

Results from Element Matching

Project name: Testing PDF

Construction site located at: 63.4154, 10.3995

Summary of results

Total score	Score without reuse	Savings	Substitutions
3 246 kgCO ₂ eq	7 993 kgCO ₂ eq	59.39%	71.0%

The 'Greedy Algorithm' algorithm yields the best results, substituting 71/100 demand elements (71.0%). Using 'GWP' as the optimization metric, a total score of 3 246 kgCO₂eq is achieved. For comparison, a score of 7 993 kgCO₂eq would have been obtained by employing exclusively new materials. This results in a total saving of 59.39%. Note that impacts of transporting the materials to the construction site is accounted for and contributes to 1.18% of the total score. Open the CSV-file "Test_substitutions.csv" to examine the substitutions.

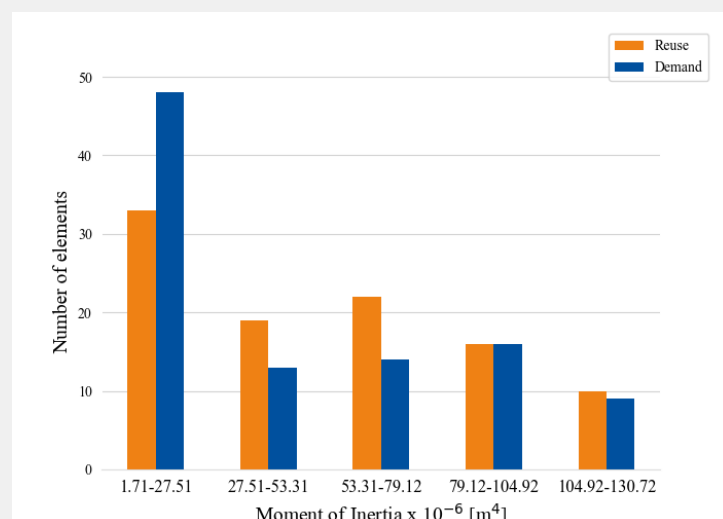
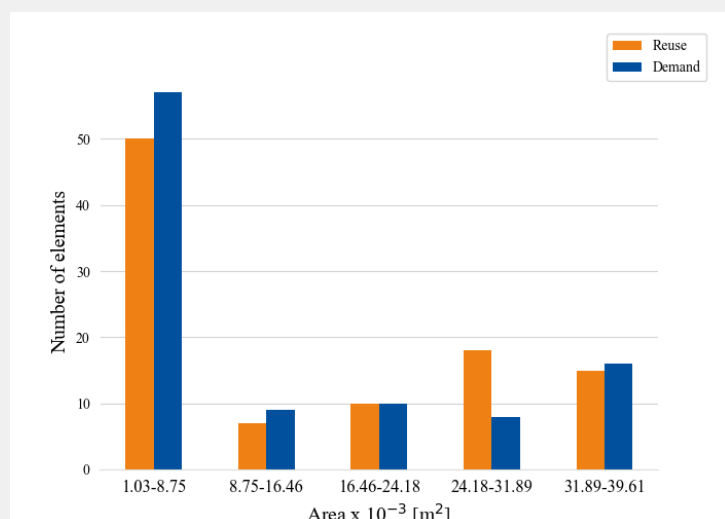
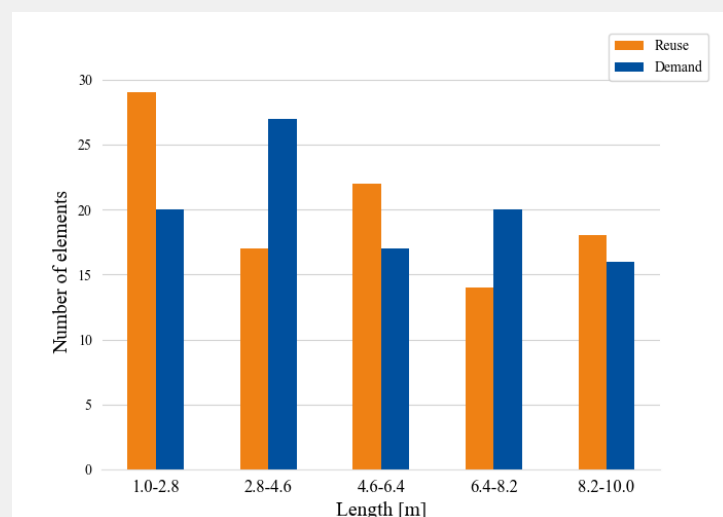
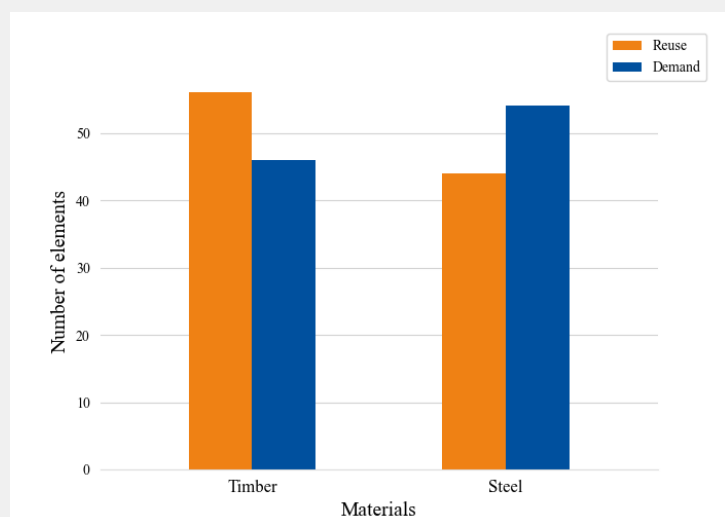
Constants used in calculations

Constant	Value	Unit
Density timber	491.0	kg/m ³
Density steel	7850.0	kg/m ³
GWP new timber	28.9	kgCO ₂ eq
GWP reused timber	2.25	kgCO ₂ eq
GWP new steel	9263.0	kgCO ₂ eq
GWP reused steel	278.0	kgCO ₂ eq
GWP transportation	89.6	g/tonne/km

Information about datasets

Elements	Filename	Number of elements
Reused	testing_pdf_supply.csv	100
Demand	testing_pdf_demand.csv	100

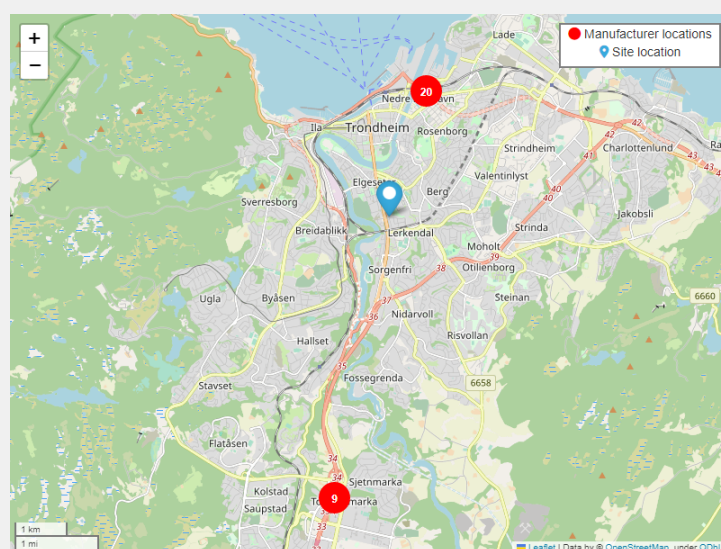
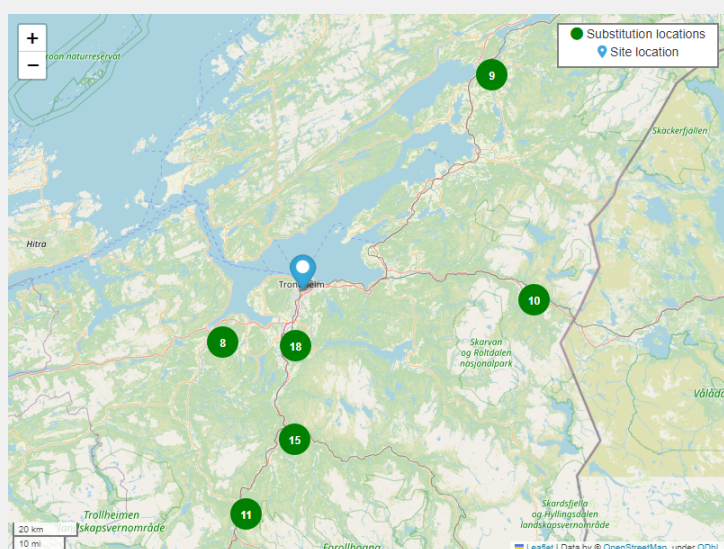
The files contains 100 reuse elements and 100 demand elements. The graphs below depicts some of the properties of the elements, including length, area, moment of inertia and the material distribution.



Impact of transportation

Transportation score	Percentage of total score	Transportation all new
38 kgCO ₂ eq	1.18%	4 kgCO ₂ eq

All calculations in this report take impacts of transportation of the materials to the construction site into consideration. Transportation itself is responsible for 38 kgCO₂eq. This accounts for 1.18% of the total score of 3 246 kgCO₂eq. For comparison, the transportation impact for exclusively using new materials would have been 4 kgCO₂eq. Two maps are included to show the location of the suggested substitutions of reused elements and the manufacturer locations where new elements can be obtained. The numbers on the maps indicate the number of elements present at each location.



Performance of algorithms

Name	Total score	Substitutions	Time
Greedy Algorithm	3 246 kgCO ₂ eq	71.0%	0.176s

The design tool is runned with 1 algorithms, namely: Greedy Algorithm. The Greedy Algorithm yields the lowest score, as shown in the table. The substitutions by this algorithm are completed in 0.176 seconds.