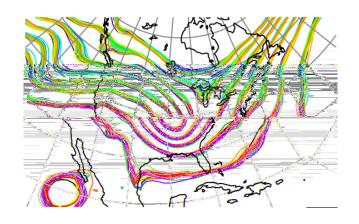
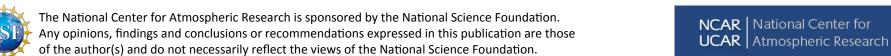


DART Tutorial Section 11: Creating DART Executables





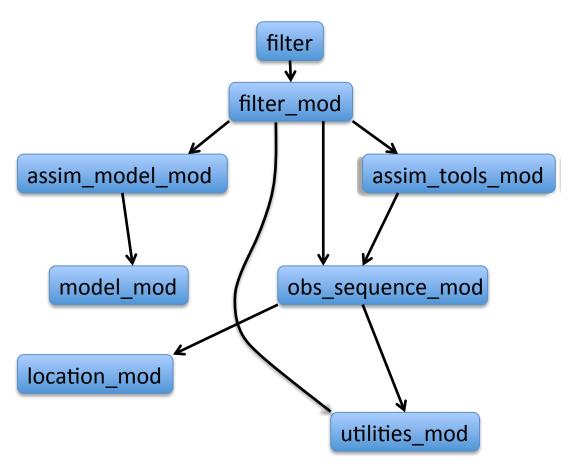
©UCAR





Fortran 90 'Use' Trees

DART requires use of F90 *use module_mod, only:*No other mechanism for use of 'external' routine.



Program viewed as
Directed Acyclic Graph
(tree with shared leaves)

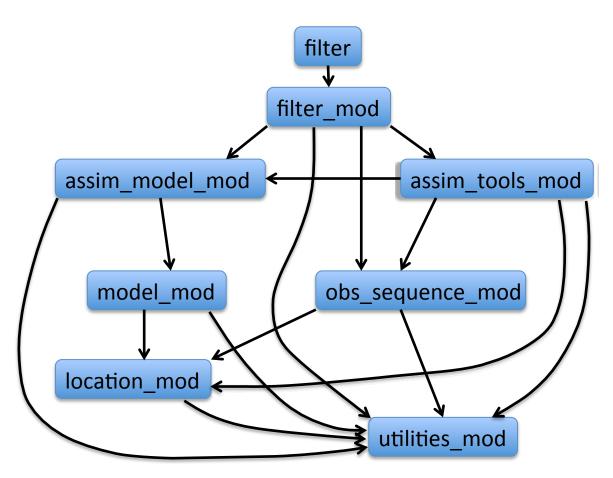
No cycles!

Partial tree for program filter is shown.

Vector represents use of target module.

Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module_mod, only:



Use **mkmf** Perl script to make a *Makefile*

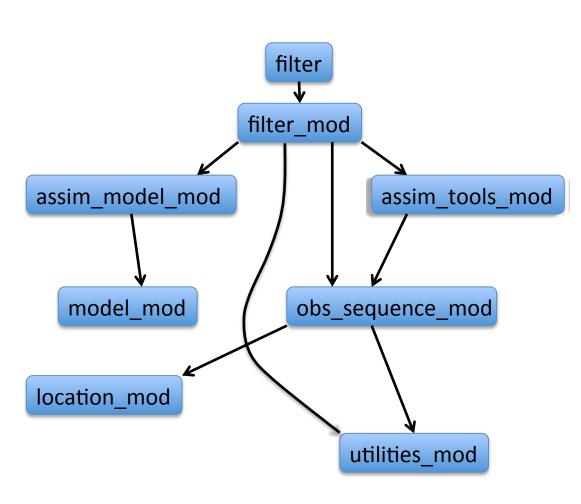
mkmf requires a list of files to search for the main program and modules that are used.

This is called a path_names file.

See path_names_filter in models/lorenz_63/work.

Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module_mod, only:



mkmf searches files in path_names for one that contains program filter.

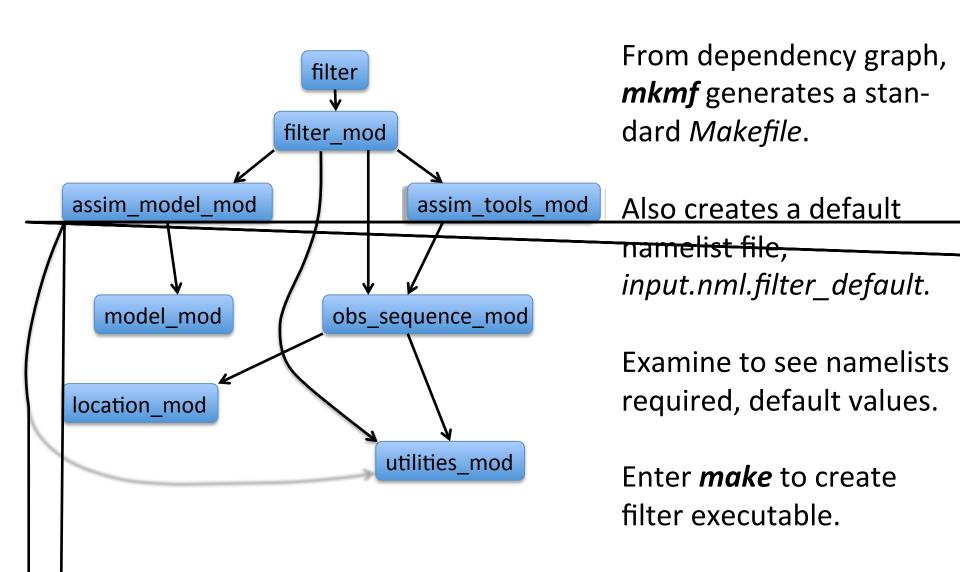
Finds first *use only* in filter.

Searches path_names files for this module recursively.

Builds a dependency graph like one at left.

Generating a Makefile with mkmf

DART requires use of F90 use module_mod, only:



mkmf Details

Each DART program has *mkmf_* and *path_names_* files. Can see a selection of these in *models/lorenz_63/work*.

Let's look at mkmf_perfect_model_obs first.

File mkmf_perfect_model_obs starts with scripting that controls whether code is built with mpi for parallel runs.

Key line starts with "../../build" and contains (default values in parentheses):

- 1. Relative location of mkmf program (../../build_templates/mkmf)
- 2. Name of executable program to create (-p perfect_model_obs)
- 3. Compiler options file (-t ../../build_templates/mkmf.template)
- 4. Relative base location for file search (-a "../.."),
- 5. Name of the path_names file (path_names_perfect_model_obs).

mkmf Details

A variety of mkmf templates for different machines and compilers are available in the directory *build_templates* (You can also see the Perl script *mkmf* there).

mkmf templates specify:

What compiler to use,
Where to find the netCDF libraries,
Compile and link command line options.

Templates usually include comments about useful compiler and linker options for both debugging and production.

To change your template:

Copy the appropriate *mkmf.template.xxx* file to *mkmf.template* and make any needed changes.

mkmf Details

Two versions of the MPI module are available; one which really calls MPI and one with dummy routines.

The small models default to building a serial program.

The large models default to building an MPI parallel version.

To run *mkmf* for filter, execute shell script *mkmf_filter*:

./mkmf_filter OR csh mkmf_filter

DART Modular Philosophy

```
Can swap modules with same names and public interfaces.

Changing the following paths in path_names_filter:

models/lorenz_63/model_mod.f90 models/cam-fv/model_mod.f90

assimilation_code/location/oned/location_mod.f90

assimilation_code/location/threed_sphere/location_mod.f90
```

filter_mod

assim_model_mod

assim_tools_mod

obs_sequence_mod

switches from Lorenz 63 to CAM-FV GCM!

Modules with multiple implementations have second directory level (see paths above).

Compare path_names files in models/lorenz_63 with models/cam-fv

Exercise: Compiling Jorenz_63 filter program

models/lorenz_63/work/

- 1. Go to models/lorenz_63/work
- 2. Remove all files with .o and .mod extensions.
- Generate a Makefile and input.nml.filter_default by: csh mkmf_filter
- Generate program filter:
 Enter make

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