Write a complete C++ program, including at least one <u>good comment at the top</u>, to do the following: Your program will compute values of a formula that expresses y in terms of x. The formula is:

$$y = \frac{-4x^3-12x^2+x+15}{(2x^2+1)^{1/2}+7*|x-2.5|}$$

- | | means absolute value; $(...)^{1/2}$ means square root You should use library functions for square root and absolute value.
- 1. The program should start by printing a message giving your name and saying this is the output of your first program.
- 2. Then your program should evaluate the formula shown above, starting with x = -4, going up by 0.5 each time until it reaches 3.0. Therefore, your program will use these values for x: -4, -3.5, ..., -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0.

For each x value, the program should compute the corresponding y value. It should print these values together with explanations of what the values represent. For example, it could print the string "X =", then the value of x, the string "Y =", the value of y, and a message. (It is also possible to use column headings and have your numbers underneath the headings.)

The message should say one of three things (on the same line as the values):

If the value of y is exactly 0, the message should say Y IS ZERO. If the value is positive, the message should say Y IS POSITIVE. If the value is negative, the message should say Y IS NEGATIVE.

A typical line of output would look like this (or the values of x and y can appear underneath column headings):

X = -1 Y = 0 Y IS ZERO (actually, this one will not be zero) all on one line

- 3. Once you have finished using x = 3.0, the program should print a message (underneath the last line of output) saying that your first program is complete, then stop.
- <u>OPTIONALS</u>: 1. Have your program find which of the y values is closest to 0 (either larger or smaller) without actually being equal to 0. Print the x value that gives this closest y value. Also print how close the y value is to 0.
- 2. Have your program count how many times the formula is positive, how many times it is negative, and how many times it is zero. Print these three values.

MARC PFEIFFER-HOMEWORK # 1

The purpose of this program is to input the values of x into an equation and will tell us the x value and also tell us if x is positive, negitive or zero

Value of X	Value of X	Property of Y
X=-4 X=-3.5 X=-3 X=-2.5 X=-2 X=-1.5 X=-1 X=-0.5 X=0.5 X=1 X=1.5 X=2 X=2.5 X=3	X = 1.46357 $X = 0.765147$ $X = 0.279989$ $X = 0$ $X = -0.0869565$ $X = 0$ $X = 0.228728$ $X = 0.539939$ $X = 0.810811$ $X = 0.788191$ $X = 0$ $X = -2.56816$ $X = -9.69231$ $X = -32.6599$ $X = -25.1944$	X is POSITIVE X is POSITIVE X is POSITIVE X is ZERO X is NEGITIVE X is POSITIVE X is NEGITIVE

OPTIONAL # 1

 $\chi=-2$ $\chi=-0.0869565$ Amount to Zero 0.0869565

OPTIONAL # 2

POSITIVES: 7 NEGITIVES: 5 ZERO: 3

END OF PROGRAM 1

```
1
 2
     Marc Efeiffer
 3
     Honewark 1
     due 2/17/15
 4
 5
 6
     This program will solve a and get k and tall us wheather kis.
 7
     negitive, positive, or text, the opionals show which values of x brings y closest to sero.
 8
     without acually hitting zero-enional. 2 count have many times the yevalue is positive.
     acaitive on sexa-
 9
10
    #include <iostream>
     #include <cmath>
11
12
    using namespace std ;
13
    int main()
14
15
     {
16
     double y, x, Lowest = 10, xval = 10;
17
     int POSITIVE, NEGITIVE, ZERO;
18
19
     POSITIVE=0;
20
     NEGITIVE=0;
21
     ZERO=0;
22
     cout << "\tMARC PFEIFFER-HOMEWORK # 1\n\nTHe purpose of this program is to input the
23
     values of x\n";
24
     cout << "into an equation and will tell us the x value \nand also tell us if x is.
     positive, negitive or zero" <<endl<<endl;
25
     cout<<"Value of X\t Value of Y\t Property of Y" <<endl<<endl;
26
27
     for (x=-4; x<=3; x=x+.5)
28
29
30
              y=(-4*(x*x*x)-(12*x*x)+x+15)/(sqrt(2*(x*x)+1)+7*abs(x-2.5));
          cout<<"X="<<x<"\t\tX = "<<y<<"\t";
31
32
33
34
35
          if (y==0) {
36
          cout << "\t is ZERO" << endl;
37
          ZERO++;
38
39
40
         if (y>0) {
41
          cout<<"\( \) is POSITIVE" <<endl;</pre>
42
          POSITIVE++;
43
44
45
         if (y<0) {
         cout<<"Y is NEGITIVE" << endl;</pre>
46
47
         NEGITIVE++;
48
49
         if (abs(y) < Lowest)</pre>
50
51
         Lowest=y;
52
         xval=x; }
53
54
55
     cout<<endl<<"\tOPTIONAL # 1 \n"<<endl<<"X="<<xval<<"\t"<<"Y="<<Lowest<<"\tAmount to Zero
56
     "<<abs (Lowest) <<endl <<endl;
     cout <<endl<<"\topTionAL # 2\n"<<endl<< "POSITIVES: "<< POSITIVE <<"\tnegrit\rm "\topTionAL # 2\n"</pre>
57
     NEGITIVE<<"\tZERO: " <<ZERO<<endl<<endl;</pre>
     cout<< "\tEND OF PROGRAM 1" << endl << endl;</pre>
58
     system("pause");
59
60
    return 0;
61
62
63
```

64