FileXfer File Transfer Jobs

Revision 0.0.1 (July 12, 2016)

Abstract

The FileXfer application is a system for automated file transfer jobs for copying files. "There are 3 applications that make up the usage collection framework: filexfer, which does the actual file transfers; filexfer-jobmonitor, which is configured to monitor various aspects of jobs and create NMS alarms when necessary; and filexfer-dataloader, which bulk-loads file data into database tables. There are also house-keeping scripts called filexfer-filearchive, which keeps files in the data directory pruned and compressed, and filexfer-fileunarchive, which allows files to be pulled out of the archive so filexfer jobs can work with them again." 1

¹Usage Collection Framework (filexfer)

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${\rm FileXfer}$

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List of Definitions and Abbreviations

• MOA - Municipality of Anchorage

FileXfer INTRODUCTION

Introduction 1

FileXfer is a custom application that GCI OSS built whose primary purpose is to transfer files from point A to point B (most of the time via point C/itself). It can also be used to load the collected data into a database if the data fits within the constraints of MySQL Load Data Infile SQL Syntax. It supports FTP and SFTP for both gets and puts, and it also has limited support for HTTP gets (this feature is used to collect weather camera images off of the Terra mountain top sites for the FAA).²

FileXfer can also be used to prune the source server's target files to a certain number of days. And while the default is to keep the source file time, this feature can be toggle off on a per job basis, resulting in the files having the transfer time instead as some customers prefer to know when the file was dropped off and not when the file was generated. For performance reasons there is a cutoff feature as well which defaults to 5 days for new jobs. FileXfer will not look more than the cutoff days back to see if a file should be collected and/or exported. FileXfer jobs are also capable of running in audit mode, in which FileXfer will log all of the transfers but it won't physically transfer anything. This feature can be useful to get a feed caught up without transfering a bunch of files around if for whatever reason the backlog of files doesn't need to be processed by any customers.

FileXfer logs all file transfers and any errors. However, it is not considered an error if there are no files to collect. FileXfer also supports monitoring of transfer jobs, and can generate an alert for any reason that you can articulate with SQL. Some examples include late and/or missing files, load queue too large, file too small, no files transferred for a certain interval, etc. The monitoring supports internal only alerts, TAC visibile alerts, and/or emailing the alerts. The email feature also supports sending of texts to cell phones.

FileXfer will re-transfer a file if either the size and/or source file time changes, as that signals something about the file has changed. Some feeds leverage this concept as they may use a static filename in which the data is simply re-writen to same exact file at regular intervals.

The main FileXfer app server is prod-prov4-cdr1.operations.gci.com (192.168.161.47). The "ACS" / Project Seward FileXfer app server (which contains only ACS/Project Serward related jobs) is the SPS2 OSS Test app server, osstest-em-provisioning.operations.gci.com (192.168.56.4; public IP 66.223.155.33).

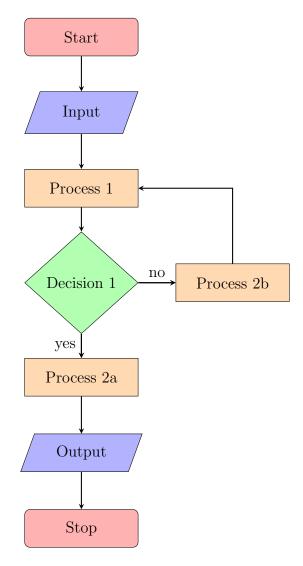
Created July 12, 2016 from filexfer.tex (sha-1: 0292548) by Raymond E. Marcil <rmarcil@gci.com>

²FileXfer.txt:3, GCI Network Services, OSS Mark Blum, Spring 2016

FileXfer DESIGN

2 Design

[FIXME: Need data here...]



[FIXME: Customize flowchart FileXfer]

FileXfer

DESIGN

3 Schema

The main FileXfer database server is sadc-cdr-mysql1.operations.gci.com (192.68.56.189) and the ACS/Project Seward FileXfer database server is the SPS2 OSS Test database server, osstest-db-provisioning.operations.gci.com (192.168.69.149). For both database servers the FileXfer database is called filexfer.³

Here's a breakdown of the tables:

```
[mblum@development-mark ~]$ mysql -h sadc-cdr-mysql1 -sss \
-e "USE filexfer; SHOW TABLES"

DATABASECHANGELOG

DATABASECHANGELOGLOCK
errors
joblogs
jobs
loadjobs
loadqueue
logs
monitors
```

DATABASECHANGELOG DATABASECHANGELOGLOCK

These two tables manage how updates to the database structure of FileXfer are preformed and stored.

3.1 errors

This table stores any errors FileXfer encounters.

3.2 joblogs

CREATE

This is actually a view. Here's the create statement:

```
ALGORITHM = UNDEFINED

DEFINER = 'filexfer'@'%'

SQL SECURITY DEFINER

VIEW 'filexfer'.'joblogs' AS

SELECT
```

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^{&#}x27;j'.'idJob' AS 'idJob',
'l'.'idLog' AS 'idLog',

³FileXfer.txt:11, GCI Network Services, OSS Mark Blum, Spring 2016

FileXfer

DESIGN

```
'j'.'jobName' AS 'jobName',
'j'.'neName' AS 'neName',
'l'.'srcFileName' AS 'srcFileName',
'l'.'srcFileSize' AS 'srcFileSize',
'l'.'srcFileTime' AS 'srcFileTime',
'l'.'destFileSize' AS 'destFileSize',
'l'.'destFileName' AS 'destFileName',
'l'.'dtTransferStart' AS 'dtTransferStart',
'l'.'dtTransferStop' AS 'dtTransferStop'
FROM
    ('filexfer'.'jobs' 'j'
JOIN 'filexfer'.'logs' 'l' ON (('j'.'idJob' = 'l'.'idJob')));
```

3.3 jobs

This stores all of the transfer jobs. Transfer jobs utilize a cron like schedule, and their run policy can be set to schedule (i.e. run as per the cron schedule), always, and never. There is also a wantSummary field that can be set to either yes or no. Some customers (mainly StarSolutions MSC Usage jobs) want summaries of the transfer file (number of records etc.) and this feature automatically generates that and transfer it along with the file. Priority is another feature of the FileXfer system. Given a limited amount of resources you can set differing priority levels for jobs (1 - 100 with 1 being the highest priority), so that jobs with higher priorities get preference over lower priority jobs when system resources are constrained. Generally production jobs get high priority (5) and lab/test jobs get low priority (100).

The neName field, which stands for Network Element Name, basically defines the directory where the files will be stored. They are stored in /data/usage/[neName]. Files are automatically archived if they are older than 2 days (to /data/usage/[neName]/archive), and archived files are deleted if they are older than 30 days. There is a script that can be used to unarchive files (say for retransfer purposes) called /usr/bin/filexfer-fileunarchive. It takes a file mask to unarchive and supports glob syntax.

The idSite field is an incomplete feature and not really used at this time.

3.4 loadjobs

This stores all of the load jobs. Not every transfer job has a corrisponding load job, and some transfer jobs may have more than one load job.

FileXfer

DESIGN

3.5 loadqueue

This is the queue for the load jobs. Entries in here have yet to be loaded. The loading is done in order.

Here's a SQL query that can be used to view the loadqueue:

3.6 logs

This is the table where all of the transfer logs are kept. In order to retransfer a specific file that has not changed you will have to delete the corrisponding log entry. Log entries are never pruned from this table.

3.7 monitors

This table encompasses all of the job monitors. Like load jobs, not every transfer job has a job monitor, and some transfer jobs may have more than one job monitor.

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4 Implementation

[FIXME: Need data here...]

4.1 Dependencies

[FIXME: Need data here...]

4.2 Configuration

[FIXME: Need data here...]

4.3 Scripts

The FileXfer app is made up of serveral scripts which are crond to run, as follows:⁴

```
[root@prod-prov4-cdr1 ~]# cat /etc/cron.d/filexfer
MAILTO=""
PERL5LIB=/opt
# This script preforms all of the get/collect jobs.
* * * * * filexfer /usr/bin/filexfer -c /etc/filexfer/filexfer-get.conf -t get
# This script preforms all of the put/export jobs.
* * * * * filexfer /usr/bin/filexfer -c /etc/filexfer/filexfer-put.conf -t put
# This script runs all of the job monitor jobs, and generates the relevant alerts and/or
* * * * * filexfer /usr/bin/filexfer-jobmonitor -c /etc/filexfer/jobmonitor.conf
# This script runs all of the data loader jobs.
* * * * filexfer /usr/bin/filexfer-dataloader -c /etc/filexfer/dataloader.conf
#* * * * filexfer /usr/bin/filexfer-epg-dataloader.plx -c /etc/filexfer/epg-dataloader
# These scripts take care of the archiving
2 0 * * * filexfer for dir in /data/usage/*; do /usr/bin/filexfer-filearchive $dir >>/va
5 0 * * * filexfer find /data/usage -type f -name \*.sum -mmin +43200 | xargs rm
FileXfer also has the concept of userscripts. These are scripts that are run after files are
collected and before they are exported (in general).
[root@prod-prov4-cdr1 ~] # cat /etc/cron.d/filexfer-userscripts
MAILTO=""
PERL5LIB="/opt"
PV_TEST_PERL=1
                        filexfer chmod 644 /data/usage/SDE01P/*
                        filexfer chmod 644 /data/usage/SDE01L/*
* * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
0-14 \ 0 \ * \ * \ *
strip-spaces-from-csv.pl >>/var/log/filexfer/strip-spaces-from-csv.log 2>&1
0-14\ 1\ *\ *\ *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
convert-wps-om-counters-report.pl >>/var/log/filexfer/\
convert-wps-om-counters-report.log 2>&1
0-14\ 1\ *\ *\ *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
convert-wps-om-counters-report-part2.pl >>/var/log/filexfer/\
convert-wps-om-counters-report-part2.log 2>&1
*/15 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
ericsson-oss-rl-reports-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/OSS01/preprocess/rl*.out \
```

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⁴FileXfer.txt:93, GCI Network Services, OSS Mark Blum, Spring 2016

```
>>/var/log/filexfer/ericsson-oss-rl-reports-preprocess.log 2>&1
20 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
ericsson-oss-sts-reports-preprocess.plx GCIMSCO \
/data/usage/OSS01/preprocess/*GCIMSCO* >>/var/log/filexfer/\
ericsson-oss-sts-reports-preprocess.log 2>&1
20 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
ericsson-oss-sts-reports-preprocess.plx ANAKB01 \
/data/usage/OSS01/preprocess/*ANAKB01* >>/var/log/filexfer/\
ericsson-oss-sts-reports-preprocess.log 2>&1
*/4 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
stp-rop-logs-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/{SADC5E,SDC5E}/\
preprocess/stp*.log >>/var/log/filexfer/stp-rop-logs-preprocess.log 2>&1
*/5 1 * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
teltronics-eos-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/EOS01/\
preprocess/BR*.IBR.primary >>/var/log/filexfer/teltronics-eos-preprocess.log 2>&1
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
* * * * *
teltronics-eos-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/EOS01/\
preprocess/BR*.IBR.primary >>/var/log/filexfer/teltronics-eos-preprocess.log 2>&1
20-25 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
interop-mmsc-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/IOPO1/preprocess/A*.dat \
>>/var/log/filexfer/interop-mmsc-preprocess.log 2>&1
*/5 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
homisco-preprocess.sh -v /data/usage/HMSC01/preprocess/*.txt \
>>/var/log/filexfer/homisco-preprocess.log 2>&1
10,25,40,55 * * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/\
ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage/ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage/\
ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage_run.sh --context_param fileMask=acs_15min_*.csv \
--context_param carrierId=ACS --context_param carrierPassphraseFilepath=\
/etc/filexfer/acs-gpg-passphrase.txt \
--context_param carrierFilenameFormat="'wifi-'yyyyMMddHHmm'.csv'" \
>>/var/log/filexfer/ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage_ACS.log 2>&1
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/processLegacyUsage4.plx
00 06 * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/loadWispData.plx
30 06 * * *
                        filexfer /usr/lib/filexfer/aubstats.sh
20 02 * * *
File Transfer Jobs
[FIXME: Need data here...]
Job Monitor
[FIXME: Need data here...]
```

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Data Loader

[FIXME: Need data here...]

4.4 Logging

Application Logging

The filexfer applications log to the /var/log/filexfer directory on prod-prov4-cdr1.\
operations.gci.com. The parent filexfer jobs log to filexfer-get.log and filexfer-\
put.log. The jobmonitor and dataloader applications log to jobmonitor.log and dataloader.log, The filexfer applications log to the /var/log/filexfer directory on prod-prov4-cdr1.operations.gci.com. The parent filexfer jobs log to filexfer-get.\
log and filexfer-put.log. The jobmonitor and dataloader applications log to jobmonitor.log and dataloader.log, respectively. Each file transfer job is executed as a child process and gets its own log file. The format is filexfer-{neName}-{idJob}-{get,put}.log.

By default, the jobs log at the warn level. Adjust the level to info to get a high-level view of the application's state. Adjust log verbosity by modifying the appropriate config file in /etc/filexfer. The changes will take effect after the next program execution.

Errors are also logged to a database table which can be browsed in the filexfer web interface under the 'Logs & Errors' view. This view includes messages logged at warn, error, and fatal severity.⁵

File Transfer Logging

Every file transfer is recorded in a database table. There are two reasons for this table: first, it tells filexfer hich files have already been transferred, and second, it provides an audit trail for SOX compliance. The table is filexfer.logs on sadc-cdr-mysql1.operations.gci.com. Use the filexfer.joblogs view to easily find logs by job name or network element ID.

File transfer logs may also be viewed in the 'Logs & Errors' page of the web interface.⁶

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DRAFT -

⁵Usage Collection Framework (filexfer)

⁶Usage Collection Framework (filexfer)

FileXfer

4.5 Test

[FIXME: Need data here...]

FileXfer ISSUES

4.6 Issues

[FIXME: Need data here...]

FileXfer OPERATION

5 Operation

There is a FileXfer GUI app on Relevance that can be used to create/delete/update transfer/load jobs and monitors, and view logs and errors. It is available on both presenter 4 on presenter 1 (but at this time it is safer to use presenter 4 to update jobs). Also the lab presenter (lab-presenter4) is currently pointed at the production ACS FileXfer instance.⁷

5.1 Job Scheduling

Jobs are scheduled using a web interface at nms.operations.gci.com/relevance. Navigate to the "FileXfer" application and click the "File Transfer Jobs" link. Job execution happens on prod-prov4-cdr1.operations.gci.com. A cron job executes every minute from /etc/cron.d/filexfer to kick off the various filexfer scripts.⁸

New Job

The basic requirements for setting up a transfer new job are as follows:.9

POC: [for when problems occur]

IP: [source host for collect jobs/destination host for export jobs]

Protocol: [ftp/sftp]

Credentials: [username/password]

File Path:

File Mask: [supports glob syntax]

Schedule: [cron syntax]

Want Summary: [yes/no; generally only for StarSolutions CDR exports]

Job Timing

The parent filexfer script is responsible for spawning child processes for each job. Since a large number of jobs can be scheduled at any given interval, the parent process limits how many children can run concurrently. As long as the limit is reached and more jobs need to be spawned, the parent process must stay alive. Since this may take longer than 1 minute, it is possible for filexfer to miss certain scheduling intervals.

For example, if 500 jobs are scheduled to run at the top of every hour (0 * * * *) and the maximum child process limit is 50, there is a good chance filexfer will not execute any jobs scheduled to run at 1 minute past the hour (1 * * *). The best way to avoid this is to use 0, 15, 30, or 45 in the minute field of the job schedule. These intervals are always executed.¹⁰

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⁷FileXfer.txt:149, GCI Network Services, OSS Mark Blum, Spring 2016

⁸Usage Collection Framework (filexfer)

⁹FileXfer.txt:139, GCI Network Services, OSS Mark Blum, Spring 2016

¹⁰Job Timing

FileXfer OPERATION

5.2 Dataloader

Dataloader jobs are configured using the web interface at nms.operations.gci.com/relevance. Navigate to the "FileXfer" application and click the "Data Load Jobs" link. These jobs are executed every minute as long as there are files in the load queue. 11

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¹¹Usage Collection Framework (filexfer)

FileXfer APPENDIX

Appendix

Source

There are 3 primary FileXfer perl scripts on prod-prov4-cdr1:12

File name	Attributes	Description
filexfer.plx	181 lines	File transfer jobs
filexfer-dataloader.plx	132 lines	Data loader
filexfer-jobmonitor.plx	132 lines	Job Monitor

Table 1: FileXfer perl scripts on prod-prov4-cdr1

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¹²prod-prov4-cdr1.operations.gci.com (192.168.161.47, NATed IP: 66.223.199.228), data including CDRs and such under /data/usage/ — Network Services, OSS.

filexfer.plx — File Transfer Jobs

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
2
3 use strict;
   use warnings;
5
6
  use Modules::App::FileXfer ();
   our $VERSION = $Modules::App::FileXfer::VERSION;
8
9 # Core modules
10 use Clone qw( clone );
11 use File::Basename ();
12 use File::Spec ();
13
   use POSIX ();
14
   $SIG{CHLD} = \&Modules::App::FileXfer::REAPER;
15
16
17
  MAIN: {
       # Process and merge command-line and config file options
18
19
       my $getopt
                  = Modules::App::FileXfer::
          → get_command_line_options();
       my $fileconf = Modules::App::FileXfer::read_config_file(
20
          \hookrightarrow $getopt->get_configfile );
21
       Modules::App::FileXfer::merge_options( $getopt, $fileconf );
22
23
       # Make sure we're the only instance running
       Modules::App::FileXfer::check_pid_file( $Modules::App::
24
          → FileXfer::Options->{pidfile});
25
       # Get logger and evenge objects
26
27
       Modules::App::FileXfer::create_evenge_obj();
       my $logger = Modules::App::FileXfer::create_logger_obj(
28
29
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::Options->{logger}, $Modules::App
              30
31
       # Get the ready jobs
                    = Modules::App::FileXfer::create_filexfer_obj(
32
       my $fx
          → $Modules::App::FileXfer::Program);
33
                    = Modules::App::FileXfer::get_jobs( $fx );
       my $loadjobs = Modules::App::FileXfer::get_jobs_with_load_jobs
34
          \hookrightarrow ( \$fx );
35
       undef $fx;
36
```

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```
for my $job ( @{ $jobs } )
37
38
39
            # Enforce the "max children" constraint
            $logger->info( 'Max child processes reached. Waiting for
40
               → one to complete before starting job.')
                if ( scalar keys %Modules::App::FileXfer::Children
41
                     >= $Modules::App::FileXfer::Options->{maxchildren
42
                         \hookrightarrow \} );
43
44
            sleep 1 while ( scalar keys %Modules::App::FileXfer::
               → Children
                             >= $Modules::App::FileXfer::Options->{
45
                                → maxchildren } );
46
            # Fork a child process for this job
47
            $logger->info( sprintf( 'Spawning child process for job '%
48
               \rightarrow s".', $job->jobName));
49
            my \ pid = fork;
50
            defined $pid or Modules::App::FileXfer::log_event(
51
                5, sprintf( "Can't fork for job \"%s\": %s", $job->
52
                   \rightarrow jobName, $! ), 'logdie');
53
54
            if (\$pid == 0) \# child
55
56
                # Set random seed for this child
57
                srand();
58
                # Lower the OS scheduling priority based on job
59
                   → priority
60
                POSIX:: nice ( Modules:: App:: FileXfer:: pri_to_nice ( $job
                   \hookrightarrow ->priority ));
61
                # Add the NE name to our command line string
62
63
                0 :=  ARGV : . $job->neName;
                my $jobtag = Modules::App::FileXfer::get_jobtag( $job
64
                   \hookrightarrow ):
65
                # Set the subresource for this job in the evenge
66
                   → object
                $Modules::App::FileXfer::Evenge->subresourceName( $job
67
                   \hookrightarrow ->jobName );
68
69
                # Create a logger specific to this child process
```

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```
my $logopt = clone ( $Modules::App::FileXfer::Options
70
                     \hookrightarrow ->{logger});
71
                 my (undef, $logdir) = File::Basename::fileparse(
                     \hookrightarrow $logopt ->{file}{filename});
72
                  $logopt -> {file } {filename} = File :: Spec -> catfile (
                     → $logdir, "$jobtag.log");
73
74
                  $logger -> delete();
                 my $logger = Modules::App::FileXfer::create_logger_obj
75
                     → ( $logopt, $job→jobName );
76
                 Log::Log4perl::MDC->put('idJob', $job->idJob');
77
                 # Make sure another instance isn't still running
78
                 Modules::App::FileXfer::check_pid_file( $jobtag );
79
80
81
                 # Create a FileXfer object for database updates
82
                 my $fx = Modules::App::FileXfer::create_filexfer_obj(
                     \hookrightarrow $jobtag );
83
84
                 # Execute the job
                  Modules::App::FileXfer::run_job( $fx, $job, $loadjobs
85
                     \hookrightarrow );
86
87
                  $logger -> info ('Child exiting.');
                  exit 0;
88
             }
89
90
             else # parent
91
                  $logger->debug( sprintf( 'Spawned child process %d for
92
                     \rightarrow job "%s".', $pid, $job->jobName));
93
                  $Modules::App::FileXfer::Children{ $pid } = $job->
                     \hookrightarrow jobName;
94
        }
95
96
         $logger -> info ('Main application exiting.');
97
98
99
100 # Safely exit
101 \$SIG\{CHLD\} = 'IGNORE';
102
103
    __END__
104
105 = head1 NAME
```

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```
106
107
    filexfer — Move a file from point A to point B over an IP network
108
    =head1 VERSION
109
110
    0.51
111
112
    =head1 SYNOPSIS
113
114
    filexfer.plx -c configfile -t {get | put} [options]
115
116
117 =head1 ARGUMENTS
118
119 = \text{over } 4
120
121 = item -c, --configfile
122
    Specify the configuration file to load. Must be in YAML format.
123
124
125 = item -t, --transfertype
126
    One of "get" or "put". Get jobs download files and put jobs upload
127
            files.
128
129 = back
130
131 =head1 OPTIONS
132
133 = \text{over } 4
134
135 = item -d, --piddir
136
137
    Directory where the pid file will be written. Defaults to /var/run
       \rightarrow /filexfer.
138
139 = item --db
140
    Sets the database connection parameters. Valid keys are: server (
       → default
    localhost), port (default 3306), driver (default mysql), uid, pwd,
142
       \hookrightarrow database,
    and table. Specify tags as key/value pairs, e.g.:
143
144
145
        —db server=localhost —db database=filexfer
```

Created July 12, 2016 from filexfer.tex (sha-1: 0292548)

23

```
146
147 = item -e, --evengehost
148
    Address of the Evenge web server. Used to send indicators and
149
       \hookrightarrow events to the NMS system.
150
151 = item — evengetimeout
152
153
    Timeout in seconds for communicating with the Evenge web server.
       \hookrightarrow Defaults to 10.
154
155
    =item -f, --cachefile
156
    Template cache file location. Defaults to /var/lib/filexfer/
157
       \hookrightarrow filexfer.kch.
158
159 = item -h, --help
160
   Output this documentation.
161
162
163 = item -m, --maxchildren
164
165 Maximum number of child processes to spawn. Defaults to 50.
166
167 = item -p, --pidfile
168
169 PID file name. This will be appended with a ".pid" suffix.
170
171 = item -r, --resource
172
173
    Resource name of this application. Used in indicator and event
       \hookrightarrow messages sent to the NMS system.
174
175 = item --verbose, -v
176
177 Log to the screen at increasingly verbose levels. This option may
       \hookrightarrow be repeated
   multiple times to increase the log level. For example, "-v" logs
       \hookrightarrow at info level,
    "-vv" logs at debug level, and "-vvv" logs at trace level.
179
180
181 = back
```

filexfer-jobmonitor.plx — Job monitor

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
2
3 use strict;
   use warnings;
5
6
   use Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor();
   our $VERSION = $Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::VERSION;
8
9
  MAIN: {
10
       # Process and merge command-line and config file options
       my $getopt
                    = Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::
11
          → get_command_line_options();
12
       my $fileconf = Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::
          → read_config_file ( $getopt->get_configfile );
       Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::merge_options( $getopt,
13
          \hookrightarrow $fileconf);
14
       # Make sure we're the only instance running
15
       Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::check_pid_file(
16
17
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::Options->{pidfile});
18
19
       # Get logger and evenge objects
20
       Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::create_evenge_obj();
       my $log = Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::
21
          22
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::Options->{logger},
23
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::Program
24
       );
25
26
       # Get a list of job monitors
       my $jm = Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::
27

    create_jobmonitor_obj();

       my $mons = Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::get_monitors(
28
          \hookrightarrow $im );
29
       for my $mon ( @{ $mons } )
30
31
32
           Log::Log4perl::MDC->put('idJob', $mon->idJob');
           $log->info( sprintf( 'Executing monitor "%s".', $mon->
33
              \hookrightarrow monitorName ));
34
```

```
# Set the subresource for this monitor in the evenge
35
               → object
36
            $Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::Evenge->
               → subresourceName ( $mon->monitorName );
37
38
            # Execute the job monitor
            eval { Modules::App::FileXfer::JobMonitor::run_monitor(
39
               \hookrightarrow $jm, $mon ) };
            $@ and $log->error( "$@");
40
41
        }
42
        $log->info('Main application exiting.');
43
44
   }
45
   __END__
46
47
48 = head1 NAME
49
   jobmonitor -- Monitor filexfer jobs for any condition and generate
           alerts
51
52 = head1 VERSION
53
54 0.51
55
56 =head1 SYNOPSIS
57
58 jobmonitor.plx -c configfile [options]
59
60 = head1 ARGUMENTS
61
62 = \text{over } 4
63
64 = item -c, --configfile
65
   Specify the configuration file to load. Must be in YAML format.
66
67
68 = back
69
70 = head1 OPTIONS
71
72 = \text{over } 4
73
74 = item -a, --mailhost
```

```
75
76 Address of the mail server. Used to send email notifications.
       \hookrightarrow Defaults to localhost.
77
78 = item -d, --piddir
79
    Directory where the pid file will be written. Defaults to /var/run
80
       \hookrightarrow / filexfer.
81
82 = item --db
83
84 Sets the database connection parameters. Valid keys are: server (
       → default
    localhost), port (default 3306), driver (default mysql), uid, pwd,
       \hookrightarrow database,
    and table. Specify tags as key/value pairs, e.g.:
86
87
        —db server=localhost —db database=filexfer
88
89
90 = item -e, --evengehost
91
92 Address of the Evenge web server. Used to send indicators and
       \hookrightarrow events to the NMS system.
93
94 = item -f, --cachefile
95
96
   Template cache file location. Defaults to /var/lib/filexfer/
       → jobmonitor.kch.
97
98 = item -h, --help
99
100 Output this documentation.
101
102 = item - i, - mailinterval
103
104 Minimum time, in seconds, before repeat emails may be sent for the
           same monitor. Defaults to 3600 (1 hour).
105
106 = item -l, —mailfrom
107
    Sender's email address in email notifications. Defaults to [
108
       → username ] @ [hostname].
109
110 = item -m, -- mailstatfile
```

```
111
112 Mail status file location. Defaults to /var/lib/filexfer/
       → jobmonitor-mailstat.kch.
113
114 = item -o, --- mailport
115
116
    Port on which the mail server is listening for SMTP traffic.
       \hookrightarrow Defaults to 25.
117
118 = item -p, --pidfile
119
120 PID file name. This will be appended with a ".pid" suffix.
121
122 = item -r, --resource
123
124
    Resource name of this application. Used in indicator and event
       \rightarrow messages sent to the NMS system.
125
126 = item --verbose, -v
127
128 Log to the screen at increasingly verbose levels. This option may
       \hookrightarrow be repeated
    multiple times to increase the log level. For example, "-v" logs
129
       \hookrightarrow at info level,
130 "-vv" logs at debug level, and "-vvv" logs at trace level.
131
132 = back
```

filexfer-dataloader.plx — Data Loader

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
2
3 use strict;
   use warnings;
5
6
   use Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader ();
   our $VERSION = $Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::VERSION;
8
9
  MAIN: {
10
       # Process and merge command-line and config file options
       my $getopt
                    = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::
11
          → get_command_line_options();
12
       my $fileconf = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::
          → read_config_file ( $getopt->get_configfile );
       Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::merge_options( $getopt,
13
          \hookrightarrow $fileconf);
14
       # Make sure we're the only instance running
15
       Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::check_pid_file(
16
17
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::Options->{pidfile});
18
19
       # Get logger and evenge objects
20
       Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::create_evenge_obj();
       my $logger = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::
21
          22
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::Options->{logger},
23
           $Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::Program
24
       );
25
26
       # Get the load jobs with pending files
                = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::
27
          my $jobs = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::get_load_jobs(
28
          \hookrightarrow $dl);
29
       for my $job ( @{ $jobs } )
30
31
32
           next if 414 = $job->idJob;
           Log::Log4perl::MDC->put('idJob', $job->idJob');
33
           $logger->info( sprintf( 'Executing job "%s".', $job->
34
              \hookrightarrow jobName ));
35
```

```
36
            eval {
37
                 # Get the list of pending load files
38
                 my $files = Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::
                    \hookrightarrow list_load_files ( $dl, $job );
39
                 next unless scalar @{ $files };
40
                 # Import the class for this job's files
41
42
                 Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::import_file_class(
                         files \rightarrow [0] \rightarrow \{fileclass\});
43
44
                 # Bulk load the data from each file
                 for my $file ( @{ $files } )
45
46
                 {
                      Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::load_file_data
47
                         \hookrightarrow ( $dl, $job, $file );
48
                      Modules::App::FileXfer::DataLoader::

    dequeue_load_file($dl,$job,$file);
49
                 }
            };
50
51
            $@ and $logger->error("$@");
52
53
            # Close the external db handle
54
55
            dl \rightarrow close_ext_dbh();
        }
56
57
58
        $logger -> info ( 'Main application exiting.');
59
        exit;
   }
60
61
62
   __END__
63
64 = head1 NAME
65
   filexfer-dataloader — Bulk load file data from filexfer into a
66
      \hookrightarrow database table.
67
68 =head1 VERSION
69
70 0.51
71
72 =head1 SYNOPSIS
73
74 filexfer -dataloader -c configfile [options]
```

```
75
76 = head1 ARGUMENTS
77
78 = \text{over } 4
79
80 = item - c, — configfile
81
82
    Specify the configuration file to load. Must be in YAML format.
83
84 = back
85
86 = head1 OPTIONS
87
88 = \text{over } 4
89
90 = item -d, --piddir
91
    Directory where the pid file will be written. Defaults to /var/run
92
       \hookrightarrow /filexfer.
93
94 = item --db
95
96 Sets the database connection parameters. Valid keys are: server (
       → default
   localhost), port (default 3306), driver (default mysql), uid, pwd,
97
       → database,
98
    and table. Specify tags as key/value pairs, e.g.:
99
        —db server=localhost —db database=filexfer
100
101
102 = item -e, --evengehost
103
    Address of the Evenge web server. Used to send indicators and
104
       \rightarrow events to the NMS system.
105
106 = item — evengetimeout
107
    Timeout in seconds for communicating with the Evenge web server.
       \rightarrow Defaults to 10.
109
110 = item - f, --cachefile
111
112 Template cache file location. Defaults to /var/lib/filexfer/
       → dataloader.kch.
```

```
113
114 = item -h, --help
115
116
    Output this documentation.
117
118 = item -p, --pidfile
119
120 PID file name. This will be appended with a ".pid" suffix.
121
122 = item -r, --resource
123
124 Resource name of this application. Used in indicator and event
       \hookrightarrow messages sent to the NMS system.
125
126 = item --verbose, -v
127
128 Log to the screen at increasingly verbose levels. This option may
       \hookrightarrow be repeated
129
    multiple times to increase the log level. For example, "-v" logs
       \hookrightarrow at info level,
    "-vv" logs at debug level, and "-vvv" logs at trace level.
131
132 = back
```

[FIXME: Need data here]

Table 2 – FileXfer directories and files on prod-prov4-cdr1

Directory	File(s)
/etc/filexfer/	*.conf
/usr/bin/	filexfer-dataloader
	filexfer-dataloader.plx
	filexfer-dataloader.plx.mbak
	filexfer-epg-dataloader.plx
	filexfer-filearchive
	filexfer-filearchive.sh
	filexfer-fileunarchive
	filexfer-fileunarchive.sh
	filexfer-jobmonitor
	filexfer-jobmonitor.plx
	filexfer.plx
/usr/lib/filexfer/	*.gz, *.sh, *.plx
	ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage*
${\tt /usr/share/filexfer}/$	filexfer.changelog-*.xml
	Continued on next page

Table 2 – continued from previous page

Directory	File(s)
	filexfer.changelog-master.xml
	liquibase.sh
	.gnupg/pubring.gpg
	$. { t gnupg/random_seed}$
/var/cache/yum/build/packages/	filexfer-0.52-1.el5.centos.noarch.rpm
/var/lib/filexfer/	dataloader.kch
	dataloader_temp.kch
	filexfer-aaa01-13-get.kch
	• • •
	filexfer-wps01-706-get.kch
	filexfer.kch
	jobmonitor-mailstat.kch
	jobmonitor.kch
/var/log/filexfer	*.log
	ExtractCarrierTurboZoneUsage_ACS.log
	archive
	convert-wps-om-counters-report-part2.log
	convert-wps-om-counters-report.log
	dataloader.log
	dataloader_temp.log
	dataloadinsert.log
	datarecovery.log
	epg-dataloader.log
	ericsson-oss-rl-reports-preprocess.log
	ericsson-oss-sts-reports-preprocess.log
	filearchive.log
	filexfer-aaa01-13-get.log
	filexfer-aaa01-14-put.log
	/var/log/filexfer/filexfer-wps01-706-get.log

LATEX - Examples and Formatting

Comments

COMMENTS Comment — Sean Weems, Spring 2003

We should get the COMMENTS column searchable via the landrecords application before we do much anything else – shouldn't be too hard.

Errata: Plats spanning multiple sections

A few anomalies can be observed in the AKPLATS table. Specifically plats exist that span multiple sections. Since the table only has a single column, SCODE, that accepts a single section code, SGU (Status Graphics Unit) has handled this problem by entering multiple rows in the table, each with a different section that point to the same plat or file. Multiple section plats are indicated by setting the TCODE column to the value 37, and making an appropriate notation like Section 24-25-26-27 in the REMARKS column.

[FIXME: Perhaps the SCODE column should accept an array of sections?]

Links

A Guide to LATEX

http://www.astro.rug.nl/kuijken/latex.html

LaTeX - From Wikibooks, the open-content textbooks collection http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX

LATEX Notes

http://luke.breuer.com/time/item/LaTeX_Notes/180.aspx