

# cartela básica

## TEOREMA DO BINÔMIO

①  $(1 + 2x^2)^6$ , coeficiente de  $x^8$ ?

↳ linha 6  $\binom{6}{k} 1^{6-k} \cdot (2x^2)^k = x^8$

$\binom{6}{k} 1^{6-k} \cdot 2^k \cdot x^{2k} = x^8$

$2k = 8 \rightarrow k = 4$

$\binom{6}{4} 1^{6-4} \cdot 2^4 \cdot x^{2 \cdot 4} \rightarrow 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 \cdot 1^2 \cdot 16 \cdot x^8 \rightarrow 30 \cdot 16x^8$

$15 \cdot 16x^8$

Alternativa C  $\rightarrow 240x^8$

②  $(14x - 13y)^{234}$ ,  $x = 1$ ,  $y = 1$

Soma  $\rightarrow (14 - 13)^{234} = 1^{234} = 1$

Alternativa B

③  $(x + a)^{11} = 1386x^5$

↳ linha 11  $\binom{11}{k} x^{11-k} \cdot a^k = 1386x^5$

$11 - k = 5$

$k = 6$

Alternativa A

$\binom{11}{6} x^{11-6} \cdot a^6 = 1386x^5$

$11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot x^5 \cdot a^6 = 1386x^5$

$6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$

$55440a^6 = 1386 \rightarrow 462a^6 = 1386$

$120$

$a^6 = \frac{1386}{462}$

$a^6 = 3$

$a = \sqrt[6]{3}$





$$④ \left( x + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)^9 \rightarrow (x + x^{-2})^9, \text{ termo independente} = x^0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{linha } 9 \quad \binom{9}{k} 1^{9-k} \cdot (x^{-2})^k = x^0$$

$$9 - k - 2k = 0$$

$$3k = 9$$

$$k = 3, \text{ ou seja, } \binom{9}{3} \text{ Alternativa D}$$

$$⑤ \left( x + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)^n \rightarrow (x + x^{-2})^n, \text{ termo independente} = x^0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{linha } n \quad \binom{n}{k} \cdot x^{n-k} \cdot (x^{-2})^k = x^0$$

$$n - k - 2k = 0$$

$$3k = n$$

$$k = \frac{n}{3} \rightarrow n \text{ é divisível por } 3$$

Alternativa C

$$⑥ K = \left( 3x^3 + \frac{2}{x^2} \right)^5 = (243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + \frac{240}{x^5} + \frac{32}{x^{10}})$$

$$(3x^3 + 2x^{-2})^5 = \binom{5}{0} (3x^3)^5 (2x^{-2})^0 + \binom{5}{1} (3x^3)^4 (2x^{-2})^1 + \binom{5}{2} (3x^3)^3 (2x^{-2})^2 + \binom{5}{3} (3x^3)^2 (2x^{-2})^3$$

$$+ \binom{5}{4} (3x^3)^1 (2x^{-2})^4 + \binom{5}{5} (3x^3)^0 (2x^{-2})^5$$

$$\rightarrow 243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 720 + \frac{240}{x^5} + \frac{32}{x^{10}}$$

$$K = 243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 720 + \frac{240}{x^5} + \frac{32}{x^{10}} - (243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + \frac{240}{x^5} + \frac{32}{x^{10}})$$

tilibra

$$K = 720 \text{ Alternativa E}$$

7  $(2x+y)^5, x=1, y=1$

Soma  $\rightarrow (2+1)^5 = 3^5 = 243$

Alternativa C