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# Preface

## Chapter 1

### Introduction

#### About The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos

The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos sits between a touristic guide and a photography manual, and between an exhibition catalogue and a peak behind the scenes of artwork creation.

The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos is an ongoing project that builds on top of a research on artistic practices within spaces of computer games, with a particular focus on in-game photography, machinima and digital visual arts. It follows some themes and ideas previously explored in the exhibition *How to Win at Photography*, while focusing more specifically on the relationship between computer games and photographic activities inside the world of Grand Theft Auto V.

The idea of a guide refers to in-game photography as a form of 'virtual tourism' (Book, 2003), which was also the premise of an actual tourist guide published by Rough Guides in their 2019 Rough Guide to XBOX. Yet this guide project also understands the game world as a site for image production and artistic creation, turning the game into a destination for a 'game art tourist'. The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos presents the game environment of Grand Theft Auto V both as a space to explore and in which to create images, as well as a place to navigate and learn about some of the most important artworks that it has enabled to create.

The project also brings together several experiences from teaching in-game photography as an artistic practice in different educational settings and institutions, compiling materials and tools for students and artists interested in engaging with the field. The tourist guide of the game world doubles as a photography manual for the in-game photography age, featuring tutorials ranging from game screenshotting to computer programming for creative modding. Through the

practical exercises, the project invites to rethink the game object as a space for creative, subversive and critical endeavours, which can be played differently, documented, reclaimed or modified through an artistic approach.

Finally, the project draws inspiration from the works of artists who have explored the 'metaplay' of photographing game words instead of following the game rules and attempt to reach the goal of winning. The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos is indebted to all the artists it features, but was particularly inspired by Gareth Damian Martin's live streamed workshop *Photography Tour of No Man's Sky* (realized for Now Play This Festival 2020), Total Refusal & Ismaël Joffroy Chandoutis's 2021 in-game lecture performance and guided tour *Everyday Daylight* (realized for the CCS Paris), and Alan Butler's epic 2020 live endurance performance *Witness to a Changing West* (realized for Screen Walks) and his 'Content Replication Assignments'.

#### Grand Theft Auto V Studies

Los Santos is the Grand Theft Auto V's fictional, parodic version of real-life Los Angeles. Just like Los Angeles is the global centre of film and commercial media production, Los Santos is the epicentre of in-game photography and machinima creation. While it may seem reductive to only focus on a single game to address the larger phenomenon of in-game photography, GTA V is the biggest source of creative outputs to date, with its extended open world and one of the largest community of active modders.

Launched in 2013, the game contains a world map of more than 80 square kilometers of total area, which includes the urban area of the city of Los Santos and the rural area of Blaine County. This incredibly vast environment features a large desert region, dense forest, several mountains, beachside towns, on top of the large metropolis of Los Santos. The game simulates the everyday life of hundreds of individual NPCs (while it allegedly counts a population of over 4 million) as well as counting 28 animal species, and more than 800 buildings in GTA V are based on real-life landmarks.

The size of the photorealistic simulation is only matched by the complexity of the game engine and its code, which - thanks to the effort of GTA V's modding community - allows players to use the game world as a powerful tool to create new scenes, take controls of its algorithmic entities, modify cameras and reshaping the game into a movie set or a photo studio.

#### Grand Theft Auto V Tourism

The project can be seen as something between a playful travel guide of Los Santos and one of the star maps offered to tourist in Hollywood, pointing to the

homes of movie actors and hollywood celebrities. This guide allows players to explore the game environment following some of the most interesting artworks that have been created with(in) it. It's divided in thematic chapters that follow different artistic practices, taking place in different locations of the game environment, followed by different tutorials and exercises connected with the works and the space analyzed.

The themes explore different approaches and practices connected to established artistic and photographic currents, with a general introduction text that gives an overview of the ideas, contexts and issues connected to the specific topic. A selection of artworks for each themes is presented by a curatorial statement, introducing the work and its artistic relevance. The work is accompanied by information on the in-game location in which it was produced, inviting the readers to reach the destination in Grand Theft Auto V through maps and indications.

The game environment thus becomes the space for possible 'art tours', getting insights into the artworks made in GTA V. This form of game tourism allows the player to see the behind the scenes, and experience the making of the works in its place of origin. While the complex algorithms of GTA V produce unexpected interactions and scenes, Los Santos is also stuck in the same time forever. Gas stations, shops, palm trees remain in the same state and location forever, allowing the tourist to witness the exact scene that was first encountered by the artists.

#### Grand Theft Auto V Art Education

This project is also an attempt to introduce a video game as a space for artistic intervention, and an invitation to use its mechanics, its code and its environment as a creative tool itself. The game can be played, documented and captured through a form of artistic play, that differs from normative gameplay and does not focus on advancinf and winning but rather engages with the game object critically. Furthermore, the game software can also be manipulated, modified and used as an apparatus to create new images and interactions. The goal of this guide is to combine a curatorial approach that leads the viewer to discover the artworks made in GTA V with a hands on approach that teaches the player the tools for possible artistic interventions in this space.

Games are often seen as producing specific cultures and shaping identities through through forms of play that follow the intentions of the developer. Here we understand games as objects to be reclaimed and tools to be deconstructed and rebuilt, both conceptually and literally. Consequently, players are not just passive actors that push buttons in the sequence that they are taught by the machine and its softwares, but open up the black box of the game and become critical thinkers and makers that actively play with the game, or even against it.

The Photographer's Guide to Los Santos can be employed as a resource to accompany workshops for students and artists approaching computer games and interested in learning how to engage with it. Each thematic chapter features a tutorial section that introduces different techniques and strategies to capture images within Grand Theft Auto V, connected to the examples and locations of each section. The chapters are thought to be experienced in order, as the tutorials at times rely on knowledge that is built on top of previous lessons. Each tutorial is accompanied by content replication assignments, in which the readers is invited to use the skills learnd from each chapter to recreate a work presented in that section. Tutorials are intended for anyone who might be playing GTA V for the first time in their life and do not assume any previous experience, although some basic idea of programming is helpful when dealing with scripting and modding the game.

## Chapter 2

# **Architectural Photography**

//general intro on architecture in game spaces, the contruction of virtual cities, architecture photography and how it relates to the game environment, the player as a photographer documenting urban spaces...

"I saw it as the end of architecture... by pushing the concept to its limit and primarily by using the photograph as a point of departure. This is reflected in the idea that the great majority of images are no longer the expression of a subject, or the reality of an object, but almost exclusively the technical fulfilment of all its intrinsic possibilities. It's the photographic medium that does all the work. People think they're photographing a scene, but they're only technical operators of the device's infinite virtuality. The virtual is the device that wants nothing more than to function, that demands to function." – Jean Baudrillard - The Singular Objects of Architecture and Philosophy, 2000

Architecture photography was born with the invention of heliographs, daguer-rotypes and large format cameras in the first half of the 19th century. Due to the long exposure times, buildings were the ideal subjects for the early scientific experiments of oseph Nicéphore Niépce, Louis-Jacques-Mandé Daguerre and William Talbot.

View from the Window at Le Gras by Joseph Nicéphore Niépce, 1826-27

Paris' Boulevard du Temple by Louis-Jacques-Mandé Daguerre, 1839

While the relationship between architecture and photography has been part of the medium from its birth for technical reasons, this form of image making has evolved to visually explore the connection with material spaces and forms, as well as the relation between human perception and architectural bodies. The photographic image is not simply a document of a structure, but "is, in fact, part of its architecture". Curator Urs Stahel wrote that "pictures [...] offer a discourse that is unlike the physical experience of architecture. They transform volume into surface; distil matter into forms and signs. Photography shapes architecture, enlarging and reducing it, heightening and shortening it, accentuating it, yet largely leaving it to its own devices."

The first architectural photographer is considered to be Joseph-Philibert Girault de Prangey (1804 – 1892), who started to take daguerrotypes of iconic buildings like the Parthenon in Athens and Notre Dame in Paris from 1841. Architectural photography evolved in two distinct approaches, namely Elevation and Perspective. The Elevation Approach focuses on representing a structure as a two-dimensional image, obtaining a viewpoint that is parallel to the building and aimed at showing as many details as possible. The Perspective Approach aims at depicting the structure within the space, focusing on the third dimension and often taken at an angle or from a vantage point from a corner.

Cathédrale Notre-Dame de Paris by Joseph-Philibert Girault Prangey, 1841

//Architecture photography and the modernist project //Modern architecture started to flourish with photographs in about the 1920s when urban photographers like Eugène Atget, Berenice Abbott, Walker Evans, and T. Lux Feiningercame into play.

//Eugène Atget(12 February 1857 – 4 August 1927), a French photographer known for his documentation of the streets of Paris before it entered Modernization. His works were published by Berenice Abbott after his death.

//Berenice Abbott(July 17, 1898 – December 9, 1991), an American Photographer is known for New York and urban design photographs in the 1930s and also for her portraits of between-the-wars 20th century cultural figures.

//"Modernist architecture and photography have been ideologically interconnected" Lorenzo Rocha //close connection between photographer and architect: //Armando Salas Portugal for Luis Barragán, //Bill Engdahl for Mies van der Rohe, //Julius Shulman for Richard Neutra

//Bernhard Becher and Hilla Becher, a German conceptual artist and photographer also known as Bernd and Hilla Becher. They worked on Duo in projects which include photography of industrial buildings and structures and they were often organized in grids. They wrote several books and their works are for public display in the Art Institute of Chicago, Chicago, Tate Gallery, London, Museum of Modern Art, New York, and several other famous museums.

//Michael Wesely, a German Architectural photographer known for his ultralong exposure shots //Potsdamer Platz, Berlin (1997-99) by Michael Wesely

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Lorenzo Rocha, *Photography and Modern Architecture*, "Concrete - Photography and Architecture", Scheidegger & Spiess, 2013

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Urs}$ Stahel, Foreword to "Concrete - Photography and Architecture", Scheidegger & Spiess, 2013

//Hélène Binet postmodern architecture

//CGI //Into the universe of rendered architectural images - Joel McKim //Rendering the Desert of The Real - Tobias Revell //The Entasis of Elon Musk - Tamar Shafrir

//Game Urbanism https://www.youandpea.com/atlas heterotopias

"We are outnumbered by virtual worlds, overwhelmed by virtual architecture. Videogames and digital art have furnished us with a hundred thousand matterless forms—landscapes where no rock or earth has ever been present, cities founded on depthless skins of image and texture, expanses that will never see the light of a true sun. And yet, somehow there is material here, a new kind of matter. Some of it is borrowed—photographs, texture references, photogrammetry. Other parts are inherent properties of digital worlds— their obsession with surface, the logic of their light, their base particles; pixels, voxels, polygons."

#### The Continuous City, by Gareth Damian Martin

Gareth Damian Martin, Outskirts, from The Continuous City,

Gareth Damian Martin, Pathways, from The Continuous City,

artwork text

More about The Continuous City

Interview with Gareth Damian Martin

#### Getting there

• The intersection of Interstate 4 and Interstate 5 manifests the architecture of traffic of the megalopolis.

### Readings

Heterotopias

Mark D Teo, The Urban Architecture of Los Angeles and Grand Theft Auto, 2015. https://www.academia.edu/18173221/The\_Urban\_Architecture\_of\_Los\_Angeles\_and\_Grand\_Theft\_Auto

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Gareth Damian Martin, Represented, Contested, Inverted, in "Heterotopias 001", 2017

#### **Tutorial**

#### Photographing the Game Screen

#### Analogue Game Photography

//Photographs of a TV screen taken with a digital camera often exhibit moiré patterns. Since both the TV screen and the digital camera use a scanning technique to produce or to capture pictures with horizontal scan lines, the conflicting sets of lines cause the moiré patterns. To avoid the effect, the digital camera can be aimed at an angle of 30 degrees to the TV screen.

#### Screenshotting

On windows there are several ways to take a screenshot. To capture your entire screen and automatically save the screenshot, press the Windows logo key + PrtScn key (or fn key + Windows logo key + PrtScn key). The screenshot will be saved to Pictures > Screenshots folder.

On windows 10 and 11 you can use the Game bar to take game screenshots and start/stop game screen recordings. Press the Windows logo key + G on your keyboard to open Game Bar.

- Press the camera icon to take a screenshot of the game screen.
- Press the circle icon to start a clip, then the square icon to stop recording the game screen.
- Click on "See my captures" to access the image and video files.

#### Content Replication Assignment

# Chapter 3

# Social Documentary

//general intro on simulating society, the creation of NPCs, documentary and street photography traditions connected to politics of visibility and representation, and how they relate to the politics of simulation, how the player-photographer documents the creation of complex social spaces and reveals the process of simulating people and issues of class, gender, race in the game space...

### Down and Out in Los Santos by Alan Butler

artwork text

More about Down and Out in Los Santos

#### **Getting There**

The homeless camp in Los Santos is under the Olympic Freeway in Strawberry.

Dignity Village is a tent city established by homeless people near Procopio Beach, east of Paleto Bay.

# Fear and Loathing in GTA V by Morten Rockford Ravn

artwork text

More about Fear and Loathing in GTA V

#### Getting There

#### Readings

#### **Tutorial**

#### In-game Smartphone Camera

Snapmatic is the photo app on your simulated mobile phone in GTA V.

- Press UP on the on the keyboard (PC) or d-pad (Playstation) to bring up your phone.
- Select the Snapmatic app it's on the bottom left of the homescreen.
- Move the camera with the Mouse on PC, or with the RIGHT STICK on Playstation.
- Zoom in and out with the Mouse Wheel on PC, or LEFT STICK on Playstation
- You can shuffle through filters with DOWN or borders with UP.
- To take selfie press the Mouse Wheel Button on PC or R3 STICK on Playstation to turn the camera on yourself.
- Once you're happy, take the photo with "Enteron pc orX" on the Playstation. Press it again to save it to the Gallery.
- You can upload your picture to your Rockstar Game sSocial Club profile by going to the gallery and pressing the "Left Ctrl" key on PC.
- Your photos will be published on socialclub.rockstargames.com/member/USERNAME/photos, where USERNAME is replaced by your actual username.

#### Content Replication Assignment

# Chapter 4

# Re-enactment Photography

//general introduction on the development of photorealism in games, the relationship between photography and CGI, the remediation of photographic images and the analog apparatus, the player as photographer situated in the tradition of conceptual photographers like Sherrie Levine and Sturtevant, the copy as a conceptual approach that create new meaning through a similar image but a different context...

# 26 Gasoline stations in GTA V by Lorna Ruth Galloway

artwork text

More about 26 Gasoline stations in GTA V

#### Getting There

- Globe Oil Gas Station, Innocence Blvd & Alta St, South Los Santos
- LTD Gas Station, Davis Ave & Grove St, South Los Santos
- LTD Gas Station, Mirror Park Blvd & W Mirror Dr, Mirror Park
- Globe Oil Gas Station, Clinton Ave & Fenwell Pl, Vinewood Hills
- Xero Gas Station, Strawberry Ave & Capital Blvd, South Los Santos
- RON Gas Station, Davis Ave & Macdonald St, South Los Santos
- Xero Gas Station, Calais Ave & Innocence Blvd, Little Seoul
- LTD Gas Station, Lindsay Circus & Ginger St, Little Seoul
- RON Gas Station, N Rockford Dr & Perth St, Morningwood
- Xero Gas Station, Great Ocean Hwy, Pacific Bluffs

#### A Study on Perspective by Roc Herms

artwork text

More about A Study on Perspective

#### Getting There

Vinewood Sign, Vinewood Hills

#### Further references

#### Little Books of Los Santos by Luke Caspar Pearson

artwork text

More about  $Little\ Books\ of\ Los\ Santos$ 

#### 26 Gasoline stations in GTA V by M. Earl Williams

artwork text

More about 26 Gasoline stations in GTA V

### Readings

#### **Tutorial**

Scene Director Mode

### Content Replication Assignment

# Chapter 5

# Nature Documentary

//general introduction about the creation of a synthetic forms of nature, ecological issues, creation of virtual sublime, flora and fauna that are usually props that become the focus of the player's explorations, "virtual world naturalism"...

# $San\ Andreas\ Streaming\ Deer\ Cam\$ by Brent Watanabe

artwork text

More about Deercam

#### Getting There

Mount Chiliad is located in the Chiliad Mountain State Wilderness, and it is the tallest mountain in the game at 798m above sea level. The state park is home to lots of wildlife such as deer and mountain lions.

### Virtual Botany Cyanotype by Alan Butler

//selection of flora from GTA V

artwork text

More about Virtual Botany Cyanotype

#### Getting There

#### Readings

#### **Tutorial**

#### **Scripting Introduction**

#### Preparation and Setup

- Install Windows 11
- Download and install Steam (with a copy of GTA V or buy the game if you
  do not have it. GTA V is 100+ GB so it will take a few hours depending
  on your internet connections)
- Download Script Hook V, go to the bin folder and copy dinput8.dll and ScriptHookV.dll files into your GTA V directory C:\Program Files (x86)\Steam\steamapps\common\Grand Theft Auto V
- Download Script Hook V dot net, copy the ScriptHookVDotNet.asi file, ScriptHookVDotNet2.dll and ScriptHookVDotNet3.dll files into your GTA V directory C:\Program Files (x86)\Steam\steamapps\common\Grand Theft Auto V
- Create a new folder in GTA V directory and call it "scripts".
- Download and install Visual Studio Community (free version of VS). Open Visual Studio and check the .NET desktop development package and install it
- Run GTA V and test if Script Hook V is working by pressing F4. This should toggle the console view. Try to type Help() and press "ÈNTER" to get a list of available commands.
- It's also recommended to use a completed game save file to skip the story mode and compulsory introductory mission. Extract the content of the file and copy both files SGTAXXXXX and SGTAXXXXX.bak in Documents/GTA V/Profiles/YYYYYYYY/. Once the files are there, you will be able to load the game state by running GTA V and navigating to GAME > Load Game and select the 100% game file.

#### Creating a Mod File

• Open Visual Studio

- Select File > New > Project
- Select Visual C# and Class Library (.NET Framework)
- Give a custom file name (e.g. moddingTutorial)
- Rename public class Class1 as "moddingTutorial" in the right panel Solution Explorer and click Yes on the pop-up window
- In the same panel go to References and click add References...
- $\bullet$  Click on > Browse > browse to Downloads
- Select ScriptHookedVDotNet > ScriptHookVDotNet2.dll and ScriptHookVDotNet3.dll and add them
- Go to > Assemblies and search for "forms" and select System. Windows.forms
- Search for "drawing" and select System.Drawing
- In your code file add the following lines on top:

```
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
```

• Modify class moddingTutorial to the following:

```
namespace moddingTutorial
{
   public class moddingTutorial : Script
   {
      public moddingTutorial()
      {
            this.Tick += onTick;
      this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
      this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
      }

      private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e)
      {
        }

      private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
      {
        }
    }
```

```
private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
{
    if (e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
    {
        Game.Player.ChangeModel(PedHash.Cat);
    }
}
```

- Save file
- Go to Documents > Visual Studio > Project > moddingTutorial > moddingTutorial > moddingTutorial.cs
- Copy the .cs file in the GTA V directory inside the scripts folder
- Open GTA V, run the game in Story Mode (mods are only allowed in single player mode, not in GTA Online) and press 'H' to see if the game turns your avatar into a cat
- Note: every time you make changes to your .cs file in the scripts folder you can hit F4 to open the console, type Reload() in the console for the program to reload the script and test again the changes.

#### onTick, onKeyUp and onKeyDown

The main events of Script Hook V Dot Net are on Tick, on KeyUp and on KeyDown. Script Hook V Dot Net will invoke your functions whenever an event is called.

The code within the onTick brackets is executed every interval milliseconds (which is by default 0), meaning that the event will be executed at every frame, for as long as the game is running.

```
private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    //code here will be executed every frame (or per usef defined interval)
}
```

If your function is written inside on KeyDown (within the curly brackets following on KeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e){}), your code will be executed every time a key is pressed. If your function is written inside on KeyUp, your code will be executed every time a key is released.

```
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
{
     //code here will be executed whenever a key is released
}

private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
{
     //code here will be executed whenever a key is pressed
}
```

We can specify which code is executed based on what keys are pressed/released

```
private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
{
   if (e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
   {
      //code here will be executed whenever the key 'H' is pressed
   }
}
```

#### Change Player Model

The player character is controlled as Game.Player. Game.Player can perform different functions, including changing the avatar model.

Change the 3D model of your character by using the ChangeModel function. The function needs a model ID, in order to load the model file of our game character. You can browse through this list of models to find the one you want to try (note: not all models seem to load properly): wiki.gtanet.work/index.php/Peds

These models are all PedHashes, basically ID numbers within the PedHash group. Copy the name of the model below the image and add it to PedHash. For example if you choose the model Poodle, you'll need to write PedHash.Poodle.

To change the model of your player character into a poodle you can write the following function:

```
Game.Player.ChangeModel(PedHash.Poodle);
```

add it in your .cs file in the on KeyDown event, triggered by the pressing of the 'h' key:

Example code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
namespace moddingTutorial
{
    public class moddingTutorial : Script
        public moddingTutorial()
            this.Tick += onTick;
            this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed
        }
        private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)//everything inside here is
        {
        }
        private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e) //everything inside here
        {
            //when pressing 'H'
            if(e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
                //change player char into a different model
                Game.Player.ChangeModel(PedHash.Poodle);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Try to select different models and assign them to different keys to change the

model of your character. Use keys that are not already implemented in the game controls to avoid clashes with built in operations.

#### **Tasks**

Our character can be controlled by our script, and given actions that override manual control of the player. These actions are called *Tasks* and in order to assign tasks to our characters we have to define our <code>Game.Player</code> as <code>Game.Player.Character</code>. The <code>Game.Player.Character</code> code gets the specific model the player is controlling.

Now we can give tasks to the character by adding the Task function: Game.Player.Character.Task.

Finally we can specify what task to give the character by choosing a task from TaskInvoker list of possible actions.

Jump:

```
Game.Player.Character.Task.Jump();
```

Wander around:

```
Game.Player.Character.Task.WanderAround();
```

Hands up for 3000 milliseconds:

```
Game.Player.Character.Task.HandsUp(3000);
```

Turn towards the camera:

```
Game.Player.Character.Task.TurnTo(GameplayCamera.Position);
```

Some of the tasks are temporary and accept a time parameter (in milliseconds). Others are persistent, meaning they will keep being executed until the task is actively stopped. To stop a task you can use the ClearAllImmediately(); command:

```
Game.Player.Task.ClearAllImmediately();
```

#### Task Sequences

You can create sequence of multiple tasks by using TaskSequence and the PerformSequence function. Create a new TaskSequence with a custom name, add tasks to it with AddTask, close the sequence with Close and then call Task.PerformSequence to perform the sequence.

```
TaskSequence mySeq = new TaskSequence();
mySeq.AddTask.Jump();
mySeq.AddTask.HandsUp(3000);
mySeq.Close();

Game.Player.Character.Task.PerformSequence(mySeq);
```

#### Random

We can add randomness by using a randomly generated number, which makes things outside of the predefined programme controlled by us and introduces more autonomous behaviours. We use the Randomfunction to create a randomly generated number between our minimum and maximum parameter (if only one parameter is inserted, the minimum is 0).

```
Random rnd = new Random();
int month = rnd.Next(1, 13); // creates a number between 1 and 12
int dice = rnd.Next(1, 7); // creates a number between 1 and 6
int card = rnd.Next(52); // creates a number between 0 and 51
```

Let's create a number to generate a random duration between 1 and 6 seconds, for the HandsUp task.

```
Random rnd = new Random();
int waitingTime = rnd.Next(1, 7);
Game.Player.Character.Task.HandsUp(waitingTime * 1000);
```

#### **Subtitles and Notifications**

Generate subtitles with a custom text string and duration (in milliseconds):

```
UI.ShowSubtitle("Hello World", 3000);
```

Generate a notification with a custom text string:

### Content Replication Assignment

#### Deercam reenactment

Write a mod script to change your game character into a deer by pressing a key, and make it autonomously wander around Los Santos by pressing another key.

# Chapter 6

# Surrealist Photography

//general introduction about a vant garde traditions of distancing from reality and exploring the possibilities of CGI decoupled from realism adn life-like simulation, the game as an engine that can be used to create oniric scenes, which in turn reveal the untapped possibilities hidden within the game code, the player as a modder which can generate worlds within the world...

#### Alexey Andrienko aka HAPP v2

artwork text

More about Happ v2

Getting There

Chumash Beach

Readings

**Tutorial** 

**Scripting Characters** 

**NPCs** 

NPCs are non playable characters and in GTA V scripting they are called Peds. Peds are an entity like Props or Vehicles and can be created, assigned different

model textures, equipped with weapons and controlled through different tasks.

#### Spawn a new NPC

A GTA V Ped can be created by the World.CreatePed function. This takes two parameters: an ID to assign the 3D model and textures, and the location where the Ped is created.

The model IDs are the same we used in the previous tutorial, when we changed our character's appearance to a cat. A list of all available models can be found here. PedHash.Cat, PedHash.Deer, PedHash.AviSchwartzmanare all possible IDs we can assign to the NPC we want to create. We can create a new model variable, which we will name 'myPedModel' and assign it a model ID:

```
Model myPedModel = PedHash.AviSchwartzman;
```

The location where the NPC is created through a vector3 data type, which represents a vector in 3D space. This basically means a point that contains X, Y and Z coordinates. We can give absolute coordinates, making the Ped appear at a specific location in the game, but we can also use a location relative to our position in the game. In order not to risk making a Ped appear somewhere completely outside of our view – on some mountain or in the sea – let's look at a vector3 that points to a position in front of the player.

We want to establish the player withGame.Player.Character, followed by a function that retireve the player position within the game world. That's called by using GetOffsetInWorldCoords, which takes a vector3. The values of the X, Y and Z of the vector 3 offset the location based on the origin point represented by the player. Therefore, we can move the place where we want the Ped to appear by adding values to the X axis (left or right of player), Y axis (ahead or behind the player), and Z axis (above or below the player). To make a Ped appear in front of the player we can create a vector3 data type with 0 for X, 5 for Y and 0 for Z: new Vector3(0, 5, 0). Let's make a vector3 variable, which we will name 'myPedSpawnPosition', assign it the values above for X, Y and Z coordinates from the player position.

Vector3 myPedSpawnPosition = Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new Vector3(0, 5, 0));

Now we can use the model and the position variables to spawn the NPC in front of the player. We'll create a Ped named 'myPed1' and use the World.CreatePed function with the two variables as parameters:

```
var myPed1 = World.CreatePed(myPedModel, myPedSpawnPosition);
```

Example code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
namespace moddingTutorial
    public class moddingTutorial : Script
        public moddingTutorial()
            this.Tick += onTick;
            this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed
        }
        private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)//everything inside here is
        {
        }
        private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e) //everything inside here
            //when pressing 'K'
            if(e.KeyCode == Keys.K)
                //select a model and store it in a variable
                Model myPedModel = PedHash.AviSchwartzman;
        //create a position relative to the player
        Vector3 myPedSpawnPosition = Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new '
        //create a Ped with the chosen model, spawning at the chosen position
        var myPed1 = World.CreatePed(myPedModel, myPedSpawnPosition);
```

```
}
}
}
```

#### Control Multiple NPCs

You can create multiple NPCs and give them custom names. Let's create a human NPC and a cat NPC and call them Jim and MannyTheCat respectively:

```
var Jim = World.CreatePed(PedHash.AviSchwartzman, Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new Var MannyTheCat = World.CreatePed(PedHash.Cat, Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new Var MannyTheCat = World.Coords(new Var MannyTheCat = Wo
```

Try to kill one of the Ped NPCs you created by using the Kill().

```
Jim.Kill();
```

Note that when you kill your Ped 'Jim', it falls on the floor and it won't actually respond to any call or task you will give it, but it's not removed from the game. To remove a specific Ped you have to use the Deletefunction, which will remove that instance (and will make the NPC disappear).

```
Jim.Delete();
```

To handle groups of NPCs we can use the List class. A List is a collection of objects, and a Listof Peds allows us to store our NPCs. We can use an index to retrieve and control specific Peds in the group. You can see the reference for more detailed information.

Create a List of Peds named myPeds as a global variable in the public class public class moddingTutorial : Script.

```
List<Ped> myPeds = new List<Ped>();
```

In the onKeyDown function private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e) create 5 new Peds with a For Loop

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    //spawn a new Ped called newPed
    var newPed = World.CreatePed(PedHash.Clown01SMY, Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords
    //add the new Ped to my list of Peds myPeds
    myPeds.Add(newPed);
}</pre>
```

Now all the 5 Peds are part of the myPeds[] List. You can control each Ped individually by calling their individual number ID in the group. The first spawn Ped is myPed[0], the last one is myPeds[4].

Tell the 1st spawned NPC to start wandering around:

```
myPeds[0].Task.WanderAround();
```

Kill the 2nd spawned NPC:

```
myPeds[1].Kill();
```

Tell the 3rd NPC to jump:

```
myPeds[2].Jump();
```

Tell the 4th NPC to walk toward the camera:

```
myPeds[3].GoTo(GameplayCamera.Position);
```

Tell the 5th NPC to put their hands up for 3 seconds:

```
myPeds[4].Task.HandsUp(3000);
```

#### Nearby NPCs

Script Hook V DOt Net provides a function GetNearbyPedswhich groups all the Peds within a nearby radius from a character.

Create a new group that adds Peds which are closer than 20 meters from the player (add that as a global variable in public class moddingTutorial: Script):

```
Ped[] NearbyPeds = World.GetNearbyPeds(Game.Player.Character, 20f);
```

Use a Foreach Loop to get every Ped in the group and give them the task to put their hands up for a second:

```
foreach (Ped p in NearbyPeds)
{
    p.Task.HandsUp(1000);
}
```

GetNearbyPeds does not sort out individual Pedsin the group based on distance, so we have to do a bit of manual filtering to get the nearest NPC within the chosen radius from the player character.

Define the global variables in the public class public class moddingTutorial : Script:

```
float lastDistance;
Ped nearestPed = null;
Ped oldNearestPed = null;
```

Get and parse the nearby NPCs in the OnTick function private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e):

```
//set radius
float maxDistance = 25f;
//get nearest peds
Ped[] pedsGroup = World.GetNearbyPeds(Game.Player.Character, maxDistance);
float lastDistance = maxDistance;
foreach (Ped ped in pedsGroup)
{
   float distance = ped.Position.DistanceTo(Game.Player.Character.Position);
    if (distance < lastDistance)</pre>
        nearestPed = ped;
        lastDistance = distance;
   }
}
   if (nearestPed != null && oldNearestPed != nearestPed)
        nearestPed.Task.HandsUp(1000);
oldNearestPed = nearestPed;
```

#### Give Tasks to NPCs

A Ped can be given a task using the Task function, just like we did in the previous tutorial for the player character.

```
myPed1.Task.WanderAround();
```

Some tasks involve interacting with other characters (Peds or Game.Player.Character) or take different parameters like positions (vector3), duration (in milliseconds),

and other data types. We can give our NPC the task to fight against the player by using the FightAgainst function, which requires a Ped parameter — which in the case of the player is expressed as Game.Player.Character.

```
myPed1.Task.FightAgainst(Game.Player.Character); //give npc task to fight against play
```

Try to replace the task to "fight against" with "flee from (player)", "hands up", "jump"... or some of the other available tasks.

See the TaskInvoker list for possible tasks, or click on the list of available tasks below.

List of Available Tasks

```
void AchieveHeading (float heading, int timeout=0)
void AimAt (Entity target, int duration)
void AimAt (Vector3 target, int duration)
void Arrest (Ped ped)
void ChatTo (Ped ped)
void Jump ()
void Climb ()
void ClimbLadder ()
void Cower (int duration)
void ChaseWithGroundVehicle (Ped target)
void ChaseWithHelicopter (Ped target, Vector3 offset)
void ChaseWithPlane (Ped target, Vector3 offset)
void CruiseWithVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, float speed, DrivingStyle style=DrivingStyle.)
void DriveTo (Vehicle vehicle, Vector3 target, float radius, float speed, DrivingStyle
void EnterAnyVehicle (VehicleSeat seat=VehicleSeat.Any, int timeout=-1, float speed=1f
void EnterVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, VehicleSeat seat=VehicleSeat.Any, int timeout=-1,
```

```
void FightAgainst (Ped target)
void FightAgainst (Ped target, int duration)
void FightAgainstHatedTargets (float radius)
void FightAgainstHatedTargets (float radius, int duration)
void FleeFrom (Ped ped, int duration=-1)
void FleeFrom (Vector3 position, int duration=-1)
void FollowPointRoute (params Vector3[] points)
void FollowPointRoute (float movementSpeed, params Vector3[] points)
void FollowToOffsetFromEntity (Entity target, Vector3 offset, float movementSpeed, int timeout=-1
void GoTo (Entity target, Vector3 offset=default(Vector3), int timeout=-1)
void GoTo (Vector3 position, int timeout=-1)
void GoStraightTo (Vector3 position, int timeout=-1, float targetHeading=Of, float distanceToSlic
void GuardCurrentPosition ()
void HandsUp (int duration)
void LandPlane (Vector3 startPosition, Vector3 touchdownPosition, Vehicle plane=null)
void LeaveVehicle (LeaveVehicleFlags flags=LeaveVehicleFlags.None)
void LeaveVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, bool closeDoor)
void LeaveVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, LeaveVehicleFlags flags)
void LookAt (Entity target, int duration=-1)
void LookAt (Vector3 position, int duration=-1)
void ParachuteTo (Vector3 position)
void ParkVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, Vector3 position, float heading, float radius=20.0f, bool keep
void PerformSequence (TaskSequence sequence)
```

```
void PlayAnimation (string animDict, string animName)
void PlayAnimation (string animDict, string animName, float speed, int duration, float
void PlayAnimation (string animDict, string animName, float blendInSpeed, int duration
void PlayAnimation (string animDict, string animName, float blendInSpeed, float blendO
void RappelFromHelicopter ()
void ReactAndFlee (Ped ped)
void ReloadWeapon ()
void RunTo (Vector3 position, bool ignorePaths=false, int timeout=-1)
void ShootAt (Ped target, int duration=-1, FiringPattern pattern=FiringPattern.Default
void ShootAt (Vector3 position, int duration=-1, FiringPattern pattern=FiringPattern.De
void ShuffleToNextVehicleSeat (Vehicle vehicle=null)
void Skydive ()
void SlideTo (Vector3 position, float heading)
void StandStill (int duration)
void StartScenario (string name, float heading)
void StartScenario (string name, Vector3 position, float heading)
void SwapWeapon ()
void TurnTo (Entity target, int duration=-1)
void TurnTo (Vector3 position, int duration=-1)
void UseParachute ()
void UseMobilePhone ()
void UseMobilePhone (int duration)
void PutAwayParachute ()
```

```
void PutAwayMobilePhone ()
void VehicleChase (Ped target)
void VehicleShootAtPed (Ped target)
void Wait (int duration)
void WanderAround ()
void WanderAround (Vector3 position, float radius)
void WarpIntoVehicle (Vehicle vehicle, VehicleSeat seat)
void WarpOutOfVehicle (Vehicle vehicle)
void ClearAll ()
void ClearAllImmediately ()
void ClearLookAt ()
void ClearSecondary ()
void ClearAnimation (string animSet, string animName)
```

You can spawn a group of NPCs and give them individual tasks. You can also make them interact with each other (or with the player character). Here we spawn 3 NPCs and tell the to fight with each other.

```
//create a list of Peds
List<Ped> myPeds = new List<Ped>();

//create a list of Ped models
List<Model> myPedModel = new List<Model>();

//manually add models for each ped
myPedModel.Add(PedHash.Clown01SMY);
myPedModel.Add(PedHash.Doctor01SMM);
myPedModel.Add(PedHash.Abigail);

for(int i = 0; i < myPedModel.Count; i++)
{</pre>
```

```
//spawn a new Ped for each model
var newPed = World.CreatePed(myPedModel[i], Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorld
//add the new Ped to my list of Peds
myPeds.Add(newPed);
}

myPeds[0].Task.FightAgainst(myPeds[1]);
myPeds[1].Task.FightAgainst(myPeds[2]);
myPeds[2].Task.FightAgainst(myPeds[0]);
```

To clear a task at any given moment we can use the task ClearAllImmediately();. To stop our 3 NPCs from fighting each other we give them the task to stop everything they are doing immediately.

```
myPeds[0].Task.ClearAllImmediately();
myPeds[1].Task.ClearAllImmediately();
myPeds[2].Task.ClearAllImmediately();
```

Peace is restored in the universe. To remove the NPCs use Delete().

```
myPeds[0].Delete();
myPeds[1].Delete();
myPeds[2].Delete();
```

#### Animations

We can give Peds a task to play specific animations. To do this we can use the native function TASK\_PLAY\_ANIM. The function takes a lot of parameters (some of them still not exactly know), but here is the full function and a breakdown of each parameters.

```
Native.Function.Call(Native.Hash.TASK_PLAY_ANIM, thePed, sDict, sAnim, speed, speed *
```

thePed The Ped that will play the animation sDict The dictionary where the anim is located sAnim The anim name speed The play start speed (This is important to make smooth changes between anims) speed \* -1 Unknown -1 Unknown flags Flags that you can set for the playback (see flags below) 0 Unknown false Unknown bDisableLegIK If the anim will ignore the leg/foot interaction with obstacles false Unknown

Flags for playback modes

. . .

```
normal = 0
    repeat = 1
    stop_last_frame = 2
    unk1 = 4
    unk2_air = 8
    upperbody = 16
    enablePlCtrl = 32
    unk3 = 64
    cancelable = 128
    unk4_creature = 256
    unk5_freezePos = 512
    unk6_rot90 = 1024
```

You need to request the animation dictionary before start using it in your script: REQUEST\_ANIM\_DICT. After that, wait for the animation to load (or you could check if it's loaded with the boolean HAS\_ANIM\_DICT\_LOADED), before playing the animation.

Once you have requested your animation dictionary and it is loaded, you can play and stop the specific animation using TASK\_PLAY\_ANIM and STOP\_ANIM\_TASK.

```
//request animation dictionary
Function.Call(Hash.REQUEST_ANIM_DICT, "cmini@strip_club@pole_dance@pole_a_2_stage");

//wait 100 ms to load the animation
Wait(100);

//play animation from animation dictionary using the player character
Function.Call(Hash.TASK_PLAY_ANIM, Game.Player.Character, "mini@strip_club@pole_dance@pole_a_2_st
//wait 5 secs
Wait(5000);

//stop the animation
Function.Call(Hash.STOP_ANIM_TASK, Game.Player.Character, "mini@strip_club@pole_dance@pole_a_2_st
```

Most information found for this functions were found here. More example code and information is avaiable there.

There are 6645 animation dictionaries and 35460 animation clips. You can see some of the possible animations in GTA V here. Here you can find a list of available dictionaries and animations.

Fun fact: deers seem to be able to do pole dance animations too.

Give animations to nearby peds.

```
//request animation dictionary
Function.Call(Hash.REQUEST_ANIM_DICT, "gestures@miss@fbi_5");

//wait for it to load
Wait(50);

//get nearby ped
Ped[] NearbyPeds = World.GetNearbyPeds(Game.Player.Character, 20f);

foreach (Ped p in NearbyPeds)
{
    //clear the peds of any tasks they might have
    p.Task.ClearAllImmediately();
    //play animation from animation dictionary
    Function.Call(Hash.TASK_PLAY_ANIM, p, "missfbi5ig_2", "crying_trevor", 8.0, 8.0 *
```

#### **Scenarios**

Another kind of animations that can be given to Peds is scenarios. Animations only playback the movement of the model without any object (e.g. the pole dancing animation does not provide a pole), while scenarios also include props. Also, certain scenarios only work with specific model, so we won't be able to make a deer drink coffe or use a binocular.

Scenarios can be invoked by using the task StartScenario(string name, Vector3 position, float heading). the StartScenario task function requires 3 parameters: the name of the scenario we want to play, the position in which our Ped will be playing the scenario (through a Vector3 data type containing the XYZ coordinates), and the rotation degree (between 1 and 360°).

Try to play the scenario animation  ${\tt WORLD\_HUMAN\_TOURIST\_MAP}$  on our game character:

```
Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP", Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP"), Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP"), Game.Player.Character.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP"), Game.Player.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP"), Game.Task.StartScenario("WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP"), Game.Task.Sta
```

To stop the scenario animation you can use Game.Player.Character.Task.ClearAllImmediately(); like with every other task. You can find all available scenarios here or click on the list of below

List of available tasks

```
`WORLD_HUMAN_AA_COFFEE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_AA_SMOKE` | *Human*
```

```
`WORLD_HUMAN_BINOCULARS` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_BUM_FREEWAY` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_BUM_SLUMPED` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN BUM STANDING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_BUM_WASH` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_VALET` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN CAR PARK ATTENDANT` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN CHEERING` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN CLIPBOARD` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN CLIPBOARD FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN CONST DRILL` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_COP_IDLES` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_DRINKING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_DRINKING_FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_DRINKING_CASINO_TERRACE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_DRUG_DEALER` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_DRUG_DEALER_HARD` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_MOBILE_FILM_SHOCKING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GARDENER_LEAF_BLOWER` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GARDENER_PLANT` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GOLF_PLAYER` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN GUARD PATROL` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN GUARD STAND` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GUARD_STAND_CASINO` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GUARD_STAND_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_GUARD_STAND_FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN GUARD STAND ARMY` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HAMMERING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HANG_OUT_STREET` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HANG_OUT_STREET_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HIKER` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HIKER_STANDING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_HUMAN_STATUE` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN JANITOR` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_JOG` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_JOG_STANDING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_LEANING` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN LEANING CASINO TERRACE` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN MAID CLEAN` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN MUSCLE FLEX` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN MUSCLE FREE WEIGHTS` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_MUSICIAN` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_PAPARAZZI` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_PARTYING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_PICNIC` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN POWER WALKER` | *Human*
```

```
`WORLD_HUMAN_PROSTITUTE_HIGH_CLASS` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_PROSTITUTE_LOW_CLASS` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_PUSH_UPS` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SEAT LEDGE` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SEAT LEDGE EATING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SEAT_STEPS` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SEAT_WALL` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SEAT_WALL_EATING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SEAT_WALL_TABLET` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SECURITY SHINE TORCH` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SIT UPS` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SMOKING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SMOKING_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SMOKING_POT` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SMOKING_POT_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_FIRE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_FISHING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_IMPATIENT` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_IMPATIENT_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_IMPATIENT_FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_IMPATIENT_UPRIGHT` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STAND IMPATIENT UPRIGHT FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STAND MOBILE` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STAND MOBILE CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STAND_MOBILE_FACILITY` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STAND MOBILE UPRIGHT` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STAND MOBILE UPRIGHT CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN STRIP WATCH STAND` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STUPOR` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_STUPOR_CLUBHOUSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SUNBATHE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SUNBATHE_BACK` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_SUPERHERO` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN SWIMMING` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_TENNIS_PLAYER` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MAP` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_TOURIST_MOBILE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_VEHICLE_MECHANIC` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN WELDING` | *Human*
`WORLD HUMAN WINDOW SHOP BROWSE` | *Human*
`WORLD_HUMAN_YOGA` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN ATM` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_BBQ` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_BUM_BIN` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN BUM SHOPPING CART` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN MUSCLE CHIN UPS` | *Human*
```

```
`PROP_HUMAN_MUSCLE_CHIN_UPS_ARMY` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_MUSCLE_CHIN_UPS_PRISON` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_PARKING_METER` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT ARMCHAIR` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BAR` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BENCH` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BENCH FACILITY` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BENCH DRINK` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_BENCH_DRINK_FACILITY` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT_BENCH_DRINK_BEER` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BENCH FOOD` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT BENCH FOOD FACILITY` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_BUS_STOP_WAIT` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR_DRINK` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR_DRINK_BEER` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR_FOOD` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR_UPRIGHT` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_CHAIR_MP_PLAYER` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_COMPUTER` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_COMPUTER_LOW` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT DECKCHAIR` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT DECKCHAIR DRINK` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT MUSCLE BENCH PRESS` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT MUSCLE BENCH PRESS PRISON` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_SEAT_SEWING` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT STRIP WATCH` | *Human*
`PROP HUMAN SEAT SUNLOUNGER` | *Human*
`PROP_HUMAN_STAND_IMPATIENT` | *Human*
`CODE_HUMAN_CROSS_ROAD_WAIT` | *Human*
`CODE_HUMAN_MEDIC_KNEEL` | *Human*
`CODE_HUMAN_MEDIC_TEND_TO_DEAD` | *Human*
`CODE_HUMAN_MEDIC_TIME_OF_DEATH` | *Human*
`CODE HUMAN POLICE CROWD CONTROL` | *Human*
`CODE_HUMAN_POLICE_INVESTIGATE` | *Human*
`EAR_TO_TEXT` | *Human*
`EAR_TO_TEXT_FAT` | *Human*
--- | ---
`WORLD BOAR GRAZING` | *Animal*
`WORLD CAT SLEEPING GROUND` | *Animal*
`WORLD CAT SLEEPING LEDGE` | *Animal*
`WORLD_COW_GRAZING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_COYOTE_HOWL` | *Animal*
`WORLD_COYOTE_REST` | *Animal*
`WORLD COYOTE WANDER` | *Animal*
`WORLD COYOTE WALK` | *Animal*
```

```
`WORLD_CHICKENHAWK_FEEDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_CHICKENHAWK_STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_CORMORANT_STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_CROW_FEEDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_CROW_STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DEER_GRAZING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_BARKING_ROTTWEILER` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_BARKING_RETRIEVER` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_BARKING_SHEPHERD` | *Animal*
`WORLD DOG SITTING ROTTWEILER` | *Animal*
`WORLD DOG SITTING RETRIEVER` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_SITTING_SHEPHERD` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_BARKING_SMALL` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOG_SITTING_SMALL` | *Animal*
`WORLD_DOLPHIN_SWIM` | *Animal*
`WORLD_FISH_FLEE` | *Animal*
`WORLD_FISH_IDLE` | *Animal*
`WORLD_GULL_FEEDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_GULL_STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_HEN_FLEE` | *Animal*
`WORLD_HEN_PECKING` | *Animal*
`WORLD HEN STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD MOUNTAIN LION REST` | *Animal*
`WORLD_MOUNTAIN_LION_WANDER` | *Animal*
`WORLD_ORCA_SWIM` | *Animal*
`WORLD_PIG_GRAZING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_PIGEON_FEEDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD PIGEON STANDING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_RABBIT_EATING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_RABBIT_FLEE` | *Animal*
`WORLD_RATS_EATING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_RATS_FLEEING` | *Animal*
`WORLD_SHARK_SWIM` | *Animal*
`WORLD_SHARK_HAMMERHEAD_SWIM` | *Animal*
`WORLD_STINGRAY_SWIM` | *Animal*
```

## **Playing Sounds**

We can control sounds from the game as well as playing external sound files. Here's an overview of a few different functions to can play speech recordings and audio from the GTA V audio bank, and a method to play a custom .wav file saved onside the "scripts" folder.

The native function <code>\_PLAY\_AMBIENT\_SPEECH1</code> and <code>\_PLAY\_AMBIENT\_SPEECH2</code> both do the same thing: they make the character say a few lines, with the voice

of the character model, and with their relative mouth and body animations. \_PLAY\_AMBIENT\_SPEECH1 will take as parameters the Ped that is going to speak, a string of the speech name, the speech parameter string and an integer that is set to 1.

Try to use the native function to make the player character say something from the "GENERIC\_BYE" speech bank:

Function.Call(Hash.\_PLAY\_AMBIENT\_SPEECH1, Game.Player.Character, "GENERIC\_BYE", "SPEECH\_PARAMS\_FO

Here you can find a list of all availabel speech names.

List of speech names

```
// List of Speech Names found in gtav.ysc.decompiled (28 May 2015)
```

APOLOGY\_NO\_TROUBLE

BLOCKED\_GENERIC

BUMP

CHAT\_RESP

CHAT\_STATE

COVER ME

COVER\_YOU

DYING\_HELP

DYING\_MOAN

FALL\_BACK

GENERIC\_BYE

GENERIC\_CURSE\_HIGH

GENERIC\_CURSE\_MED

GENERIC\_FRIGHTENED\_HIGH

GENERIC\_FRIGHTENED\_MED

GENERIC\_FUCK\_YOU

GENERIC\_HI

GENERIC\_HOWS\_IT\_GOING

GENERIC\_INSULT\_MED

GENERIC\_INSULT\_HIGH

GENERIC\_SHOCKED\_HIGH

GENERIC\_SHOCKED\_MED

GENERIC\_THANKS

GENERIC\_WAR\_CRY

HOOKER\_CAR\_INCORRECT

HOOKER\_DECLINE\_SERVICE

HOOKER\_DECLINED

HOOKER\_DECLINED\_TREVOR

HOOKER HAD ENOUGH

HOOKER\_LEAVES\_ANGRY

HOOKER\_OFFER\_AGAIN

HOOKER\_OFFER\_SERVICE

HOOKER\_REQUEST

HOOKER\_SECLUDED

HOOKER\_STORY\_REVULSION\_RESP

HOOKER\_STORY\_SARCASTIC\_RESP

HOOKER\_STORY\_SYMPATHETIC\_RESP

KIFFLOM\_GREET

KILLED\_ALL

PROVOKE\_TRESPASS

PURCHASE ONLINE

RELOADING

ROLLERCOASTER\_CHAT\_EXCITED

ROLLERCOASTER\_CHAT\_NORMAL

SEX\_CLIMAX

SEX\_FINISHED

SEX\_GENERIC

SEX\_GENERIC\_FEM

SEX\_ORAL

SEX\_ORAL\_FEM

SHOOT

SHOP\_BANTER

SHOP\_BANTER\_FRANKLIN

SHOP\_BANTER\_TREVOR

SHOP\_BROWSE

SHOP\_BROWSE\_ARMOUR

SHOP\_BROWSE\_BIG

SHOP BROWSE FRANKLIN

SHOP\_BROWSE\_GUN

SHOP\_BROWSE\_MELEE

SHOP\_BROWSE\_TATTOO\_MENU

SHOP\_BROWSE\_THROWN

SHOP\_BROWSE\_TREVOR

SHOP\_CUTTING\_HAIR

SHOP\_GIVE\_FOR\_FREE

 ${\tt SHOP\_GOODBYE}$ 

SHOP\_GREET

SHOP\_GREET\_FRANKLIN

SHOP\_GREET\_MICHAEL

SHOP\_GREET\_SPECIAL

SHOP\_GREET\_TREVOR

SHOP\_GREET\_UNUSUAL

SHOP\_HAIR\_WHAT\_WANT

SHOP\_NICE\_VEHICLE

SHOP NO COPS

SHOP\_NO\_MESSING

SHOP\_NO\_WEAPON SHOP\_OUT\_OF\_STOCK SHOP\_REMOVE\_VEHICLE SHOP\_SELL SHOP\_SELL\_ARMOUR SHOP\_SELL\_BRAKES SHOP\_SELL\_BULLETPROOF\_TYRES SHOP\_SELL\_COSMETICS SHOP SELL ENGINE UPGRADE SHOP\_SELL\_EXHAUST SHOP SELL HORN SHOP\_SELL\_REPAIR SHOP\_SELL\_SUSPENSION SHOP\_SELL\_TRANS\_UPGRADE SHOP\_SELL\_TURBO SHOP\_SHOOTING SHOP\_SPECIAL\_DISCOUNT SHOP\_TATTOO\_APPLIED SHOP\_TRY\_ON\_ITEM SHOUT\_THREATEN\_GANG SHOUT\_THREATEN\_PED SOLICIT\_FRANKLIN SOLICIT\_FRANKLIN\_RETURN SOLICIT\_MICHAEL SOLICIT\_MICHAEL\_RETURN SOLICIT\_TREVOR SOLICIT\_TREVOR\_RETURN STAY\_DOWN TAKE\_COVER

#### List of speech parameters

Speech\_Params\_Standard
Speech\_Params\_Allow\_Repeat
Speech\_Params\_Beat
Speech\_Params\_Force
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Frontend
Speech\_Params\_Force\_No\_Repeat\_Frontend
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Normal
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Normal\_Clear
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Normal\_Critical
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted
Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted

```
Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Speech_Params_Force_Preload_Only
Speech_Params_Megaphone
Speech_Params_Heli
Speech_Params_Force_Megaphone
Speech_Params_Force_Heli
Speech_Params_Interrupt
Speech_Params_Interrupt_Shouted
Speech_Params_Interrupt_Shouted_Clear
Speech_Params_Interrupt_Shouted_Critical
Speech Params Interrupt No Force
Speech_Params_Interrupt_Frontend
Speech_Params_Interrupt_No_Force_Frontend
Speech_Params_Add_Blip
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Allow_Repeat
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Force
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Shouted
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Shouted_Force
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Interrupt
Speech_Params_Add_Blip_Interrupt_Force
Speech_Params_Force_Preload_Only_Shouted
Speech_Params_Force_Preload_Only_Shouted_Clear
Speech_Params_Force_Preload_Only_Shouted_Critical
Speech_Params_Shouted
Speech_Params_Shouted_Clear
Speech_Params_Shouted_Critical
                speechParam
// speechName
Apology_No_Trouble Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Blocked_Generic Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Chat_Resp
            Speech_Params_Force
Chat_State Speech_Params_Force
            Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Generic_Curse_High Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Generic_Curse_Med
                    {\tt Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted\_Critical}
Generic_Fuck_You
                    Speech_Params_Force
Generic_Frightened_High Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Generic_Frightened_Med Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Generic_Hi Speech_Params_Force
                        Speech_Params_Force
Generic_Hows_It_Going
Generic_Insult_High Speech_Params_Force
Generic_Insult_Med Speech_Params_Force
Generic Shocked High
                        Speech_Params_Force
Generic Shocked Med Speech Params Force Shouted Critical
Generic_Thanks Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
```

```
Hooker_Decline_Service Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Declined Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Declined_Trevor Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Had_Enough Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Leaves_Angry Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Offer_Again Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Offer_Service
                        Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Request Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Secluded Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Story_Revulsion_Resp Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Hooker_Story_Sarcastic_Resp Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear;
{\tt Hooker\_Story\_Sympathetic\_Resp} \quad {\tt Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted\_Clear}
Provoke_Trespass
                    Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
Rollercoaster_Chat_Excited Speech_Params_Force_Frontend
Rollercoaster_Chat_Normal
                            Speech_Params_Force_Frontend
{\tt Sex\_Climax} \quad {\tt Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted\_Clear}
                Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Sex_Generic Speech_Params_Force_Normal_Clear
Sex_Generic_Fem Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Sex_Oral
            Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
                Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Sex_Oral_Fem
Shout_Threaten_Gang Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Critical
{\tt Shout\_Threaten\_Ped} \quad {\tt Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted\_Critical}
                    Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Solicit_Franklin
Solicit_Franklin_Return Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Solicit_Michael Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Solicit_Michael_Return Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Solicit_Trevor Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Solicit_Trevor_Return
                       Speech_Params_Force_Shouted_Clear
Stay_Down
            Speech_Params_Force
Function.Call(Hash._PLAY_AMBIENT_SPEECH_WITH_VOICE, Game.Player.Character, "DODGE", "a_f_y_beach_
while (!Function.Call<bool>(Hash.REQUEST_SCRIPT_AUDIO_BANK, "Michael_2_Acid_Bath", 0, -1)){ Wait
Function.Call(Hash.PLAY_SOUND_FROM_ENTITY, -1, "ACID_BATH_FALL", Game.Player.Character, "MICHAEL]
//add this on top:
using System.Media;
//Or better instantiate global variable
SoundPlayer player = new SoundPlayer("./scripts/Eran_N.wav");
```

Speech\_Params\_Force\_Shouted\_Clear

Hooker\_Car\_Incorrect

//and on key press
player.Load();
player.Play();

```
//on another key we can stop the plaback
player.Stop()
```

#### Teleporting

We can change the location of the player character or of any Ped or Vehicle entity by using the native function SET\_ENTITY\_COORDS. This function needs an entity and X, Y and Z coordinate to teleport to. We need to know the exact coordinates of the locations we want to teleport to, but thankfully the modding community forums provide lists with all available coordinates we can teleport to. Let's take the XYZ coordinates of the top of Mount Chiliad (the highest point in the game) to teleport our player character to.

```
LOCATION: Top of the Mt Chilad COORDINATES: X:450.718 Y:5566.614 Z:806.183
```

To create a teleport function we will use a native function. Script Hook V Dot Net is a wrapper for the C++ ScriptHook, calling the functions in Scripthook to do things in the game. However, there are some functions that are not in Script Hook V Dot Net and in order to use these, we have to use the native calling from Script Hook.

Native functions are called with Function.Call followed by their corresponding hash name and parameters. They use this structure:

```
Function.Call(Hash.HASH_NAME, input_params);
```

The native function for teleporting expects the hash SET\_ENTITY\_COORDS, the ped entity to teleport, and the X, Y and Z coordinates to teleport the character to. Function.Call(Hash.SET\_ENTITY\_COORDS, Ped ped, X, Y, Z, 0, 0, 1);

The function to teleport the player character to the top of Moutn Chiliad is:

```
//Teleport to the top of Mount Chiliad
Function.Call(Hash.SET_ENTITY_COORDS, Game.Player.Character, 450.718f, 5566.614f, 806.
```

See this list of locations to find their respective coordinates or click on the list below

List of Locations with Coordinates

INDOOR LOCATIONS

Strip Club DJ Booth X:126.135 Y:-1278.583 Z:29.270

Blaine County Savings Bank X:-109.299 Y:6464.035 Z:31.627

Police Station X:436.491 Y: -982.172 Z:30.699

Humane Labs Entrance X:3619.749 Y:2742.740 Z:28.690

Burnt FIB Building X:160.868 Y:-745.831 Z:250.063

10 Car Garage Back Room X:223.193 Y:-967.322 Z:99.000

Humane Labs Tunnel X:3525.495 Y:3705.301 Z:20.992

Ammunation Office X:12.494 Y:-1110.130 Z: 29.797

Ammunation Gun Range X: 22.153 Y:-1072.854 Z:29.797

Trevor's Meth Lab X:1391.773 Y:3608.716 Z:38.942

Pacific Standard Bank Vault X:255.851 Y: 217.030 Z:101.683

Lester's House X:1273.898 Y:-1719.304 Z:54.771

Floyd's Apartment X:-1150.703 Y:-1520.713 Z:10.633

FIB Top Floor X:135.733 Y:-749.216 Z:258.152

IAA Office X:117.220 Y:-620.938 Z:206.047

Pacific Standard Bank X:235.046 Y:216.434 Z:106.287

Fort Zancudo ATC entrance X:-2344.373 Y:3267.498 Z:32.811

Fort Zancudo ATC top floor X:-2358.132 Y:3249.754 Z:101.451

Torture Room X: 147.170 Y:-2201.804 Z:4.688

#### OUTDOOR LOCATIONS

Main LS Customs X:-365.425 Y:-131.809 Z:37.873

Very High Up X:-129.964 Y:8130.873 Z:6705.307

IAA Roof X:134.085 Y:-637.859 Z:262.851

FIB Roof X:150.126 Y:-754.591 Z:262.865

Maze Bank Roof X:-75.015 Y:-818.215 Z:326.176

Top of the Mt Chilad X:450.718 Y:5566.614 Z:806.183

Most Northerly Point X:24.775 Y:7644.102 Z:19.055

Vinewood Bowl Stage X:686.245 Y:577.950 Z:130.461

Sisyphus Theater Stage X:205.316 Y:1167.378 Z:227.005

Galileo Observatory Roof X:-438.804 Y:1076.097 Z:352.411

Kortz Center X:-2243.810 Y:264.048 Z:174.615

Chumash Historic Family Pier X:-3426.683 Y:967.738 Z:8.347

Paleto Bay Pier X:-275.522 Y:6635.835 Z:7.425

God's thumb X:-1006.402 Y:6272.383 Z:1.503

Calafia Train Bridge X:-517.869 Y:4425.284 Z:89.795

Altruist Cult Camp X:-1170.841 Y:4926.646 Z:224.295

Maze Bank Arena Roof X:-324.300 Y:-1968.545 Z:67.002

Marlowe Vineyards X:-1868.971 Y:2095.674 Z:139.115

Hippy Camp X:2476.712 Y:3789.645 Z:41.226

Devin Weston's House X:-2639.872 Y:1866.812 Z:160.135

Abandon Mine X:-595.342 Y: 2086.008 Z:131.412

Weed Farm X:2208.777 Y:5578.235 Z:53.735

Stab City X: 126.975 Y:3714.419 Z:46.827

Airplane Graveyard Airplane Tail X:2395.096 Y:3049.616 Z:60.053

Satellite Dish Antenna X:2034.988 Y:2953.105 Z:74.602

Satellite Dishes X: 2062.123 Y:2942.055 Z:47.431

Windmill Top X:2026.677 Y:1842.684 Z:133.313

Sandy Shores Building Site Crane X:1051.209 Y:2280.452 Z:89.727

Rebel Radio X:736.153 Y:2583.143 Z:79.634

Quarry X:2954.196 Y:2783.410 Z:41.004

Palmer-Taylor Power Station Chimney X: 2732.931 Y: 1577.540 Z:83.671

Merryweather Dock X: 486.417 Y:-3339.692 Z:6.070

Cargo Ship X:899.678 Y:-2882.191 Z:19.013

Del Perro Pier X:-1850.127 Y:-1231.751 Z:13.017

Play Boy Mansion X:-1475.234 Y:167.088Z:55.841

Jolene Cranley-Evans Ghost X:3059.620 Y:5564.246 Z:197.091

NOOSE Headquarters X:2535.243 Y:-383.799 Z:92.993

Snowman X: 971.245 Y:-1620.993 Z:30.111

Oriental Theater X:293.089 Y:180.466 Z:104.301

Beach Skatepark X:-1374.881 Y:-1398.835 Z:6.141

Underpass Skatepark X:718.341 Y:-1218.714 Z: 26.014

Casino X:925.329 Y:46.152 Z:80.908

University of San Andreas X:-1696.866 Y:142.747 Z:64.372

La Puerta Freeway Bridge X: -543.932 Y:-2225.543 Z:122.366

Land Act Dam X: 1660.369 Y:-12.013 Z:170.020

Mount Gordo X: 2877.633 Y:5911.078 Z:369.624

Little Seoul X:-889.655 Y:-853.499 Z:20.566

Epsilon Building X:-695.025 Y:82.955 Z:55.855 Z:55.855

The Richman Hotel X:-1330.911 Y:340.871 Z:64.078

Vinewood sign X:711.362 Y:1198.134 Z:348.526

Los Santos Golf Club X:-1336.715 Y:59.051 Z:55.246

Chicken X:-31.010 Y:6316.830 Z:40.083

Little Portola X:-635.463 Y:-242.402 Z:38.175

Pacific Bluffs Country Club X:-3022.222 Y:39.968 Z:13.611

Vinewood Cemetery X:-1659993 Y:-128.399 Z:59.954

Paleto Forest Sawmill Chimney X:-549.467 Y:5308.221 Z:114.146

Mirror Park X:1070.206 Y:-711.958 Z:58.483

Rocket X:1608.698 Y:6438.096 Z:37.637

El Gordo Lighthouse X:3430.155 Y:5174.196 Z:41.280

## Content Replication Assignment

Teleport the player to a beach, spawn ten whales on the shore and generate an NPC wandering aroud them and take a screenshot in the style of HAPP V2.

# Chapter 7

# Hyperrealism

//intro to the artistic current of photorealism and hyperrealism in painting and drawing, connected to the idea of photorealism and simulation in games (attempt to simulate life itself, not just photography), relationship between the game and the physical world, the way virtual spaces influence and shape society (training self driving cars in GTA V, CGI shaping architecture of buildings and object...), the blurrying of the lines between virtual and physical...

## 8k by Aram Bartholl

Aram Bartholl, 8k, installation view Aram Bartholl, 8k, installation view More about 8k

## Getting there

• Land Act Dam, Tataviam Mountains

# Readings

## **Tutorial**

## Setting Camera Views

GTA V has 4 default camera views, which can be switched by pressing the V key on PC. To set a specific camera view we can use the native function

 $\mathtt{SET\_FOLLOW\_PED\_CAM\_VIEW\_MOD}$ , followed by number 0, 1, 2 or 4 to establish the desired point of view:

- 0 Third Person View Close
- 1 Third Person View Mid
- 2 Third Person View Far
- 4 First Person View

Switch to first person view:

```
Function.Call(Hash.SET_FOLLOW_PED_CAM_VIEW_MODE, 4);
```

## Setting the Time of the Day

We can control the time and the light for our shots to the second in GTA V. We can specify the exact time of the day with the native function SET\_CLOCK\_TIME, followed by hour, minute and second. Note that the sun sets at 5:30 a.m. and goes down at 8 p.m.

Set the imte of the day to 15:45:

```
Function.Call(Hash.SET_CLOCK_TIME, 15, 45, 00);
```

## Controlling the Weather

We can choose among the following weather options using the native function SET\_WEATHER\_TYPE\_NOW\_PERSIST:

"CLEAR" "EXTRASUNNY" "CLOUDS" "OVERCAST" "RAIN" "CLEAR-ING" "THUNDER" "SMOG" "FOGGY" "XMAS" "SNOWLIGHT" "BLIZ-ZARD"

Set the weather to blizzard:

```
Function.Call(Hash.SET_WEATHER_TYPE_NOW_PERSIST, "BLIZZARD");
```

#### Scripting Cinematic Fade Out / In

Script Hook has native functions to create a fead to/from black. The function hash are DO\_SCREEN\_FADE\_OUT and DO\_SCREEN\_FADE\_IN and they are followed by the number of milliseconds to go from full black to showing the scene and viceversa.

Let's create a fade to black over 3 seconds when we press the letter key 'O':

```
if (e.KeyCode == Keys.0)
{
    Function.Call(Hash.DO_SCREEN_FADE_OUT, 3000);
}
```

And a fade over 3 seconds when we press the letter key 'I':

```
if (e.KeyCode == Keys.I)
{
    Function.Call(Hash.DO_SCREEN_FADE_IN, 3000);
}
```

We could also create an automated check in our on Tick loop, which keeps seeing if the screen has been faded to black. We can use the native function IS\_SCREEN\_FADED\_OUT which is a boolean data type. This means it will return either true or false. If it returns true, it means the screen has been faded out.

Let's add an "if" statement in our on Tick loop to chek if the screen has been faded to black, and if so we teleport somewhere else and we call a fade in over 3 second:

```
if (Function.Call<bool>(Hash.IS_SCREEN_FADED_OUT))
{
    Function.Call(Hash.SET_ENTITY_COORDS, Game.Player.Character, -1374.881f, -1398.835f, 6.141f,
    Wait(500);
    GTA.Native.Function.Call(Hash.DO_SCREEN_FADE_IN, 3000);
}
```

Now if you try to hit the 'O' key, the screen will fade out, and then it will automatically fade in again.

#### Natural Vision Evolved Mod

Natural Vision Evolved (NVE) is a graphic mod develped by Jamal Rashid, aka Razed. This mod enhances GTA V's lighting, weather effects, ambient colours, world textures, building models, pushing the photo-realism and cinematic looks. While the mod contains settings for different hardware settings, it's recommended to have a relatively powerful PC with a good graphic card. Here you can find minimum and recommended requirements for Natural Vision Evolved mod.

Installation and setup:

Go to razedmods.com/gta-v and download Natural Vision Evolved (6.2 Gb).

- Go to openiv.com/ and download Open IV, Open 'ovisetup' and install Open IV on your computer.
- Select GTA V Windows. Choose Grand Theft Auto V folder C:\Program Files (x86)\Steam\steamapps\common\Grand Theft Auto V
- Once Open IV is open, go to your file window select the Tools menu on top of the window, and select ASI Manager. In ASI Manager install all options: ASI Loader, OpenIV.ASI and openCamera.
- Select Tools again and click Options. Click on the "mods" folder tab and select Allow edit mode only for archive inside "mods" folder. Click Close.
- Select Edit mode at the top right of the window. Select OK on the pop up window.
- Now you can add your mod to the mods folder.
- Open the NVE mod folder, extract and select NaturalVision Installer PART ONE and drag it to Open IV. Install the file and select "mod folder" when asked to choose. After that is complete, extract and select NaturalVision Installer PART TWO and drag it to Open IV. Install the file and select "mod folder" when asked to choose. The Installers have to be executed in order: first do PART ONE, and then do PART TWO.
- Go back to your downloads and inside the NVE folder you can choose some optional addons. Install/Uninstall them with Open IV as above. Always choose to select "mod" folder and select install.
- Open GTA V, press ESC to bring up the menu and go to SETTINGS. Adjust the graphics quality, making sure Shader Quality, Particle Quality and Post FXare set to <Very High>. Restart the game to make change in effect. More details about installation are provided in the README file inside the NVE zip folder.

#### ReShade

ReShade is a generic post-processing injector for games and video software developed by crosire.

Installation and setup:

- Go to reshade.me and download the latest version
- Open ReShade Setup and select Browse and navigate to your Grand Theft Auto V folder and select GTA 5.exe. Leave Direct X 10/11/12 checked and click Next. When asked to select presets to install click on Skip.

- Select SweetFX by CeeJay.dk and all the effect packages you want to install (OtisFX by Otis\_Inf and CobraFX by SirCobra are particularly interesting for simulation of analogue photography, including depth of field) and complete installation.
- Go to GTA 5 Redux page and download the latest GTA5\_REDUX.zip folder. This contains different presets to change the appearance of the game. Note that the file is more than 3 GB.
- Unzip the conent of the .zip folder and go to GTA\_5\_REDUX\_RESHADE folder. Select all the files and copy them. Go to your Grand Theft Auto V folder > reshade-shaders, and create a Presets folder. Paste the preset files from GTA 5 REDUX RESHADE in the Presets folder.
- Run GTA V and press the Home key to bring up the menu. The first time you bring up Reshade, it will offer to give a short tutorial on how to choose and modify the presets.
- Bring up a preset and mess around with its setting to see how it affects the
  visuals of the game. Thanks to different effects and presets, the aesthetics
  of the game world can be configured to obtain looks that are completely
  different from the original graphics created by the deleopers and designers
  of the game.

## Content Replication Assignment

# Chapter 8

# Glitch Art

//intro to error in photography (Clément Chéroux) and glitch art

## Captures by Raphael Brunk

Raphael Brunk, Capture 75011.12\_23, 2016 Raphael Brunk, Capture 55326.4\_19, 2016 More about Captures

## Getting there

• 3668 Wild Oats Dr, Vinewood Hills

# Readings

## **Tutorial**

## Controlling the Game Camera

We can detach the camera from the player's character and move freely around the game world. We instantiate a new Camera variable called FreeCam. We define it as the new world camera with the same position and rotation of the gameplay camera: FreeCam = World.CreateCamera(GameplayCamera.Position, GameplayCamera.Rotation, GameplayCamera.Fie

We then define our new camera as the main camera with World.RenderingCamera = FreeCam. In order to control the camera we basically its vectors in 3D coordinates and multiply with a number over a certain direction to move towards a specific destination. A free camera — unlike the main character view — also allows us to move through the game architecture and terrain, revealing the construction of the game world. Press O to toggle the free camera On and off.

Example code

//this code was kindly provided by LeeC22 on https://qtaforums.com/topic/981454-free-cam-mode-in-

```
using System;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using Control = GTA.Control;
namespace BasicFreeCamTest
   public class cBasicFreeCamTest : Script
    {
        private Keys ActivationKey = Keys.0;
        private bool FreeCamActive = false;
        private Camera FreeCam;
        public cBasicFreeCamTest()
            Tick += onTick;
            KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            Aborted += onAborted;
            Interval = 0;
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e)
            // Exits from the loop if the game is loading
            if (Game.IsLoading) return;
            if (FreeCamActive) UpdateFreeCam();
```

```
private void UpdateFreeCam()
   float deltaTime = Game.LastFrameTime;
   float speed = 5f;
   float camSpeed = speed * deltaTime;
   float rotSpeed = 40f;
   float camRotSpeed = rotSpeed * deltaTime;
   Game.DisableAllControlsThisFrame(2);
   Vector3 camForward = FreeCam.Direction.Normalized; //FreeCam.ForwardVector
   Vector3 camRight = Vector3.Cross(Vector3.WorldUp, camForward); //FreeCam.R
   Vector3 camUp = Vector3.Cross(camRight, camForward); //FreeCam.UpVector?
        if (Game.IsDisabledControlJustPressed(2, Control.FrontendCancel))
       World.RenderingCamera = null;
       FreeCam.Destroy();
       FreeCamActive = false;
       return;
   }
   float fbSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.MoveUpDown);
   float lrSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.MoveLeftRight
   float yawSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.LookLeftRigh
   float pitchSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.LookUpDown
   float fbSpeed = camSpeed * fbSpeedMult;
   float lrSpeed = camSpeed * lrSpeedMult;
   float yawSpeed = camRotSpeed * yawSpeedMult;
   float pitchSpeed = camRotSpeed * pitchSpeedMult;
   Vector3 camLR = camRight * -lrSpeed;
   Vector3 camFB = camForward * -fbSpeed;
   Vector3 camMove = camLR + camFB;
   Vector3 camRot = new Vector3(pitchSpeed, 0, -yawSpeed);
   FreeCam.Position += camMove;
   FreeCam.Rotation += camRot;
}
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
```

if (e.KeyCode == ActivationKey)

```
//toggle the freecam on/off
                FreeCamActive = !FreeCamActive;
                if (FreeCamActive) //ON
                {
                    FreeCam = World.CreateCamera(GameplayCamera.Position, GameplayCamera.Rotation
                    World.RenderingCamera = FreeCam;
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("FreeCam ON", 1000);
                }
                else //OFF
                    World.RenderingCamera = null;
                    FreeCam.Destroy();
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("FreeCam OFF", 1000);
                }
            }
        }
        private void onAborted(object sender, EventArgs e)
            World.RenderingCamera = null;
        }
   }
}
```

#### Recording and Replaying Camera Movements

We can record the movement of the camera by storing its posiiton and movement every frame in a list of Vector3 variables. Then we can simply access the list and assign the position of the camera at each frame. This is useful to create reusable camera movements, like tracking shots and cinematic camera movements. Once we have achieved the desired camera movement, we can spawn objects in the scene and adjust color grading before saving the screengrab. In this example, turn on the free camera by pressing  $\mathbb O$  and then start and stop the recording of the camera movement by pressing  $\mathbb I$ . To toggle the replay camera press  $\mathbb K$ .

Example code

```
//this code was extended by code for controlling the camera by LeeC22 on https://gtaforums.com/to
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
```

```
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using GTA. Native;
using Control = GTA.Control;
namespace BasicFreeCamTest
    public class cBasicFreeCamTest : Script
    {
        private Keys ActivationKey = Keys.0;
        private Keys RecordKey = Keys.I;
        private Keys ReplayKey = Keys.K;
        private bool FreeCamActive = false;
        private bool RecCamActive = false;
        private int CamFramesIndex = 0;
        private bool ReplayCamActive = false;
        private Camera FreeCam;
        private Camera ReplayCam;
        List<Vector3> RecCamPos = new List<Vector3>();
        List<Vector3> RecCamRot = new List<Vector3>();
        public cBasicFreeCamTest()
        {
            Tick += onTick;
            KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            Aborted += onAborted;
            Interval = 0;
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e)
            // Exits from the loop if the game is loading
            if (Game.IsLoading) return;
            if (FreeCamActive) UpdateFreeCam();
            if (RecCamActive) UpdateRecCam();
```

```
if (ReplayCamActive) UpdateReplayCam();
private void UpdateRecCam()
    RecCamPos.Add(FreeCam.Position);
    RecCamRot.Add(FreeCam.Rotation);
    UI.ShowSubtitle("Recording Camera ON", 100);
}
private void UpdateReplayCam()
{
    Game.DisableAllControlsThisFrame(2);
    ReplayCam.Position = RecCamPos[CamFramesIndex];
    ReplayCam.Rotation = RecCamRot[CamFramesIndex];
    CamFramesIndex++;
    if (CamFramesIndex >= RecCamPos.Count)
    {
        CamFramesIndex = RecCamPos.Count - 1;
        ReplayCamActive = false;
    }
    else
        UI.ShowSubtitle("Playing Back Camera\nPlaying Back Frame #" + CamFramesIndex, 100
    }
}
private void UpdateFreeCam()
    float deltaTime = Game.LastFrameTime;
    float speed = 2f;
    float camSpeed = speed * deltaTime;
    float rotSpeed = 80f;
    float camRotSpeed = rotSpeed * deltaTime;
    Game.DisableAllControlsThisFrame(2);
    Vector3 camForward = FreeCam.Direction.Normalized;
    Vector3 camRight = Vector3.Cross(Vector3.WorldUp, camForward);
    Vector3 camUp = Vector3.Cross(camRight, camForward);
    if (Game.IsDisabledControlJustPressed(2, Control.FrontendCancel))
    {
```

```
World.RenderingCamera = null;
        FreeCam.Destroy();
        FreeCamActive = false;
        return;
   }
   float fbSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.MoveUpDown);
   float lrSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.MoveLeftRight
    float yawSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.LookLeftRigh
   float pitchSpeedMult = Game.GetDisabledControlNormal(2, Control.LookUpDown
   float fbSpeed = camSpeed * fbSpeedMult;
   float lrSpeed = camSpeed * lrSpeedMult;
   float yawSpeed = camRotSpeed * yawSpeedMult;
   float pitchSpeed = camRotSpeed * pitchSpeedMult;
   Vector3 camLR = camRight * -lrSpeed;
   Vector3 camFB = camForward * -fbSpeed;
   Vector3 camMove = camLR + camFB;
   Vector3 camRot = new Vector3(pitchSpeed, 0, -yawSpeed);
   FreeCam.Position += camMove;
   FreeCam.Rotation += camRot;
}
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
   if (e.KeyCode == ActivationKey)
        //toggle the freecam on/off
        FreeCamActive = !FreeCamActive;
        if (FreeCamActive) //ON
            FreeCam = World.CreateCamera(GameplayCamera.Position, GameplayCamera
            World.RenderingCamera = FreeCam;
            UI.ShowSubtitle("Free Camera ON", 1000);
        }
        else //OFF
            World.RenderingCamera = null;
            FreeCam.Destroy();
            UI.ShowSubtitle("Free Camera OFF", 1000);
```

```
if (e.KeyCode == RecordKey)
        RecCamActive = !RecCamActive;
        if(RecCamActive)
        {
            //Clear the array of positions and rotations
            RecCamPos.Clear();
            RecCamRot.Clear();
            //reset index
            CamFramesIndex= 0;
            //disable replay cam
            ReplayCamActive= false;
            //activate free cam if it's off
            if (!FreeCamActive)
            {
                FreeCam = World.CreateCamera(GameplayCamera.Position, GameplayCamera.Rota
                World.RenderingCamera = FreeCam;
                FreeCamActive = true;
            }
        }
        else
        {
            UI.ShowSubtitle("Recording Camera OFF\nRecorded Frames = " + RecCamPos.Count,
        }
    }
    if (e.KeyCode == ReplayKey)
        ReplayCamActive = !ReplayCamActive;
        if(ReplayCamActive)
            CamFramesIndex = 0;
            ReplayCam = World.CreateCamera(RecCamPos[0], RecCamRot[0], GameplayCamera.Fie
            RecCamActive = false;
            FreeCamActive = false;
        }
        else
            RecCamActive = false;
            CamFramesIndex = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

```
private void onAborted(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
     World.RenderingCamera = null;
}
}
```

#### Attaching a Camera to an Entity

We can also attach a camera to a car, a prop or an NPC. The Camera object in GTA has AttachTo function we can call, followed by two parameters: the entity we want to attach the camera to and the position relative to the entity. Attaching a camera to an NPC can provide interesting views and perspectives. Here we create a cat NPC by pressing G and attach a camera to it. We can switch the camera view by pressing SHIFT + K and let the cat follow the player by pressing H.

Example code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
using System.IO;
namespace moddingTutorial
    public class moddingTutorial : Script
        Vector3 myCamPos;
        int CamSelect = 0;
        Ped newPed = null;
        Camera myCam;
        public moddingTutorial()
```

```
{
    this.Tick += onTick;
    this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
    this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed continuous
    //exits from the loop if the game is loading
    if (Game.IsLoading) return;
    //update the cameras if the ped is spawn
    if (newPed != null)
        //create the cameras if none have been created yet.
        if (myCam == null)
        {
            UI.ShowSubtitle("Set new camera");
            myCam = World.CreateCamera(Vector3.Zero, newPed.Rotation, 50f);
            // Set the camera position (relative pos)
            myCamPos = new Vector3(0, 0, 1f);
        }
        //attach the cameras
        myCam.AttachTo(newPed, myCamPos);
        //sync rotation
        myCam.Rotation = newPed.Rotation;
    }
}
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)//everything inside here is executed
    //press control+K to switch between gameplay default camera and the NPC camera
    if (e.KeyCode == Keys.K && e.Modifiers == Keys.Shift && newPed != null)
        CamSelect = (CamSelect + 1) % 2;
        switch (CamSelect)
        {
            case 0: World.RenderingCamera = null;
                UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing Gameplay Cam View");
                break;
            case 1: World.RenderingCamera = myCam;
                UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing NPC Cam View");
                break;
        }
```

```
}
                                        }
                                        private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e) //everything inside here
                                                            if(e.KeyCode == Keys.G)
                                                            {
                                                                                 //spawn new Ped
                                                                                newPed = World.CreatePed(PedHash.Cat, Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetI
                                                            }
                                                            if (e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
                                                                                 //follow player (persistent)
                                                                                Function.Call(Hash.TASK_FOLLOW_TO_OFFSET_OF_ENTITY, newPed.Handle, Gamerous Call(Hash.TASK_FOLLOW_TO_OFFSET_OF_ENTITY, newPed.Handle, Gamerous Call(Hash.TASK_FOLLOW_TO_OFFSET_OF_ENTITY), newPed.Handle, Gamerous Call(Hash.Task_FOLLOW_TO_OFFSET_OFFSET_OF_ENTITY), newPed.Handle, Gamerous Call(Hash.Task_FOLLOW_TO_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSET_OFFSE
                                                                                //look at player
                                                                                newPed.Task.LookAt(Game.Player.Character);
                                                            }
                                                            if (e.KeyCode == Keys.J)
                                                            {
                                                                                //stop NPC
                                                                                newPed.Task.ClearAll();
                                                            }
                                                            if (e.KeyCode == Keys.L)
                                                                                //delete ped
                                                                                newPed.Delete();
                                                            }
                                        }
                    }
}
```

## Creating and Switching between Multiple Cameras

The easiest way to create multiple cameras is position invisible Ped NPCs in specific locations, make them invisible with the native function SET\_ENTITY\_VISIBLE and attach a camera to them. We can switch between the different cameras with SHIFT + K. These can be used as different cameras to surveil and look at scenes in different locations within the game world.

Example code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
```

```
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
namespace ModdingTutorial
   public class ModdingTutorial : Script
        Vector3 myCamPos;
        int CamSelect = 0;
        int CamCount = 3;
        List<Ped> myPeds = new List<Ped>();
        Model myModel = PedHash.Abigail;
        List<Vector3> myLocs = new List<Vector3>();
        Camera newCam= null;
        List<Camera> myCam = new List<Camera>();
        public ModdingTutorial()
            this.Tick += onTick;
            this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
            myLocs.Add(new Vector3(450.178f, 5566.614f, 806.183f)); //Mt.Chiliad
            myLocs.Add(new Vector3(24.775f, 7644.102f, 18.055f)); //Most Northern Point
            myLocs.Add(new Vector3(150.126f, -754.591f, 261.865f)); //FIB Roof
            for (int i = 0; i < CamCount; i++)</pre>
            {
                //create Ped
                var newPed = World.CreatePed(myModel, myLocs[i]);
                Function.Call(Hash.SET_ENTITY_VISIBLE, newPed, false, 0);
                myPeds.Add(newPed);
                //create Cam
                newCam = World.CreateCamera(Vector3.Zero, myPeds[i].Rotation, 50f);
                myCam.Add(newCam);
                myCamPos = new Vector3(0, 0, 1f);
```

```
}
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e)
            //update Cams
            for (int i = 0; i < CamCount; i++)</pre>
                myCam[i].AttachTo(myPeds[i], myCamPos);
                myCam[i].Rotation = myPeds[i].Rotation;
            }
        }
        private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
            //switch between cameras when pressing SHIFT + K
            if(e.KeyCode == Keys.K && e.Modifiers == Keys.Shift && myPeds[2] != null)
                CamSelect = (CamSelect + 1) % 4;
                switch(CamSelect)
                {
                    case 0: World.RenderingCamera = null;
                        UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing Gameplay Cam View");
                        break;
                    case 1: World.RenderingCamera = myCam[0];
                        UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing Cam 1");
                    case 2: World.RenderingCamera = myCam[1];
                        UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing Cam 2");
                        break;
                    case 3: World.RenderingCamera = myCam[2];
                        UI.ShowSubtitle("Showing Cam 3");
                        break;
                }
            }
        }
        private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
        }
    }
}
```

## Switching Character through Satellite Camera View

We can use the native function START\_PLAYER\_SWITCH to enable the satellite view animation from the game, and get transported to a different location where an NPC or player avatar is spawned. Press G to move across divverent NPCs at different location through the satellite camera transition.

 ${\bf Example\ code}$ 

```
/*
               this was adapted from code shared by LeeC22 on gtaforums.com
               https://gtaforums.com/topic/951002-c-looking-for-player-switch-sample-solved-by-me/\#comment-switch-sample-solved-by-me/\#comment-switch-sample-solved-by-me/\#comment-switch-sample-solved-by-me/\#comment-switch-sample-solved-by-me/\#comment-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-switch-sw
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
using System.IO;
namespace moddingTutorial
              public class moddingTutorial : Script
                            Ped newPed = null;
                            Vector3 SwitchLocation2;
                            List<Vector3> switchLocations = new List<Vector3>();
                             int index = 0;
                            List<String> models = new List<String>();
                            int modelIndex = 0;
                            public moddingTutorial()
                                           this.Tick += onTick;
                                           this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
                                            this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
                             //add locations to the switchLocations list
```

```
switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(24.775f, 7644.102f, 18.055f)); //Most Nort
    switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(-595.342f, 2086.008f, 130.412f)); //Mine
    switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(150.126f, -754.591f, 261.865f)); //FIB Roo
//add models to the models list
   models.Add("s_m_m_doctor_01");
   models.Add("s_m_m_migrant_01");
   models.Add("a_c_cormorant");
   models.Add("a_c_deer");
   models.Add("a_c_pug");
}
private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed
    //If the character switch is in process
   if (Function.Call<bool>(Hash.IS_PLAYER_SWITCH_IN_PROGRESS))
        //If Switch State is 8 - that's the point when it starts dropping to t
        if (Function.Call<int>(Hash.GET_PLAYER_SWITCH_STATE) == 8)
            //Set the player to the switch location
            Game.Player.Character.Position = switchLocations[index];
            //Generate the hash for the chosen model
            int poshHash = Game.GenerateHash(models[modelIndex]);
            //Create the model
            Model poshModel = new Model(poshHash);
            //Check if it is valid
            if (poshModel.IsValid)
                //Wait for it to load, should be okay because it was used to c
                while (!poshModel.IsLoaded)
                {
                    Wait(100);
                }
                //Change the player model to the target ped model
                Function.Call(Hash.SET_PLAYER_MODEL, Game.Player, poshHash);
                //Let the game clean up the created Model
                poshModel.MarkAsNoLongerNeeded();
```

```
else
                                    {
                                                 //Falls to here if the model valid check fails
                                                Function.Call(Hash.SET_PLAYER_MODEL, Game.Player, (int)PedHash.Tourist011
                                    //Delete the target ped as it's no longer needed
                                    newPed.Delete();
                                    // Set the switch outro based on the gameplay camera position
                                    // Function.Call((Hash)0xC208B673CE446B61, camPos.X, camPos.Y, camPos.Z, caml
                                    Function.Call((Hash)0xC208B673CE446B61, GameplayCamera.Position.X, Gameplay
                                    //Call this unknown native that seems to finish things off
                                    Function.Call(Hash._0x74DE2E8739086740);
             //Make the character wander around autonomously
                                    Game.Player.Character.Task.WanderAround();
                        }
            }
}
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
}
private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
            if (e.KeyCode == Keys.G)
//Stop previous tasks
                        Game.Player.Character.Task.ClearAll();
                        //Move the index to the next location
                        index++;
                        if (index >= switchLocations.Count) index = 0;
//Move the index to the new ped model
                        modelIndex++;
                        if (modelIndex >= models.Count) modelIndex = 0;
```

#### Menyoo Mod Trainer

Game trainers are a kind of game modification that changes its behavior using addresses and values. Trainers are used to gain unfair advantage in games and cheating, but they are also used by players to "train" themselves under different game conditions. In GTA V a trainer mod is very useful for creative practices, as it allows players to modify many aspects of the game that extend the possibilities offered by the official Scene Director and Rockstar Editor. They do not require scripting and offer control of the game world through a more intuitive graphic interface.

Menyoo is one of many available mod trainers for GTA V. It's the most popular trainer because of its incredibly wide range of features, controlling NPCs, vehicles, props and scenes, and allowing players to generate custom interiors and objects from GTA V's database of entities, dynamic scenarios, and entire sets and scenes for machinima and photographic projects.

#### Installation and setup

Menyoo requires Scripthook V and Scripthook V Dot Net which we already installed in order to enable our scripts (check chapter 5 if for some reasons you do not have them installed).

- In order to install the Menyoo Single Player Trainer go to github.com/MAFINS/MenyooSP/releases and download the MenyooSP.zip file in the Assets section of the page. Open its content and select the menyooStuff``folder andMenyoo.asi"file. Copy and paste these in your GTA V directory.
- Run GTA V and press F8 to bring up the Menyoo Trainer menu. From there you can control many of the functions we are learning to script, including character models, animations, and teleporting.

//https://forums.gta5-mods.com/topic/64/menyoo-object-spooner-tutorial

Scripting will always give you more accurate control of what you can achieve, but a trainer mod is very useful in showing what's possible and it's a much more accessible tool for those who are less incline to code. Finally, all of the tools in this guide are not mutually exclusive, but can be combined together: menyoo can be used with custom scripts, ReShade, screenshotting, Scene Director and Rockstar Editor, allowing the player to really have complete control of the game and its world. In the example below we have used code to spawn 5 clown NPCs and to position the game camera, the weather manipulated in Menyoo to create a meteor shower, and we used a shallow depth of field lens and color grading in ReShade.

#### CodeWalker

CodeWalker is an application created by dexyfex that renders an interactive 3D Map for GTAV. Through CodeWalker we are able to modify the architecture and objects inside the map, replacing textures and images with custom content.

#### Installation and setup

- Go to the CodeWalker GTA V 3D Map + Editor page and click download. Extract the content of the .zip folder and open the CodeWalker application. Once the GTAV installation folder has been found, the world view will load by default. Use WASD Keys to move, and Mouse Drag to rotate the camera view. Mouse Wheel zooms in/out and controls the movement speed.
- Click on the arrow on the top left of the screen, then select Enable Mods and Enable DLC.
- On top of the panel click on Options > Lighting. Deselect Deferred shading and in Time of Day set the time to 12:00. Then click on Save Settings.

#### Creating Custom Maps

- Next we are going to hit the T key and select the Select objects tool from the tool bar.
- Click on the Move tool, which allows to select things by right clicking on them. Hovering on the object will highlight the bounding box of the model, right clicking it will enable the movement of the object. Try dragging an object in 3D space, clicking and dragging one of the 3D axis arrows.

- Undo the changes by pressing Undo from the tool bar or Ctrl + Z until the object is back in its original position.
- Now press the first tool on the left in the tool bar: New. This will open the Project window.
- Select an object with the Select objects tool and you will see that the object information is updated in the Project window, including the object's position, rotation and file name (archetype). Choose an object and click Add to Project. This will add the object to our ymap.

Note: do not delete assets from the game map. Simply select an object that can be added to the project.

- With the Select objects tool and Move tool selected, hold SHIFT and drag the object to multiply the object. In this example we have multiplied a chair a few times, moved them and rotated them.
- Once you are happy with your changes, go to File > New > Ymap File in the Project window. This creates a new ymap called map1.ymap.
- We can also add objects that are not in the immediate vicinity of the location we want to add them to. Select map1.ymap in the Project window, and from the window menu press Ymap > New Entity. This will create a default egg. In the Project window go to Archetype and replace the file name with the one of the object you want. You can refer to this database to find the file name reference of each object easily (or use the Select objects tools and copy the Archetype info from your desired object).
- Once you are done click on the Save icon and save your file in a folder titled YMAP.
- In the Project window now go to Tools and click on Manifest Generator.... Click on Save \_manifest.yml and save them as \_manifest1.yml //memo: actually this is only needed for custom YMap on FiveM, so we could skip it here
- Go to Open IV > mods > update > x64 > dlcpacks, click Edit Mode and create a folder named custom\_maps. Inside the folder copy the file dlc.rpf that you can find here.
- Now go to Open IV > mods > update > update.rpf > common > data. Find dlclist.xml, richt click on it and choose edit. Scroll to the end of the file and add <Item>dlcpacks:/custom\_maps/</Item> above </Paths> and save.
- Finally go to Open IV > mods > update > x64 > dlcpacks > custom\_maps > dlc.rpf > x64 > levels > gta5 > \_citye > maps > Custom\_maps.rpf. Make sure Edit Mode is on and place your .ymap file here.

- Now open GTA V and go to the location where you made the changes and see if they are there.
- Depending on the kind of objects you have place, and the flags you set, you will be able to interact with them, and the game will also recognize them and span some NPCs on them.

#### Editing and replacing textures

Another way in which we can intervene in the game world and modify it, is to replace existing images with custom ones. Every object in the game is made of a 3D model and one or more texture files attached to it. Textures are are 2D image files that are applied to 3D surfaces. In this example we'll swap the existing image of a billboard banner with a custom image.

For editing textures in game, we need two additional pieces of software installed before we go ahead: Adobe Photoshop and NVIDIA Texture Tools Exporter Plugin for Adobe Photoshop). Note that versions prior to Photoshop CC (5.0 - CS6) require the legacy version of the plugin.

- Open CodeWalker and find a texture you want to replace. Use the Select objects to move objects around until you find where the texture you want to change is. We are going to replace a billboard banner with a custom image. More specifically we'll replace the banner containing the "Fame or Shame" illustration with the posters of the exhibition How to Win at Photography. In this case we can see that the billboard structure is not part of the image, and that the banner is actually part of the ground model.
- In the CodeWalker menu on the right go to Selection and check the filename of the object that contains our image. In our case that is "sp1\_04\_ground". This is the name of the .ydr file that contains the map model.
- Open Open IV and copy "sp1\_04\_ground" into Open IV's search bar on the top of the window. Then click on Search in all under the "No items match your search" text. Select and double click on "sp1\_04\_ground.ydr" and click on Copy to "mods" folder. This will create a duplicate of the files so that we can make changes to them without corrupting the original files.
- Double click on "sp1\_04\_ground.ydr" to bring up OpenIV Model Viewer and inspect the 3D model. Click on [+] Add texture from the menu on the bottom right and select the different .ytd texture files associated with the model. If you select "spi\_04.ytd" or "spi\_04+hi.ytd" you'll load the texture of the billboard banner. These .ytd files are textures that are applied to the 3D model, and the two files are the ones that are

loaded by the game when the camera is closer and further from the object respectively.

- Close the Model Viewer and back in Open IV look for the "spi\_04.ytd" texture file. Double click on it to bring up Open IV Texture Editor. Inside the .ydt file you will see all the .dds files contained in it. We have 2 files in "spi\_04.ytd". We can preview them by selecting them and we can find the banner image in "sp1\_04\_rss\_hc\_bbrd\_01". We select that, click Export selected and save the file somewhere on our computer.
- We open the file we saved in Photoshop. Modify the image as you want and then flatten all layers (ctrl+E) in Photoshop. Then choose Save as a copy and select .DDS type file and replace the file. The NVIDIA DDS Plugin interface will pop up. Here it's important to set the file type tp the same kind as the original .dds file. In this example the file is a DXT1 type, which is equivalent to the "BC1a 4bpp with 1 bit alpha" option. Select that and hit Save
- Close Photoshop and back in Open IV go back to "spi\_04.ytd" and bring up Open IV Texture Editor. Select "sp1\_04\_rss\_hc\_bbrd\_01" again and now click Replace. Select the modified file form your computer and click Save.
- Do the same for "spi\_04+hi.ytd". Try to make the image as similar as possible so that when the game switches between the files (according to the player distance) the change is seamless.
- When all the textures are modified with our custom image, relaunch Code-Walker and verify that the image has changed.
- Finally launch GTA 5 and you should be able to find your texture appearing inside the game.

//try modifying the postcards at the Hookies family seafood restaurant, located on the Great Ocean Highway in North Chumash. -> check the prop\_venice\_racks.ytd -> prop\_postcard.dds (part of the prop\_postcard\_rack.ydr).

//delete objects (note: if Max LOD > LOD shows the object, you should not delete it, just move it but dont delete it)

//generate and save manifestNAME.ymf // copy ymf and ymap files to server

## Content Replication Assignment

# Chapter 9

# Meta-Photography

// General intro on the artistic reflection on the photographic medium itself, the tradition of conceptual photography and the connection to the simulation of the camera and the act of photographing virtual worlds

#### GTA V Photography Bot

Crossroad of Realities by Benoit Paillé

## Readings

#### **Tutorial**

#### Virtual Keys

The most reliable way to send keyboard and mouse input is the SendInput function in user32.dll.

The SendInput function takes three parameters: the number of inputs, an array of INPUT for the inputs we want to send, and the size of our INPUT struct. The INPUT struct includes an integer that indicates the type of input and a union for the inputs that will be passed.

Keys are mapped to Direct Input Keyboard hex codes. You can find a list of all hex codes for each key here or below.

List of DirectX key mappings

Value Macro Symbol

```
0x01
        DIK_ESCAPE Esc
        DIK_1
0x02
                      1
0x03
        DIK_2
                      2
                      3
0x04
        DIK_3
0x05
        DIK_4
                      4
0x06
        DIK_5
                      5
0x07
        DIK_6
                      6
                      7
80x0
        DIK_7
                      8
0x09
        DIK_8
                      9
A0x0
        DIK_9
0x0B
        DIK_O
                      0
        DIK_MINUS
0x0C
0x0D
        DIK_EQUALS
                      Back Space
0x0E
        DIK_BACK
0x0F
        DIK_TAB
                    Tab
0x10
        DIK_Q
                      Q
                      W
0x11
        DIK_W
                      Е
0x12
        DIK_E
                      R
0x13
        DIK_R
0x14
        DIK_T
                      Τ
                      Y
0x15
        DIK_Y
0x16
        DIK_U
                      U
0x17
        DIK_I
                      Ι
0x18
        DIK_O
                      0
                      Р
0x19
        DIK_P
        DIK_LBRACKET [
0x1A
0x1B
        DIK_RBRACKET ]
0x1C
        DIK_RETURN Enter
0x1D
        DIK_LContol Ctrl (Left)
0x1E
        DIK_A
                      Α
                      S
        DIK_S
0x1F
                      D
0x20
        DIK_D
                      F
0x21
        DIK_F
                      G
0x22
        DIK_G
0x23
        DIK_H
                      Н
                      J
0x24
        DIK_J
0x25
        DIK_K
                      K
0x26
        DIK_L
0x27
        DIK_SEMICOLON
0x28
        DIK_APOSTROPHE '
0x29
        DIK_GRAVE
0x2A
        DIK_LSHIFT Shift (Left)
0x2B
        DIK_BACKSLASH
0x2C
        DIK Z
                      Z
0x2D
        DIK_X
                      X
```

81

```
0x2E
        DIK_C
                      \mathsf{C}
0x2F
        DIK_V
                      V
0x30
                      В
        DIK_B
0x31
        DIK_N
                      N
0x32
        DIK_M
                      М
0x33
        DIK_COMMA
0x34
        DIK_PERIOD
0x35
        DIK_SLASH
                      /
0x36
        DIK_RSHIFT Shift (Right)
0x37
        DIK_MULTIPLY
                        * (Numpad)
0x38
        DIK LMENU
                      Alt (Left)
0x39
        DIK_SPACE
                      Space
        DIK_CAPITAL Caps Lock
0x3A
0x3B
        DIK_F1
                    F1
0x3C
        DIK_F2
                    F2
0x3D
        DIK_F3
                    F3
0x3E
        DIK_F4
                    F4
                    F5
0x3F
        DIK_F5
0x40
        DIK_F6
                    F6
                    F7
0x41
        DIK_F7
0x42
        DIK_F8
                    F8
0x43
        DIK_F9
                    F9
0x44
        DIK_F10
                    F10
0x45
        DIK_NUMLOCK Num Lock
0x46
        DIK_SCROLL Scroll Lock
0x47
        DIK_NUMPAD7 7 (Numpad)
0x48
        DIK_NUMPAD8 8 (Numpad)
0x49
        DIK NUMPAD9 9 (Numpad)
0x4A
        DIK_SUBTRACT - (Numpad)
0x4B
        DIK_NUMPAD4 4 (Numpad)
0x4C
        DIK_NUMPAD5 5 (Numpad)
0x4D
        DIK_NUMPAD6 6 (Numpad)
0x4E
        DIK_ADD
                    + (Numpad)
0x4F
        DIK_NUMPAD1 1 (Numpad)
0x50
        DIK_NUMPAD2 2 (Numpad)
0x51
        DIK_NUMPAD3 3 (Numpad)
0x52
        DIK_NUMPADO 0 (Numpad)
0x53
        DIK_DECIMAL . (Numpad)
0x57
        DIK_F11
                    F11
0x58
        DIK_F12
                    F12
0x64
        DIK_F13
                    F13 (NEC PC-98)
0x65
        DIK_F14
                    F14 (NEC PC-98)
0x66
        DIK_F15
                    F15 (NEC PC-98)
0x70
        DIK KANA
                      Kana Japenese Keyboard
0x79
        DIK_CONVERT Convert Japenese Keyboard
0x7B
        DIK_NOCONVERT
                        No Convert Japenese Keyboard
```

```
0x7D
        DIK_YEN
                     ¥
                           Japenese Keyboard
0x8D
        DIK_NUMPADEQUALS
                             = NEC PC-98
        DIK_CIRCUMFLEX
0x90
                             Japenese Keyboard
                         NEC PC-98
0x91
        DIK_AT
                       : NEC PC-98
0x92
        DIK_COLON
0x93
        DIK_UNDERLINE
                             NEC PC-98
0x94
        DIK_KANJI
                       Kanji Japenese Keyboard
0x95
        DIK_STOP
                       Stop NEC PC-98
0x96
        DIK_AX
                     (Japan AX)
0x97
        DIK_UNLABELED
                         (J3100)
0x9C
        DIK_NUMPADENTER Enter (Numpad)
0x9D
        DIK_RCONTROL
                         Ctrl (Right)
        DIK_NUMPADCOMMA , (Numpad) NEC PC-98
0xB3
0xB5
        DIK_DIVIDE
                       / (Numpad)
0xB7
        DIK_SYSRQ
                         Sys Rq
        DIK_RMENU
0xB8
                         Alt (Right)
0xC5
        DIK_PAUSE
                         Pause
0xC7
        DIK_HOME
                         Home
0xC8
        DIK_UP
                       ↑ (Arrow up)
0xC9
        DIK_PRIOR
                         Page Up
0xCB
        DIK_LEFT
                             (Arrow left)
0xCD
        DIK_RIGHT
                             (Arrow right)
0xCF
        DIK_END
                       End
0xD0
        DIK_DOWN
                             (Arrow down)
0xD1
        DIK_NEXT
                         Page Down
0xD2
        DIK_INSERT
                       Insert
0xD3
        DIK_DELETE
                       Delete
0xDB
        DIK LWIN
                         Windows
0xDC
        DIK_RWIN
                         Windows
0xDD
        DIK_APPS
                         Menu
0xDE
        DIK_POWER
                         Power
0xDF
        DIK_SLEEP
                         Windows
```

#### Example code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
```

```
using System.IO;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
namespace moddingTutorial
   public class moddingTutorial : Script
        //this bunch of stuff is to control keyboard and mouse
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct KeyboardInput
            public ushort wVk;
            public ushort wScan;
            public uint dwFlags;
            public uint time;
            public IntPtr dwExtraInfo;
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct MouseInput
            public int dx;
            public int dy;
            public uint mouseData;
            public uint dwFlags;
            public uint time;
            public IntPtr dwExtraInfo;
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct HardwareInput
        {
            public uint uMsg;
            public ushort wParamL;
            public ushort wParamH;
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Explicit)]
        public struct InputUnion
        {
            [FieldOffset(0)] public MouseInput mi;
            [FieldOffset(0)] public KeyboardInput ki;
            [FieldOffset(0)] public HardwareInput hi;
        }
        public struct Input
            public int type;
```

```
public InputUnion u;
}
[Flags]
public enum InputType
    Mouse = 0,
    Keyboard = 1,
    Hardware = 2
}
[Flags]
public enum KeyEventF
    KeyDown = 0x0000,
    ExtendedKey = 0x0001,
    KeyUp = 0x0002,
    Unicode = 0x0004,
    Scancode = 0x0008
}
[Flags]
public enum MouseEventF
    Absolute = 0x8000,
    HWheel = 0x01000,
    Move = 0x0001,
    MoveNoCoalesce = 0x2000,
    LeftDown = 0x0002,
    LeftUp = 0x0004,
    RightDown = 0x0008,
    RightUp = 0x0010,
    MiddleDown = 0x0020,
    MiddleUp = 0x0040,
    VirtualDesk = 0x4000,
    Wheel = 0x0800,
    XDown = 0x0080,
    XUp = 0x0100
}
[DllImport("user32.dll", SetLastError = true)]
private static extern uint SendInput(uint nInputs, Input[] pInputs, int cbSize
[DllImport("user32.dll")]
private static extern IntPtr GetMessageExtraInfo();
bool pressKey = false;
public moddingTutorial()
```

```
{
    this.Tick += onTick;
    this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
    this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
}
private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed continuous
private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
}
private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
    if (e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
        //define the pressing of the arrow up key
        Input[] keyUP_press = new Input[]
        {
          new Input
          {
            type = (int)InputType.Keyboard,
            u = new InputUnion
              ki = new KeyboardInput
              {
                wVk = 0,
                wScan = 0xC8, // key ARROW UP
                dwFlags = (uint)(KeyEventF.KeyDown | KeyEventF.Scancode), //key press
                dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
              }
            }
          }
        };
        //define the release of the arrow up key
        Input[] keyUP_release = new Input[]
        {
          new Input
            type = (int)InputType.Keyboard,
            u = new InputUnion
```

```
ki = new KeyboardInput
                  {
                    wVk = 0,
                    wScan = 0xC8, //key ARROW UP
                    dwFlags = (uint)(KeyEventF.KeyUp | KeyEventF.Scancode), //key
                    dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
                }
              }
            };
            //we need to send a key press and add a delay before releasing it othe
            //send key press of arrow up key
            SendInput((uint)keyUP_press.Length, keyUP_press, Marshal.SizeOf(typeof
            //delay half a second
            Wait(500);
            //send key release of arrow up key
            SendInput((uint)keyUP_release.Length, keyUP_release, Marshal.SizeOf(ty
        }
   }
}
```

#### GTA V Photographer Bot Script

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

using GTA;
using GTA.Math;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
using GTA.Native;
using System.IO;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
```

```
namespace moddingTutorial
{
   public class moddingTutorial : Script
        bool botOn = false; //turn the bot ON/OFF
        List<Vector3> switchLocations = new List<Vector3>(); //list of locations to teleport the
        int index;
        //KEYBOARD AND MOUSE INPUT STUFF
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct KeyboardInput
        {
            public ushort wVk;
            public ushort wScan;
            public uint dwFlags;
            public uint time;
            public IntPtr dwExtraInfo;
        }
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct MouseInput
        {
            public int dx;
            public int dy;
            public uint mouseData;
            public uint dwFlags;
            public uint time;
            public IntPtr dwExtraInfo;
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
        public struct HardwareInput
        {
            public uint uMsg;
            public ushort wParamL;
            public ushort wParamH;
        [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Explicit)]
        public struct InputUnion
        {
            [FieldOffset(0)] public MouseInput mi;
            [FieldOffset(0)] public KeyboardInput ki;
            [FieldOffset(0)] public HardwareInput hi;
        public struct Input
        {
```

```
public int type;
    public InputUnion u;
}
[Flags]
public enum InputType
    Mouse = 0,
    Keyboard = 1,
    Hardware = 2
}
[Flags]
public enum KeyEventF
    KeyDown = 0x0000,
    ExtendedKey = 0x0001,
    KeyUp = 0x0002,
    Unicode = 0x0004,
    Scancode = 0x0008
}
[Flags]
public enum MouseEventF
    Absolute = 0x8000,
    HWheel = 0x01000,
    Move = 0x0001,
    MoveNoCoalesce = 0x2000,
    LeftDown = 0x0002,
    LeftUp = 0x0004,
    RightDown = 0x0008,
    RightUp = 0x0010,
    MiddleDown = 0x0020,
    MiddleUp = 0x0040,
    VirtualDesk = 0x4000,
    Wheel = 0x0800,
    XDown = 0x0080,
    XUp = 0x0100
}
[DllImport("user32.dll", SetLastError = true)]
private static extern uint SendInput(uint nInputs, Input[] pInputs, int cbSize
[DllImport("user32.dll")]
private static extern IntPtr GetMessageExtraInfo();
bool pressKey = false;
```

```
public moddingTutorial()
            this.Tick += onTick;
            this.KeyUp += onKeyUp;
            this.KeyDown += onKeyDown;
            switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(-1578.27f, 5155.2f, 19.79865f)); //Submarine pier
            switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(82.81281f, 6432.408f, 31.31271f)); //
            switchLocations.Add(new Vector3(-237.6f, 5497.5f, 189.6f)); //
            index = 0;
        }
        private void checkDanger()
            if (Game.Player.Character.IsSwimming || Game.Player.Character.IsInCombat || Game.Play
            {
                //teleport to one of the locations
                Function.Call(Hash.SET_ENTITY_COORDS, Game.Player.Character, switchLocations[inde
                //Move the index to the next location
                index++;
                if (index >= switchLocations.Count) index = 0;
#if (debug)
                UI.Notify("Teleport");
#endif
            }
        }
        private void onTick(object sender, EventArgs e) //this function gets executed continuous
            checkDanger();
            if (botOn)
                //SET PLAYER INVINCIBLE
                Function.Call(Hash.SET_PLAYER_INVINCIBLE, Game.Player, true);
                //SET 1st PERSON VIEW
                Function.Call(Hash.SET_FOLLOW_PED_CAM_VIEW_MODE, 4);
                //TASK SEQUENCE
                TaskSequence mySeq = new TaskSequence();
```

```
//WALK
                Random rndWalk = new Random();
                int Walk = (int)rndWalk.Next(-10, 10);
                //Game.Player.Character.Task.RunTo(Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWo
                mySeq.AddTask.GoTo(Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new Ve
                //RUN
                Random rndRun = new Random();
                int Run = (int)rndRun.Next(-10, 10);
                //Game.Player.Character.Task.RunTo(Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWo
                mySeq.AddTask.RunTo(Game.Player.Character.GetOffsetInWorldCoords(new Vo
                //WANDER AROUND
                //Game.Player.Character.Task.WanderAround();
                mySeq.AddTask.WanderAround();
                mySeq.Close();
                Game.Player.Character.Task.PerformSequence(mySeq);
                //LET IT WANDER FOR RANDOM TIME
                Random rndWandering = new Random();
                int Wandering = (int)rndWandering.Next(13, 25);
                Wait(Wandering*1000);
                Game.Player.Character.Task.ClearAllImmediately();
                checkDanger();
                Wait(500);
                if (Game.Player.Character.IsStopped)
                    //PHOTO TAKING STUFF (VIRTUAL KEYS)
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("take out phone", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0xC8, 1000); //Arrow UP
                    Wait(1000);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("move down", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0xD0, 500); //Arrow DOWN
                    Wait(1000);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("take left", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0xCB, 500); //Arrow LEFT
```

```
Wait(1000);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("open app", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0x1C, 500); //ENTER
                    Wait(3000);
                    //RANDOM ZOOM
                    //ZOOM IN
                    Random rndZoomIn = new Random();
                    int ZoomIn = (int)rndZoomIn.Next(4, 14);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("Zooooooming In " + ZoomIn + " times", 2000);
#endif
                    for (int i = 0; i < ZoomIn; i++)</pre>
                        mouseWheelOut(130);
                        Wait(20);
                    }
                    Wait(1000);
                    //ZOOM OUT
                    Random rndZoomOut = new Random();
                    int ZoomOut = (int)rndZoomOut.Next(2, 8);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("Zooooooming Out " + ZoomOut + " times", 2000);
#endif
                    for (int i = 0; i < ZoomOut; i++)</pre>
                        mouseWheelOut(unchecked((uint)-130));
                        Wait(20);
                    }
                    Wait(3000);
                    //TO DO: SMOOTH RANDOM MOUSE XY
                    /*Random rndCamMove = new Random();
                    int camMove = rndCamMove.Next(5, 10);
                    UI. ShowSubtitle("find the right framing", 1000 + (20 * camMove));
                    for (int i = 0; i < camMove; i++)
                    {
                        Random rndX = new Random();
                        Random rndY = new Random();
                        int newX = rndX.Next(-10, 10);
                        int newY = rndY.Next(-10, 10);
                        //mouseOut(newX*2, newY*2); //mouse xy
                        mouseOut(newX * 10, 0); //mouse xy
```

```
Wait(500);
                    Wait(2000);*/
                    //CHOOSE A RANDOM FILTER
                    Random rnd = new Random();
                    int filter = rnd.Next(14);
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("choose a random filter", 1000 + (500 * filter));
#endif
                    for (int i = 0; i < filter; i++)</pre>
                        keyOut(0xD0, 500); //Arrow DOWN
                        Wait(500);
                    }
                    Wait(1000);
                    //TAKE PHOTO
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("take photo", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0x1C, 500); //ENTER
                    Wait(5000);
                    //DELETE PHOTO
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("delete photo", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0xD3, 500); //DELETE
                    Wait(2000);
                    //CLOSE THE CAMERA APP
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("close app", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0x0E, 500); //BACK SPACE
                    Wait(2000);
                    //PUT AWAY THE PHONE
#if (debug)
                    UI.ShowSubtitle("put away phone", 1000);
#endif
                    keyOut(0x0E, 500); //BACK SPACE
                    Wait(2000);
```

```
}
}
//VIRTUAL MOUSE X AND Y MOVEMENT
public static void mouseOut(int coordX, int coordY)
{
    //mouse move xy
    Input[] inputs = new Input[]
    {
        new Input
        {
            type = (int) InputType.Mouse,
            u = new InputUnion
                mi = new MouseInput
                    dx = coordX,
                    dy = coordY,
                    dwFlags = (uint)(MouseEventF.Move),
                    dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
                }
            }
        }
    };
    SendInput((uint)inputs.Length, inputs, Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(Input)));
}
//VIRTUAL MOUSE WHEEL SCROLLING
public static void mouseWheelOut(uint duration)
{
    //mouse wheel
    Input[] inputs = new Input[]
        new Input
        {
            type = (int) InputType.Mouse,
            u = new InputUnion
                mi = new MouseInput
                    dx = 100,
                    dy = 100,
                    //time = 0,
```

```
mouseData = duration,
                    dwFlags = (uint)(MouseEventF.Wheel),
                    dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
                }
            }
        }
    };
    SendInput((uint)inputs.Length, inputs, Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(Input)));
}
//VIRTUAL KEY PRESS AND RELEASE
public static void keyOut(ushort hexKey, int delay)
{
    //key pressed
    Input[] inputs = new Input[]
    {
        new Input
            type = (int)InputType.Keyboard,
            u = new InputUnion
                ki = new KeyboardInput
                {
                    wVk = 0,
                    wScan = hexKey, //0xC8,
                    dwFlags = (uint)(KeyEventF.KeyDown | KeyEventF.Scancode),
                    dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
            }
        }
    };
    //key released
    Input[] inputs2 = new Input[]
    {
        new Input
        {
            type = (int)InputType.Keyboard,
            u = new InputUnion
                ki = new KeyboardInput
                {
                    wVk = 0,
                    wScan = hexKey, //0xC8,
```

```
dwFlags = (uint)(KeyEventF.KeyUp | KeyEventF.Scancode),
                            dwExtraInfo = GetMessageExtraInfo()
                        }
                    }
                }
            };
            //send key press / delay / release
            SendInput((uint)inputs.Length, inputs, Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(Input)));
            Wait(delay);
            SendInput((uint)inputs2.Length, inputs2, Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(Input)));
        }
        private void onKeyDown(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
        private void onKeyUp(object sender, KeyEventArgs e)
           if (e.KeyCode == Keys.H)
           {
              //SWITCH THE BOT ON/OFF
              botOn = !botOn;
              if(botOn) UI.ShowSubtitle("GTA V Photographer Bot is ON", 3000);
               else UI.ShowSubtitle("GTA V Photographer Bot is OFF", 3000);
           }
           if (e.KeyCode == Keys.J)
           {
              //TELEPORT MANUALLY
              Function.Call(Hash.SET_ENTITY_COORDS, Game.Player.Character, switchLocations[index]
              if (index >= switchLocations.Count) index = 0;
       }
   }
}
```

### 9.0.1 FiveM {-}

//start a server

//join a server

# Content Replication Assignment