

Weather Impact Analysis

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Summary

We report the weather events impact on economic and population health in United States. The data collected from the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) storm database were analysed for this report. According to this analysis the greatest weather event affecting the population health is due to _____ which resulted in _____ deaths and _____ injuries each year. The _____ event caused the most economic impact where \$ in damages were estimated.

Intro

There is great interest in the research of weather events. Since the resources provided to avert critical events are limited, the information of the events with the most impact on the population must be known in order to prioritize available resources to the most critical scenarios first, and to invest in the forecast and warning of those events. In this report data collected from the National Weather Service (NWS). The specification of the columns of the datasets are specified at this [link](#). Due to time constraints many of the sources used to produce these data were unverified and we quote "Accordingly, the NWS does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the information", read this report with that information in mind.

Data Processing

Gathering and exploring Data

In order to investigate the economic and health impact of the weather events the following columns were selected:

1. PROPDMG - Property Damage
2. PROPDMGEXP - Scale (Exponent)
3. CROPDGMG - Crop Damage
4. CROPDGMGEXP - Scale (Exponent)
5. FATALITIES - Number of deaths
6. INJURIES - Number of injuries

The weather events registered by the EVTYPE columns are redundant. For example, "HEAT", "EXCESSIVE HEAT", "HIGH TEMPERATURE", all represents the same event. It is necessary to aggregate these events into the same category before beginning the analysis.

```
source("scale.R")
library(data.table)
library(ggplot2)
storm.complete=data.table(read.csv("resources/repdata_data_StormData.csv"))
mapset=getEvents(storm.complete)
storm=applyMapset(storm.complete,mapset)
```

The events were reduced into the following categories: WIND, TORNADO, HURRICANE|TYPHOON, HEAT, STORM, COLD, FLOOD, TSUNAMI, FIRE, HAIL, VOLCANIC, SUMMAR, SLEET, SNOW, RAIN, SEA, LANDSLIDE, LIGHTNING, WIND, FUNNEL CLOUD, WATERSPOUT, WET, DRY, AVALANCHE, BLIZZARD, FOG|SMOKE, DROWNING, SURF, SWELL, GUST, DAM, DUST, OTHER

It can be seen that some exponents were not accurately specified (“?”, “+”, “-”). There are considered to be 0.

```
levels(storm$CROPDMGEXP)
```

```
## [1] "" "?" "0" "2" "B" "k" "K" "m" "M"
```

```
levels(storm$PROPDMGEXP)
```

```
## [1] "" "-" "?" "+" "0" "1" "2" "3" "4" "5" "6" "7" "8" "B" "h" "H" "K"
## [18] "m" "M"
```

These scales are applied in order to obtain the top events impacts based on FATALITIES, TOTAL PROPERTY DAMAGE defined as the sum of CROP DAMAGE and PROPERTY DAMAGE and the number of AFFECTED PEOPLE defined as the sum of the number of FATALITIES and the number of people with INJURIES. Each quantity is grouped by each event:

```
storm$CROPDMG=ApplyScale(storm$CROPDMGEXP,storm$CROPDMG)
storm$PROPDMG=ApplyScale(storm$PROPDMGEXP,storm$PROPDMG)
TotalStorm=storm[,.(FATALITIES=sum(FATALITIES),INJURIES=sum(INJURIES),CROP_DAMAGE=sum(CROPDMG),PROPERTY_DAMAGE=sum(PROPDMG))
total=getTop("TOTAL",TotalStorm,T,5)
totalv=getTopValues("TOTAL",TotalStorm,5)
total
```

```
##      SOURCE TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE AFFECTED_PEOPLE FATALITIES
## 1:  TOTAL                FLOOD          TORNADO    TORNADO
## 2:  TOTAL      HURRICANE|TYPHOON          WIND      HEAT
## 3:  TOTAL                STORM          HEAT      FLOOD
## 4:  TOTAL                TORNADO          FLOOD    WIND
## 5:  TOTAL                WIND          LIGHTNING LIGHTNING
```

```
totalv
```

```
##      SOURCE TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE AFFECTED_PEOPLE FATALITIES
## 1:  TOTAL                180529000734          97043    5636
## 2:  TOTAL                90762527810          12949    3178
## 3:  TOTAL                73537420711          12421    1557
## 4:  TOTAL                57418279946          10238    1451
## 5:  TOTAL                20110518812           6048     817
```

On a first glance it seems that the FLOOD is the main cause of property damage and TORNADO has the main effect on peoples health.

To make sure that this analysis is reliable we visually explore the distribution of those events on each year:

```
library("cowplot")
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
## ggsave
```

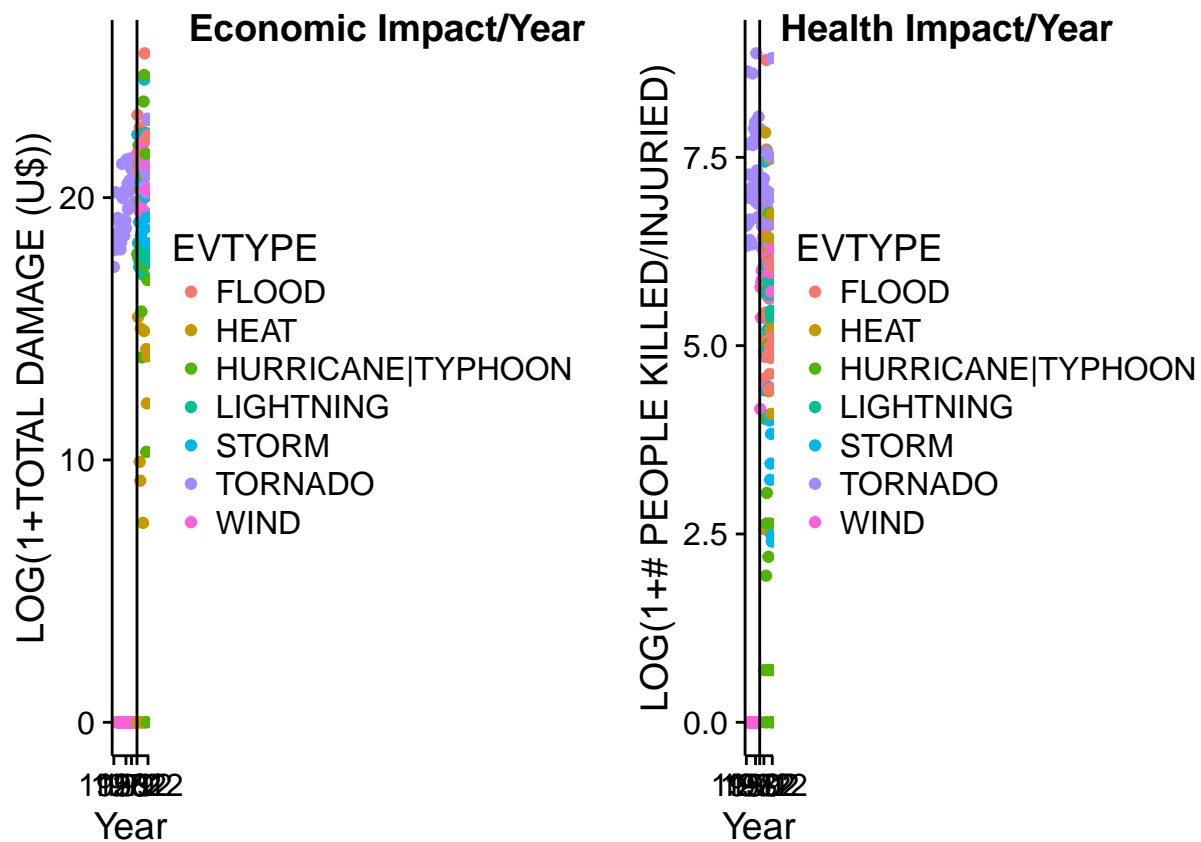
```
storm$Year=year(as.Date(gsub(" .*", "", as.character(storm$BGN_DATE)), format="%m/%d/%Y"))
TotalStormYear=storm[,.(FATALITIES=sum(FATALITIES), INJURIES=sum(INJURIES), CROP_DAMAGE=sum(CROPDMG), PROPERTY_DAMAGE=sum(PROPERTYDAMAGE))]
TotalStormYear[,TOTAL_DAMAGE:=CROP_DAMAGE+PROPERTY_DAMAGE]
TotalStormYear[,TOTAL_HEALTH_DAMAGE:= FATALITIES+INJURIES]

events=unique(as.array(as.matrix(total[,-1,with=FALSE]))[1:15])
datas=c("1950", "1972", "1982", "1992", "2012")
ndatas=as.numeric(datas)

plot_dmg=ggplot(data=TotalStormYear[EVTYPE %in% events], aes(x=Year, y=log(1+TOTAL_DAMAGE), colour=EVTYPE)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept=1992)

plot_health=ggplot(data=TotalStormYear[EVTYPE %in% events], aes(x=Year, y=log(1+TOTAL_HEALTH_DAMAGE), colour=EVTYPE)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept=1982) + ylab("LOG(1+# PEOPLE KILLED/INJURED)")

plot_grid(plot_dmg, plot_health, labels=c("Economic Impact/Year", "Health Impact/Year"), ncol = 2, nrow = 1)
```



It is clear from the data that the properties damages was recorded only for TORNADOS until 1992. Similarly weather related fatalities/injuries other than from TORNADOS were included only after 1982. Lets cut the data before 1992:

```

TotalStorm83=storm[Year >1982,.(FATALITIES=sum(FATALITIES),INJURIES=sum(INJURIES),CROP_DAMAGE=sum(CROPD
post82=getTop("POST 82 TOTAL",TotalStorm83,T,5)
post82v=getTopValues("POST 82 TOTAL",TotalStorm83,5)

TotalStorm93=storm[Year >1992,.(FATALITIES=sum(FATALITIES),INJURIES=sum(INJURIES),CROP_DAMAGE=sum(CROPD
post92=getTop("POST 92 TOTAL",TotalStorm93,T,5)
post92v=getTopValues("POST 92 TOTAL",TotalStorm93,5)

post82.92=post82
post82.92$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE=post92$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE
post82.92v=post82v
post82.92v$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE=post92v$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE
post82.92$SOURCE="POST 82/92"
post82.92v$SOURCE="POST 82/92"
post82.92

```

```

##          SOURCE TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE AFFECTED_PEOPLE FATALITIES
## 1: POST 82/92          FLOOD          TORNADO          HEAT
## 2: POST 82/92    HURRICANE|TYPHOON          WIND          TORNADO
## 3: POST 82/92          STORM          HEAT          FLOOD
## 4: POST 82/92          TORNADO          FLOOD          WIND
## 5: POST 82/92          WIND          LIGHTNING    LIGHTNING

```

```
post82.92v
```

```

##          SOURCE TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE AFFECTED_PEOPLE FATALITIES
## 1: POST 82/92          180529000734          36962          3178
## 2: POST 82/92          90762527810          12949          2161
## 3: POST 82/92          73537420711          12421          1557
## 4: POST 82/92          26820081376          10238          1451
## 5: POST 82/92          20110518812          6048          817

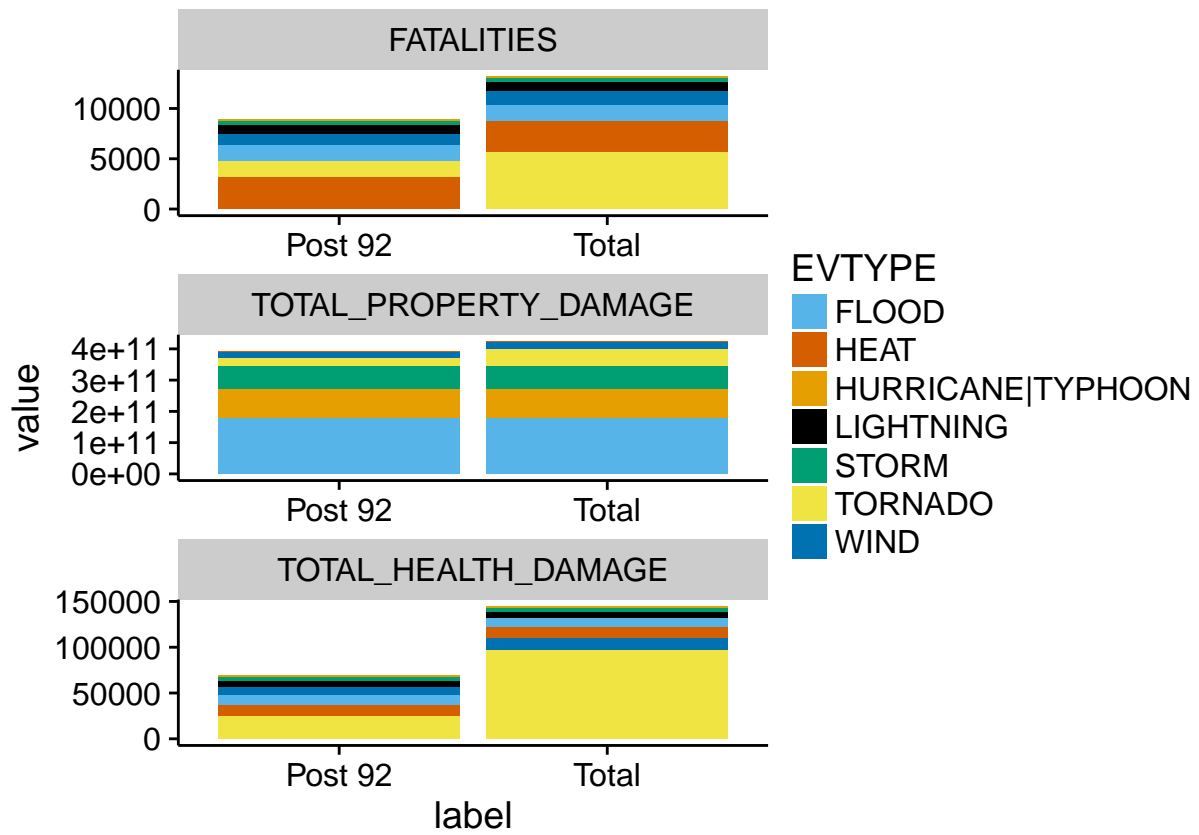
```

Now it appears that HEAT is the main cause of fatalities.

```

avgstorm=storm[Year>1992,.(FATALITIES=mean(FATALITIES),INJURIES=mean(INJURIES),CROP_DAMAGE=mean(CROPDMG
avg=getTop("POST 92 MEAN",avgstorm,F)
avgv=getTopValues("POST 92 MEAN",avgstorm)
results=rbind(post82.92,avg,total)
resultsv=rbind(post82.92v,avgv,totalv)
resultsv$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE=resultsv$TOTAL_PROPERTY_DAMAGE/10^9
colnames(resultsv)[2]="PROPERTY DAMAGE (BILLIONS OF US$)"
events=unique(as.array(as.matrix(results[,-1,with=FALSE]))[1:33])
short=TotalStorm[as.character(EVTYPE) %in% events,c(1,2,6,7),with=F]
short$label="Total"
short93=TotalStorm93[as.character(EVTYPE) %in% events,c(1,2,6,7),with=F]
short93$label="Post 92"
shorts=rbind(short,short93)
mr=melt(shorts,id.vars=c("label", "EVTYPE"))
setorder(mr,-value)
cbbPalette <- c("#56B4E9","#D55E00","#E69F00", "#000000", "#009E73", "#F0E442", "#0072B2", "#CC79A7")
ggplot(data=mr,aes(x=label,y=value,fill=EVTYPE,order=value)) + geom_bar(stat="identity")+facet_wrap(~va

```



Results