Go workshop

Marco Molteni

2023-10-15

CC BY-NC-SA 4.0

Getting started: before the workshop (1)

Please take the time to follow the instructions in the next slide. It will reduce frustration and will give you an editor that auto fixes problems as they appear (package imports, ...) and with code completion, code navigation, intellisense, ...

Warning: the majority of Go install guides on the Internet are wrong or old or misunderstand the go.mod way of doing things. Following the official links in the next slide is the fastest way to being productive.

Getting started: before the workshop (2)

- Take the time to <u>install the latest Go</u>; do not use the one from your distribution.
- Do not set any environment variable (\$G0PATH, \$G0BIN, ...).
- Take the time to <u>configure your editor</u> correctly.

Then, follow these two official tutorials:

- Tutorial: Get started with Go
- Tutorial: Create a Go module

About this workshop

- Assumes no prior experience with Go.
- Assumes you followed the slides "Before the workshop".
- Assumes you already know how to program, maybe with a dynamically typed language.
- Is a work in progress, so incomplete.
- Is sometimes opinionated (that is: there could be other equally good ways of doing the same things).

About you

About you

• What are your expectations from the workshop?

On learning something new

On learning something new

- Some people appreciate Go for its simplicity and accept its **defects**. Some don't. It is fine either way.
- Do not try to write in Go as if it were the language you are most familiar with.
- Instead, try to have the humility and patience to learn how to write idiomatic Go.

Easy for me to write or easy for others to read?

Easy for me to write or easy for others to read?

- Readability (by your future self and your team members) is of the utmost importance.
- Being "easy to write" often clashes with readability.
- Go favours readability. Also if it can seem boring.

How?

Easy for me to write or easy for others to read?

- Readability (by your future self and your team members) is of the utmost importance.
- Being "easy to write" often clashes with readability.
- Go favours readability. Also if it can seem boring.

How?

- NO MAGIC.
- No monkey patching.
- No dynamic "changes" to the code.

Error handling

Error handling

- Go has no exceptions, instead functions return multiple values, of which the last one, by convention, is the error.
- Errors must be handled, immediately, every time.
- This can be tedious at first, but please just *swim with the flow* and accept it.
- Your programs will be more robust and *sincere*: in the real world, errors happen all the time!
- You will also discover that testing code without exceptions is easier and explicit...

Error handling: example

Error handling: example

```
func enjoy() error {
    flavor, err := iceCream()
    if err != nil {
        return fmt.Errorf("enjoy: %s", err)
    // Use flavor.
   // ...
    // All done, all OK.
    return nil
func iceCream() (string, error) {
    . . .
```

Bubbling up errors

Bubbling up errors

If we follow this approach, then the errors arrive up to the main() function:

```
func main() {
   if err := run(); err != nil {
      fmt.Println("error:", err)
      os.Exit(1)
   }
}
func run() error {
   ...
}
```

This is also an answer to "how do I test the main function?" (more details later).

Warmup: an hello word program

helloworld: a simplistic program

- Clone the workshop repo: <u>github.com/marco-m/go-workshop</u>
- cd to the <u>helloworld</u> directory
- The module structure is the simplest possible.
- Have a look at the README, run the commands explained there.
- Have a look at the code, kick the tires...

fruits: a useful template to get started

fruits

- github.com/marco-m/go-workshop/fruits
- Contains a **lot** of useful techniques and conventions for writing a command-line program.
- We will have a quick overview, but it is more for you to use as a reference in future projects.

loadmaster: a useful command-line program

loadmaster: cumulative Concourse build times

Given a pipeline and a time window, calculate the total and average build time per job and display it, sorted per total time.

```
$ ./loadmaster build-time --pipeline=concourse
job
                                          total
                         count
                                average
                                2h45m17s 19h16m57s
dev-image
resource-types-images
                            22
                               14m55s
                                          5h27m59s
unit
                                59m36s 4h58m2s
                                          4h21m11s
bosh-topgun-both
                                2h10m36s
                                          3h17m48s
testflight
                             4 49m27s
bosh-topgun-runtime
                                1h12m36s
                                          2h25m12s
bosh-topgun-core
                                59m18s
                                          1h58m36s
. . .
```

Background: Concourse pipelines, jobs and builds

Background: Concourse pipelines, jobs and builds

- A pipeline is a directed graph, where each node is a resource or a job.
- The graph can be connected or disconnected.
- A pipeline cannot be triggered!
 - Can only trigger a node (a resource check or a job build).
- Often a pipeline is a tree, and the root of the tree is a git resource.
 - Then triggering the git resource or the first job gives the impression of triggering the pipeline.
- A **build** is one execution of a **job**.

Backgroud: Concourse builds

\$ fly -t developers builds --count=8

id	name	status	start	end	duration	team	created by
550	p1-mast/j13/123	started	2023-10-04@	n/a	0s+	cloud	system
549	p2-mast/j1/5	started	2023-10-04@	n/a	0s+	devs	system
548	p2-feat-5/j7/4	started	2023-10-04@	n/a	0s+	cloud	system
530	p1-mast/j3/119	succeeded	2023-10-04@	2023	3s	devs	system
529	p3-mast/j3/123	pending	n/a	n/a	n/a	devs	bob@ex.org
525	p4-feat-9/j1/23	started	2023-10-04@	n/a	1m1s+	cloud	system
519	p9-mast/j9/13	started	2023-10-04@	n/a	1m31s+	cloud	system
518	p1-mast/j4/3	succeeded	2023-10-04@	2023	25s	cloud	system

Question: What are:

• id: ?

• name: ?

Backgroud: Concourse builds

\$ fly -t developers builds --count=8

```
id
                                  start
                                                          duration
                                                                            created by
     name
                      status
                                                 end
                                                                     team
     p1-mast/j13/123
550
                      started
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                                 n/a
                                                          0s +
                                                                     cloud
                                                                            system
549
                      started
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                                 n/a
                                                                     devs
     p2-mast/j1/5
                                                          0s+
                                                                            system
548
     p2-feat-5/j7/4
                      started
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                                 n/a
                                                          0s+
                                                                     cloud
                                                                            system
530
     p1-mast/j3/119
                      succeeded
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                                 2023-...
                                                          3s
                                                                     devs
                                                                            system
529
     p3-mast/j3/123
                      pending
                                                 n/a
                                                          n/a
                                                                     devs
                                                                            bob@ex.org
                                  n/a
525
     p4-feat-9/j1/23
                      started
                                                 n/a
                                                          1m1s+
                                                                     cloud
                                                                            system
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                  2023-10-04@..
519
     p9-mast/j9/13
                      started
                                                 n/a
                                                          1m31s+
                                                                     cloud
                                                                            system
518
     p1-mast/j4/3
                      succeeded
                                  2023-10-04@..
                                                 2023 - . .
                                                          25s
                                                                     cloud
                                                                            system
```

Question: What are:

- id: global-build-Id
- name: pipeline / job / relative-build-Id

What we are going to learn

What we are going to learn

- How to write a simple CLI program
- HTTP client
- JSON parsing
- Testing
- Testing HTTP clients with high fidelity

• ...

Back to loadmaster

Back to loadmaster

Given a pipeline and a time window, calculate the total and average build time per job and display it, sorted per total time.

```
$ ./loadmaster build-time --pipeline=concourse
job
                                          total
                         count
                                average
                                2h45m17s 19h16m57s
dev-image
resource-types-images
                            22
                                14m55s
                                          5h27m59s
unit
                                59m36s 4h58m2s
bosh-topgun-both
                                2h10m36s
                                          4h21m11s
                                          3h17m48s
testflight
                               49m27s
bosh-topgun-runtime
                                1h12m36s
                                          2h25m12s
bosh-topgun-core
                                59m18s
                                          1h58m36s
. . .
```

loadmaster: first iteration

```
./bin/loadmaster -h
This program calculates statistics for Concourse
Usage: loadmaster [--server SERVER] [--team TEAM] [--timeout TIMEOUT] <command>
[<args>]
```

Options:

Concourse server URL [default: https://ci.concourse-ci.org]
Concourse team [default: main]
timeout for network operations (eg: 1h32m7s) [default: 5s]
display version and exit
display this help and exit

Commands:

build-time calculate the cumulative build time taken by a pipeline

For more information visit FIXME https://example.org/...

loadmaster: getting started

- The exercise does not require authorization (no need to fly login).
- In the <u>github.com/marco-m/go-workshop</u> repo:
 - loadmaster-skel: the skeleton to use.
 - (loadmaster: solution to the exercise)
 - The tests are already there, you can use them as a guide.
- In the <u>github.com/concourse/concourse</u> repo:
 - HTTP server routes: <u>concourse/atc/routes.go</u>
 - Looking at fly to understand which endpoint to use: <u>concourse/</u> <u>tree/master/fly/commands</u>

loadmaster: let's do it!

- Better to work in pairs.
- Start from loadmaster-skel, use the various links in the previous slides and try to write it.
- Feel free to ask if you have any doubt.

• Proposed additional flags:

• Understand response paging and how to navigate through them.

- Add flag to sort per average build time
- Add a column frequency, that shows (average) builds per day (requires to have solved pagination)
- Add a feature to report the top K most expensive jobs among ALL the pipelines of a Concourse team!, as usual, given a time window
- Add human time windows, for example last-day, last-week, last-N-hours=N...

The time in human form is confusing to compare, because it can be:

123h32m7s 42s

while is should be something like:

```
123h 32m 07s
0h 00m 42s
```

with minutes and seconds are always 2 digits, while the hours are the minimum digits for the value.

- Focusing on a given branch (eg banana-master) is not really representative of the Concourse resource consumption of a project.
- Instead, we should report cumulative time per project.
- This can be done by considering the pipeline prefix: banana-master, banana-staging, banana-feat-1 and so on are all part of the banana project.

Sources for learning Go and references

Online

More or less in suggested reading order:

- A tour of Go
- Go by Example
- Effective Go
- Go Tutorials
- Overview of the documentation
- The Go blog

- Your Basic: Go Very good!
- <u>Bitfield Consulting: Go</u> very verbose but good, start from the oldest post and proceed

Books

- <u>Let's Go</u> Build a web app in Go, step by step, server-side rendering with some JavaScript. Very good.
- Let's Go further Build a web API in Go. Very good.

Videos

- All talks from Liz Rice, she is super. For example:
 - Containers from scratch
 - <u>Debuggers from scratch</u>
 - Beginner guide to eBPF programming with Go

Free Trainings

- Exercism, the Go track Good.
- Learn Go with tests TDD! very good.
- <u>Gophercises</u> Did not take it but author is good, so I assume course is good.

Paying Trainings

- Ardan Labs Very good. I followed the videos (the cheapest option).
- <u>CodeCrafters</u> Build your own Redis, Git, Docker, SQLite from scratch.