# IF3111 – Kalkulus Relasional Tuple

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#### **Tuple Relational Calculus**

 A nonprocedural query language, where each query is of the form

 $\{t \mid P(t)\}$ 

- It is the set of all tuples t such that predicate P is true for t
- *t* is a *tuple variable*, *t*[*A*] denotes the value of tuple *t* on attribute *A*
- $t \in r$  denotes that tuple t is in relation r
- P is a formula similar to that of the predicate calculus



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#### Predicate Calculus Formula

- 1. Set of attributes and constants
- 2. Set of comparison operators: (e.g., <,  $\le$ , =,  $\neq$ , >,  $\ge$ )
- 3. Set of connectives: and  $(\land)$ , or  $(\lor)$ , not  $(\neg)$
- 4. Implication ( $\Rightarrow$ ):  $x \Rightarrow y$ , if x is true, then y is true

$$X \Rightarrow y \equiv \neg X \lor y$$

- 5. Set of quantifiers:
  - $\exists t \in r (Q(t)) \equiv$  "there exists" a tuple in t in relation r such that predicate Q(t) is true
  - $\forall t \in r (Q(t)) \equiv Q$  is true "for all" tuples t in relation r

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#### Banking Example

- branch (branch-name, branch-city, assets)
- customer (customer-name, customer-street, customer-city)
- account (account-number, branch-name, balance)
- Ioan (Ioan-number, branch-name, amount)
- depositor (customer-name, account-number)
- borrower (customer-name, loan-number)



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- Find the *loan-number*, *branch-name*, and *amount* for loans of over \$1200
- Find the loan number for each loan of an amount greater than \$1200

Notice that a relation on schema [loan-number] is implicitly defined by the query



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• Find the names of all customers having a loan, an account, or both at the bank

Find the names of all customers who have a loan and an account at the bank



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 Find the names of all customers having a loan at the Perryridge branch

Find the names of all customers who have a loan at the Perryridge branch, but no account at any branch of the bank



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 Find the names of all customers having a loan from the Perryridge branch, and the cities they live in



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• Find the names of all customers who have an account at all branches located in Brooklyn:



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#### Safety of Expressions

- It is possible to write tuple calculus expressions that generate infinite relations.
- For example,  $\{t \mid \neg t \in r\}$  results in an infinite relation if the domain of any attribute of relation r is infinite
- To guard against the problem, we restrict the set of allowable expressions to safe expressions.
- An expression {t | P(t)} in the tuple relational calculus is safe if every component of t appears in one of the relations, tuples, or constants that appear in P
  - NOTE: this is more than just a syntax condition.
    - E.g. { *t* | *t*[*A*]=5 ∨ **true** } is not safe --- it defines an infinite set with attribute values that do not appear in any relation or tuples or constants in *P*.



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