

# Politecnico di Milano A.A. 2015-2016

Software Engineering 2

Code Inspection

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# 1 Assigned class and methods

The class assigned to us is called "CurrentTransaction" (namespace: com. sun.jts.CosTransactions.CurrentTransaction) which is located in the following path relative to the root of GlassFish project: appserver/transaction/jts/src/main/java/com/sun/jts/CosTransactions/CurrentTransaction.java

The following are the methods of the "CurrentTransaction" class assigned to us:

• Name: endAborted(boolean[] aborted, boolean endAssociation)Start Line: 374

• Name:  $sendingReply(int\ id\ ,\ PropagationContextHolder\ holder\ )$ Start Line: 1035

## 2 Functional Role

#### 2.1 JTS Transaction Service

The class **CurrentTransaction** assigned to us is part of the Java<sup> $\top$ M</sup> Transaction Service (JTS) implementation by Oracle.

The "Java" Transaction Service (JTS) Specification" [2] says:

JTS specifies the implementation of a transaction manager which supports the JTA (Java Transaction API) specification at the high-level and implements the Java mapping of the OMG Object Transaction Service (OTS) 1.1 Specification at the low-level.

The Object Transaction Service is a paradigm that allows distributed access to resorces and computation (remote method calls).[1]

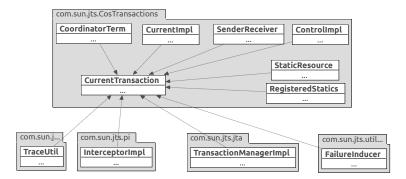
#### 2.2 CurrentTransaction class

The "CurrentTransaction" class is a static class that does not implement any interface and is used to keep track of the associations between transactions and threads.

The following is the JavaDoc of the class:

For each thread the class keeps track of the transactions with which it is associated to, the list of suspended transactions (which are transactions that have been suspended because a new request has been received while they were running) and the list of RegisteredStatics objects that will be informed of any changes in the associations of the thread with the transactions. The class exposes methods to modify the current association of the thread and the list of suspended transactions and to retrieve the list of transactions associated to the current thread. It also exposes methods to notify the Control object that a reply or a request has been (or is about to be) either received or sended. The Control object associated to each transaction allows access to a Terminator object (which provides methods for commit or rollback) and a Coordinator object (which involves Resource objects in a transaction when they are registered[1]).

The following is a class diagram showing the main classes with which CurrentTransaction class interact with:



#### 2.3 endAborted method

This is a private method of the class "CurrentTransaction", it is used to ensure that the Control object associated with the current thread does not represent a transaction that has already been aborted, eventually terminating the current association and replacing it with an active one.

The following are the JavaDoc and the declaration of the method:

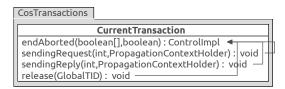
```
/**Ensures that an association with an aborted transaction is dealt with
353

→ cleanly.

354
           TN - do not dissociate thread even if it's aborted!!
356
357
          * If the current Control object represents a transaction that has been
359
           aborted, this method replaces the association by one with the first
           ancestor that has not been aborted, if any, or no association, and the
360
          st method returns true as the output parameter. Otherwise the method
361
           → returns
362
          * false as the output parameter
363
            If there is a current Control object in either case it is returned,
364
            otherwise null is returned.
365
366
          * Oparam aborted A 1-element array which will hold the aborted
367
           indicator.
368
            Oreturn The current Control object.
369
370
           0see
371
372
         private static ControlImpl
373
             endAborted( boolean[/*1*/] aborted, boolean endAssociation) {
374
```

The method checks if the transaction associated with the current thread has already been aborted (communicating it to the caller through the boolean output parameter "aborted") by checking his status. In that case, and if the method has been called with "endAssociation" argument set to true, the method replaces the association to the current thread with the first ancestor that has not been aborted by calling popAborted() 's Control method, resuming it. The method also deals with informing all the registered StaticResource objects that the old thread association has been terminated and a new one has

been established.



This method is used by the public and friendly methods release(), sendingReply() and sendingRequest() of CurrentTransaction class. To show how the method is actually used, we report the code snippets where it is called of the methods listed above:

```
// Ensure that the current Control object is valid.
              \hookrightarrow immediately if
              // not.
777
778
779
              boolean[] outBoolean = new boolean[1];
              ControlImpl current = endAborted(outBoolean, false);
780
781
              if( outBoolean[0] )
                  TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK exc = new TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK(O,
782
                   CompletionStatus.COMPLETED_NO);
783
                  throw exc;
             }
784
```

Listing 1: sendingRequest() calls endAboted()

```
1059
              // Ensure that the current Control object is valid.
              \hookrightarrow immediately if not.
1060
1061
              boolean[] outBoolean = new boolean[1];
1062
              ControlImpl current = endAborted(outBoolean, true); // end
                 association
1063
              if( outBoolean[0] ) {
                   importedTransactions.remove(Thread.currentThread());
1064
                  TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK exc = new TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK(O,
1065
                   → CompletionStatus.COMPLETED_YES);
1066
1067
              }
```

Listing 2: sendingReply() callsendAborted()

```
// Ensure that the current Control object is valid.
boolean[] outBoolean = new boolean[1];

ControlImpl control = endAborted(outBoolean, true); // end
association

if (outBoolean[0]) {
    importedTransactions.remove(Thread.currentThread());

return; // thread is not associated with tx, simply return
}

// Ensure that the current Control object is valid.

indicated in the current is valid.

// end
association

if (outBoolean[0]) {
    importedTransactions.remove(Thread.currentThread());

return; // thread is not associated with tx, simply return

}
```

Listing 3: release() calls endAborted()

Whenever it is expected that the current thread is associated with an active transaction (not aborted) the method endAborted() is invoked to check it

by looking at the output parameter **outBoolean**. If the transaction has already been aborted the methods return, eventually by reasing an exception to communicate the unexpected behaviour.

### 2.4 sendingReply method

This is a public method of the "Current Transaction" class and it is called to inform the Coordinator of the current transaction that an imminent reply is about to be performed and so the association between the transaction and the current thread should be ended.

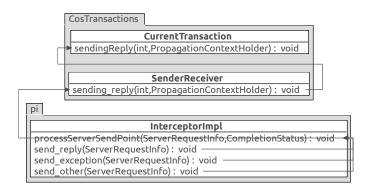
The following are the JavaDoc and the declaration of the method:

```
/**Informs the object's Coordinator that a reply is being sent to the
1021
            client.
1022
                            The request identifier.
1023
            Oparam id
1024
            Oparam holder The context to be returned on the reply.
1025
           * Cexception INVALID_TRANSACTION The current transaction has
1026
             outstanding work
              on this reply, and has been marked rollback-only, or the reply is
1027
          → returning
1028
              when a different transaction is active from the one active when the
             request
1029
              was imported.
          * Cexception TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK The current transaction has already
1030
              rolled back.
1031
1032
          * @see
1033
1034
         static void sendingReply( int id,
1035
1036
                                                  PropagationContextHolder holder )
              throws INVALID_TRANSACTION, TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK {
```

The method is responsible to check that the current transaction is actually still active and there are no pending computation that must be terminated. To accomplish the first task the "endAborted()" method (see section 2.3 for a more detailed explanation) is called to check if the transaction has already been aborted, and if so a TRANSACTION\_ROLLBACK exception is raised communicating that the transaction is already completed (Completion-Status. COMPLETED\_YES) and the Coordinator is set is rollback only mode bu callid rollback\_only() method. For what concern the second task, the method requests the status of the Coordinator by calling his replyAction() method:

- If there are still subtransactions that have not been completed yet (the value *CoordinatorImpl.activeChildren* has been returned) an *INVALID\_TRANSACTION* exception is raised communicating the error code "*MinorCode.UnfinishedSubtransactions*"
- If the transaction is still associated to a thread different from the current one or there are outgoing requests of the Coordinator that have not been completed yet an <code>INVALID\_TRANSACTION</code> exception is raised communicating the error code "MinorCode.DeferredActivities"

Finally, the method deals with terminating the association with the transaction keeping consistent the list of transactions associated with the current thread, and resuming the last transaction that had been suspended by calling "endCurrent()" method.



The sendingReply() method is called whenever the methods  $send\_reply()$ ,  $send\_exception()$  and  $send\_other()$  of the InterceptorImpl class are invoked passing through processServerSendPoint() and  $sending\_reply()$  calls, as shown in the class diagram above.

A detailed explanation of what Interceptors are and when  $send\_reply()$ ,  $send\_exception()$  and  $send\_other()$  are called is provided in "Transaction Service Specification" [1] and "CORBA Request Portable Interceptors: A Performance Analysis" [3] documents. We report below the most significant parts:

Portable Request Interceptors (PIs) are a mechanism allowing to modify the ORB or the application behaviour upon the event of sending or receiving a message (e.g. a request, a reply or an exception) without impacting either on the ORB code or on the application one.

The Transaction Service and the ORB must cooperate to realize certain Transaction Service function. This cooperation is realized on the **client invocation path** and through the transaction interceptor.

Request Interceptors are classified in client request interceptors and server request interceptors. The former are installed in client-side ORBs and can intercept outgoing requests and contexts as well as incoming replies and exceptions. Conversely, the latter are installed in server-side ORBs and can intercept incoming requests and contexts as well as outgoing replies and exceptions.

Server request interceptors are activated either upon receiving a request (by implementing the receive\_request(), receive\_poll() or receive\_request\_service\_contexts()) or upon the sending of a reply or

of an exception (by implementing the  $send_reply()$ ,  $send_exception()$  or  $send_other()$  methods).

# 3 Code Inspection

## 3.1 Class Analysis

- 1. All class names, interface names, method names, class variables, method variables, and constants used should have meaningful names and do what the name suggests.
  - method names:
    - line 1302: "endAll()" method is not implemented
    - line 1358: "shutdown()" method is not implemented
    - line 1371: "dump()" method is not implemented
  - method variables:
    - line 750: the argument "id" of the method "sendingRequest" is never been used inside the function so it could be removed

```
750 static void sendingRequest( int id,
751 PropagationContextNolder

holder )
752 throws TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK, TRANSACTION_REQUIRED {
```

- 6. Class variables, also called attributes, are mixed case, but might begin with an underscore ('\_') followed by a lowercase first letter. All the remaining words in the variable name have their first letter capitalized. Examples: windowHeight, timeSeriesData.
  - line 111: the variable "m\_tid" doesn't respect the naming convention because the underscore could only appear at the beginning of the name

```
private static ThreadLocal m_tid=new ThreadLocal();
```

23. Check that the javadoc is complete (i.e., it covers all classes and files part of the set of classes assigned to you).

For the following public and friendly methods and class variables is not provided a javadoc documentation:

• line 346: "isTxAssociated()" public method

```
// COMMENT (Ram J) 12/18/2000

// This is being accessed from OTS interceptors package to

// check to see if there is a current transaction or not.

public static boolean isTxAssociated() {
```

• line 102 "statsOn()" friendly method

```
static boolean statsOn=false;
```

 $\bullet\,$  line 119 "  $\,$  logger": firendly class variable

```
static Logger _logger = LogDomains.getLogger(CurrentTransaction.

→ class, LogDomains.TRANSACTION_LOGGER);
```

The following are methods for which it is reported a javadoc documentation but the meaning of some arguments or thrown exception is not clarified:

• line 374: the meaning of the argument "endAssociation" is not provided in the documentation

```
/**Ensures that an association with an aborted transaction is
353

→ dealt with cleanly.

354
355
           * TN - do not dissociate thread even if it's aborted!!
356
357
           * If the current Control object represents a transaction that
358
               has been
           * aborted, this method replaces the association by one with
359
           \hookrightarrow the first
360
           * ancestor that has not been aborted, if any, or no
           \hookrightarrow association, and the
           st method returns true as the output parameter. Otherwise the
361
           \hookrightarrow method returns
           st false as the output parameter.
362
363
           * If there is a current Control object in either case it is
364
           \hookrightarrow returned,
365
           * otherwise null is returned.
366
           * Oparam aborted A 1-element array which will hold the
367
           \hookrightarrow aborted indicator.
368
369
             Oreturn The current Control object.
370
3\,7\,1
           * Osee
373
          private static ControlImpl
374
              \verb|endAborted| ( boolean[/*1*/]| aborted|, boolean| \verb|endAssociation| |
              → ) {
```

• line 493: It is not specified when the method "getCurrent" could raise the exception TRANSACTION ROLLEDBACK

```
* under which the operation was invoked. If there is no such
483

→ association the

484
            null value is returned.
485
            @param
486
487
            Oreturn The current Control object.
488
489
490
491
            0see
492
         public static ControlImpl getCurrent()
493
             throws TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK {
494
```

• line 1199: the meaning of the argument "timeout" is not provided in the documentation

```
/**

* Recreates a transaction based on the information contained

in the

* transaction id (tid) and associates the current thread of

control with

* the recreated transaction.

*

* Oparam tid the transaction id.

*/

public static void recreate(GlobalTID tid, int timeout) {
```

#### 25. The class or interface declarations shall be in the following order:

The following class variables should be declared before the private ones because they are friendly (as described in the point 28. these variables could be declared private because they are used only inside this class)

• line 102: "statsOn" friendly variable

```
//store the suspended and associated transactions support only
if stats are required
static boolean statsOn=false;
```

• line 119: " logger" friendly variable

```
/*
Logger to log transaction messages

*/
static Logger = LogDomains.getLogger(CurrentTransaction.

chapter class, LogDomains.TRANSACTION_LOGGER);
```

28. Check that variables and class members are of the correct type. Check that they have the right visibility (public/private/protected).

The following class variables could be declared private because they are only used inside the current class:

• line 102: "statsOn" friendly variable

```
static boolean statsOn=false;
```

• line 119: " logger" friendly variable

```
static Logger _logger = LogDomains.getLogger(CurrentTransaction.

→ class, LogDomains.TRANSACTION_LOGGER);
```

## 3.2 Method analysis: "endAborted"

```
/**Ensures that an association with an aborted transaction is dealt with
353
                      354
355
                         * TN - do not dissociate thread even if it's aborted!!
356
357
                         * If the current Control object represents a transaction that has been
358
                         st aborted, this method replaces the association by one with the first
359
                         * ancestor that has not been aborted, if any, or no association, and the
360
                         st method returns true as the output parameter. Otherwise the method
361

→ returns

                         * false as the output parameter.
362
363
                             >
                             If there is a current Control object in either case it is returned,
364
                             otherwise null is returned.
365
366
                         * Oparam aborted A 1-element array which will hold the aborted
367

→ indicator.

368
                         * @return The current Control object.
369
370
371
                         * @see
372
373
                      private static ControlImpl
374
                                \verb|endAborted| ( boolean[/*1*/] aborted|, boolean endAssociation) | \{ | ( boolean endAssociation ) | (
375
                                // Get the current thread identifier, and the corresponding Control
376
                                \hookrightarrow object
                                // if there is one.
377
378
                                boolean completed = true;
379
380
                                aborted[0] = false;
381
382
                                ControlImpl result = (ControlImpl)m_tid.get();
383
                                 // If there is a current Control object, and it represents a
384
                                       transaction that
                                 // has been aborted, then we need to end its association with the
                                 // thread of control.
                                 if( result != null )
                                           try {
                                                     completed = (result.getTranState() != Status.StatusActive);
390
```

```
} catch( Throwable exc ) {
391
         _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", exc);
392
393
394
             if( result != null && completed ) {
395
                 if (endAssociation) {
396
                synchronized(CurrentTransaction.class){
397
           if (statsOn) {
398
                    Thread thread = Thread.currentThread();
399
400
                          threadContexts.remove(thread);
401
           m_tid.set(null);
402
403
                        // XA support: If there was a current IControl, inform all
404
                        → registered
                        // StaticResource objects of the end of the thread
405
                        → association.
                        \ensuremath{//} Allow any exception to percolate to the caller.
406
407
408
                        if( statics != null )
                               statics.distributeEnd(result,false);
409
410
411
                        // Discard all stacked controls that represent aborted or
                         → unrecognised
                        // transactions.
412
413
414
                        result = result.popAborted();
415
416
                        // If there is a valid ancestor, make it the current one.
417
418
                        if( result != null ) {
419
             m_tid.set(result);
420
             if(statsOn){
421
                      Thread thread = Thread.currentThread();
                                 threadContexts.put(thread,result);
423
                                 suspended.removeElement(result);
             }
424
                        }
425
426
427
                        // XA support: If there is a stacked context, inform all
                         → registered
                        // StaticResource objects of the new thread association.
428
                        // Allow any exception to percolate to the caller.
429
430
                        if( statics != null )
431
                               statics.distributeStart(result,false);
432
         }
433
434
                  aborted[0] = true;
435
436
437
         if(_logger.isLoggable(Level.FINEST))
438
439
           Thread thread = Thread.currentThread();
440
            _logger.logp(Level.FINEST, "CurrentTransaction", "endAborted()",
441
                 threadContexts.get(thread) ureturned u" +
442
               result + "uforucurrentuthreadu" + thread);
443
444
         }
445
             return result:
446
         }
447
```

# 8. Three or four spaces are used for indentation and done so consistently

Blocks of four spaces are used for indentation along the method (even if

multiple times in the form of tab characters instead of spaces (see point 9. below)), but many times the indentation rules are not applied correctly:

- Line 392 not correctly indented
- Content of if() block fromline 396 to 434 not correctly indented
- Content of synchronized() block from line **397** to **433** and its closing bracket at line **433** not correctly indented
- Content of if() block from line 398 to 401 not correctly indented
- Content of if() block at line 408 not correctly indented
- Content of if() block from line 418 to 425 not correctly indented
- Content of if() block from line **420** to **424** not correctly indented
- Content of if() block at line 431 not correctly indented
- Lines 442, 443 not correctly indented

#### 9. No tabs are used to indent

Starting from line **398** until line **444**, lines **435-6-7** excluded, each line that is not a blank line is indented using tabs instead of spaces.

10. Consistent bracing style is used, either the preferred "Allman" style (first brace goes underneath the opening block) or the "Kernighan and Ritchie" style (first brace is on the same line of the instruction that opens the new block)

The author has used the "Kernighan and Ritchie" bracing style along all the method, except for the if() block from line 438 to line 444, where he used the "Allman" style. This lack of consistency should be avoided.

- 11. All if, while, do-while, try-catch, and for statements that have only one statement to execute are surrounded by curly braces
  - if() block from line 388 to 393 not surrounded by curly braces
  - if() block from line 408 to 409 not surrounded by curly braces
  - if() block from line 431 to 432 not surrounded by curly braces
- 13. Where practical, line length does not exceed 80 characters
  All the lines of code of the method do not exceed 80 characters; however,
  some lines of either Javadoc or comments do:
  - Javadoc: line 353
  - Comments: lines **376**, **384**, **385**, **404**, **405**, **411**, **427**

The peak is at line 411, which is 90 characters long.

# 17. A new statement is aligned with the beginning of the expression at the same level as the previous line

As already mentioned in point 8. together with other indentation errors, there are some lines of subsequent instructions that should be aligned since they are at the same level, but are not:

- Lines 399 and 400
- Lines **421**, **422**, **423**
- Lines 441, 442, 443: lines 442 and 443 should be aligned with the open bracket at line 441

## 3.3 Method analysis: "sendingReply"

```
/**Informs the object's Coordinator that a reply is being sent to the
1021

→ client.

1022
                             The request identifier.
1023
           * Oparam holder The context to be returned on the reply.
1024
1025
           * Cexception INVALID_TRANSACTION The current transaction has
1026

→ outstanding work

               on this reply, and has been marked rollback-only, or the reply is
1027

→ returning

               when a different transaction is active from the one active when the
1028

→ request

               was imported.
1029
           * @exception TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK The current transaction has already
1030
           \hookrightarrow
               been
               rolled back.
1031
1032
           * @see
1033
1034
1035
          static void sendingReply( int id,
                                                    {\tt PropagationContextHolder\ holder\ )}
1036
              throws INVALID_TRANSACTION, TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK {
1037
1038
              // Zero out context information.
1039
1040
              // Ensure that the cached reference to the ORB is set up, and that

    the Any

              // value in the context is initialised.
1041
1042
              //\$ The following is necessary for the context to be marshallable.
1043
              //\$ waste of time when there is no transaction, in which case we
               → should be
              //$ throwing the TRANSACTION_REQUIRED exception (?).
1044
1045
1046
              if( emptyContext.implementation_specific_data == null ) {
                  ORB orb = Configuration.getORB();
1047
1048
                   emptyContext.implementation_specific_data = orb.create_any();
1049
                   emptyContext.implementation_specific_data.insert_boolean(false);
1050
1051
              // {\tt COMMENT(Ram\ J)} There is no need to send an empty context, if a tx
1052
1053
              // is not available. The PI based OTS hooks will not send a {\tt tx}
                 context
              // in the reply.
1055
1056
              holder.value = emptyContext;
1057
```

```
1058
               // Ensure that the current Control object is valid. Return
1059

    → immediately if not.

1060
              boolean[] outBoolean = new boolean[1];
1061
              ControlImpl current = endAborted(outBoolean, true); // end
1062
               → association
               if( outBoolean[0] ) {
1063
                   {\tt importedTransactions.remove\,(Thread.currentThread());}
1064
                   TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK exc = new TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK(O,
1065
                   CompletionStatus.COMPLETED_YES);
1066
                   throw exc;
              }
1067
1068
               // Get the global identifier of the transaction that was imported
1069

→ into this

              // thread. If there is none, that is an error.
1070
1071
              Thread thread = Thread.currentThread();
GlobalTID importedTID = (GlobalTID)importedTransactions.remove(thread
1072
1073
              \hookrightarrow ):
1074
1075
               \ensuremath{//} If there is no import information, and no current transaction,

→ then return

1076
              // the empty context.
1077
              if( importedTID == null && current == null ) {
1078
1079
1080
1081
1082
               // Check that the current transaction matches the one that was
               → imported.
1083
1084
               StatusHolder outStatus = new StatusHolder();
1085
              try {
1086
                   if ( importedTID == null ||
                        current == null ||
1087
                        !importedTID.isSameTID(current.getGlobalTID(outStatus)) ||
1088
                        outStatus.value != Status.StatusActive ) {
1089
1090
                        INVALID_TRANSACTION exc = new INVALID_TRANSACTION(MinorCode.
                        → WrongContextOnReply, CompletionStatus.COMPLETED_YES);
1091
                        throw exc;
1092
1093
              } catch( SystemException ex ) {
                   _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", ex);
INVALID_TRANSACTION exc = new INVALID_TRANSACTION(MinorCode.
1094
1095
                   → WrongContextOnReply, CompletionStatus.COMPLETED_YES);
                   throw exc;
1096
1097
1098
1099
               //$Get the Coordinator reference.
1100
               CoordinatorImpl coord = null;
1101
               Coordinator coordRef = null;
1102
1103
               try {
                   if (Configuration.isLocalFactory()) {
1104
                       coord = (CoordinatorImpl) current.get_localCoordinator();
1105
                   } else {
1106
                       coordRef = current.get_coordinator();
1107
                       coord = CoordinatorImpl.servant(coordRef);
1108
                   }
1109
1110
                         _logger.log(Level.FINE, "Servant = "+coord);
1111
1112
                   // Check the Coordinator before sending the reply.
1113
1114
                   // We must do this before ending the thread association to allow

→ the
```

```
// Coordinator to take advantage of registration on reply if
1115
                    → available.
                    // Note that if the Coordinator returns forgetMe, the global
1116

→ identifier

                    // will have been destroyed at this point.
1117
1118
                   CoordinatorImpl forgetParent = null;
int[] outInt = new int[1];
//StatusHolder outStatus = new StatusHolder();
1119
1120
1121
1122
                    try {
1123
                        forgetParent = coord.replyAction(outInt);
                   } catch( Throwable exc ) {
1124
                        _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", exc);
1125
                   }
1126
1127
                    int replyAction = outInt[0];
1128
                   if( replyAction == CoordinatorImpl.activeChildren ) {
1129
1130
                        try {
                             coord.rollback_only();
1131
1132
                        } catch( Throwable ex ) {
    _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", ex);
1133
                        }
1134
1135
                        INVALID_TRANSACTION exc = new INVALID_TRANSACTION(MinorCode.
1136
                        \hookrightarrow UnfinishedSubtransactions,
1137
                                                                             CompletionStatus
                                                                             \hookrightarrow );
1138
                        throw exc;
1139
                   }
1140
1141
                    // End the current thread association.
1142
1143
                    endCurrent(false);
1144
                    // If the transaction needs to be cleaned up, do so now.
1145
                    // We ignore any exception the end_current may have raised in
1146

→ this case.

1147
                    // The Control object is destroyed before the Coordinator so that
                       it is not
                    // in the suspended set when the Coordinator is rolled back.
1148
1149
1150
                    if( replyAction == CoordinatorImpl.forgetMe ) {
                        current.destroy();
1151
1152
                        coord.cleanUpEmpty(forgetParent);
1153
1154
1155
                    // Otherwise, we have to check this reply.
1156
1157
                    else {
                        if( current.isAssociated() ||
1158
                                current.isOutgoing() ) {
1159
1160
                             trv {
                                 coord.rollback_only();
1161
                             } catch( Throwable exc ) {
1162
                                 _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", exc);
1163
1164
1165
                             INVALID_TRANSACTION exc = new INVALID_TRANSACTION(
1166
                             \hookrightarrow MinorCode.DeferredActivities,
                                                                                  CompletionStatus
1167

→ COMPLETED YES

                                                                                  \hookrightarrow );
1168
                             throw exc;
                        }
1169
1170
```

```
current.destroy();
1171
1172
1173
              } catch( INVALID_TRANSACTION exc ) {
1174
1175
                   throw exc;
                catch( Unavailable exc ) {
1176
                   _logger.log(Level.FINE,"", exc);
// Ignore
1177
1178
              1179
1180
1181
1182
1183
              \ensuremath{//} Create a context with the necessary information.
1184
              // All we propagate back is the transaction id and implementation
1185

→ specific data.

1186
              holder.value = new PropagationContext(0,new TransIdentity(null,null,
1187
              \hookrightarrow importedTID.realTID,
1188
                                                        new TransIdentity[0],
                                                        \hookrightarrow emptyContext.

→ implementation_specific_data
1189
1190
          }
```

- 5. Method names should be verbs, with the first letter of each addition word capitalized.
  - line 1048: the called method "create\_any()" should be renamed in "createAny()"
  - line **1049**: the called method "insert\_boolean()" should be renamed in "insertBoolean()"
  - line **1105**: the called method "get\_localCoordinator()" should be renamed in "getLocalCoordinator()"
  - line 1107: the called method "get\_coordinator()" should be renamed in "getCoordinator()"
  - line 1108: the called method "servant()" should be renamed in "get-Servant()"
  - line 1131 and 1161: the called method "rollback\_only()" should be renamed
- 8. Three or four spaces are used for indentation and done so consistently
  - line 1167 not correctly indented (2 more spaces)
  - line 1188 not correctly indented (2 more spaces)
- 13. Where practical, line length does not exceed 80 characters.
  - Some lines of the javadoc documentation of this method exceed 80 characters

- Some lines of the following comment blocks exceed 80 characters length:
  - block from line 1040 to 1044
  - comment at line 1059
  - comment at line 1069
  - comment at line 1075
  - block from line **1114** to **1116**
  - block from line 1146 to 1147
  - comment at line 1185
- 14. When line length must exceed 80 characters, it does NOT exceed 120 characters.
  - line 1090: line length is 129 characters
  - line **1095**: line length is 125 characters
- 17. A new statement is aligned with the beginning of the expression at the same level as the previous line.
  - line 1036: the argument "holder" should be indented at the same level of the argument "id"
  - line 1137: the argument "CompletionStatus.COMPLETED\_YES" should be indented at the same level of the previous argument
  - line 1159: "current.isOutgoing()" should be indented at a lower level
  - line 1167: the argument "CompletionStatus.COMPLETED\_YES" should be indented at the same level of the previous argument
- 19. Commented out code contains a reason for being commented out and a date it can be removed from the source file if determined it is no longer needed.
  - line 1056: It is not specified a date after which the commented code can be deleted
  - line 1111: It is not specified neither the reason nor the date
  - line 1121: It is not specified neither the reason nor the date
- 29. Check that variables are declared in the proper scope
  - line 1102: "coordRef" declaration should be moved inside the else block at line 1106 because the variable is used only there.
- 33. Declarations appear at the beginning of blocks (A block is any code surrounded by curly braces "{" and "}"). The exception is a variable can be declared in a 'for' loop.

- line 1061, 1062, 1072, 1073, 1084, 1101, 1119, 1120: declarations should be moved at the beginning of the function (line 1038)
- line 1136: the declaration of the exception should be moved at the beginning of the if() block at line 1130. The exception could be also immediately thrown instead of assigning it to a temporary variable.
- line 1166: the declaration of the exception should be moved at the beginning of the if() block at line 1160. The exception could be also immediately thrown instead of assigning it to a temporary variable.
- 40. Check that all objects (including Strings) are compared with "equals" and not with "=="
  - line **1089**: "!=" is used instead of !equals()
- 42. Check that error messages are comprehensive and provide guidance as to how to correct the problem

At lines 1094, 1125, 1133, 1163, 1177and 1180 it is not provided an explanation for the logged exception

- 44. Check that the implementation avoids "brutish programming"
  - line 1065: The constructor of TRANSACTION\_ROLLEDBACK should be called using the constant "Undefined" declared in Minor-Code class instead of "0"
- 51. Check that the code is free of any implicit type conversions
  - line 1062: The called function "endAborted()" uses a one-element array to pass the boolean argument by reference. It should be better to use the object type Boolean in order to avoid indexes from going out-of-bounds
  - line 1123: The called function "replyAction()" uses a one-element array to pass the integer argument by reference. It should be better to use the object type Integer in order to avoid indexes from going out-of-bounds
- 52. Check that the relevant exceptions are caught
  - line 1124: it should be catched a "SystemException" instead of "Throwable"
  - line 1131 and 1161: it should be catched an "Inactive" exception instead of "Throwable"

# 4 Appendix

## 4.1 Hours of work

Here is how long it took to redact this document:

- $\bullet$  Matteo Bulloni: ~ #### hours
- $\bullet$  Marco Cannici: ~ 12 hours

## 4.2 Softwares and tools used

- Google Docs: to redact the document Link: http://docs.google.com
- Lyx: to format the document Link: http://lyx.org
- Architexa plugin for Eclipse: to analyse class dependencies and generate class diagrams

Link: https://marketplace.eclipse.org/content/architexa-eclipse-42

# References

[1] Transaction Service Specification

Version: 1.4

Author: OMB - Object Management Group Link: http://www.omg.org/spec/TRANS/1.4/

[2]  $Java^{\mathbb{M}}$  Transaction Service (JTS) Specification

Version: 1.0

Author: Sun Microsystems Inc

Link: http://download.oracle.com/otndocs/jcp/7309-jts-1.

0-spec-oth-JSpec/

 $[3] \ \ CORBA \ \ Request \ Portable \ Interceptors: \ A \ \ Performance \ Analysis$ 

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matica e Sistemistica, Universita "La Sapienza" di Roma

Link: http://midlab.diag.uniroma1.it/articoli/doa01.pdf