# Group 3: Storm Events and Water Impairments

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2025-04-30

# **Correlation Tests**

A correlation test in R is used to evaluate the strength and direction of a relationship between two numeric variables. The most common correlation test is Pearson's correlation, but others include Spearman's and Kendall's if the data isn't normally distributed.

Here's a simple example using Pearson's correlation with the built-in cor.test() function in R.

See Correlation Test Tutorial

#### An example

```
# Sample data
height \leftarrow c(160, 165, 170, 175, 180)
weight \leftarrow c(55, 60, 65, 70, 75)
# Perform Pearson correlation test
cor.test(height, weight, method = "pearson")
##
##
    Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: height and weight
## t = Inf, df = 3, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
   1 1
## sample estimates:
## cor
##
     1
cor: 0.9984 \rightarrow \text{Strong positive correlation}
p-value: 0.000635 \rightarrow \text{Very small}, so the result is statistically significant
95\% CI: [0.9771, 0.9999] \rightarrow We're 95\% confident the true correlation lies in this interval.
```

# Hypotheses

#### Data Set

```
group3.csv = "/home/mwl04747/RTricks/00_Project_Group_Demos/Group3_FakData.csv"
riohonda = read.csv(group3.csv)
head(riohonda)
    Sample.ID
                    Date Phosphate..mg.L. Ammonia..mg.L.
## 1
        S1 2025-04-01
                                      0.8
                                                     0.2
## 2
           S2 2025-04-01
                                      1.0
                                                     0.4
## 3
           S3 2025-04-01
                                                     0.6
                                      1.5
## 4
           S4 2025-04-02
                                      2.0
                                                     1.2
## 5
           S5 2025-04-02
                                      0.5
                                                     0.1
## 6
           S6 2025-04-03
                                      0.4
names(riohonda) = c("ID", "Date", "Phosphate", "Ammonia")
data2.csv = "/home/mwl04747/RTricks/00_Project_Group_Demos/Group3_FakeData2.csv"
data2 = read.csv(data2.csv);
names(data2) = c("ID", "Distance", "Date", "Phosphate", "Ammonia", "Nitrate")
#install.packages("qqpubr")
library(ggpubr)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
library(ggplot2)
```

# **Summary Stats**

```
summary(riohonda)
```

```
##
        ID
                         Date
                                         Phosphate
                                                         Ammonia
## Length:6
                     Length:6
                                       Min.
                                             :0.400
                                                      Min. :0.1000
                                       1st Qu.:0.575
                                                      1st Qu.:0.1250
## Class :character
                     Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character
                                       Median :0.900
                                                      Median :0.3000
##
                                       Mean :1.033
                                                      Mean
                                                             :0.4333
##
                                       3rd Qu.:1.375
                                                      3rd Qu.:0.5500
##
                                       Max.
                                             :2.000
                                                      Max.
                                                           :1.2000
```

#### summary(data2)

##	ID	Distance	Date	Phosphate
##	Length:6	Min. :0.500	Length:6	Min. :0.400
##	Class : character	1st Qu.:1.125	Class :character	1st Qu.:0.575
##	Mode :character	Median :1.750	Mode :character	Median :0.900
##		Mean :1.750		Mean :1.033
##		3rd Qu.:2.375		3rd Qu.:1.375
##		Max. :3.000		Max. :2.000
##	Ammonia	Nitrate		
##	Min. :0.1000	Min. :0.0900		

```
## 1st Qu.:0.1250 1st Qu.:0.5650

## Median :0.3000 Median :0.9850

## Mean :0.4333 Mean :0.8567

## 3rd Qu.:0.5500 3rd Qu.:1.2025

## Max. :1.2000 Max. :1.3800
```

# **Hypothesis Tests**

```
cor(riohonda$Ammonia, riohonda$Phosphate, method = "pearson")
## [1] 0.971399
# Create correlation matrix
```

# Plots

```
plot(Phosphate ~ Distance, data=data2)
abline(coef(lm(Phosphate ~ Distance, data=data2)), col="red")
      3
                                           0
Phosphate
      1.0
                            0
             0
      0.5
                                                                         0
                                                                                        0
            0.5
                           1.0
                                          1.5
                                                         2.0
                                                                        2.5
                                                                                       3.0
```

Distance

```
summary(lm(Phosphate ~ Distance, data=data2))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Phosphate ~ Distance, data = data2)
##
## Residuals:
## 1 2 3 4 5 6
## -0.4476 -0.1619 0.4238 1.0095 -0.4048 -0.4190
##
## Coefficients:
## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## (Intercept) 1.3333     0.6184     2.156     0.0973 .
## Distance     -0.1714     0.3176     -0.540     0.6180
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6642 on 4 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.06791, Adjusted R-squared: -0.1651
## F-statistic: 0.2914 on 1 and 4 DF, p-value: 0.618
```