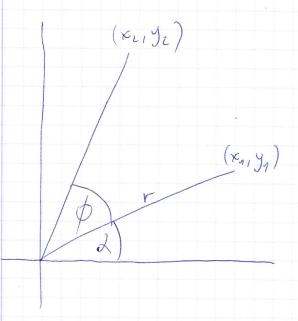
Zadane 11

a) 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3) \rightarrow (x_1, x_1 + 2x_2, x_2 + 3x_3)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 2 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 3
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
x_1 \\
x_1 + 2 \\
x_2 + 3 \\
x_3
\end{bmatrix}$$

Obrot to lent to prestrent 
$$R^2$$

(b) Konystam ze wzorów sin  $(d+\phi) = \sin d \cos \phi + \cos d \sin \phi$ 
 $\cos (d+\phi) = \cos d \cos \phi - \sin d \sin \phi$ 



$$\begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_{1} = r \cos \lambda$$

$$y_{1} = r \sin \lambda$$

$$sin (d+\phi) = sin \lambda \cos \phi + \cos \lambda \sin \phi$$

$$r \sin (\lambda + \phi) = r \sin \lambda \cos \phi + r \cos \lambda \sin \phi$$

$$y_{2}$$

$$y_{3}$$

$$y_{4}$$

$$y_{2} = y_{4} \cos \phi + x_{4} \sin \phi$$

$$(x \cos(\lambda + \phi) = x \cos \lambda \cos \phi - x \sin \lambda \sin \phi)$$

$$(x_2 = x_1 \cos \phi - y_1 \sin \phi)$$