Select by maximal marginal relevance (MMR)

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The MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector selects examples based on a combination of which examples are most similar to the inputs, while also optimizing for diversity. It does this by finding the examples with the embeddings that have the greatest cosine similarity with the inputs, and then iteratively adding them while penalizing them for closeness to already selected examples.

```
from langchain.prompts.example_selector import (
    MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector,
    SemanticSimilarityExampleSelector,
from langchain.vectorstores import FAISS
from langchain.embeddings import OpenAIEmbeddings
from langchain.prompts import FewShotPromptTemplate, PromptTemplate
example_prompt = PromptTemplate(
    input_variables=["input", "output"],
    template="Input: {input}\nOutput: {output}",
)
# These are a lot of examples of a pretend task of creating antonyms.
examples = [
    {"input": "happy", "output": "sad"},
    {"input": "tall", "output": "short"},
    {"input": "energetic", "output": "lethargic"},
    {"input": "sunny", "output": "gloomy"},
    {"input": "windy", "output": "calm"},
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```

API Reference:

- MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector from langchain.prompts.example_selector
- SemanticSimilarityExampleSelector from langchain.prompts.example_selector
- FAISS from langchain.vectorstores
- OpenAlEmbeddings from langchain.embeddings
- FewShotPromptTemplate from langchain.prompts
- PromptTemplate from langchain.prompts

```
example_selector = MaxMarginalRelevanceExampleSelector.from_examples(
    # This is the list of examples available to select from.
    examples,
   # This is the embedding class used to produce embeddings which are
used to measure semantic similarity.
    OpenAIEmbeddings(),
    # This is the VectorStore class that is used to store the
embeddings and do a similarity search over.
    FAISS,
   # This is the number of examples to produce.
mmr_prompt = FewShotPromptTemplate(
    # We provide an ExampleSelector instead of examples.
    example_selector=example_selector,
    example_prompt=example_prompt,
    prefix="Give the antonym of every input",
    suffix="Input: {adjective}\nOutput:",
    input_variables=["adjective"],
)
```

```
# Input is a feeling, so should select the happy/sad example as the
first one
print(mmr_prompt.format(adjective="worried"))
```

```
Give the antonym of every input

Input: happy
Output: sad

Input: windy
Output: calm

Input: worried
Output:
```

```
examples,
   # This is the embedding class used to produce embeddings which are
used to measure semantic similarity.
    OpenAIEmbeddings(),
    # This is the VectorStore class that is used to store the
embeddings and do a similarity search over.
    FAISS,
   # This is the number of examples to produce.
similar_prompt = FewShotPromptTemplate(
    # We provide an ExampleSelector instead of examples.
    example_selector=example_selector,
    example_prompt=example_prompt,
    prefix="Give the antonym of every input",
    suffix="Input: {adjective}\nOutput:",
    input_variables=["adjective"],
print(similar_prompt.format(adjective="worried"))
```

Give the antonym of every input

Input: happy
Output: sad

Input: sunny
Output: gloomy

Input: worried
Output: