block name 1

1. Orbit analysis

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Let:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \cdot & f : \mathbb{R} & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{R} \\ x & \longmapsto & x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x \end{array}$$

Study:

 \cdot Orbit behavior of the real dynamical system defined by f

Demonstration:

Formalization:

Consider (M, T, ϕ) where:

$$M = \mathbb{R}$$

$$T = \mathbb{N}$$

$$\phi : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$(x,n) \longmapsto f^n(x)$$

Study the orbits of $(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{N}, \phi)$

We will denote $f^n(x)$ as x_n

Fixed points:

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$
:

$$f(x) = x \leftrightarrow x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x - x = 0 \leftrightarrow x^3 - \frac{3}{4}x = 0$$

$$\leftrightarrow x = 0 \lor x^2 - \frac{3}{4} = 0$$

$$x \text{ fixed point } \leftrightarrow x \in \{0, \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\}$$

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Graphic analysis:

Parity:

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$f(-x) = (-x)^3 + \frac{(-x)}{4} = -(x^3 + \frac{x}{4}) = -f(x)$$

f is odd

Monotonicity:

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{1}{4} > 0$$

f is increasing over $\mathbb R$

Convexity:

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^-$:

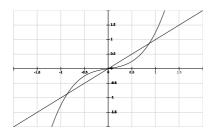
$$f''(x) = 6x \le 0$$

 $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+$:

$$f''(x) = 6x \ge 0$$

f is concave over \mathbb{R}^- and convex over \mathbb{R}^+

${\bf Graphic\ representation:}$



$$\underline{\mathbf{I}} \ \ \forall \ x \in (-\infty, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$$
:

Induction over n:

$$f \text{ incresing } \rightarrow f(x_n) < f(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

 $x_{n+1} \in (-\infty, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$

$$\therefore$$
) $o(x)$ is enclosed in $(-\infty, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$

Induction over n:

$$x_n^2 > \frac{3}{4} \to \left(x_n^2 - \frac{3}{4}\right) > 0$$

$$x_{n+1} - x_n = x_n^3 - \frac{3}{4}x_n = x_n\left(x_n^2 - \frac{3}{4}\right) < 0$$

 \therefore) o(x) decreasing

$$\nexists x < -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 , $x \text{ fixed point } \to o(x) \xrightarrow{n} -\infty$

II
$$\forall x \in (-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0)$$
:

Induction over n:

$$f ext{ increasing } \rightarrow f(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) < f(x_n) < f(0)$$

$$x_{n+1} \in (-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0)$$

 \therefore) o(x) is enclosed in $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2},0\right)$

Induction over n:

$$x_n^2 < \frac{3}{4} \to (x_n^2 - \frac{3}{4}) < 0$$
$$x_{n+1} - x_n = x_n^3 - \frac{3}{4}x_n = x_n(x_n^2 - \frac{3}{4}) > 0$$

 \therefore) o(x) increasing

$$o(x)$$
 convergent $\wedge 0$ fixed point $\rightarrow o(x) \xrightarrow{n} 0$

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III
$$\forall x \in (0, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$$
:

Induction over n:

$$-x_n \in \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0\right)$$

$$\coprod f(-x_n) \in \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0\right) \land f(-x_n) > -x_n$$

$$f \text{ odd } \to f(x_n) = -f(-x_n) \in \left(0, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$f \text{ odd } \to f(x_n) = -f(-x_n) < x_n$$

$$\therefore) o(x) \text{ is enclosed in } \left(0, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \land o(x) \text{ decreasing}$$

$$o(x) \text{ convergent } \land 0 \text{ fixed point } \to o(x) \xrightarrow{n} 0$$

 $I\underline{\mathbf{V}} \quad \forall \ x \in \mathbb{R} \quad _{\shortparallel} \ x > \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}:$

Induction over n:

$$-x_n \in \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$\underline{I} \to f(-x_n) \in \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \infty\right) \land f(-x_n) < -x_n$$

$$f \text{ odd } \to f(x_n) = -f(-x_n) \in \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$f \text{ odd } \to f(x_n) = -f(-x_n) > x_n$$

 \therefore) o(x) is inf bounded by in $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \wedge o(x)$ increasing o(x) convergent

$$\nexists x > \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 " $x \text{ fixed point } \rightarrow o(x) \xrightarrow{n} +\infty$