

1. Linear dynamical systems
Linear

Let:

- (\mathbb{R}^n, f) euclidean functional dynamical system

Then, (\mathbb{R}^n, f) is linear if:

- $\exists A \in \mathcal{M}_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R})$:
- $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^n$:
- $f(x) = Ax$

Invariant curve

Let:

- γ differentiable curve
- $p \in \mathbb{R}^n$

Then, γ is invariant if:

- $\forall x \in \gamma^*$:
- $o(x) \subset \gamma^*$

Then, γ is converges to p if:

- $\forall x \in \gamma^*$:
- $o(x) \xrightarrow{n} p$