Laboratory 1

I. Bifurcation Theory

Bifurcation diagram

Let:

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$(a,x) \longmapsto x^3 - 3x^2 + (5-a)x - 2 + a$$

 $\cdot \ \forall \ a \in \mathbb{R} :$

$$f_a: \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

 $x \longmapsto x^3 - 3x^2 + (5-a)x - 2 + a$

Study:

· Bifurcations of
$$(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{N}, \{f_a\}_{a \in \mathbb{R}})$$

Start:

Fixed points:

$$f_a(x) = x \leftrightarrow x^3 - 3x^2 + (4 - a)x - 2 + a = 0 \leftrightarrow (x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 2 - a) = 0$$

$$\leftrightarrow x = 1 \lor x^2 - 2x + 2 - a = 0 \leftrightarrow x \in \{1, 1 \pm \sqrt{a - 1}\}$$

 $\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \quad a \leq 1$:

$$Fix(f_a) = \{1\}$$

 $\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \quad a > 1$:

$$Fix(f_a) = \{1, 1 \pm \sqrt{a-1}\}$$

Stability:

$$\partial_x f(a, x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 5 - a$$

$$\partial_{x^2} f(a, x) = 6x - 6$$

$$\partial_{x^3} f(a,x) = 6$$

$$|\partial_x f(a,1)| < 1 \leftrightarrow |2-a| < 1 \leftrightarrow a \in (1,3)$$

$$\partial_{x^2} f(1,1) = 0, \ \partial_{x^3} f(1,1) > 0$$

$$\partial_{x^2} f(3,1) = 0$$
, $\partial_{x^3} f(3,1) > 0$

 $\forall \ a \in (1,3) :$

1 attractive

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus (1,3)$$
:

1 repulsive

 $\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \mid a > 1$:

$$\left| \partial_x f(a, 1 \pm \sqrt{a-1}) \right| = \left| 2a - 1 \right| > 1$$

 $1 \pm \sqrt{a-1}$ repulsive

Pitchfork bifurcation at 1:

$$\partial_a f(1,1) = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$\partial_{x^2} f(1,1) = 6 - 6 = 0$$

$$\partial_{ax} f(1,1) = -1 \neq 0$$

$$\partial_{x^3} f(1,1) = 6 \neq 0$$

Period-doubling bifurcation at 3:

$$\partial_a f(3,1) = 0 \rightarrow \partial_a f^2(3,1) = 0$$

$$\partial_{x^2} f(3,1), \partial_{x^2} f^2(3,1) = 0 \rightarrow \partial_a f^2(3,1) = 0$$

$$\partial_{ax} f^2(3,1) = 2 \neq 0$$

$$\partial_{x^3} f^2(3,1) = -12 \neq 0$$

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Source Code

```
#include "stdio.h"
#include "stdlib.h"
#include "math.h"
#include "string.h"
void plot( char *input_file , char *output_file )
  FILE *gnuplot;
  gnuplot = popen("gnuplot", "w");
  if( output_file )
    fprintf(gnuplot, "set_term_svg\n");
    fprintf(gnuplot, "set_out_\"%s\"\n", output_file );
  fprintf(gnuplot, "plot_\"%s\"_with_dots\n", input_file);
  fflush (gnuplot);
  fclose (gnuplot);
double example_function ( double param, double point )
{
  return pow(point,3) - 3*pow(point,2) + (5-param)*point - 2 + param;
void bifurcation_diagram ( int param_min, int param_max, double param_step,
 int point_min, int point_max, int num_points,
 double (*f)(double,double), int num_iter, int tolerancy)
  FILE* file;
  double param, point;
  int i,j;
  srand (time (NULL));
  file = fopen("data.dat", "w");
  for ( param = param_min; param < param_max; param += param_step )</pre>
    for (i = 0; i < num\_points; i++)
      point = point_min + ((double) rand() / (double) RANDMAX) * (point_max-
          point_min);
      for ( j = 0; j < num_iter && abs(point) < tolerancy; j++)
        point = (*f)(param, point);
      if (abs(point) < tolerancy)
        fprintf(file, "%lf \%lf \n", param, point);
    }
  plot( "data.dat", "graph.svg");
```

```
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
  bifurcation_diagram( 0, 5, 10e-3, 0, 5, 100, &example_function, 100, 10e1);
  return 0;
}
```

Bifurcation Diagram

