Course Project 1

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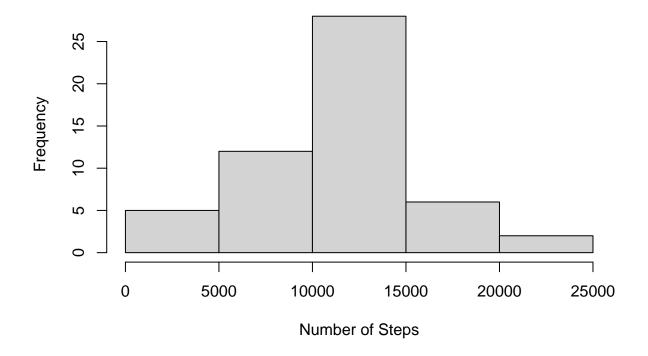
Loading and preprocessing the data

```
Data <- read.csv(file="activity.csv", header=TRUE)</pre>
```

What is mean total number of steps taken per day?

Make a histogram of the total number of steps taken each day

Total Steps per Day



Mean and median number of steps taken each day

```
meanS <- mean(TStepforday$steps, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
medD <- median(TStepforday$steps, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
summary(meanS)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
     10766
           10766 10766
                            10766 10766
                                             10766
##
summary(medD)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
##
     10765
           10765
                   10765 10765
                                    10765
                                             10765
```

What is the average daily activity pattern?

Make a time series plot

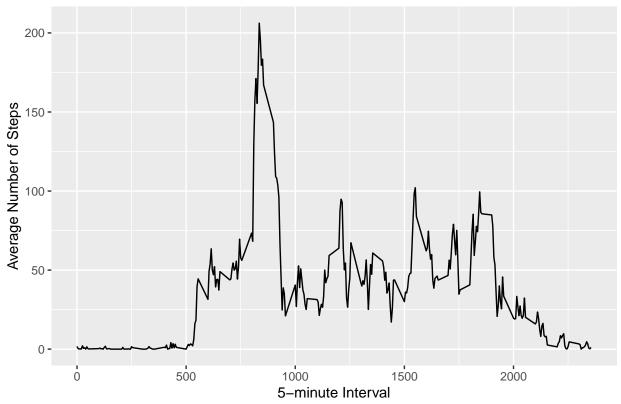
Time series plot of the average number of steps taken (averaged across all days) versus the 5-minute intervals

```
library(ggplot2)

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.1.2

meanSteps <- aggregate(steps ~ interval, Data, mean)
ggplot(data = meanSteps, aes(x = interval, y = steps)) + geom_line() + ggtitle("Average Daily Activity)</pre>
```





Report give the 5-minute interval that, on average, contains the maximum number of steps

```
maxstepinterval <- meanSteps[which.max(meanSteps$steps),]
summary(maxstepinterval)</pre>
```

```
##
       interval
                      steps
           :835
                          :206.2
##
    Min.
                  Min.
                  1st Qu.:206.2
   1st Qu.:835
##
   Median:835
                  Median :206.2
##
                          :206.2
           :835
                  Mean
                  3rd Qu.:206.2
##
    3rd Qu.:835
           :835
                          :206.2
    Max.
                  Max.
```

Calculate and report the total number of missing values

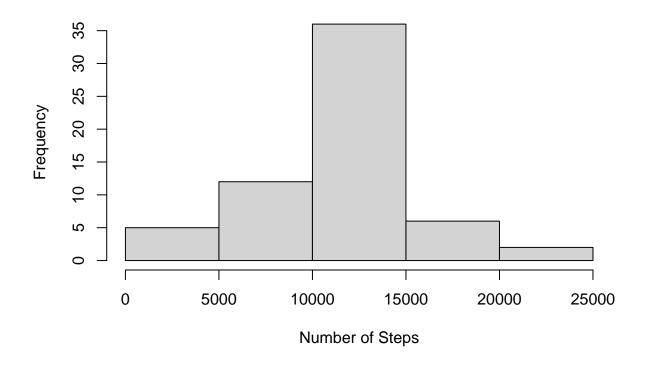
```
missingV <- is.na(Data$steps)
```

Create a new dataset that is equal to the original dataset but with the missing data filled in.

Report contain a histogram of the total number of steps taken each day after missing values were imputed

```
iStepsbInt <- aggregate(steps ~ date, miss_Data,FUN=sum)
hist(iStepsbInt$steps, main = "Imputed Number of Steps Per Day", xlab = "Number of Steps")</pre>
```

Imputed Number of Steps Per Day



```
impMeanSteps <- mean(iStepsbInt$steps, na.rm = TRUE)
impMedSteps <- median(iStepsbInt$steps, na.rm = TRUE)
diffMean = impMeanSteps - meanSteps
diffTotal = sum(iStepsbInt$steps) - sum(TStepforday$steps)</pre>
```

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

Create a new factor variable in the dataset with two levels – "weekday" and "weekend"

```
DayType <- function(date) {
  day <- weekdays(date)
  if (day %in% c('Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday')) return ("weekeday")
  else if (day %in% c('Saturday', 'Sunday'))
    return ("weekend")
  else stop ("Format no valid") }</pre>
```

#For this part the weekdays() function may be of some help here.

```
miss_Data$dateType <- ifelse(as.POSIXlt(miss_Data$date)$wday %in% c(0,6), 'weekend', 'weekday')</pre>
```

Make a panel plot comparing the average number of steps taken per 5-minute interval across weekdays and weekends

```
AVG <- aggregate(steps ~ interval + dateType, data=miss_Data, mean)
ggplot(AVG, aes(interval, steps)) + geom_line() + facet_grid(dateType ~ .) + xlab("5-minute interval")
```

