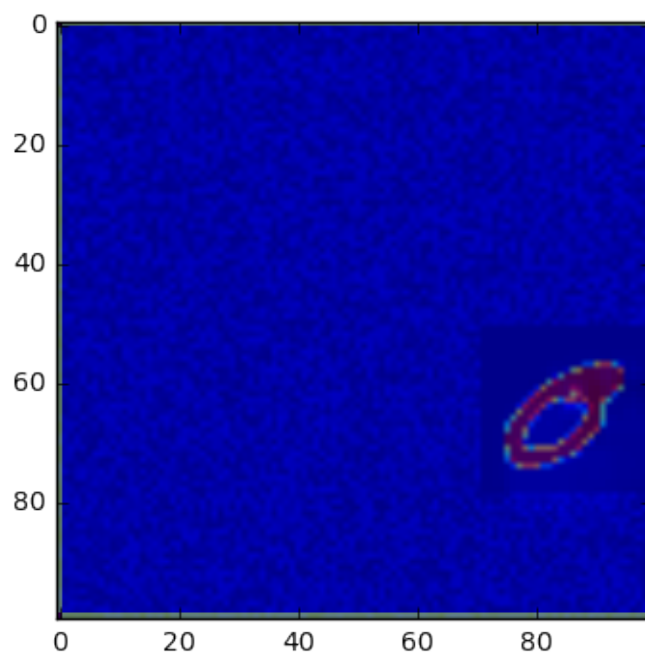
prediction is : 5 with 9.448



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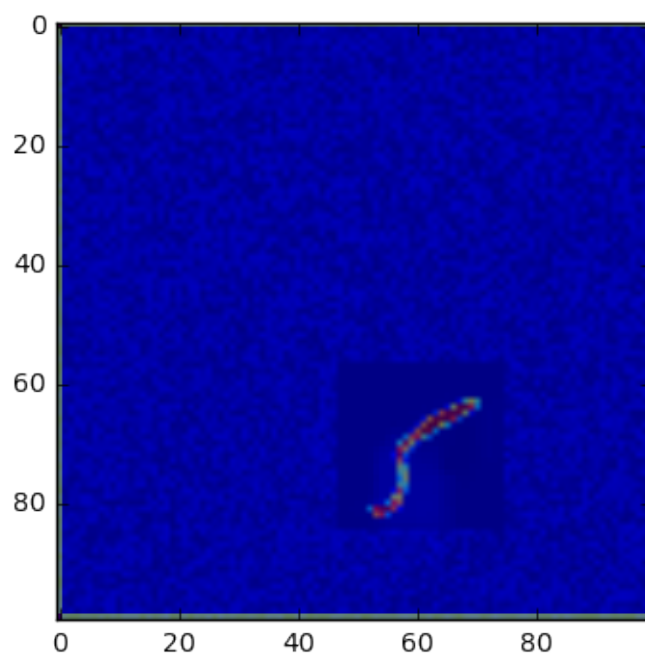
prediction is : 1 with 1.334





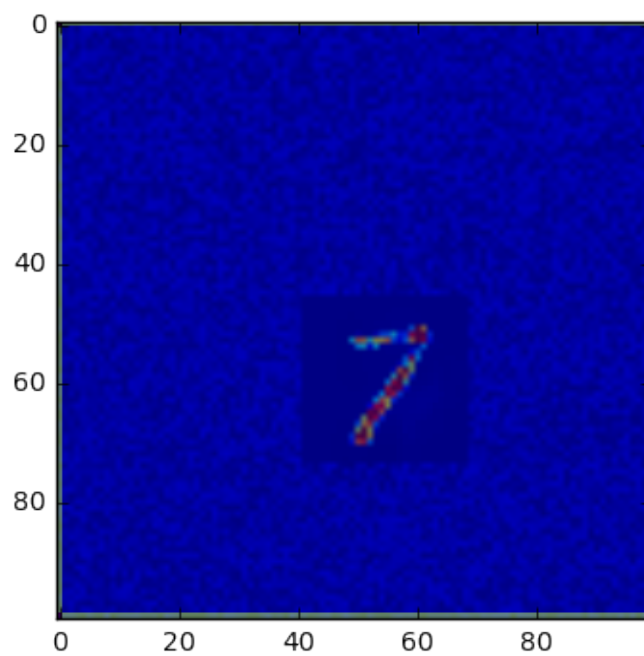
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.306



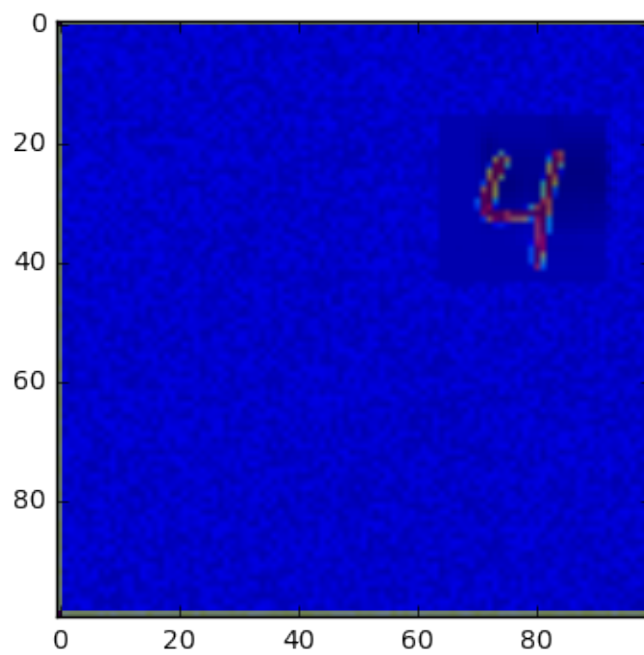
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.268



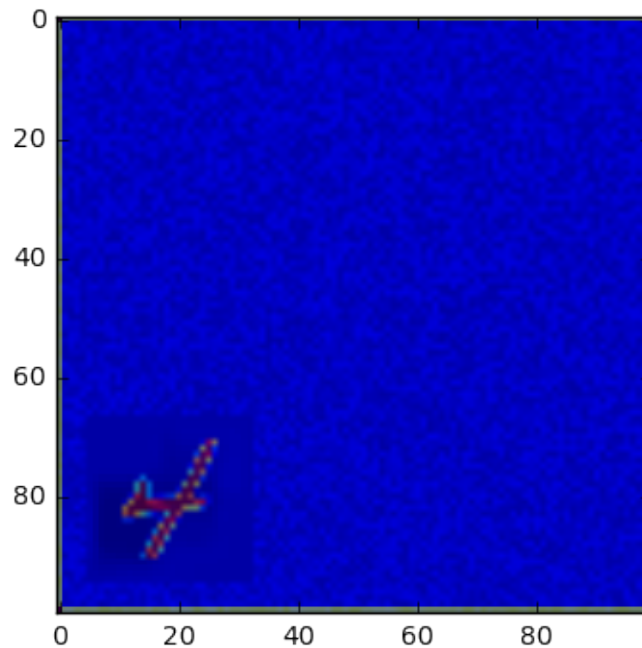
---

prediction is : 1 with 1.101



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prediction is : 1 with 1.138



```
In [5]: accuracies = []
        for _ in range(100):
            digit, lbl = utils.get_batch('test', 1, .1).next()
            digit = digit[0].reshape(28,28)
            img = np.random.random((100,100))*0.1
            height = img.shape[0]
            width = img.shape[1]
            box_size = 28
            step_size = 10
            n_x_boxes = (width - box_size) / step_size + 1
            n_y_boxes = (height - box_size) / step_size + 1
            imgs = np.tile(img, (n_x_boxes*n_y_boxes,1,1))

            for xx in range(0, n_x_boxes):
                for yy in range(0, n_y_boxes):
                    idx = xx*n_x_boxes+yy
                    x = xx*step_size
                    y = yy*step_size
                    imgs[idx, x:x+box_size, y:y+box_size] = digit
```

```

    imgs = imgs.reshape((-1,100,100,1))
    preds = simple_model.sess.run(simple_model.tf_out, feed_dict={simple_model.x: imgs})
    pred = np.argmax(preds[-1])

    accuracy = sum(preds.argmax(axis=1) == lbl) / float(len(preds))
    accuracies.append(accuracy)

    print sum(accuracies)/len(accuracies)

0.13453125

In [6]: digit, lbl = utils.get_batch('test', 1, .1).next()
        digit      = digit[0].reshape(28,28)
        img        = np.random.random((100,100))*0.1
        height     = img.shape[0]
        width      = img.shape[1]
        box_size   = 28
        step_size  = 10
        n_x_boxes  = (width - box_size) / step_size + 1
        n_y_boxes  = (height - box_size) / step_size + 1
        imgs       = np.tile(img, (n_x_boxes*n_y_boxes,1,1))

        for xx in range(0, n_x_boxes):
            for yy in range(0, n_y_boxes):
                idx = xx*n_x_boxes+yy
                x   = xx*step_size
                y   = yy*step_size
                imgs[idx, x:x+box_size, y:y+box_size] = digit

        imgs = imgs.reshape((-1,100,100,1))
        preds = simple_model.sess.run(simple_model.tf_out, feed_dict={simple_model.x: imgs})
        pred = np.argmax(preds[-1])

        accuracy = sum(preds.argmax(axis=1) == lbl) / float(len(preds))

        print preds.argmax(axis=1)
        print accuracy*100
        plt.plot(preds)
        plt.show()

        plt.imshow(digit)
        plt.show()

[7 2 5 5 1 1 1 1 2 6 2 3 1 1 1 1 3 7 7 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]

```

1.5625

