Laboratory 1

Source Code

```
#include "stdio.h"
#include "stdlib.h"
#include "math.h"
#include "string.h"
void plot( char *input_file , char *output_file )
  FILE *gnuplot;
  gnuplot = popen("gnuplot", "w");
  if( output_file )
    fprintf(gnuplot, "set_term_svg\n");
    fprintf(gnuplot, "set\_out\_\"\%s\" \ " \ output\_file );
  fprintf(gnuplot, "plot_\"%s\"_with_dots\n", input_file);
  fflush (gnuplot);
  fclose (gnuplot);
}
double example_function ( double param, double point )
  return pow(point,3) - 3*pow(point,2) + (5-param)*point - 2 + param;
void bifurcation_diagram (int param_min, int param_max, double param_step,
             int point_min, int point_max, int num_points,
             double (*f)(double, double), int num_iter, int tolerancy)
  FILE* file;
  double param, point;
  int i, j;
  srand (time (NULL));
  file = fopen("data.dat", "w");
  for ( param = param_min; param < param_max; param += param_step )
    for (i = 0; i < num\_points; i++)
      point = point_min + ((double) rand() / (double) RANDMAX) * (point_max-
         point_min);
      for (j = 0; j < num\_iter \&\& abs(point) < tolerancy; j++)
        point = (*f)(param, point);
      if(abs(point) < tolerancy)</pre>
        fprintf(file, "%lf_%lf\n", param, point);
    }
  plot( "data.dat", "graph.svg" );
```

```
Example
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
   bifurcation_diagram( 0, 5, 10e-3, 0, 5, 100, &example_function, 100, 10e1);
   return 0;
}
```

