## **GEORGIA HIGHLANDS COLLEGE**

## High School and College for Students with Disabilities:

## **Key Differences**

HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	
Applicable Laws		
<ul> <li>Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)</li> </ul>	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), Title II	
	Section 504 Subpart E of the Rehabilitation Act	
IDEA is about SUCCESS in school	ADA and 504 are about ACCESS, success is up to the student	
Required Documentation		
Individualized Education Program (IEP) and/or 504 Plan	High school IEP and 504 Plans expire after high school and are not sufficient. Documentation guidelines specify information needed for each category or disability	
<ul> <li>School provides evaluation at no cost</li> </ul>	Students must get evaluation at their own expense	
Documentation focuses on determining if student is eligible for services under one or more disability categories in IDEA	Documentation must provide information on specific functional limitations and demonstrate the need for specific accommodations	
Self – Advocacy		
<ul> <li>School staff identify the student as having a disability</li> </ul>	Student must self-identify to     Disability Support Services staff	
<ul> <li>School staff has primary responsibility for arranging accommodations.</li> </ul>	Student has responsibility for self- advocacy and arranging accommodations with staff of Student Support Services	
<ul> <li>Teachers approach you if they believe you need assistance.</li> </ul>	Professors can be open and helpful, but most expect students to	

	initiate contact at the start of the semester.	
Parental Role		
HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	
Parent has access to student records and can participate in the accommodation process	Parent does not have access to student records and cannot represent the student without the student's written consent	
Parent advocates for the student	Student advocates for self	
Instruction		
Teachers may modify curriculum and alter assignments as outlined in IEP	<ul> <li>Professors are not required to modify design or alter assignment deadlines</li> </ul>	
Students are expected to read short assignments that are discussed and often re-taught in class	Students are assigned substantial amounts of reading and writing which may not be directly addressed in class	
Students seldom need to read assignments more than once, often listening in class is enough	Students need to regularly review class notes and text material	
Grades and Tests		
IEP or 504 plan may include modifications to test format or grading	Grading and test format changes (e.g, multiple choice vs. essay) are generally not available.     Accommodations in HOW tests are given (e.g., extended time, test proctors) are available when supported by disability documentation.	
Testing frequently covers only small amounts of material	Testing is generally periodic and may be cumulative, covering large amounts of material	
Makeup tests are usually available	<ul> <li>Makeup tests are seldom an option; if they are, students are responsible for requesting them in advance</li> </ul>	

- Teachers often take time to remind students of assignments and due dates
- Professors expect students to read, save, and consult the course syllabus that describes course expectations, assignments and grading scale

## Study Responsibilities

Study Responsibilities	
HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE
Tutoring and study support may be a service provided as part of an IEP or 504 plan	<ul> <li>Tutoring DOES NOT fall under Disability Services. Students with disabilities must seek out tutoring resources available to all college students.</li> </ul>
School staff often structure students' time and expected assignments	Students structure their own time and assignments
Students may study outside class for as little as 0 to 2 hours a week and this may be mostly last-minute test preparation	<ul> <li>Students usually need to study at least 2 to 3 hours for each hour in class</li> <li>Students manage their own time and complete assignments independently</li> </ul>
Genera	al Differences
High school is an entitlement	College is a choice or privilege, a right to access
High school is mandatory and usually free	College is <b>voluntary</b> and costly
Others structure your time	You manage your own time
Permission is needed to participate in extracurricular activities	The decision to participate in co- curricular or extracurricular activities is yours
<ul> <li>Parents and teachers remind you of your responsibilities and assist you in setting priorities and goals</li> </ul>	Balancing your time and setting priorities is now your responsibility