



# Alerta Zika!

Venha explorar as soluções baseadas em dados para fazer frente ao Zika vírus os dias 02 y 03 de Dezembro en Lab.RIO.



# THE PROJECT

**Objective:** create a Rio de Janeiro map with a historical evolution of the Zika disease throughout time and temperature, including IDH (human development indicators) as social parameter.

**Target variable:** the coordinates (latitude and longitude), the dates that the cases occurred, temperature over the seasons and social development indicators of Rio regarding income, education level and longevity.

**Algorithm type:** griding





# THE PROJECT

**Hypothesis:** demonstrating the disease propagation pattern and their correlations throughout time, city areas and weather can show where and when the disease spreads and help the city officials decide the best ways to allocate resources, the social development indicator can provide insights about its impact on the spreading pattern.

**Relevant datasets:** Mosquito Borne Diseases; Dados de climaticos (temperatura, umidade, pressao); Atlas Brasil.

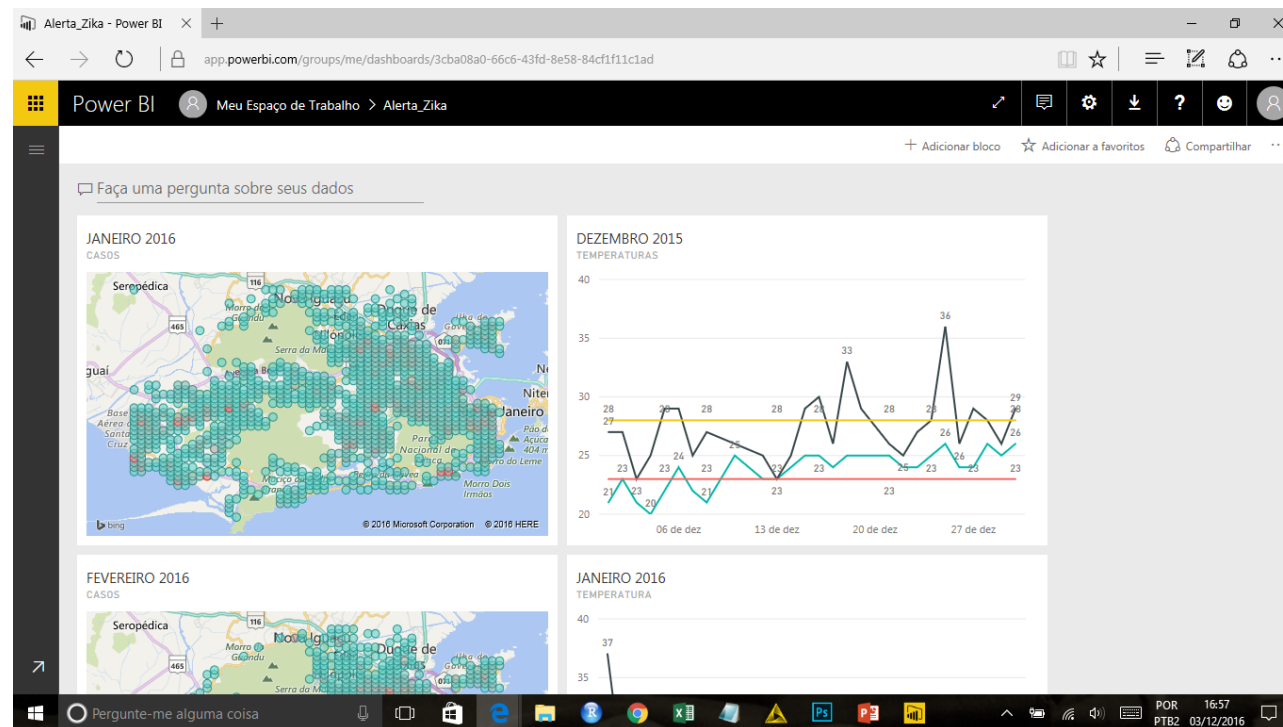
**Product:** a website showing the pattern in a visual and interactive way.

**Resources:** R Programming; Python; Knime; PowerBI; Pentaho.





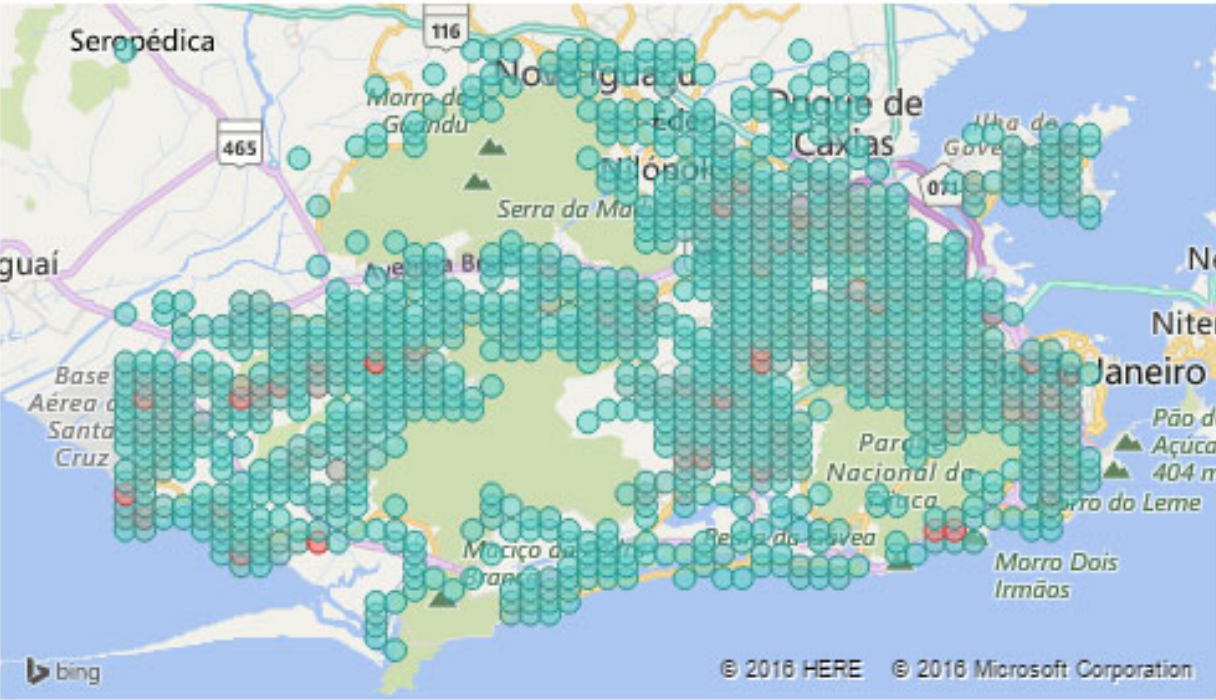
# EXPLORATORY ANALYSIS



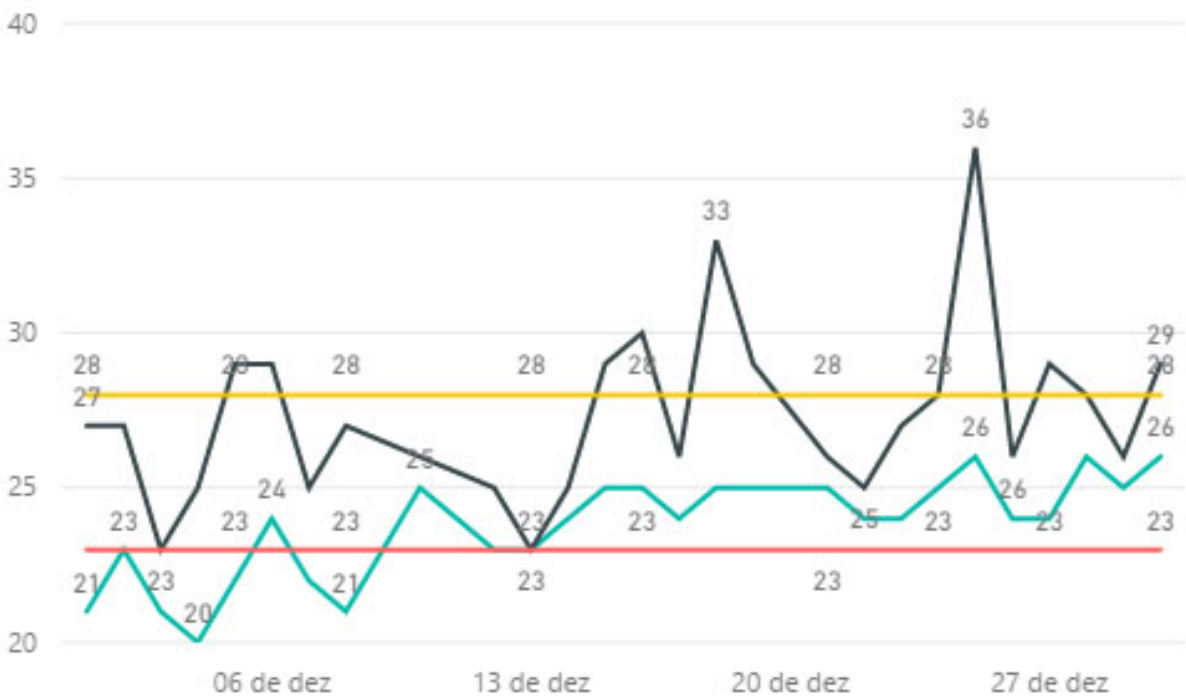
# Time-series analysis showing a correlation between temperature and number of cases



JANEIRO 2016  
CASOS



DEZEMBRO 2015  
TEMPERATURAS

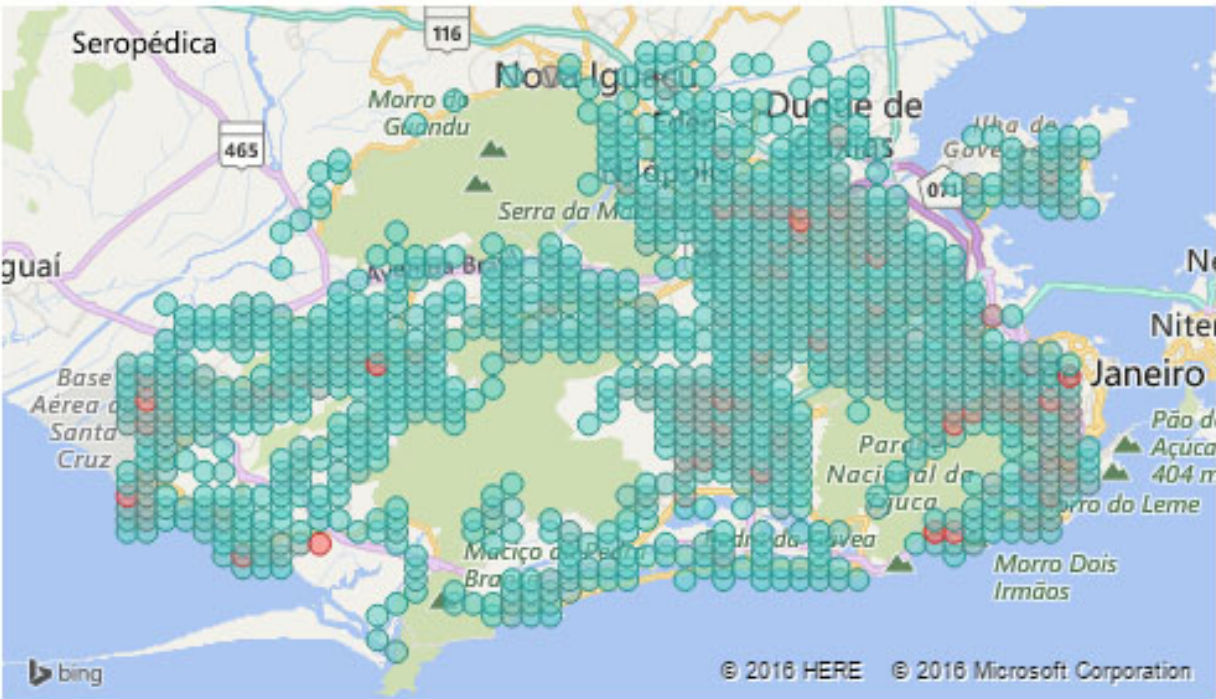




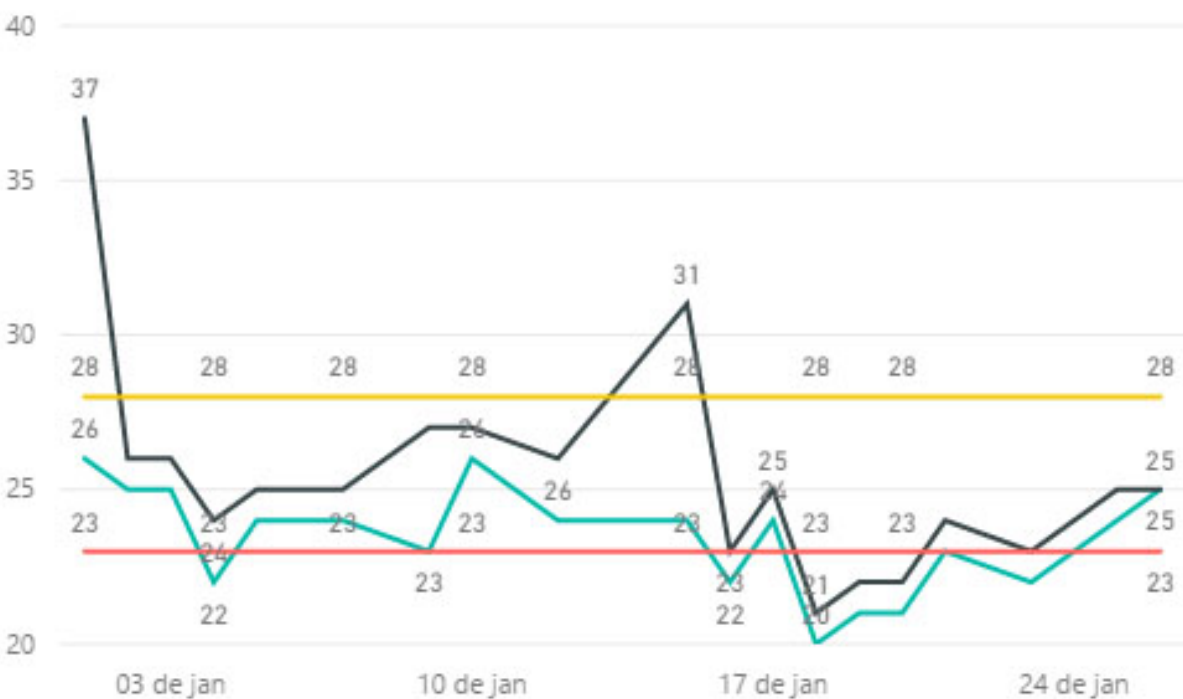
The *aedes aegypti* flourish in a temperature variation going from 23-Celsius degree to 28-Celsius degree (about 73 to 82-Fahrenheit)



FEVEREIRO 2016  
CASOS



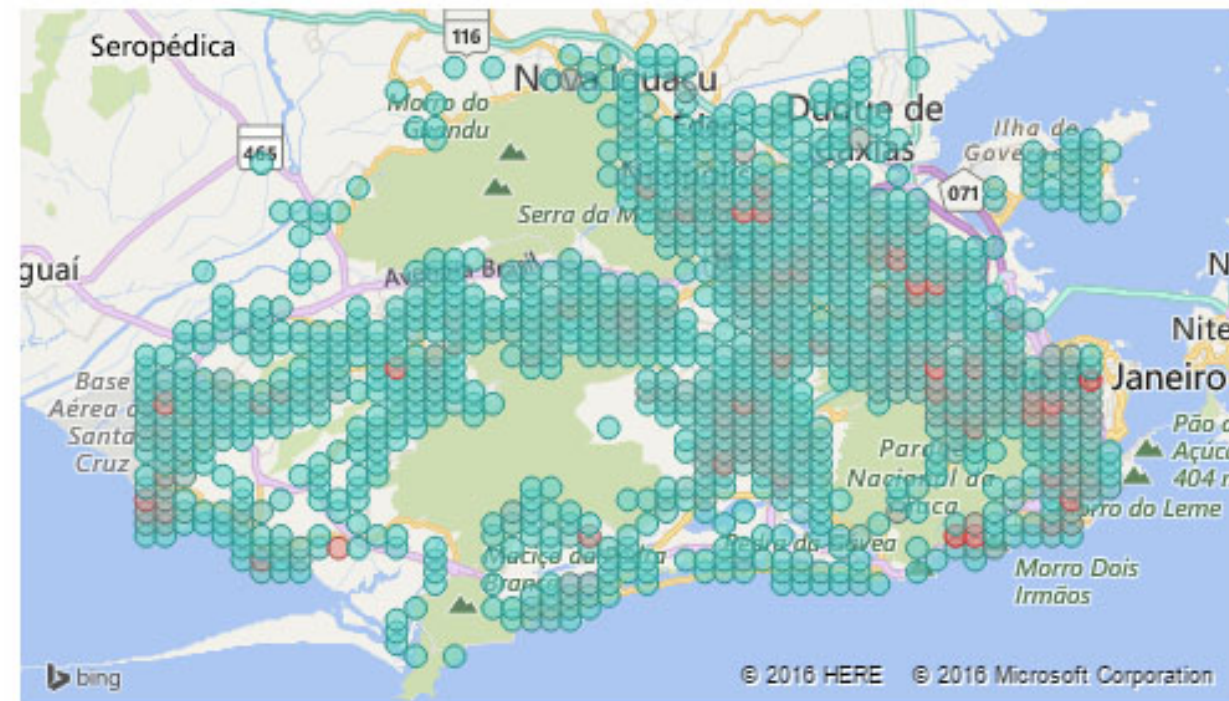
JANEIRO 2016  
TEMPERATURA





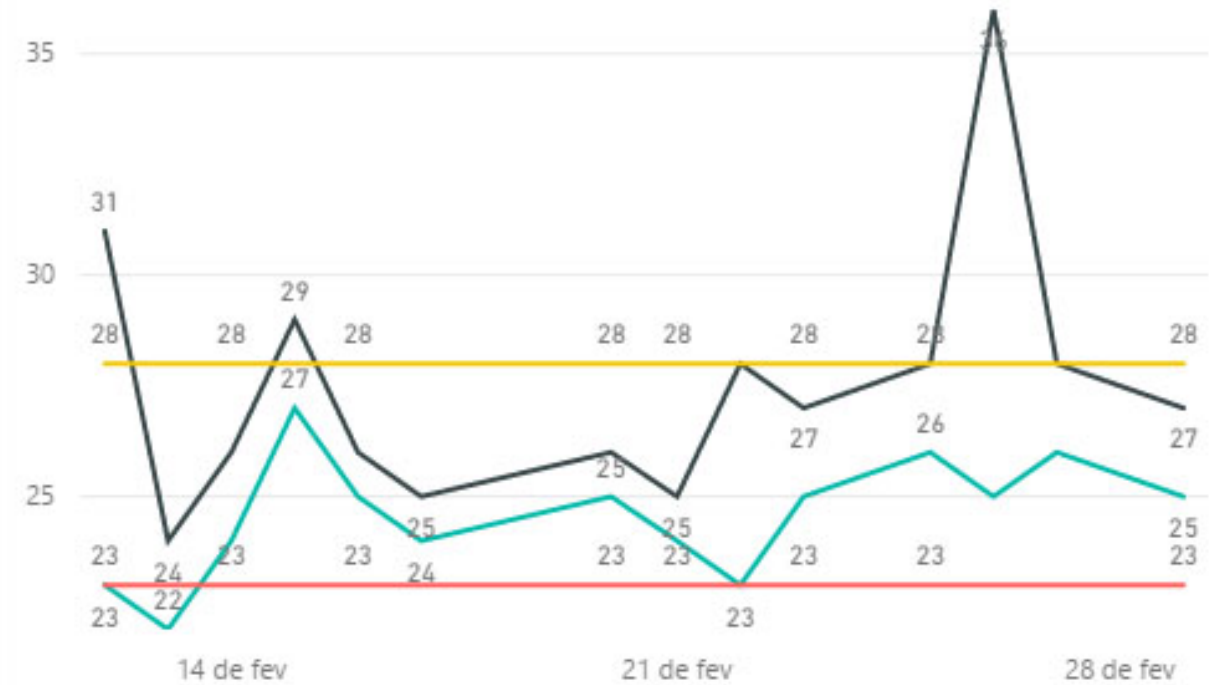
## MARÇO 2016

### CASOS



## FEVEREIRO 2016

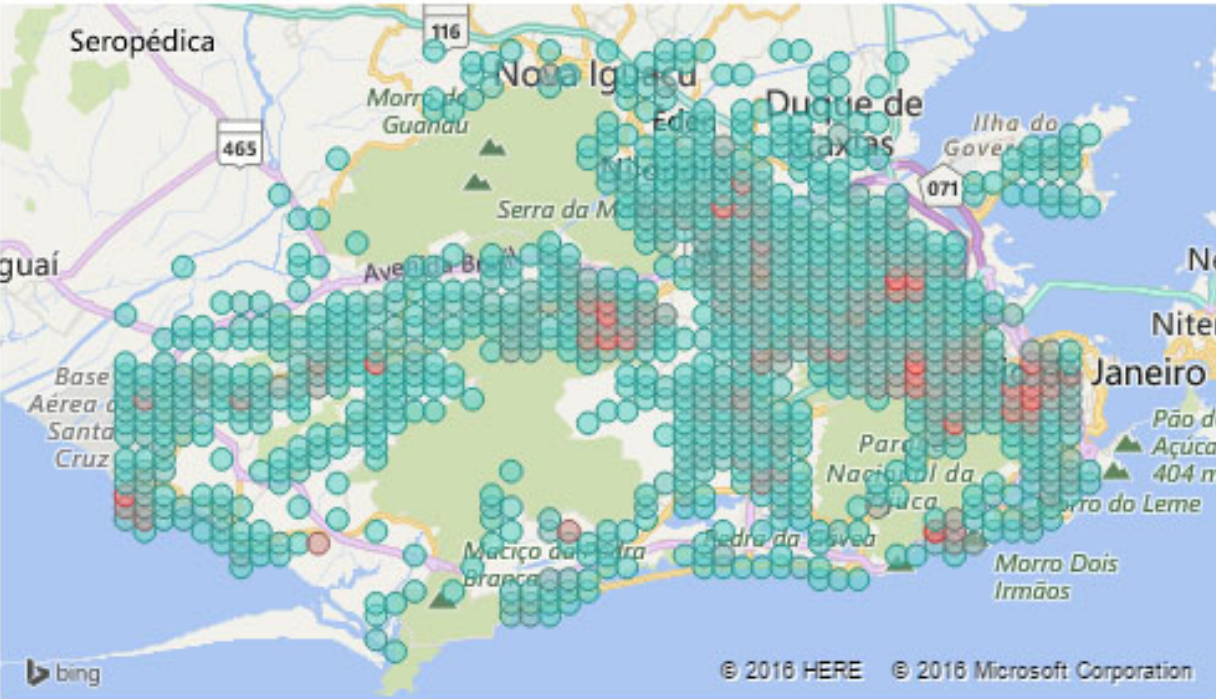
### TEMPERATURA



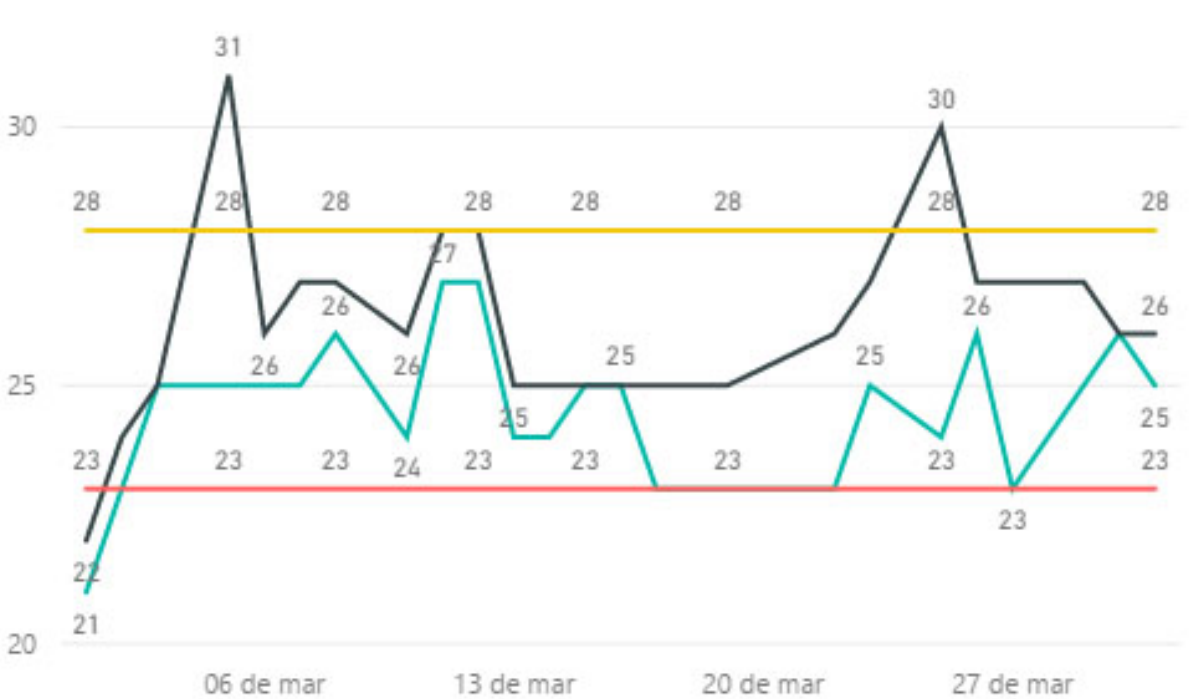




ABRIL 2016  
CASOS



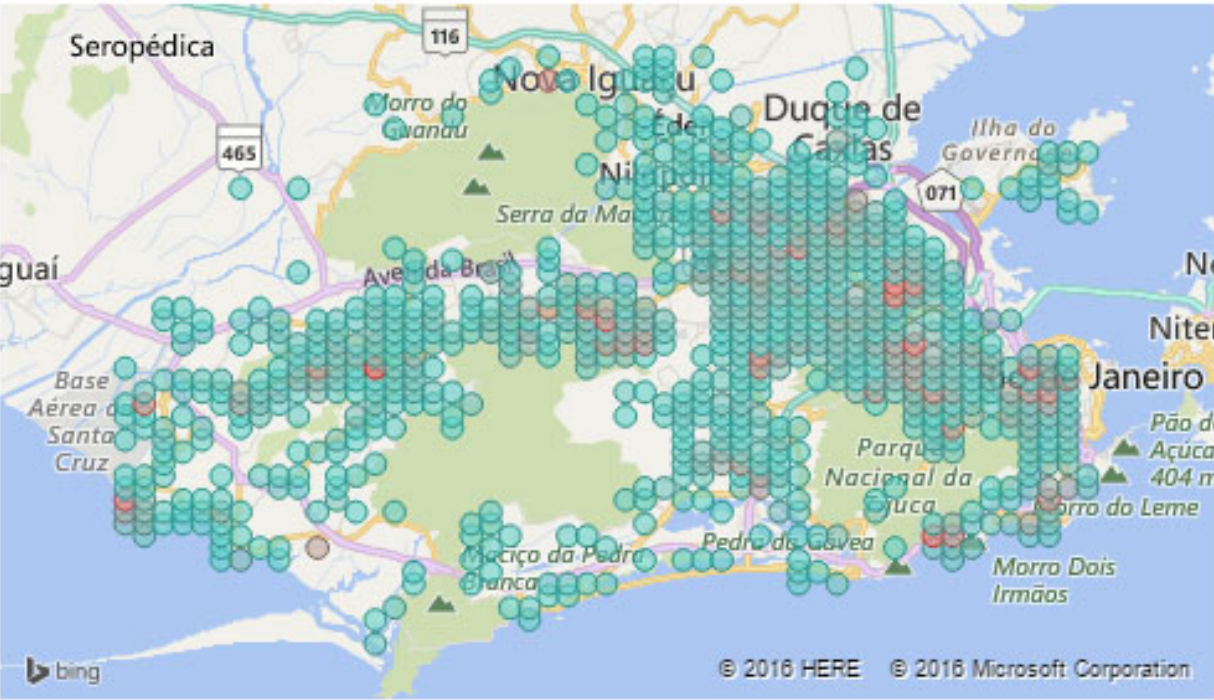
MARÇO 2016  
TEMPERATURA



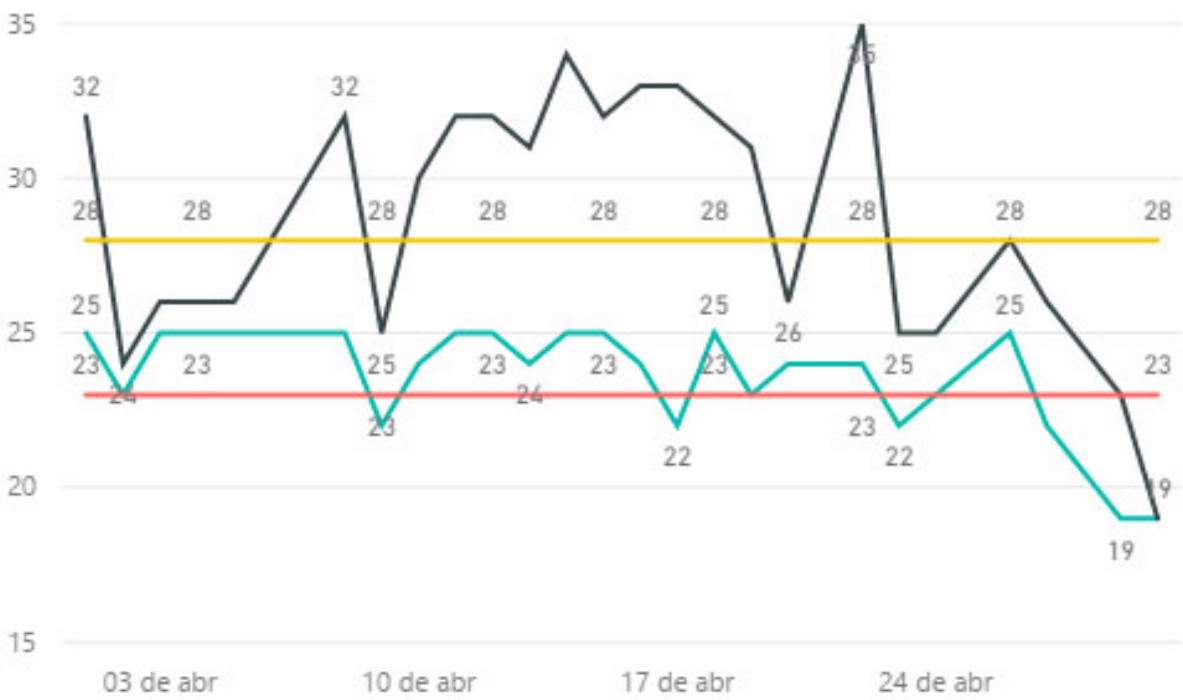




MAIO 2016  
CASOS



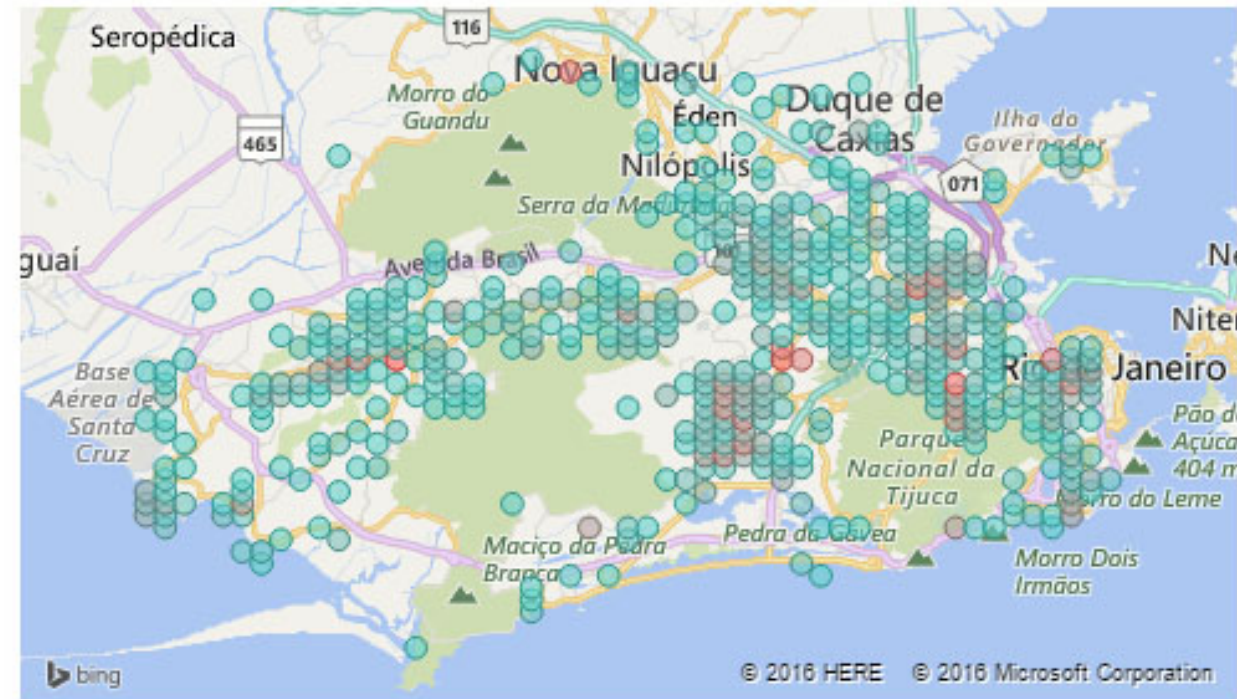
ABRIL 2016  
TEMPERATURA





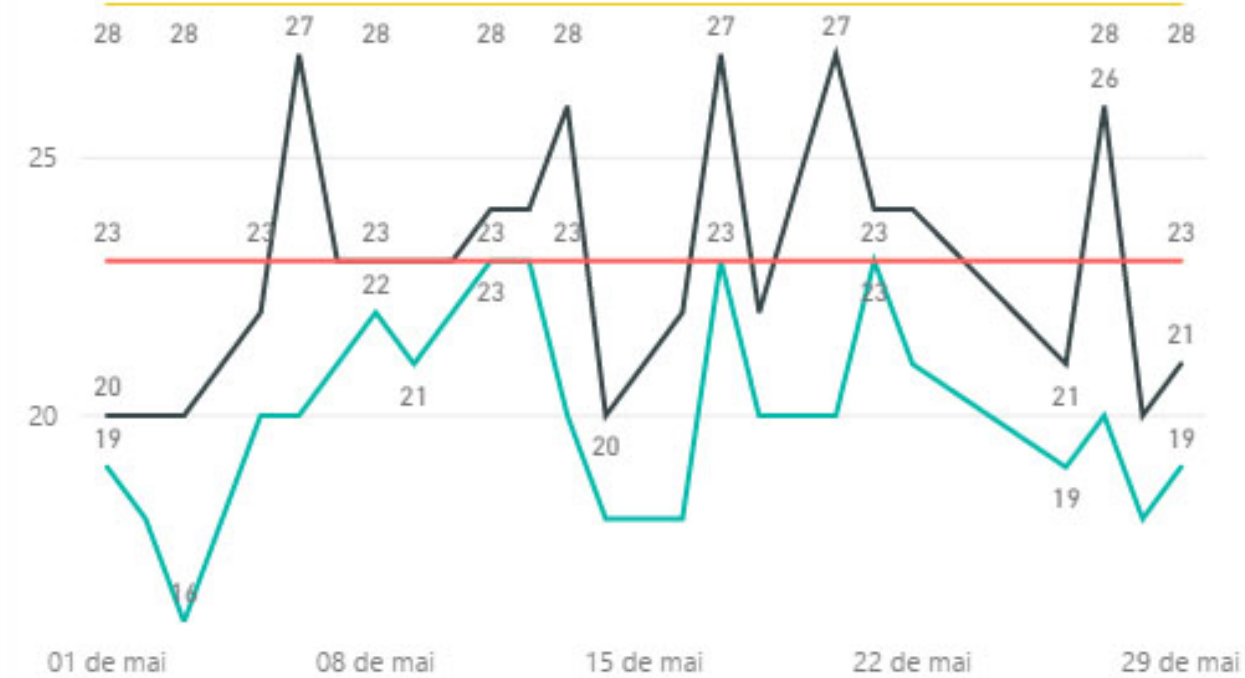
## JUNHO 2016

### CASOS



## MAIO 2016

### TEMPERATURA

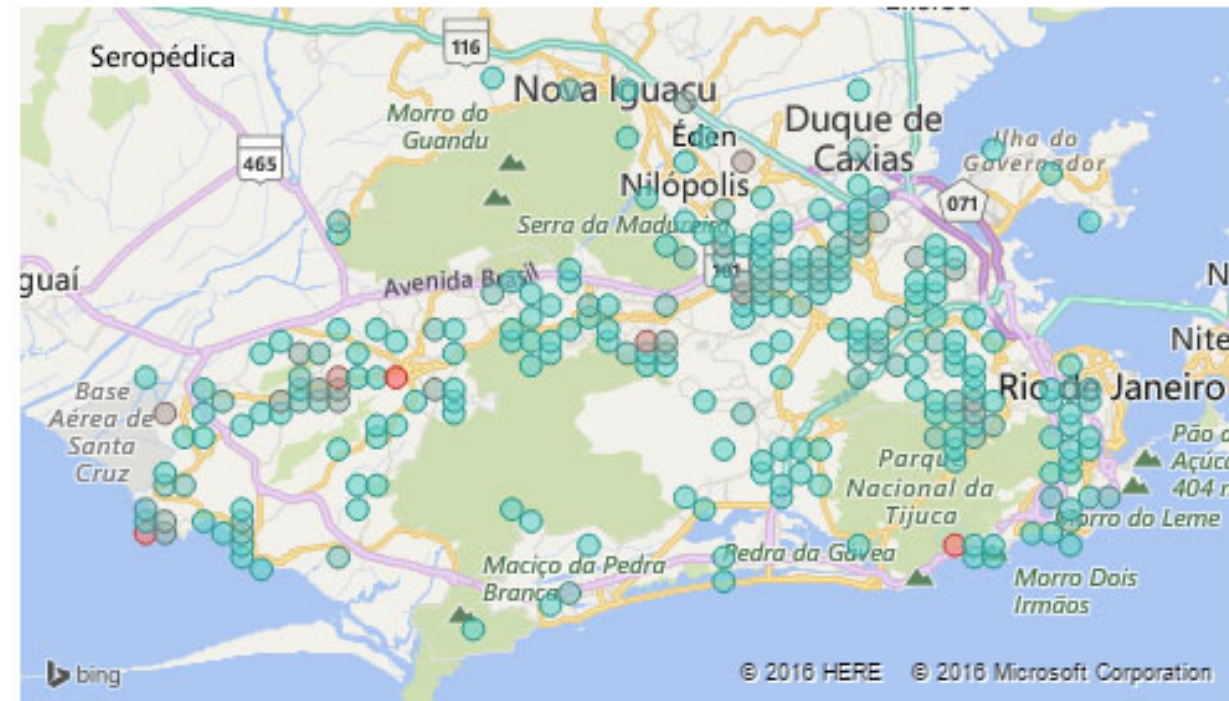






## JULHO 2016

### CASOS



## JUNHO 2016

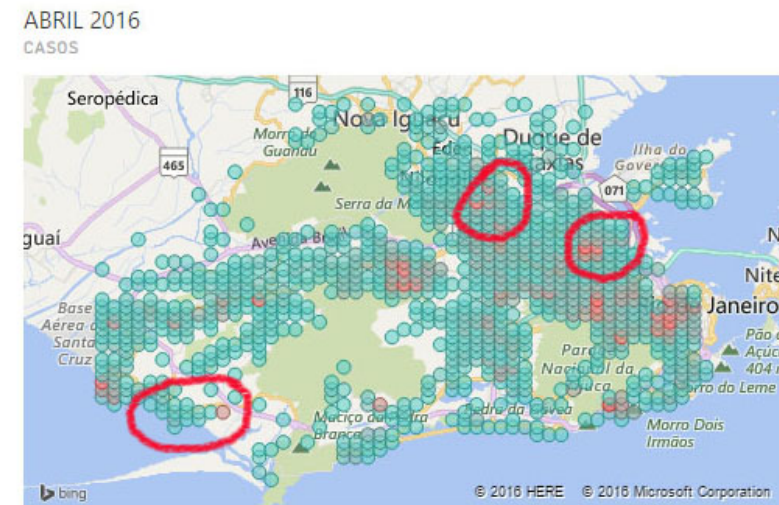
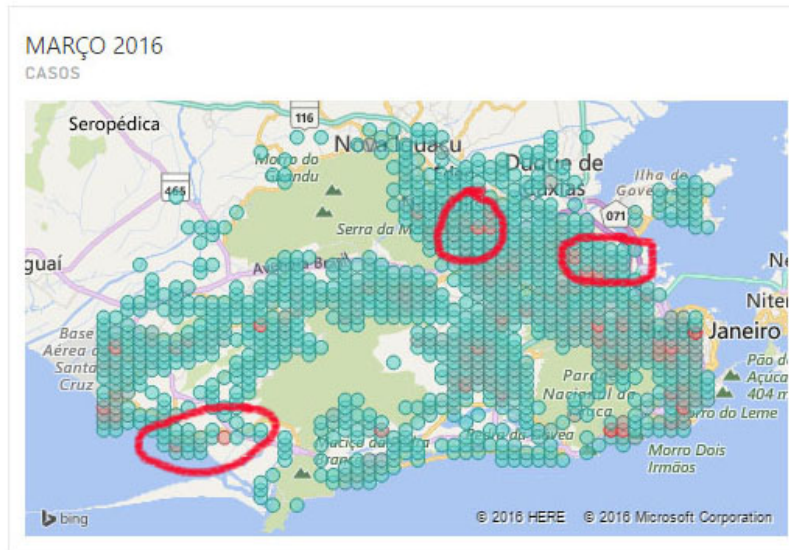
### TEMPERATURA



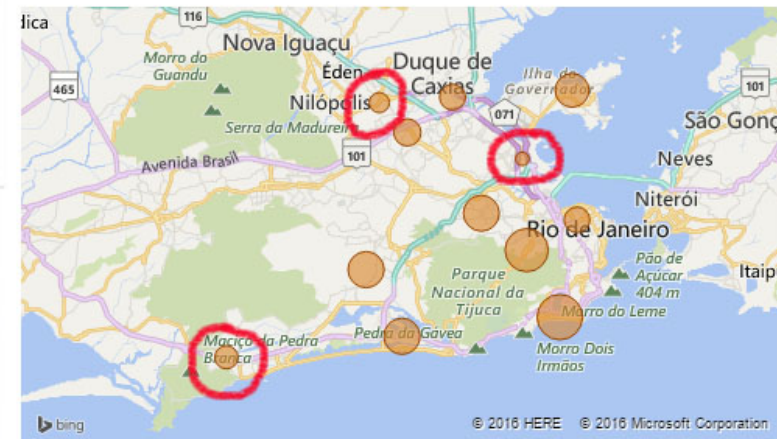
Some critical areas during the outbreak shared a similarity of low IDH coefficient  
The highlighted areas on the plots below correspond



to Maré,  
the far-north zone  
and the far-west  
zone of the city



IDH  
RENDIA / EDUCAÇÃO / LONGEVIDADE



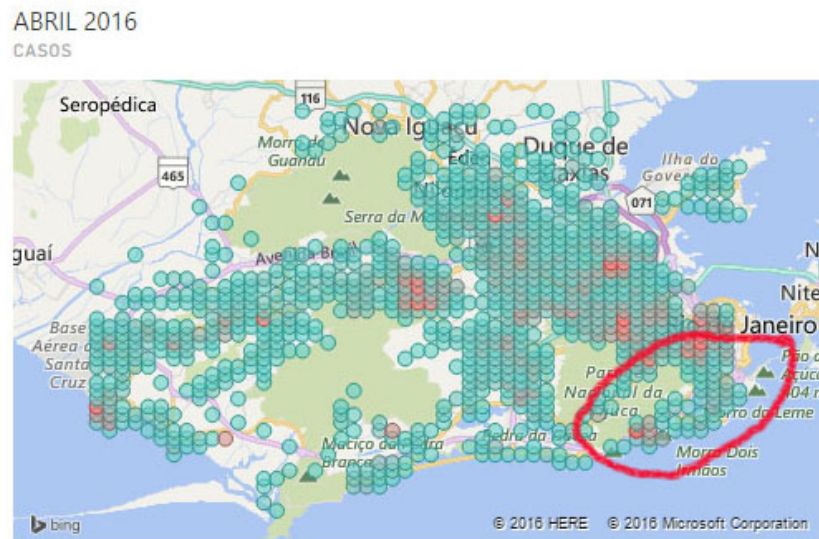
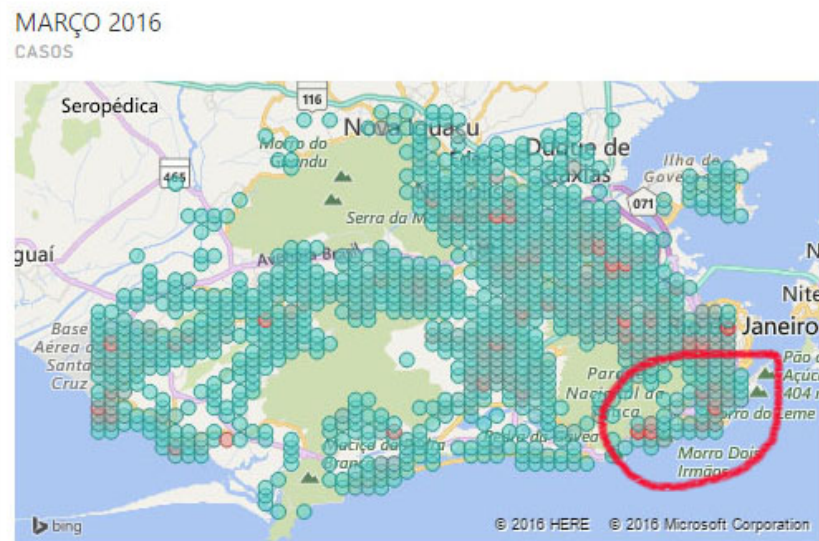


Comparing the south zone behavior, the wealthiest part of the city, although income seems not to be a social influence affecting the outbreak, there is a peculiarity to



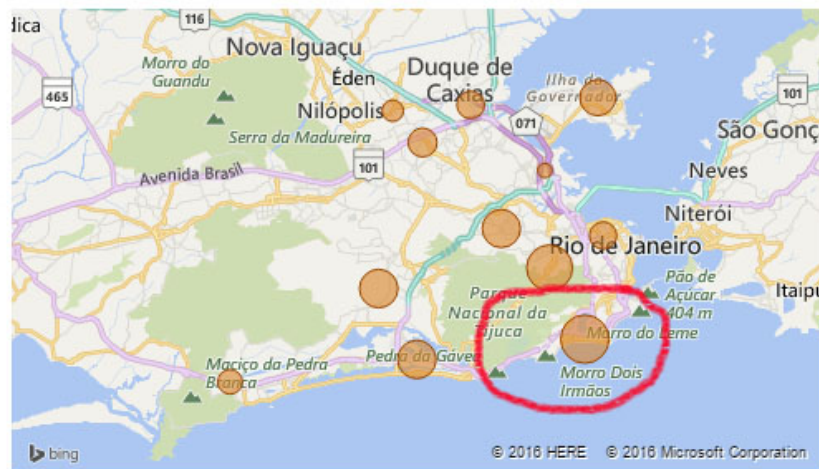
consider:

In this particular area, there is a huge economic disparity

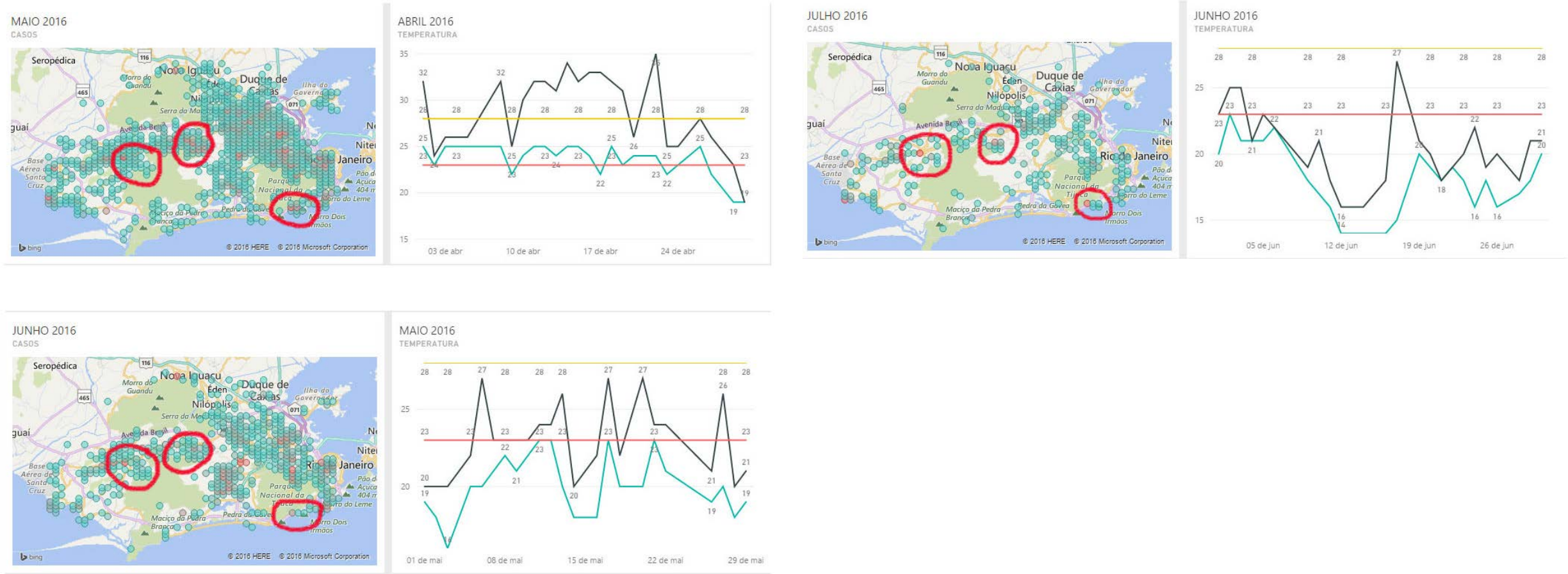


IDH

REND / EDUCAÇÃO / LONGEVIDADE



Even as the temperature dropped away of the 23 to 28-Celsius threshold, some areas kept appearing as the top score case holders





# MEANINGFUL INSIGHTS

- 1) The temperature from the previous month seems to affect the number of cases in the current month.
- 2) The social indicators (IDH) seems to count as an influence force in the areas with most number of cases during the outbreak
- 3) Some recurrent disease focus areas seems to grow around or close to woods and forests areas

GitHub Repo: <https://github.com/marcelo-tibau/alerta-zika>

