

1. Introduction

1.1 Description of the given problem

We are going to project an application called *myTaxiService*, for both web and mobile, which has been requested by the government of a large city to optimize its taxi service.

The main aim of this application is to allow people to call a taxi for a ride without actually having to make a phone call, but sending a request through the application instead, and to automate the handling and transmission of the requests from clients to drivers in such a way to make the service fast and efficient.

The users of the application, after registering to the service, will be able to request an immediately needed ride, receiving immediate notification of the incoming taxi code and estimated waiting time, or to make a reservation in advance for a ride, specifying its time, date, starting and ending point. These requests will be handled by a system which guarantees a fair management of taxi queues, obtained dividing the city into zones and handling requests depending on where they are coming from, and forwarding them to available taxis which are currently in the same area where the client needs to be picked up. There will thus be an application for taxi drivers, used to inform the system about their current state (“available” for a ride or “unavailable”) and to handle the ride requests assigned by the system.

1.2 Identifying Stakeholders

- [S1] *City’s public transportation company*: they want to optimize the service offered by taxis in this city by implementing this system;
- [S2] *Taxi drivers*: the application is going to influence and optimize the performance of their job;
- [S3] *Users of the taxi service*: they are interested in a system that can easily allow them to request taxis and reserve rides;

1.3 Actors Identifying

- [AC1] *Guest*: a person who hasn't signed up yet into the system;
- [AC2] *Passenger user*: a person who has registered to the system and can request a ride or a reservation;
- [AC3] *Driver user*: the user associated to a driver, created by the administrator;
- [AC4] *Administrator*: the person who is responsible for the system and the user accounts management, in particular for creating the accounts for drivers.

1.4 Goals

[AC1] Being a guest user, myTaxiService application should only provide one functionality:

- [G1] User registration;

[AC2] From the perspective of the passenger user, we think that the application should provide the following features in both web and mobile applications:

- [G2] User login and logout;
- [G3] Sending a ride request for an immediately needed ride, specifying where to be picked up;
- [G4] Receiving notification that the ride request the user has sent has been accepted or queued, if no taxis are currently available;
- [G5] Sending ride reservation requests, specifying the origin and destination of the ride and the reservation time and date;
- [G6] Receiving notification that a reservation request the user has made has been accepted or refused;
- [G7] Receiving a reservation reminder notification 10 minutes before a reservation has to be performed;
- [G8] Checking the user's ride reservation history;
- [G9] Deleting ride reservations included in the history that have been made and not yet performed;

- [G10] Viewing and modifying the user's personal informations (e-mail address, password);

[AC3] Furthermore, from the perspective of the driver user, the following features will be provided (accessible from the specific driver application only):

- [G11] User authentication and logout;
- [G12] Informing the system about the taxi's current state: "available" to handle new ride requests, or "unavailable";
- [G13] Receiving ride requests, assigned by the system, to be handled immediately;
- [G14] Being able to accept or refuse the ride requests within a limited amount of time;
- [G15] Receiving reserved ride requests, assigned by the system and notified 10 minutes in advance with respect to the reservation time;
- [G16] Notify, at the end of each ride, if it was successfully completed or if the client couldn't be found where he should have been;

[AC4] To the system administrator, the application should provide the following capabilities:

- [G17] Creating, deleting and managing all the kind of user accounts (administrator, passenger, driver) and their attributes;

Finally, for what concerns the central system, it should achieve the following goals:

- [G18] Send notifications to answer ride and reservation requests coming from passenger users;
- [G19] Forward ride and reservation requests to driver users;
- [G20] Keep updated in real time informations about taxis' positions and availability;

- [G21] Guarantee a fair management of taxi queues;

[G16] Keep track in real time of each driver's position and state;

[G17] Forwarding ride requests coming from a certain zone to the taxis in that zone;

[G12] Keeping a set of queues, one for each zone in which the city is divided, in which identifiers of the available taxis currently in that zone are stored;

[G13] Add a taxi into a zone's queue when its driver sets taxi's state to "available", and remove it when he sets the state into "unavailable";

[G14] Compute in real time the distribution of the taxis in the various city zones using GPS informations received from the taxis themselves;

[G15] Forwarding ride requests coming from a certain zone to the taxis in that zone, starting from the first taxi in the queue of available ones, until an acceptance answer is received from the chosen taxi;

[G16] Answering ride requests through a confirmation notification after a taxi has accepted it, informing the passenger about the incoming taxi code and the estimated waiting time;

[G17] Answering ride requests telling that the sending user has been put into a waiting queue if no taxis are currently available in his zone;

1.5 Domain properties

We assume that the following conditions hold in the analyzed world:

- [D1] The number of people to be served in a ride due to a single request doesn't exceed the capacity of passengers of a single taxi;

- [D2] Whenever a taxi arrives where he should pick up a client and he can't find him, he waits at most a few minutes, and then signals "missing client" on the application if he doesn't show up;
- [D3] Taxi drivers behave in general as honest workers: they won't keep refusing ride requests, also because at the end of each month the transportation company checks how much they earned and how many rides they completed, to evaluate their job performance;
- [D4] Whenever a driver accepts a ride request of any kind, he will actually and immediately start heading where he is requested to pick the passenger up;
- [D5] A driver taking care of an accepted ride request of any kind will always reach the spot where he is requested to pick up the passenger, around the time he is supposed to;
- [D6] Each taxicab owned by the transportation company already has an embedded terminal running an Android OS which is connected to the internet and is used as a navigation system through Google Maps' API, and on which the myTaxiService mobile application for drivers can be installed;

1.6 Glossary

1.6.1 Definitions

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1.6.2 Abbreviations

- [Gn]: n-goal
- [Dn]: n-domain assumption
- [Sn]: n-stakeholder
- [An]: n-assumption
- [Acn]: n-actor

1.7 Reference Documents

- Examples of RASDs from the previous years;

- IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications (Revision of IEEE Std 830-1993);

2. Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective

We will develop the web and mobile passenger applications to offer the passenger users the same experience and functionalities on both.

Anyone aiming to use any of the services provided by *myTaxiService* application as a passenger will need to complete a user registration first; no service will be available without being logged in as a registered user. After logging in, the user will immediately be able to easily send ride or reservation requests. An automated system running on the company's servers, which is constantly keeping trace of taxis positions and availability, will handle the incoming requests following a defined policy and will forward them to the drivers through their specific driver application. Drivers can receive and handle requests using the embedded terminal installed on every taxi of the company, which runs the specific mobile application for drivers. Each driver is associated with a unique driver user account, which is created by the system administrator and can be accessed on taxi's terminal using the personal driver ID and password, provided by the transportation company. After authentication, the driver will be able to set his state on "available" or "unavailable", to receive immediate ride requests and to accept or refuse them, and to receive reserved ride requests.

2.2 User characteristics

No special skills will be required to correctly use the software. Both passenger and driver users should be able to easily understand how the application works and interact with it through a simple and intuitive interface.

2.3 Constraints

2.3.1 Regulatory policies

The system we provide must meet the following regulatory policies:

- Taxi policy of the country where myTaxiService will be available;
- Privacy policy for the treatment of personal data stored in the system;
- Policy for the use of the external software involved in the application, i.e. Google Maps;
- Policy about the usage of cookies;

2.3.2 Interfaces to other applications

The system should be able to interact with Google Maps' API , which is used by the central system to estimate the time needed by each taxi to reach his destination and in the passenger user's application to select the origin and destination points of a requested ride, when they need to be selected. It has also to be created the interface between the driver user's application and the existent navigation system running on embedded taxi terminals, which also uses Google Maps, and has to be interfaced with our application in order to allow the automatic transmission of the informations about the origin and destination points of a ride when it is accepted by the driver.

2.3.3 Parallel operations

The system must be developed to handle parallel and simultaneous requests from multiple users, both drivers and passengers, at the same time. A proper DBMS must be configured to manage multiple data accesses.

2.3.4 Documents related

- fixed goalsProject Plan: to define tasks and to show our organization and the timings of this process;

- RASD: Requirement Analysis and Specification Document, to well-understand the given problem and to analyze in a detailed way which are our goals and how to reach them, defining proper requirements and specifications;
- DD: Design Document, to define the real structure of our mobile and web application;
- Code documentation: in order to keep track of the structure of the system we are going to develop and guarantee a much easier maintenance of it;
- Installation Manual: a guide to install the system core of myTaxiService;
- User Manual: a guide on how to use myTaxiService, that will be available for free download on both the website and the application;
- Testing Document: a report of the tests we will perform during the software development;

2.2 Assumptions

To solve ambiguities in the assignment text, here we provide a list of assumptions we make in our proposed solution:

- [A1] Before the development of the application described in this document, ride and reservation requests could be made only by phone, and the forwarding to taxi drivers was handled by a series of dedicated human operators; no automated system was present.
- [A2] The service provided by the taxis of this company is not exclusively due to requests from the application: for instance, if a driver currently in “available” state happens to find a person asking for a ride on the side of the road, he can answer positively and accept him or her as a client, provided that he immediately sets his current state on “unavailable”.
- [A3] To guarantee system security and to ensure a fair behavior by the drivers, the driver application of myTaxiService will be available to be used directly and only on the embedded terminals present on each taxi

vehicle, on which it will be installed by the company; the application won't be available for download from any kind of public source.

- [A3] If a driver doesn't accept or refuse a ride request within a certain defined time limit, the system will consider it as refused by the driver.
- [A4] If the driver informs the system that he is available in a certain area and then moves to another one, the system is able to detect it in real time.
- [A5] If there aren't available drivers when a passenger requests a ride in a certain city zone, the system will inform the passenger about the situation and ask him if he wants to wait for a taxi to free up or not.
- [A6] In handling reserved rides, the system is able to manage the requests and queues in such a way that it is always ensured that a driver is available to handle the request 10 minutes before the ride has to be performed.
- [A7] Drivers can't refuse a reserved ride request; to fulfill the government's transportation policy, implemented in order to provide a reliable reservation service, these requests must be accepted by the assigned drivers.
- [A8] User registration is required to use any of the functionalities offered by myTaxiService passenger application, in order to collect more detailed informations about the usage of the service and to protect the system from a bad use of the application (i.e. ride requests spamming, never showing up after requesting a ride, ...).

2.5 Future possible implementations

- *Shared rides*: the transportation company has planned to optimize the proposed system in order to allow shared rides in the near future. The system will be able to plan the route the driver has to follow in a way that allows to pick up other passengers during the ride. In order to achieve this goal the system will also ask the destination of the ride when a user requests one, in the same way

as it's already done for reservation requests, and the exact number of people that are included in the ride request.

- *SMS notifications*: the company also aims to implement a notification functionality that uses SMS to send reminder notifications to passengers which have reserved rides in the near future, and in general to allow users without internet access to receive notifications; to achieve this, the passenger users will be requested to provide their mobile phone numbers, if they want to.

3 Specific requirements

3.1 External Interface requirements

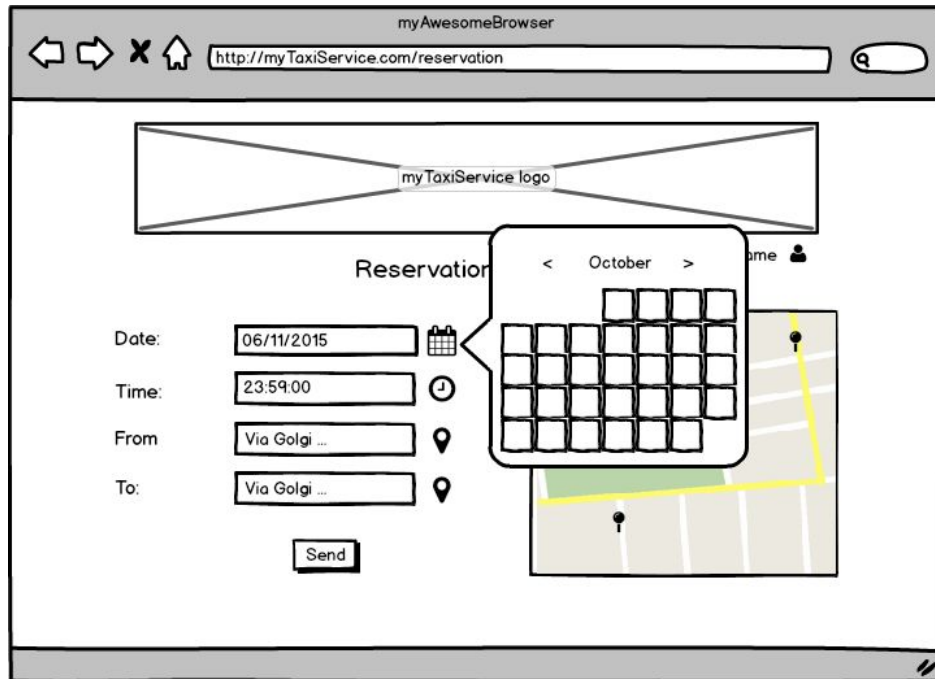
3.1.2 User interfaces

- *[G3, G5, G8] User's homepage*: this mockup shows how the user home page shall look like; from this page the user should be able to request a ride or make a reservation, and to check the list of reservation he/she has already requested.

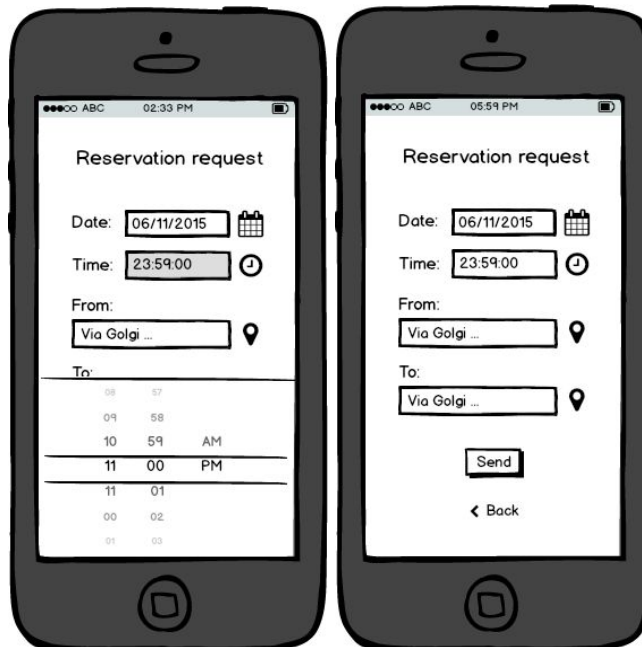


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- *[G5] Ride reservation page:* This mockup shows how a user can request a ride reservation. The user can select origin and destination locations by typing the address or by clicking on “from” or “to” icons and then directly on the map, and select date and time by directly typing into boxes or by selecting the value inside a popup.



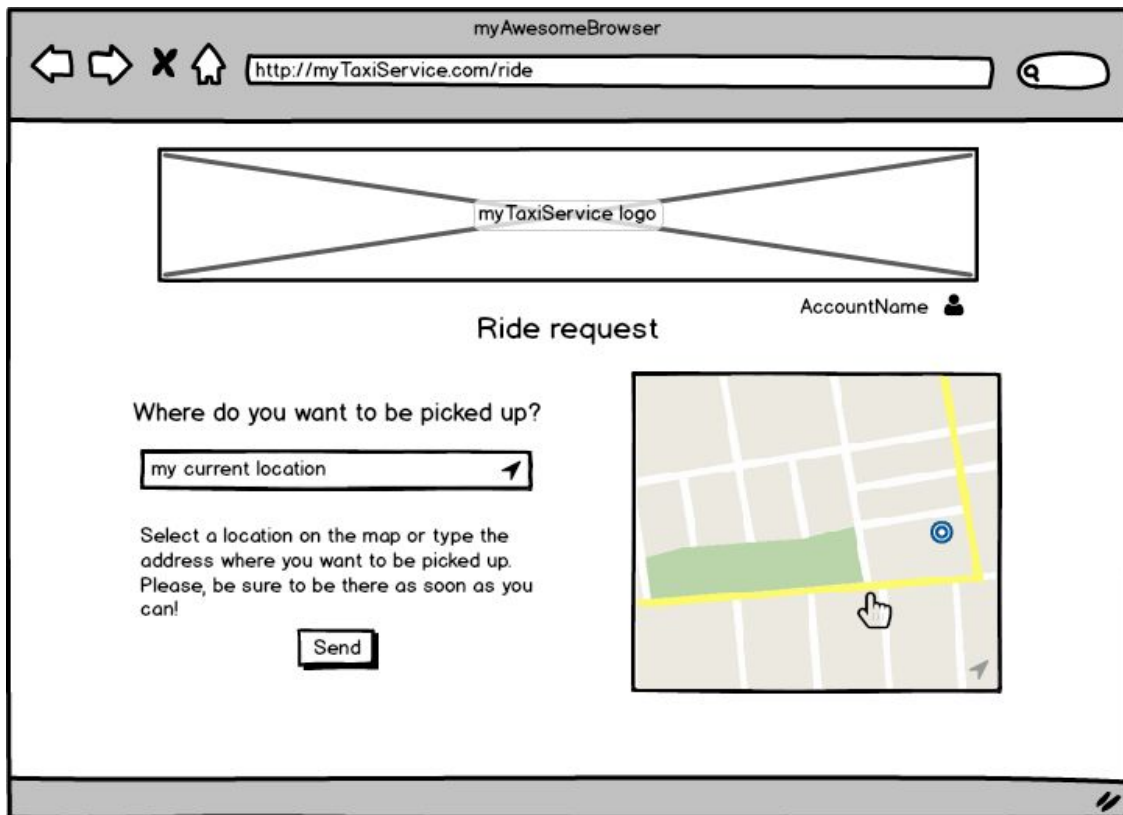
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- *[G3] Ride request page*: This mockup shows how the user can request a ride. To select where he wants to be picked up, the user can choose to use his current location (default choice, provided by his GPS module, if there is one on the device he is currently using), or to select a different spot.



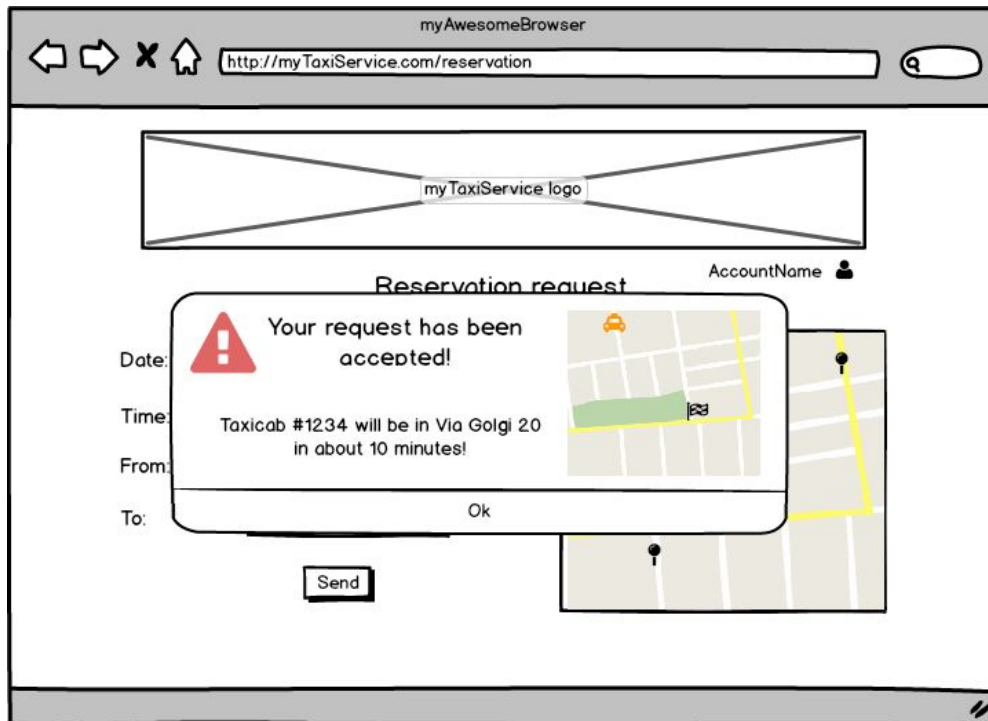
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- **[G4] Ride notifications:** This mockup shows how notifications are displayed when they are received from the system.

Notifications are mainly used to provide informations about the code of the incoming taxi and the estimated waiting time when a requested ride is accepted, but can also be used to display other kinds of messages.



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- [G8,G9] *Reservation history*: This mockup shows how the user can view the list of reservations he has already requested. If the reservation hasn't already been performed, and only until at least 2 hours before the meeting, the user can delete it.

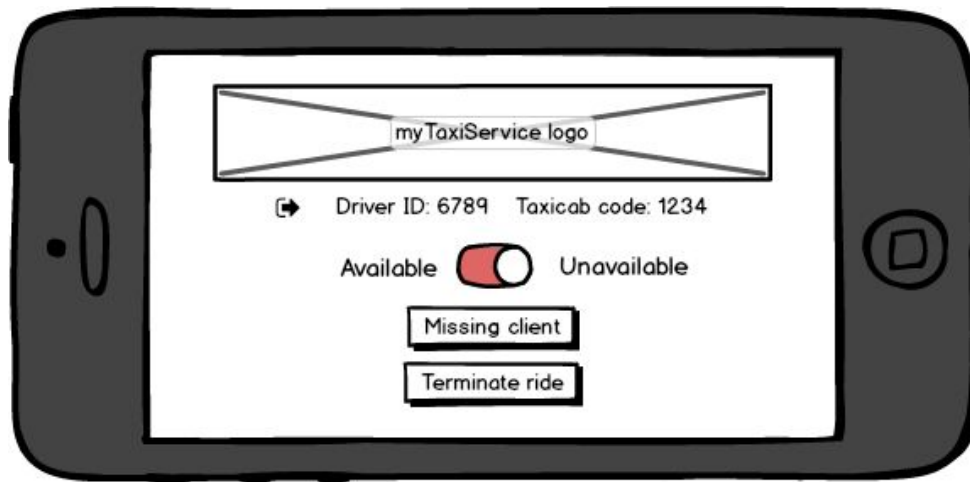


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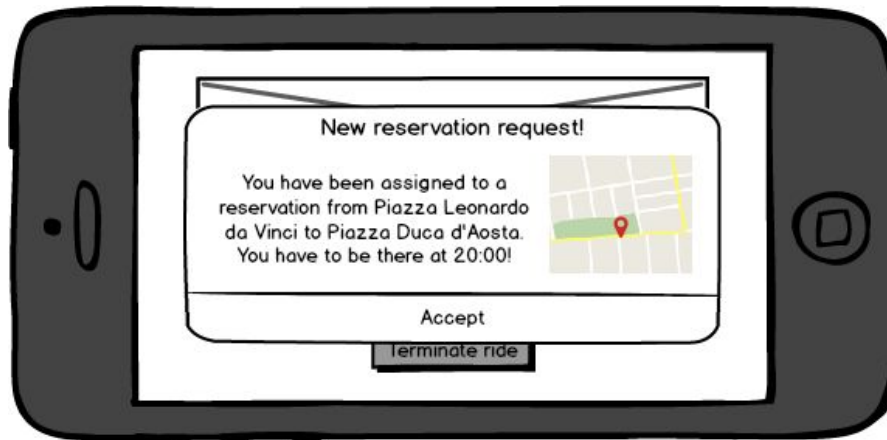
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- *[G11, G15] Driver user's homepage (during a ride):* This mockup shows the homepage of the driver user after he has been assigned and has accepted a ride request. From this page the driver can change his status from unavailable to available and vice versa , communicate to the system that he has just accepted an extraordinary ride from a user on the road and complete the current ride. Each of those functionality is enabled only if the driver can perform it.

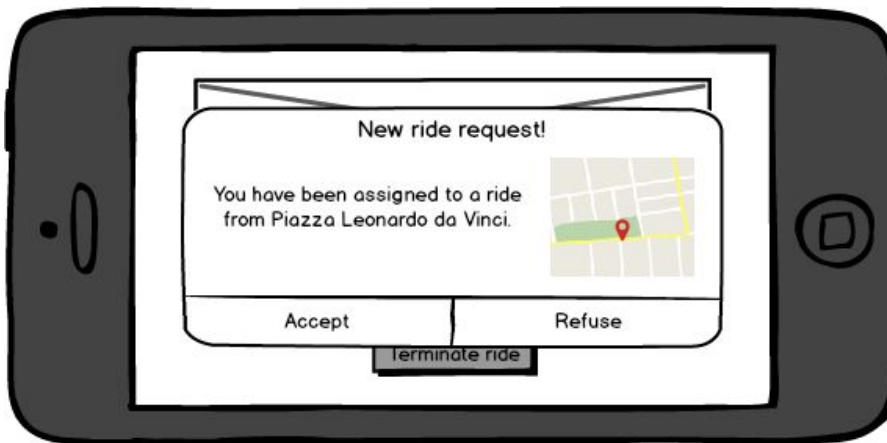


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- *[G10] Ride/Reservation request notifications:* This mockup shows how notifications are displayed to the driver. These notifications contain informations about the ride he has been assigned to, and allow him to accept or refuse it.



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3.2 Software Interfaces

- Database Management System (DBMS)
 - Name: MySQL;
 - Version: Enterprise Edition 5.7
 - Source: <http://www.mysql.com/>
- HTTP Server
 - Name: Apache HTTP Server
 - Edition: 2.4
 - Source: <https://httpd.apache.org/>;
- Mapping Service:
 - Name: Google Maps API
 - Version: Web / iOS / Android
 - Source: <https://developers.google.com/maps/>

3.3 Communications Interfaces

- TCP protocol (both HTTP and HTTPS applications running on standard ports) for client-server communication
- SSL encryption protocol for DBMS communication

3.4 Functions

Here we list the functional requirements the system shall match, identified basing on IEEE Standard Requirement Specification document definition, paired with the goals proposed in the “Goals” section and divided by the category of actor or entity which is dealing with such requirement:

3.4.1 [AC1] Guest requirements

- [G1] User registration:
 - The application shall provide a registration functionality on its main page;
 - The registration process shall request the guest to insert a username, a password and an email address;
 - The system shall check the validity of such provided informations (unique username, unique and valid e-mail address, password of at least 8 alphanumerical characters), and ask to insert them again if something is detected as not valid, specifying which of the fields generated the problem;
 - If the provided informations are valid, the system shall generate and send a registration confirmation email to the user, to be used to effectively activate the new account;

3.4.2 [AC2] Passenger user requirements

- [G2] User login and logout:
 - The application shall provide a login functionality for passenger users on its main page, allowing to login by typing username and password;

- After successfully completing the login, the user shall be displayed his home page;
 - The application shall provide a logout functionality on the user's home page, accessible from the menu that opens by clicking on the "user account" visual icon (top right of the user's home page);
 - When a user logs in through the mobile application, the application shall keep him logged in even after the user closes it, so that he is already logged in when he wants to use the service again. This shall happen until the user actually performs a logout;
- [G3] Sending request for an immediately needed ride, specifying where to be picked up:
 - The user shall be able to access the "ride request" screen interface from his home page;
 - In the "ride request" screen, the application shall allow the user to send a ride request, specifying the position where he wants to be picked up by typing it into a box or selecting it on the city's map;
 - The user's position when requesting a ride shall be set by default as the one provided by his GPS module, if there is one on the device he is currently using;
 - The system shall check that the provided position is valid (an existing address or coordinate if typed in by hand) and inside the area in which the system is available, and ask to select it again if it is not;
 - The system shall prevent the user to send multiple ride requests: if the user has already requested a ride in the short past, that functionality shall be disabled until the current request is answered and completed;
- [G4] Receiving notification that the ride request the user has sent has been accepted or queued, if no taxis are currently available:

- After sending a ride request, in case of a lack of available taxis, the system shall immediately notify the user he has been put into a waiting queue, showing an estimated waiting time for a taxi to free up; thus the user shall be asked to further confirm the request if he can wait a little, or to cancel it;
- If the user confirms, or equally if the system didn't detect a lack of available taxis at the beginning, he shall be told to wait until a new notification comes;
- As soon as the sent request is accepted by a driver, the user shall receive and be shown a popup notification confirming that the request has been accepted, and showing the incoming taxi code and estimated waiting time;
- [G5] Sending ride reservation requests, specifying the origin and destination of the ride and the reservation time and date:
 - The user shall be able to access the “ride reservation” screen interface from his home page;
 - In the “ride reservation” screen, the application shall allow the user to send a ride reservation request, asking him to specify the origin and destination of the ride (to be specified in the same way as described above for [G3] requirements), and its time and date;
 - Time and date shall be selected from a popup box allowing to select valid inputs only (i.e. not a date in the past or on a not existing day);
 - The system shall check that the provided origin and destination locations are valid and inside the area in which the system is available, and ask to select them again if they are not;
- [G6] Receiving notification that a reservation request the user has made has been accepted or refused:
 - A popup notification shall be shown right after the reservation request is sent, telling if it has been accepted or not (see

[G17] requirements for details on system's acceptance policy);

- [G7] Receiving a reservation reminder notification 10 minutes before a reservation has to be performed:
 - Ten minutes before a reserved ride has to be performed, the user shall be shown a reminder notification, telling him the incoming taxi code and the estimated waiting time;
- [G8] Checking the user's ride reservation history:
 - The user shall be able to view his ride reservation history on a dedicated screen, accessible from his home page;
 - The history shall display all the reservations made by the user and accepted by the system that will be performed in the future, and the ones that have been completed in the last month;
 - The history shall be displayed divided into already performed and not yet performed rides:
 - Not yet performed reservations shall be displayed from the closest to happen to the farthest;
 - Already performed rides shall be displayed from the last one performed to the oldest one;
 - By clicking on a not yet performed reservation, all the ride details shall be shown;
- [G9] Deleting ride reservations included in the history that have been made and not yet performed;
 - Besides each not yet performed reservation there shall be a "delete" button (appears by sliding with the finger from right to left on the reservation in the mobile application), which allows to delete that reservation (asking further confirmation before completing the cancellation);
- [G10] Viewing and modifying the user's personal informations (e-mail address, password);

- The user shall be able to view his profile informations; this shall be done by opening the “user account” menu through the visual icon on the top right of his home page and by selecting “view profile”;
- On the “view profile” screen, the user shall be able to modify his password and e-mail address (provided that he provides new valid ones);

3.4.2 [AC3] Driver user requirements

- [G11] User authentication and logout:
 - The application shall allow the driver user to log into the system from the main page, by inserting its driver ID and password;
- [G12] Informing the system about his current state: “available” to handle new ride requests, or “unavailable”:
 - On the user’s home page, the application shall allow the driver to inform the system when he is in “available” or “unavailable” state, by simply sliding with a finger on a switch between the two states;
- [G13] Receiving ride requests, assigned by the system, to be handled immediately:
 - The application shall notify the driver that the system has assigned him a ride or a reservation through a popup window, showing the ride’s starting point;
- [G14] Being able to accept or refuse the request within a limited amount of time:
 - When a ride request is displayed, the application shall ask the driver to accept or refuse the assigned ride, giving a fixed limited amount of time to answer;
 - If the driver accepts the request, his state shall automatically be set on “unavailable”, the screen shall switch to the taxi’s

navigation system application and his destination shall be displayed;

- If the driver refuses the request or doesn't provide an answer within the given time, the system shall consider the request as refused and close the popup window, keeping the driver's state on "available";
- [G15] Receiving reserved ride requests, assigned by the system and notified 10 minutes in advance with respect to the reservation time:
 - When a reserved ride request is assigned to the driver by the system, a popup window shall be shown 10 minutes in advance, showing the reservation details;
 - Since this request can't be refused, after the driver accepts it the screen shall switch to the navigation system application, and the origin and destination of the ride shall be displayed on the map;
- [G16] Notify, at the end of each ride, if it was successfully completed or if the client couldn't be found where he should have been:
 - When a ride or reservation request is accepted by the driver user, the "complete ride" and "missing client" buttons shall become available on his application's main page;
 - After tapping on one of the buttons (used to end a ride), the application shall communicate to the system that the current ride has ended, and the user's status shall be automatically set back to "available";

3.4.2 [AC4] Administrator requirements

- [G16] Creating, deleting and managing all the kind of user accounts (administrator, passenger, driver) and their attributes:

- The administrator interface shall be accessible by logging in from myTaxiService web application only, through the usual login form used by passenger users;
- The administrator interface shall allow him to create new passenger users providing a valid username, password and email;
- The interface shall allow him to create new administrator users providing a valid username and a password;
- The interface shall allow him to create new driver users providing a valid driver ID as a username and a password;
- The interface shall allow him to formulate queries searching for existing users, displaying the results in a “query result” screen;
- The interface of the “query result” screen shall allow him to delete any user (either admin, driver or passenger) and to edit any user’s information;

3.5 System requirements

Here we list the non-functional requirements the system shall provide, paired with the goals proposed in the “Goals” section and divided by the category of actor or entity which is dealing with or providing such requirement:

3.6 Performance requirements

3.6.1 Maintainability

The system shall be designed to be modular, in order to reduce the time needed to find bugs and correct them and to be easily expandable. The development process shall be supported by softwares of code quality inspection in order to track the complexity and integrity of the system.

- The system shall permit replacement and upgrade of the hardware without downtime;
- The system shall permit software upgrade without downtime;

- The MTTR (Mean Time to Repair) of the system shall not exceed 24 hours;

3.6.2 Reliability

The system has to be developed in such a way to guarantee reliability during all its lifetime and a low probability of failures. The behaviour of each part of the system must be previously specified using JML constraints that must be verified periodically in order to guarantee the consistency of the whole system. Each unit of the system must be tested individually using junit framework and then integrated in the whole system. Moreover, integration testing must be performed every time a new unit is added. The system should behave correctly for each input the user can provide.

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3.6.3 Availability

- The system should be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- In order to guarantee that, the functionalities of the system will be replicated into several servers in a Server Farm configuration so that if one server becomes unavailable, there will always another clone to replace it.

3.6.4 Capacity

- The system shall support a minimum of 2000 passenger users simultaneously connected;
- The system shall support a minimum of 500 driver users simultaneously connected;
- The system shall support a minimum of 1000 simultaneous requests;

3.6.5 Time Response

- The system shall provide a feedback for each user's action within a maximum of 5 seconds;
- Every time an event that interests the user occurs, the system shall notify him within a maximum of 5 seconds;

3.6.6 Accuracy

- The system shall update the position of each taxis every 10 seconds;
- The error between the position of the taxi retrieved by GPS module and the real one should not exceed 10 meters;

3.6.7 Security

In order to guarantee the security of the whole system, the following requirements must be ensured:

- Passwords must be stored encrypted using hash functions;
- The system should accept users' passwords only if they comply with certain complexity constraints: for instance, the password must have at least 8 characters, at least one digit and a non alphanumeric character;
- The system should validate each input of the user in order to protect the system from accidental or malicious usage, like for instance SQL injection;
- Communication between client and server must be encrypted using HTTPS protocol;

3.6.8 Usability

- Passenger users should be able to complete the registration process within 5 minutes;
- Passenger users should be able to learn how each functionality works in less than 2 minutes;
- Passenger user should be able to complete ride/reservation request process within 2 minutes;

4 Scenarios Identifying

Here we list some of the possible scenarios of myTaxiService application usage, divided by the kind of actor they apply to:

4.1 [AC1] Guest scenario

- Scenario 4.1.1: passenger user registration

David just got off from work, but he missed the last available bus to his home. So he downloads myTaxiService app on his smartphone, he opens it and registers a new account, providing his email, a valid username and password. He checks his email inbox folder, in which he finds myTaxiService registration confirmation email, he confirms the subscription and logs in on the application with his brand new account; he won't have to repeat this login operation again: the app will keep him logged in until he possibly chooses to log out. He can now perform all the activities of a registered passenger user.

4.2 [AC2] Passenger user scenarios

- Scenario 4.2.1: accepted ride request through mobile application

David and his girlfriend went to the cinema this evening, and since the movie finished late they missed the last available bus to their home. So David, who has already registered to myTaxiService, decides to call a taxi: he opens the app on his smartphone and just taps on "request a ride", and sends the request by tapping on "send request", keeping the position provided by his GPS module as the ride's desired starting point. After few seconds, he receives a confirmation notification, telling him that taxicab no. 17689 is on his way, and will meet him in about 3 minutes. Thus David taps on "ok" and waits for the cab to come and bring him and his girlfriend home, fast and safely.

- Scenario 4.2.2: login and queued ride request through web application

Carla is home and has to get to her friend's Anna party, that is starting at 7 p.m. at her place. Carla's got no driving license, and she lives far from any public transportation spot, so she decides to call a taxi, to avoid being late. Carla is currently chatting with Anna on her laptop, so she decides to call the taxi using myTaxiService web application. She opens a new tab of her browser and types myTaxiService.com; being already registered to the service, she quickly logs in and clicks on "request a ride". She types her home's address as ride's starting point and sends

the request. Since it's rush hour, it happens that there's currently no available taxi in that area of the city. So Carla immediately receives a notification which tells her she's been put into a waiting queue, and that she'll have to wait about 6 minutes for a cab to be available; she is asked if she wants to confirm or delete her request. She chooses to confirm it, since she's got no hurry, and she waits. After a few minutes, a new notification is received and shown on her homepage, telling that taxicab no. 17446 will pick her up in about 4 minutes. She then goes out of her house and waits a little, until the taxi comes and takes her to her friends' party.

- Scenario 4.2.3: ride reservation request with non valid and valid time

Philip is in Memphis, where he has been for some days to attend an important conference. He is boarding on his plane in 15 minutes, and he knows he'll land in about 1.5 hours. Since he'll land at rush hour, he wants to be sure that a taxi will be waiting for him outside the airport, to bring him home. To do this, he opens his myTaxiService app on his brand new iPhone; being a regular user of the service, he is already logged in. He taps on "reserve a ride", on his home page. He selects the date and time when he wants to be picked up, taps on "from" button and taps on the airport on the city's map shown; then he taps on "to" box and writes his home address. He then clicks "send", and the system immediately answers through a notification: he has set the reservation time too close (less than 2 hours in advance), so the system tells him the reservation can't be completed. Philip executes again the above steps, this time inserting a valid reservation time; after sending, he is immediately confirmed that the reservation has been successfully completed. Later, after landing, Philip receives a reminder notification on his phone, reminding him that taxicab no. 14599 will be waiting for him outside the airport in 10 minutes. He is thus able to collect his luggage and go meet the cab in the taxi waiting area.

- Scenario 4.2.4: deleting ride reservation request

Philip is in Chicago, where he has been for some days to attend another important conference. He should board on his plane in 20 minutes, and he should land in about 5 hours as usual, so he has already made a reservation for a taxi to wait for him when he arrives at the airport. But suddenly, an announcement is made at the airport, telling that his flight will be delayed of an unknown amount of hours, due to some problems with the plane. So, Mario decides to delete his ride reservation. He does it by opening myTaxiService app on his smartphone, tapping on "check

reservation history”, sliding his finger on the target reserved ride and tapping on the “delete” button appeared beside it. He then confirms the cancellation in the popup window that has just appeared, and sadly waits for news about his flight.

4.3 [AC3] Driver user scenarios

Mario is a taxi driver working for myTaxiService public company. The following scenarios are the most common ones that can happen during his working day:

- Scenario 4.3.1: login, accepted and completed ride request

Mario has just started his shift for today, and he gets into his cab. He turns on the navigation system and the terminal, and he logs in the application using his personal driver ID and password. His state is set by default on “unavailable” when he logs in, so he immediately sets it on “available” and gets ready to work. After a minute, a ride request notification pops up on the terminal's screen: a client needs a ride from Central Station. Mario accepts the request by tapping on “accept”, and the terminal immediately shows the navigation system, highlighting his destination on the map and the best route to follow. He can easily switch between the navigation app and myTaxiService driver app by just sliding horizontally with his finger on the terminal's screen. When he accepts the request, his taxi's state is automatically set on “unavailable”. He starts heading to his destination, where in a couple of minutes he meets his client. He brings him where he needs to, gets paid and, back to the driver application on the terminal, taps on “terminate ride”, which automatically sets the state on “available”, and gets ready for the next ride.

- Scenario 4.3.2: reserved ride request and missing client

Mario is in the middle of his working day, and he just completed a ride: his state is set back to “available”. After some minutes, a reserved ride request appears on the taxi's terminal, telling him he should be in People's Square in 10 minutes, to pick up a client who reserved a ride to the Central Station. He taps on “ok” and the screen switches to the navigation app, immediately showing him the best route to follow to

reach People's square, and then the Central Station. The taxi's state has been automatically set on “unavailable”. So he heads to People's Square, where he waits a couple of minutes, but his passenger won't show up. He thus assumes he has renounced to his reserved ride, and so he taps on “missing client”, which communicates the system about the fact and sets back the taxi's state to “available”.

- Scenario 4.3.3: state switching, ride request refusal, extraordinary ride, logout

Mario has just left a passenger at his destination, and has set back his state to “available”. After a few seconds, a new ride request pops up on the application running on the terminal. Mario suddenly realizes he has to pee, since it's been sitting in the cab for 5 straight hours; so he taps on “refuse” and sets his state to “unavailable”, and heads toward the closest public toilet. After doing what he needed, he comes back to his taxi and sets his state back to “available”, but he sees a guy waving his hand towards him: he is asking for a ride. Thus, Mario immediately switches his state to “unavailable” and welcomes the new passenger, asking where he should bring him. After completing the ride and telling the application so, Mario realizes that his shift is over for today, and so he keeps the taxi's state on “unavailable”, heading to the company's garage. Once reached, he logs out from the driver application through the terminal, and goes home.

4.4 [AC4] Administrator scenario

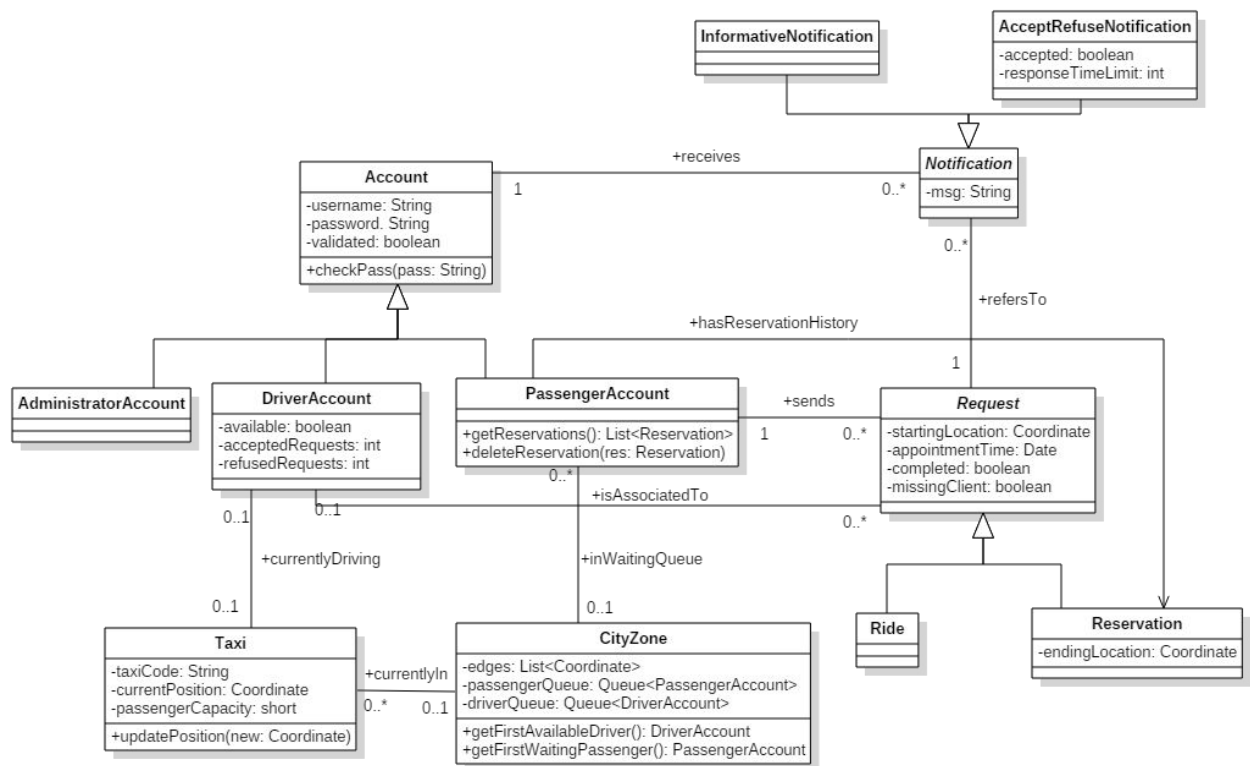
- Scenario 4.4.1: driver user cancellation and creation

Bill, one of myTaxiService administrators, is told by his boss that the company has just fired the driver Mario R***i, with driver ID MR130477A, and has hired the new driver Pablo E*****r, with given ID PE011249A as a replacement. He is in charge to delete the driver user account of Mario and to create a new one for Pablo. He logs into the system with his administrator credentials and he searches for the driver user with username MR130477A; he deletes it by clicking on the corresponding command. Then he clicks on “create new user” button and creates a new driver user with username PE011249A, he sets a valid and safe

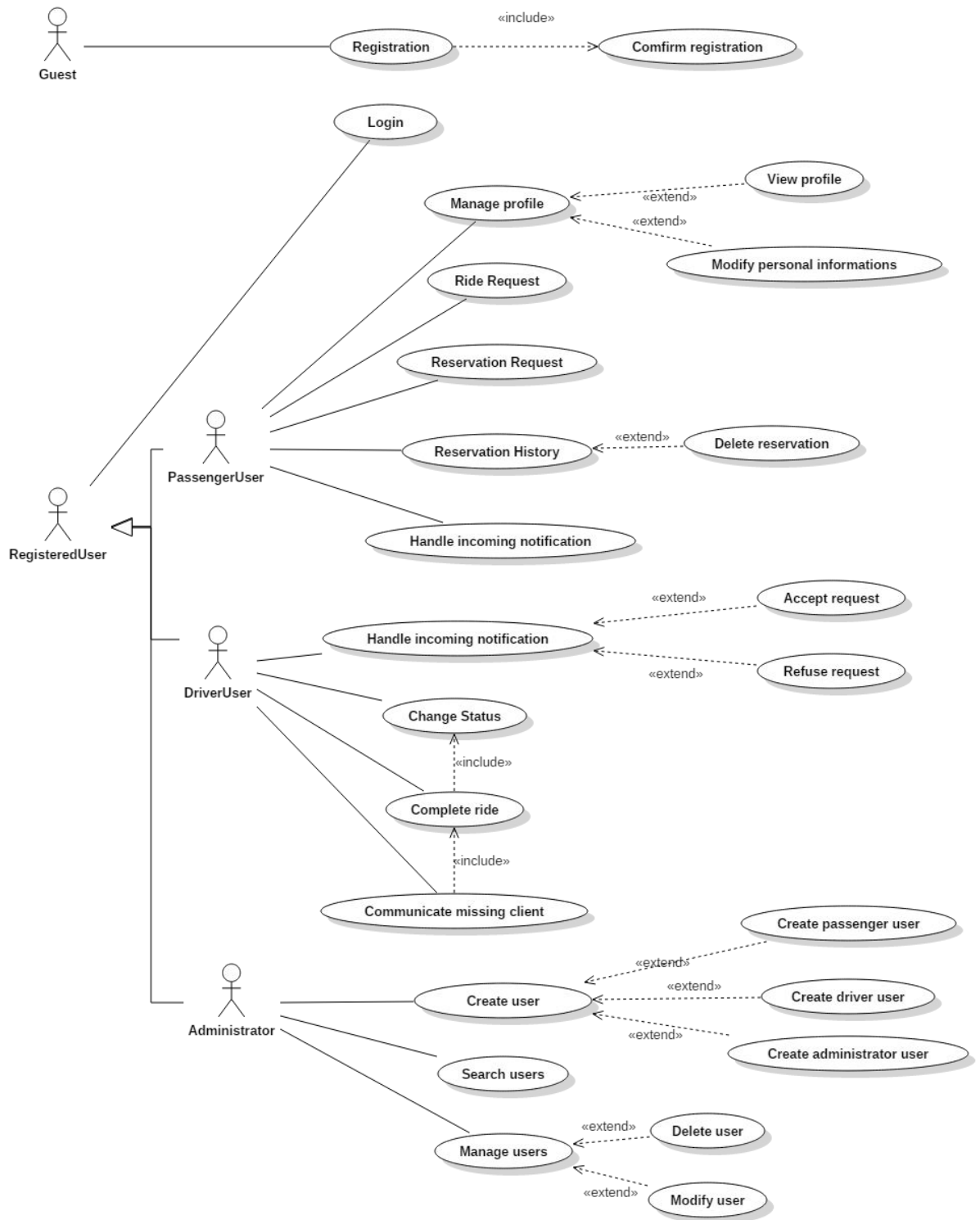
password, and he confirms. He will then provide Pablo the password, and instruct him on how to complete the login on the driver application.

5 UML Models

5.1 Class Diagrams

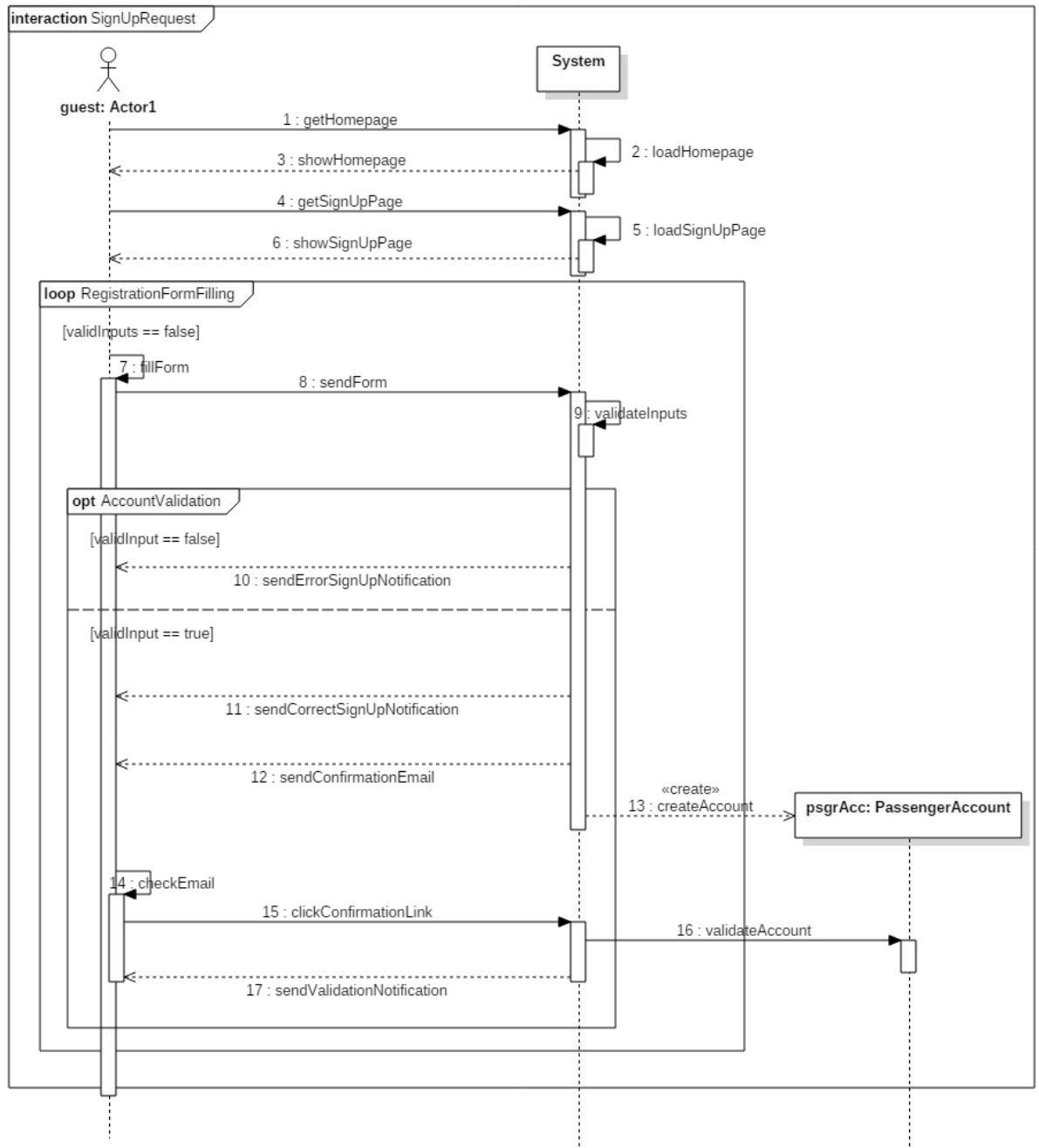


5.1 Use cases



5.1.1 Guest registers to myTaxiService

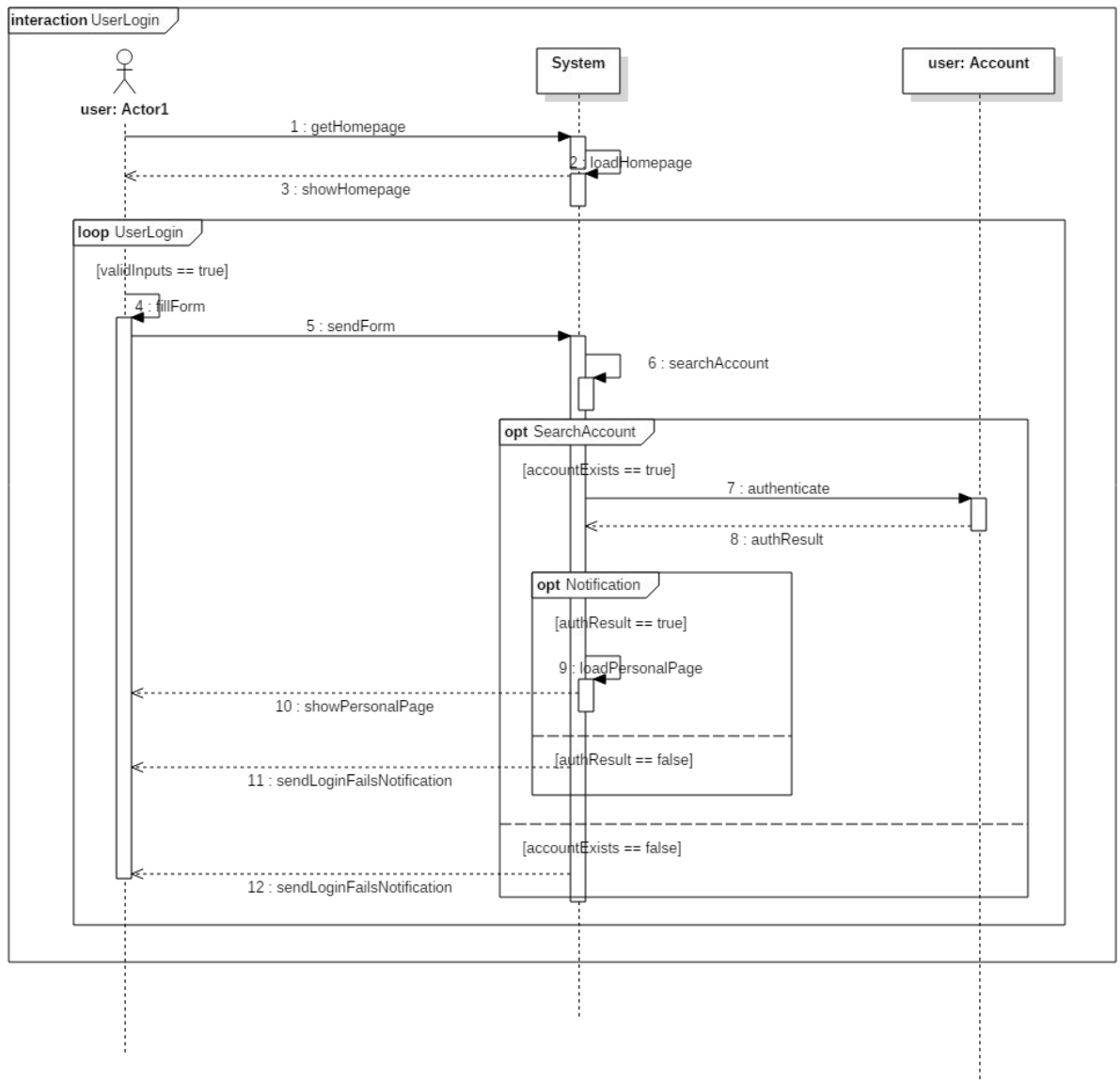
Actor	[AC1] Guest user
Goal	[G1]
Input Conditions	No conditions
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The guest user clicks on “Sign up” button on the main page of the application; 2. The system shows him the registration form containing the fields: email, username, password, confirm password; 3. The guest user fills all the fields; 4. The guest user clicks on “Register” button; 5. The system creates a new passenger user account that has to be verified in order to be used; 6. The guest user receives an email in which a confirmation link is provided; 7. The user confirms his subscription by clicking on the confirmation link, activating his account;
Output Conditions	The guest user will now be able to log into the system.
Exceptions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One or more fields are left blank; 2. The provided email is not well formed; 3. The provided email has been already used; 4. The provided user has already been used; 5. The provided password doesn't match the one inside the “confirm password” field; 6. The provided password doesn't match the complexity constraints; <p>All the exceptions are handled by informing the user of the problem and then the event flow shall restart from point 2.</p>



5.1.2 User logs in

Actor	[AC2] Passenger User, [AC3] Driver User, [AC4] Administrator
Goal	[G2]
Input Conditions	The user must own a valid account

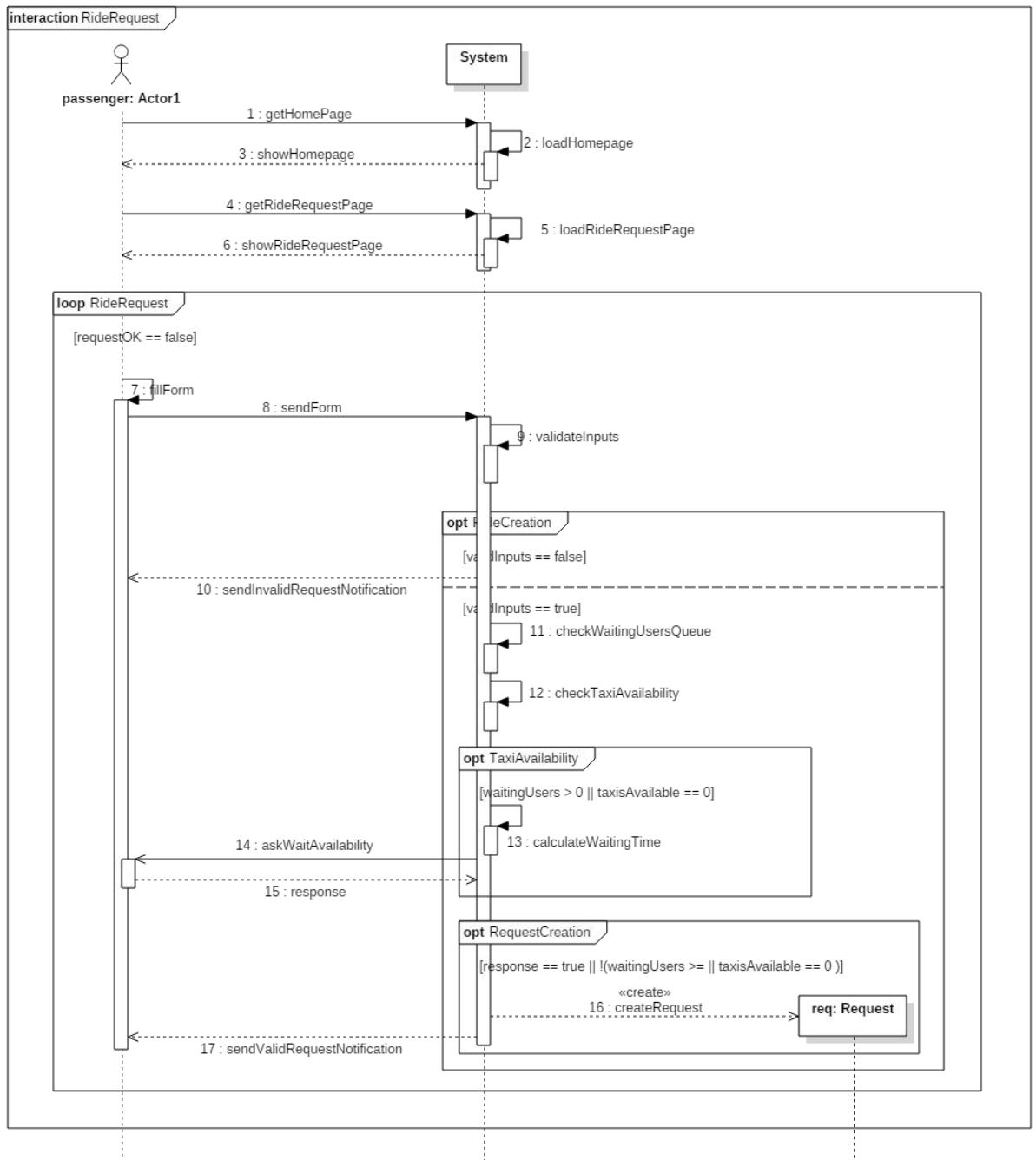
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user, from the main page of the application, fills Username and Password fields; 2. The user clicks on the "Login" button; 3. The user is redirected to his home page;
Output Conditions	The user will be able to use all the functionalities offered to passenger users.
Exceptions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. One or more fields are left blank; 2. The provided username doesn't exist; 3. The password doesn't match the one paired with the provided username; <p>All the exceptions are handled by informing the user of the problem and then the event flow shall restart from point 2.</p>



5.1.3 Passenger user requests a ride

Actor	[AC2] Passenger User
Goal	[G3]
Input Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user must be logged in; 2. The user mustn't have already sent a ride request which hasn't been completed yet;
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user, from his main page, clicks on the button "Request a ride now"; 2. The system shows him a page containing a map that the user can use to select the meeting point and a box in which he can

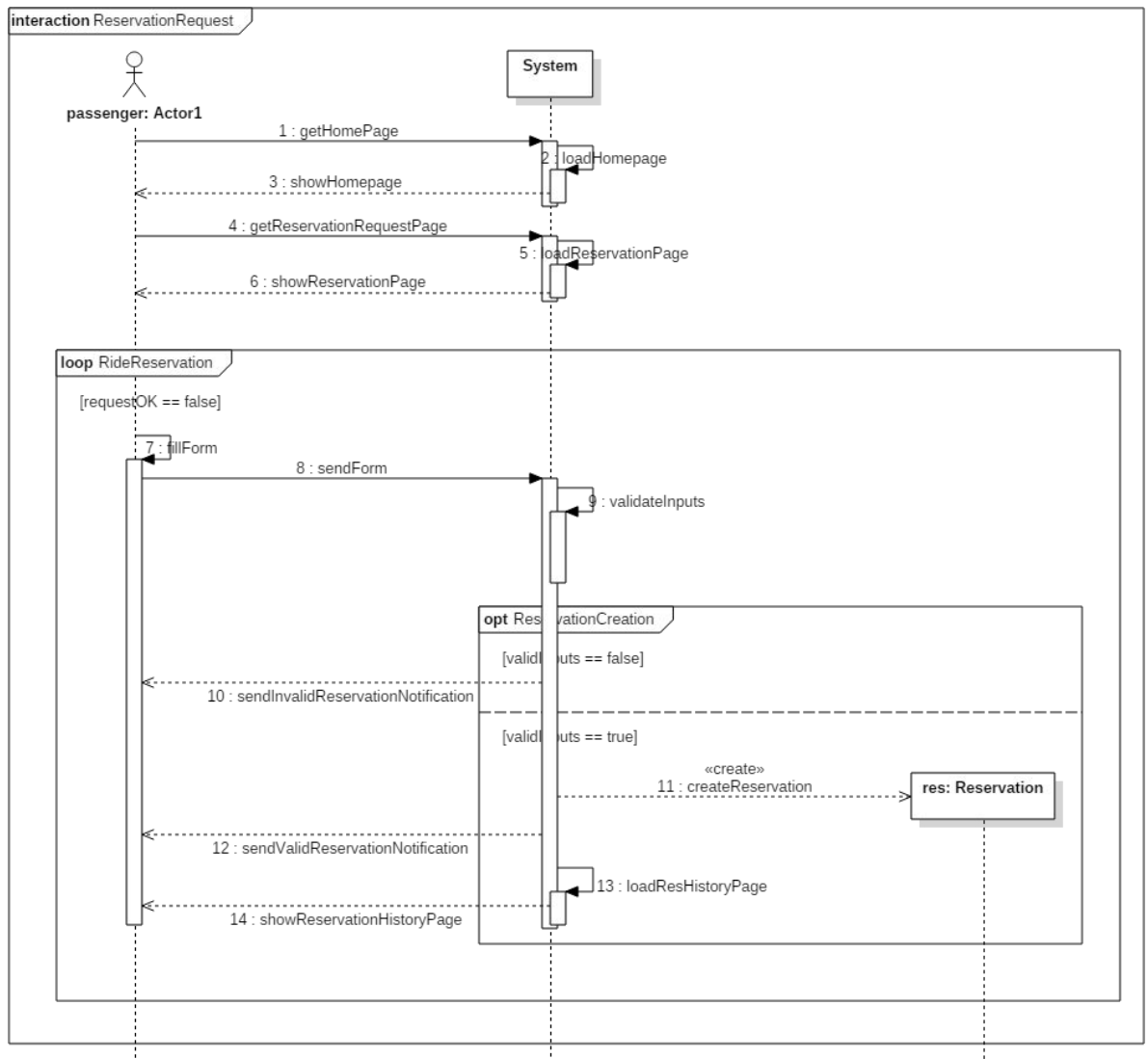
	<p>directly type the address; the box is filled by default with the location provided by the GPS module, if there is one on the user's device;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The user selects where he wants to be picked up by either leaving his current position, typing a different address in the form box, or just selecting a location on the map; 4. The user clicks on "Send" button; 5. The user receives a notification that tells him if the requested ride has been correctly saved in the system or if the provided data are not valid;
Output Conditions	<p>The user is now waiting to receive the notification that a driver has taken in care of his ride, and won't be able to make another ride request until the ride is completed.</p>
Exceptions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The selected point or address is outside the area in which myTaxiService is available; 2. The typed address is invalid; 3. If there aren't available taxi at the moment, the system informs the user about the situation communicating him how much users are waiting the availability of a taxi and the estimated time of the queue, asking the user if he wants to wait or not. <p>If one of the previous exceptions is thrown, the user will be informed and then the flow will restart from point 2.</p>



5.1.4 Passenger user requests a reservation

Actor	[AC2] Passenger User
Goal	[G5]
Input Conditions	The user must be logged in
Event Flow	1. The user, from his main page, clicks on

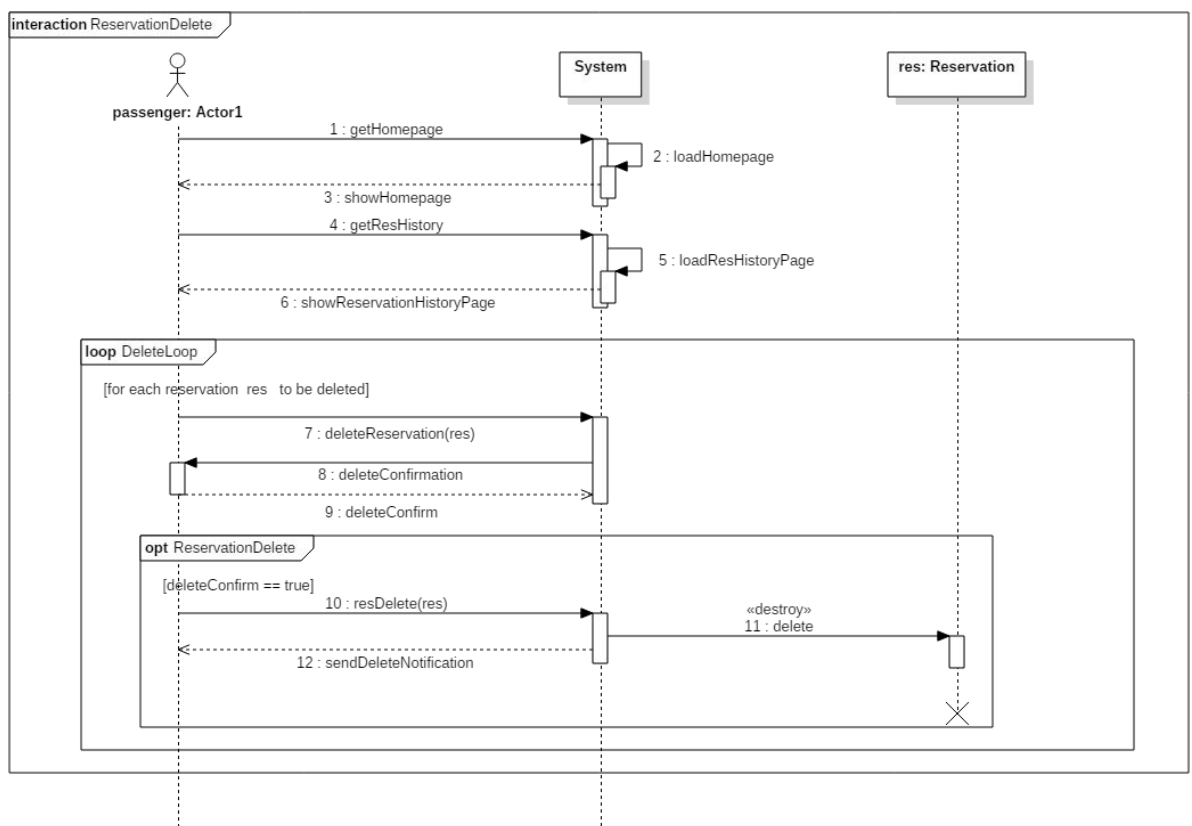
	<p>“Reserve a ride” button;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The system shows a page containing a form and a map which the user can use to specify starting and ending locations for his ride; 3. The user selects when the reservation has to be scheduled (by specifying date and time) and the starting and ending locations; 4. The user presses “Send” button;
Output Conditions	<p>A message is shown telling that the reservation has been scheduled and the user will be redirected to his reservation history page.</p>
Exceptions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. At least one of the provided locations is either invalid or outside the area in which myTaxiService is available; 2. The provided date is not valid or the request has been made less than 2 hours in advance; <p>If one of the previous exceptions is thrown, the user will be informed and then the flow will restart from point 2.</p>



5.1.5 Passenger user deletes a reservation

Actor	[AC2] Passenger User
Goal	[G9]
Input Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user must be logged in 2. The user must have at least one not yet performed reservation in his history;
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user clicks on the “Reservation history” button on his home page; 2. The application will show, on top of the page, the list of reservations he has already

	<p>requested but not yet performed;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The user can choose to directly click on the “Delete” button beside the reservation (in this case the flow will continues from 6) or to click on the reservation; The details of the selected reservation are shown; The user clicks on “Delete” button; A confirmation message is shown, asking the user to confirm or cancel the operation; The user clicks on “OK” button;
Output Conditions	The reservation is deleted from the system, and the user is redirected to his reservation history page.
Exceptions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The reservation has already been assigned to a driver, which means that it is going to occur in less than 10 minutes, and thus can’t be deleted;



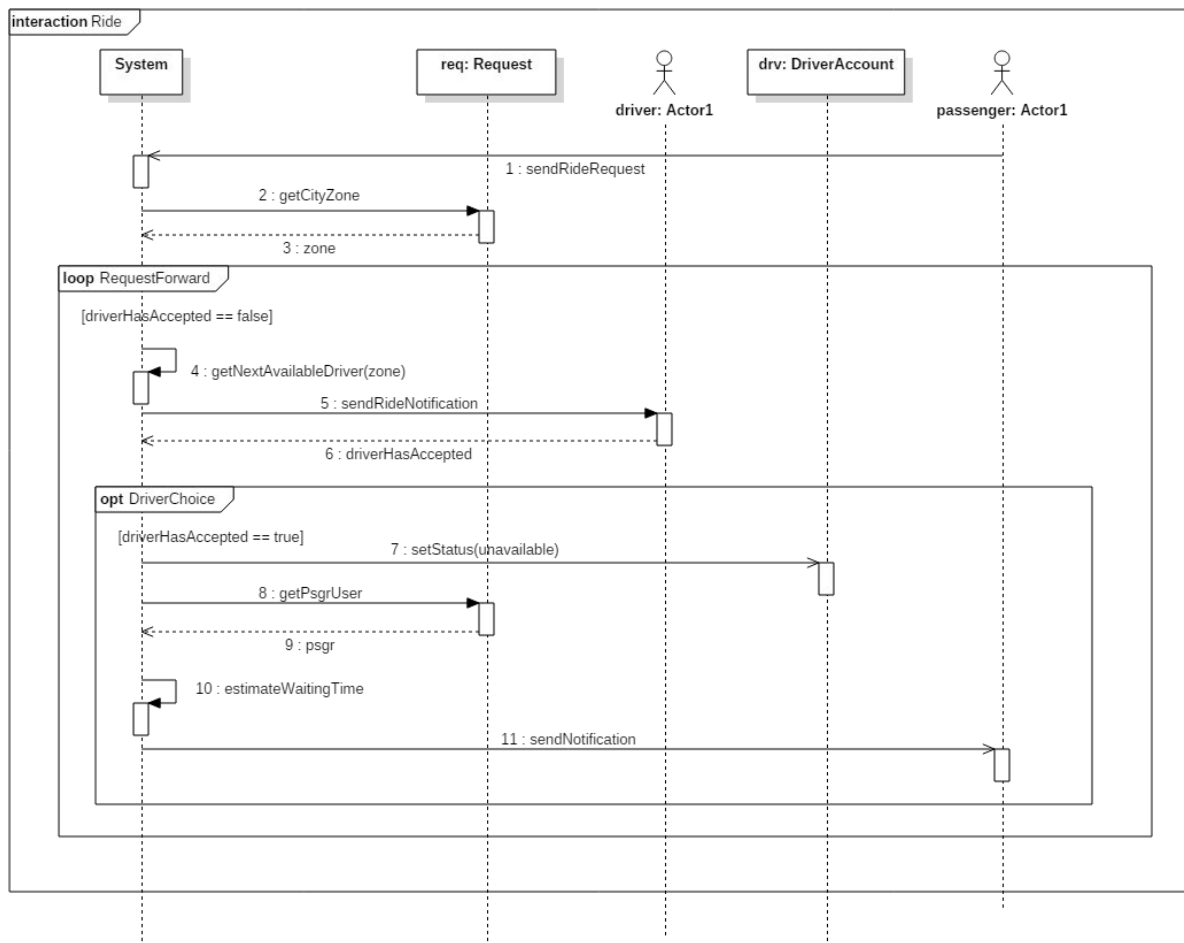
5.1.6 Passenger user receives a ride confirmation notification

Actor	[AC2] Passenger user
Goal	[G4]
Input Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user must be logged in; 2. The user must have requested a ride; 3. The ride must have been accepted by a driver;
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user is shown a notification sent by the system, through a popup containing the incoming taxicab code and the estimated waiting time, telling that a driver is going to pick him up at the meeting point; 2. The user click on “Ok” button;
Output Conditions	The popup disappears from the screen and the user is back on whatever page he was before the notification arrived;
Exceptions	No exceptions.

5.1.7 Driver user receives a ride request notification

Actor	[AC3] Driver User
Goal	[G13]
Input Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The driver user must be logged in; 2. A ride has been requested by a passenger user in the city zone the driver is currently in; 3. The driver user’s status must be on “available” and he must be the first available driver in that city zone’s drivers queue;
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The driver user is notified by a popup appearing on his main page; 2. The driver has a few seconds to decide if he wants to take care of the notified ride by clicking on “Accept” button, or to decline it by clicking on “Refuse” button;

Output Conditions	The notification disappears from the screen and, if the driver has accepted the request, his status is set on “unavailable”; otherwise, it remains on “available”.
Exceptions	1. The driver user doesn't provide a choice within the maximum time limit. The system will consider the request as refused by the driver.



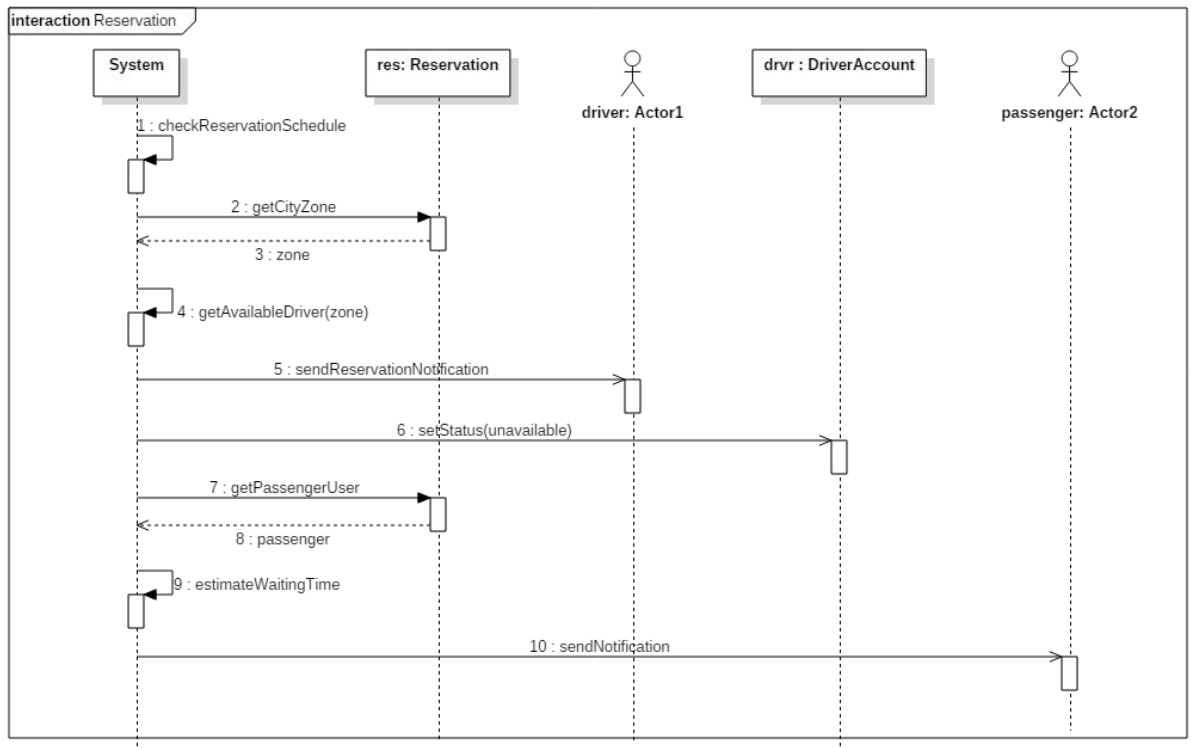
5.1.8 Passenger user receives a reservation reminder notification

Actor	[AC2] Passenger user
Goal	[G6]
Input Conditions	1. The user must be logged in; 2. The user must have requested a reservation

	<p>that is going to occur in 10 minutes;</p> <p>3. The reservation has been assigned to a driver;</p>
Event Flow	<p>1. The user is notified by the system, through a popup containing the incoming taxicab code, that his reservation shall be performed in 10 minutes, and that a driver is going to pick him up at the meeting point;</p> <p>2. The user clicks on “Ok” button;</p>
Output Conditions	The popup disappears from the screen and the user is back on whatever page he was before the notification arrived;
Exceptions	No exceptions.

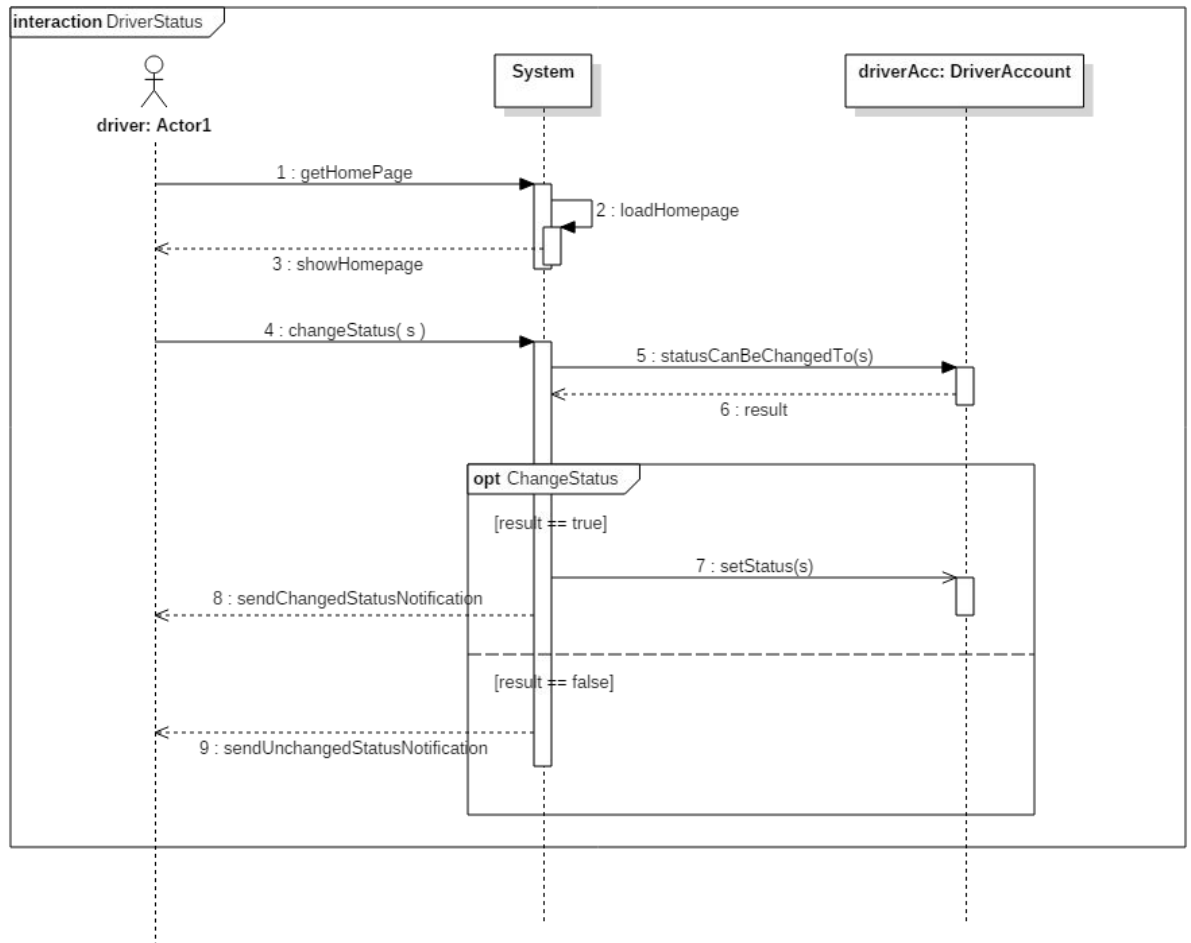
5.1.9 Driver user receives a reservation request notification

Actor	[AC3] Driver user
Goal	[G15]
Input Conditions	<p>1. The driver must be logged in;</p> <p>2. The driver user must be available;</p> <p>3. A scheduled reservation has to be performed now;</p>
Event Flow	<p>1. The user, from the main page of application, is notified by a popup that appears on the screen;</p> <p>2. The user click on “Ok” button;</p>
Output Conditions	The notification disappears from the screen and the status of the driver user changes to unavailable.
Exceptions	No exceptions



5.1.10 Driver user changes his status

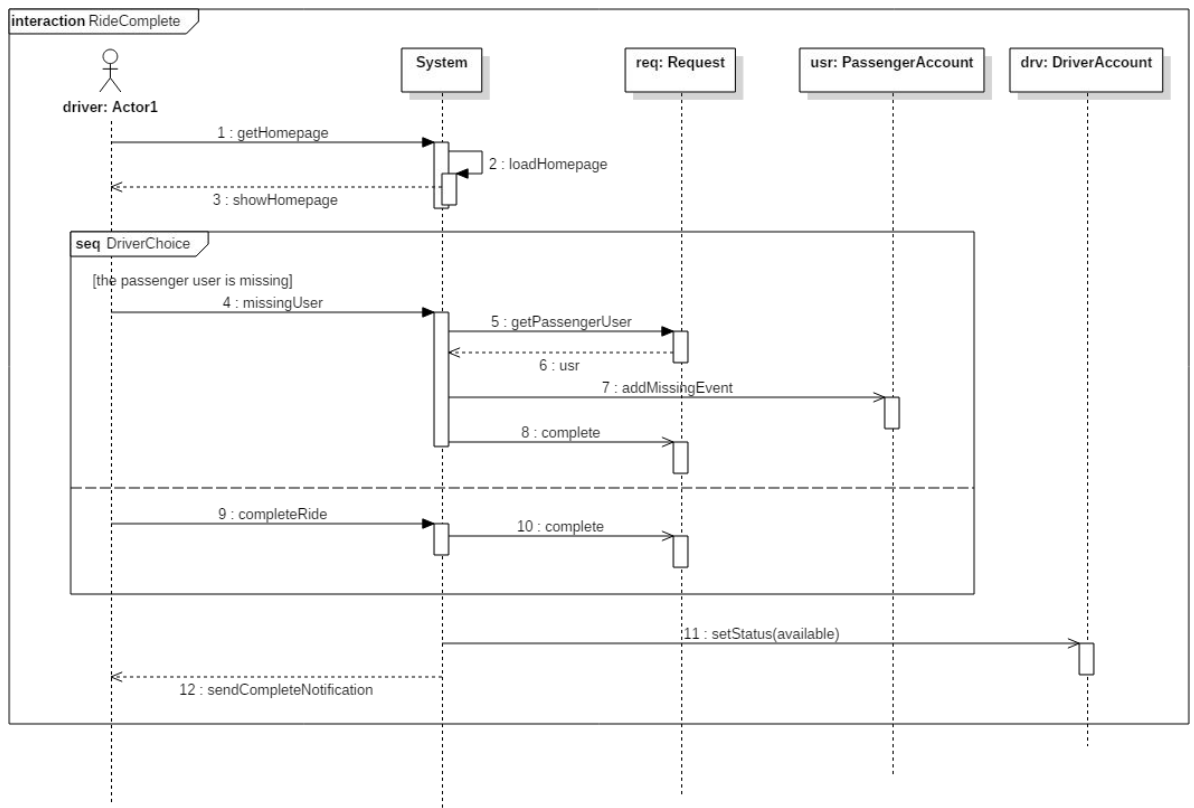
Actor	[AC3] Driver User
Goal	[G12]
Input Conditions	1. The driver user must be logged in; 2. The driver user mustn't be performing a ride;
Event Flow	1. The driver user swipes on the "available/unavailable" switcher button on his main page;
Output Conditions	The availability status changes to "available"/"unavailable"
Exceptions	No exceptions



5.1.11 Driver user completes the current ride

Actor	[AC3] Driver user
Goal	[G16]
Input Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The driver must be logged in; 2. The driver must be currently performing a ride; 3. The driver user has reached the meeting point with the client but can't find him, or has just successfully brought him to his destination;
Event Flow	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. From his main page the driver user presses "Missing client" if he hasn't found the user who requested the ride at the meeting point; otherwise he taps on "Complete ride"; 2. The driver user's status is automatically set

	on “available”;
Output Conditions	The driver user is now able to receive new ride and reservation requests.
Exceptions	No exceptions



- il sistema sa dove sono i taxi sempre
- passaggio da available ad unavailable automatico quando si accetta richiesta
- assumption per gli user che si sloggano mentre aspettano risposta per una ride
- comunicazione app - navigatore quando accetta una richiesta
- il sistema mette unavailable quando uno accetta una ride o prenotazione
- l'app è sempre loggata di base sul telefono
- tempo di attesa max
- taxi rimane in zona dopo che segna available
- occhio gestione coda taxi
- user registr. serve inserire dati personali?
- assumo richiesta non multipla di corsa da parte del passeggero
- assumo no spammoni o faccio che le richieste possono essere fatte solo da registrati e un utente non può fare una nuova richiesta istantanea finchè quella appena fatta non è completata (comunicato dal taxi che lo ha servito che si rende available)?
- mentre aspetta che venga accettata la richiesta di instant ride non può fare nulla!

requirements:

- conoscere le coordinate gps
- accedere a google maps per calcolare il tempo rimanente

GLOSSARIO:

- passenger user
- driver user
- myTaxiService
- mobile app
- web app
- richiesta istantanea
- taxi reservation



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