# Curve Sketching with Calculus

- First derivative and slope
- Second derivative and concavity

### First Derivative: Review

As you will recall, the first derivative of a function gives you the slope, which can tell you whether the function is increasing, decreasing, or leveled off.

first derivative negative:

function is decreasing

first derivative positive: function is increasing

first derivative zero: function is level

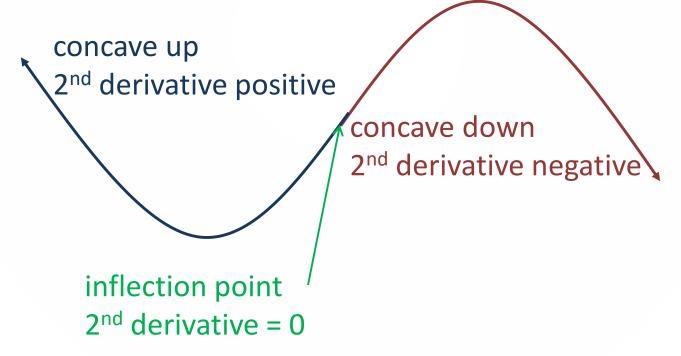
Given the function  $y = x^4 - 3x^2 + 2x - 8$ , Report where this function is increasing, decreasing, or equal to zero.

Write a program using the Calculus package or your program for derivatives that will return, for any polynomial function, the intervals of increase and decrease.

Save and document your code!

### Second Derivative: Review

As you will recall, the second derivative describes the concavity of the function, which can be either up or down:



Modify your program from Problem 2 to report, for any polynomial function, the intervals where that function is concave up and concave down.

You do not need to save this program beyond the next practice problem.

Consider the function

$$f(x) = x^4 - 9x^3 + 12x^2 + 25x + 12$$

on the interval [-3, 8].

Find intervals of increase and decrease, critical points (including y-values), and inflection points.

Use your information to sketch an accurate graph of this function.