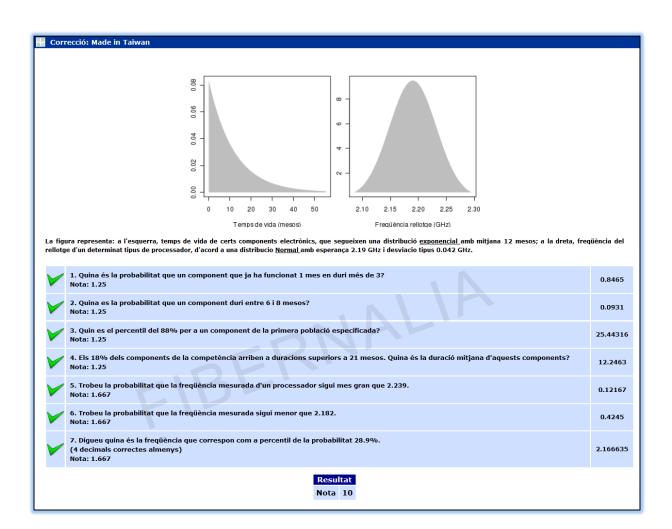
## Probabilitat i Estadística FIB-UPC

## Problemes d'e-status: Made in Taiwan





## Script en R

```
lambda = 1/12 # T ~ Exp(1/12)
esp = 2.19; desv = 0.042 # F ~ N(2.19,0.042)

p1 = 1-pexp(2,lambda) # P(T > 3-1) = 1 - P(T <= 2) = 1 - (1 - e^{-1/12 * 2}) = 0.8465

p2 = pexp(8,lambda)-pexp(6,lambda) # P(6 <= T <= 8) = (1 - e^{-1/12 * 8}) - (1 - e^{-1/12 * 6}) = 0.0931

p3 = qexp(0.88,lambda) # 0.88 = 1 - e^{-1/12 * x}

# 0.12 = e^{-1/12 * x}

# 1n 0.12 = -1/12 x

# x = 25.44316

p4 = 1/(log(0.18)/-21) # P(T > 21) = 1 - P(T <= 21) =</pre>
```

```
# 1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda + 21}) = 0.18

# e^{-\lambda + 21} = 0.18

# -21 \lambda = \ln 0.18

# \lambda = 0.081657 -> \exp = 1/\lambda = 12.2463

p5 = 1 - pnorm(2.239,esp,desv) # P(F > 2.239) = 1 - P(F <= 2.239)

p6 = pnorm(2.182,esp,desv) # P(F < 2.182) = P(F <= 2.182) [VAC]

p7 = qnorm(0.289,esp,desv)
```

## Consola de R

```
> lambda = 1/12
> esp = 2.19; desv = 0.042
> p1 = 1-pexp(2,lambda)
> p2 = pexp(8,lambda)-pexp(6,lambda)
> p3 = qexp(0.88,lambda)
> p4 = 1/(log(0.18)/-21)
> p5 = 1 - pnorm(2.239,esp,desv)
> p6 = pnorm(2.182,esp,desv)
> p7 = qnorm(0.289,esp,desv)
> p1; p2; p3; p4; p5; p6; p7
[1] 0.8464817
[1] 0.09311354
[1] 25.44316
[1] 12.24634
```

- [1] 0.1216725
- [1] 0.424468
- [1] 2.166635