# The structure of the U.S. economy

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### Recommended readings

### **Required readings**:

- Macroeconomics in Context, 4th ed.
  - → Chapter 6.

### **Recommended readings:**

Structural transformation: How did today's rich countries become 'deindustrialized'? (Our World in Data)

## Words of the day

- Value added;
- Labor productivity;
- Deindustrialization.



### The three sectors

### Return to GDP

Suppose a simple, **closed** economy with **no** government.

The only final product available is **orange juice**.

The productive process goes as follows:

- 1. A farmer grows oranges at **no cost**;
- 2. A manufacturer takes the oranges and makes orange juice;
- 3. A distributor takes the orange juice from the manufacturer and **transports** it to the local grocery store;
- 4. The grocery store **sells** orange juice to final consumers.

### Return to GDP

An "orange" economy

ACTIVITY	INPUT COSTS (\$)	OUTPUT PRICE (\$)	VALUE ADDED (\$)
Growing oranges	0	1,000	
Producing orange juice	1,000	1,500	
Transportation & distribution	1,500	2,250	
Orange juice sales	2,250	3,500	

• What **contribution** to the final value of orange juice is **each step/activity** making?

### Return to GDP

Computing GDP by the *value-added approach* takes into account how much **each sector** contributes to the final value of goods and services at **each stage** of the productive process.

### The three sectors

### Output **sectors**:

- → Primary sector;
- → Secondary sector;
- $\rightarrow$  Tertiary sector.

### The three sectors

#### Output **sectors**:

- → Primary sector: Harvesting and extraction of **natural resources** and rudimentary processing of these raw materials.
- → Secondary sector: Converts the outputs of the primary sector into products suitable for use or consumption.
  - → Tertiary sector: Provides services rather than tangible goods.

### The three sectors

#### Output **sectors**:

- → *Primary sector*: agriculture, (commercial) fishing, mining, timber.
- → Secondary sector: automobile, chemical, pharmaceutical, ...
- → Tertiary sector: education, health, real estate, insurance, banking, finance, ...

The primary sector

## The primary sector

Questions to think about:

- Why do all nations start as an **agrarian** economy?
- Why does total farm population tend to **decline** over time?

The secondary sector

The structure of the U.S. economy

## The secondary sector

• Why do we see a **falling** employment in the secondary sector over time?

The tertiary sector

## The tertiary sector

• Contrary to the other two sectors, why do we see a **rise** of employment/output due to the **services** sector?

Next time: (Un)employment