COMP 532 Machine Learning and Bioinspired Optimisation

Lecture 1

UNIVERSITY OF

LIVERPOOL

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Welcome to COMP532

- Overview of the module
- Introduction to bio-inspired learning
- Applications

Overview

- Module delivery
 - Lecturer: Meng Fang (<u>Meng.Fang@liverpool.ac.uk</u>)
 - Demonstrators
- Module Website
 - https://liverpool.instructure.com/courses/67579
 - All lecture materials are available on Canvas:
 - Slides
 - Assignments
 - Tutorials and Coding Solutions
 - Papers and Notes

Overview

- Delivery of Lectures
 - o 30 one-hour lectures in total
 - 3 lectures each week (on campus)
- Delivery of Tutorials
 - One-hour each week (on campus)
 - Tools
 - Python
 - Google Colab: https://colab.research.google.com/

Overview

- Lectures will be recorded and uploaded to Canvas each week
 - stream.liv.ac.uk
 - Canvas module COMP532
- MS Teams
- Meeting hours

Module Aims and Objectives

We focus on learning agents that interact with an initially unknown world.
 Since the world is dynamic this module will put strong emphasis on learning to deal with sequential data unlike many other machine learning courses.

Module Aims and Objectives

- Introduce and give an overview to the state-of-the-art bio-inspired selfadapting methods.
- Enable students to not only learn to build models with reactive input/output
 mappings but also build computer programs that sense and perceive their
 environment, plan, and make optimal decisions.
- Familiarise students with reinforcement learning, multi-agent learning,
 swarm intelligence, deep neural networks, evolutionary game theory.
- Demonstrate principles of bio-inspired methods, provide indicative examples, develop problem-solving abilities and provide students with experience to apply the learnt methods in real-world problems.

Learning Outcomes

- A systematic understanding of bio-inspired algorithms
- In depth insight in the mathematics of biologically inspired machine learning and optimisation methods
- A comprehensive understanding of the benefits and drawbacks of the various methods
- Demonstrate knowledge of using the methods in real-world applications
- Practical assignments will lead to hands on experience

Module Topics

- Problem solving from Nature
- Reinforcement learning
- Deep learning
- Multi-agent systems

Module Syllabus (approximate)

- Problem Solving from Nature (2)
- Math and Programming Basics (1)
- Reinforcement Learning (7)
- Deep Learning (7)
- Revision (1)
- Multi-Agent System (7)
- Swarm Intelligence (4)
- Revision (1)

Module Assessments

- Written exam: 70%
- Two course projects: Each 15%
 - Will be available in Canvas Module COMP532 Assignments
 - Pen & Paper, Programming tasks
 - Groups of 3 (or more)

Assessment Projects

 Task 1 on reinforcement learning, some programming and pen/paper exercises (15%)

 Task 2 on deep reinforcement learning implementation and pen/paper exercises (15%)

Useful Resources

- Reinforcement learning
 - Courses
 - UCL Course on RL, https://www.davidsilver.uk/teaching/
 - Reinforcement Learning: A Graduate Course,

 https://www.it.uu.se/research/systems and control/education/2017/relearn
 - Book
 - Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction, by Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto, https://web.stanford.edu/class/psych209/Readings/SuttonBartoIPRLBook2ndEd.pdf
- Machine learning
 - Stanford, CS229 Machine Learning, https://cs229.stanford.edu/
- Deep learning
 - MIT, Introduction to Deep Learning, http://introtodeeplearning.com/
 - Stanford, CS230 Deep Learning, https://cs230.stanford.edu/
 - Book
 - Deep Learning, by Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, https://www.deeplearningbook.org/

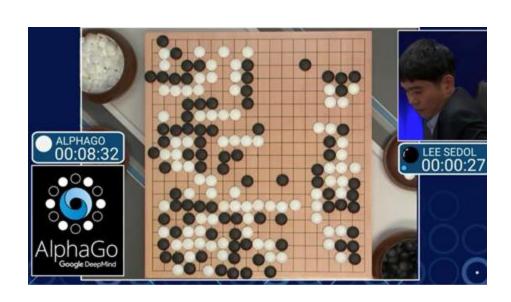
Introduction to Bio-inspired Learning

Bioinspired Robotics

- o Bioinspired Robotics: Smarter, Softer, Safer
- Bioinspired robots walk, swim, slither and fly, https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-022-03014-x



How a robot/computer/agent makes decisions?





- Bio-inspired computing
 - Solve computer science problems using models of biology
 - In computer science, bio-inspired computing relates to artificial intelligence and machine learning
- Examples:
 - Reinforcement Learning
 - Evolutionary Game Theory
 - Evolutionary Computation Swarm Intelligence
 - o ...
- What is Machine Learning?
- What is Agent?

Machine Learning

 "A computer program is said to learn from experience E with respect to some class of tasks T and performance measure P if its performance at tasks in T, as measured by P, improves with experience E." —Tom M. Mitchell

Agent

 An independent program or entity that interacts with its environment by perceiving its surroundings via sensors, then acting through actuators or effectors.



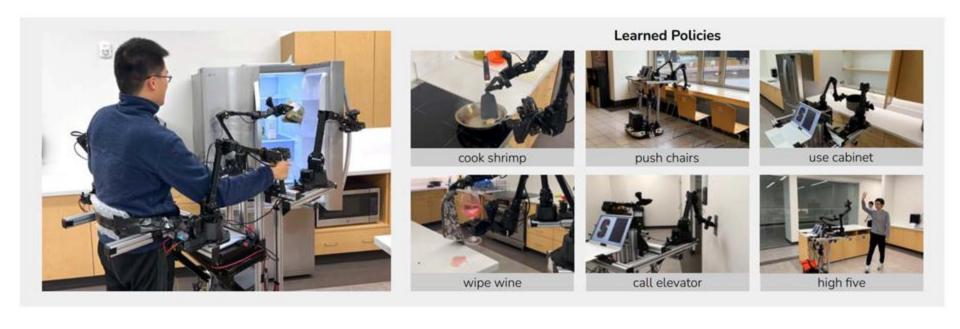
- Bio-inspired Machine Learning
 - o To optimise its products, nature exploits genetic operators: selection, mutation, crossover
 - There are those mechanisms we can "easily" mimic
 - Can we model emergent collective intelligence from local simple interactions at level of:
 - Cells
 - Neurons
 - Insects
 - O How do simple creatures like ants/bees organise themselves to show great intelligence at a group level?

 This course is NOT about Advanced Machine Learning or Data Mining for its Applications

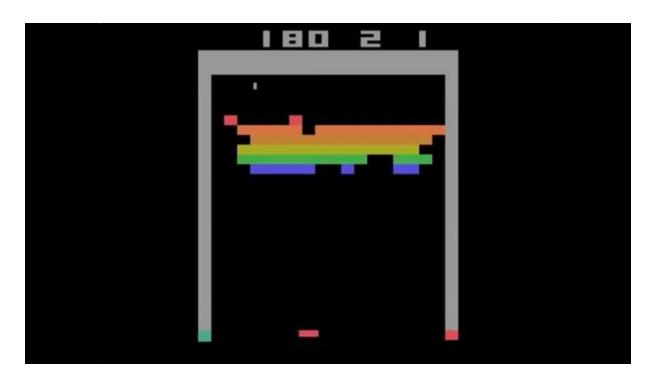
 But it is about agents situated in a (potentially) unknown environment, learning how to behave and optimize its action in order to achieve its goals, taking inspirations from nature.

- Some important notes:
 - We are not necessarily mimicking nature
 - Inspirational

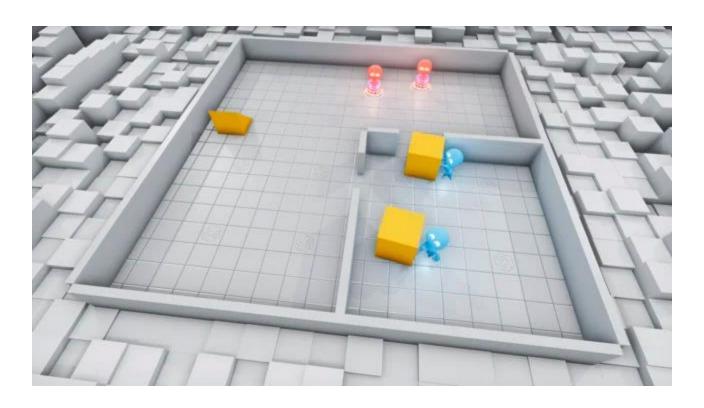
- Single agent reinforcement learning
 - Application example: <u>Mobile ALOHA: Your Housekeeping Robot</u>



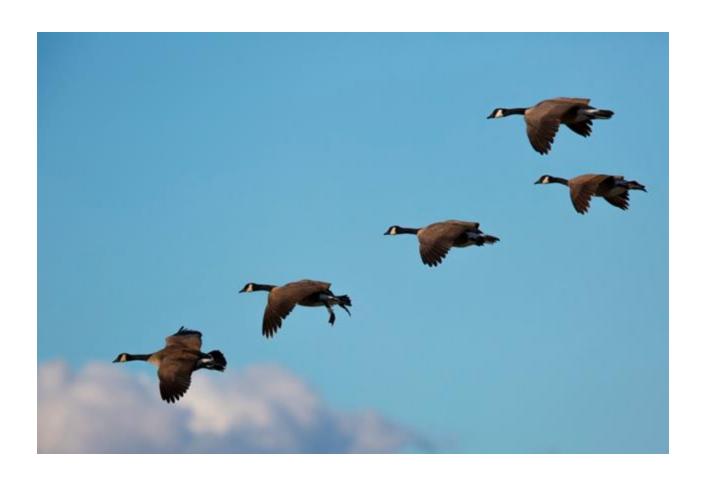
- Deep reinforcement learning
 - Application example: <u>DQN Breakout</u>



- Multi-agent learning
 - Application example: <u>Multi-Agent Hide and Seek</u>



- Swarm intelligence
 - Application example: <u>Teaching groups of drones to fly in formation</u>



- Other applications
 - Portfolio optimisation
 - Playing games better than humans
 - Search engines
 - o





Summary

- Introduction to the course
- Topics of the course
- Introductory applications/examples