

Improved resource consolidation for database workloads in a cloud

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Introduction

Context

Objective

Related Work

Overview

Virtualization Design Advisor

Solution

OpenNebula

OpenRC

Results

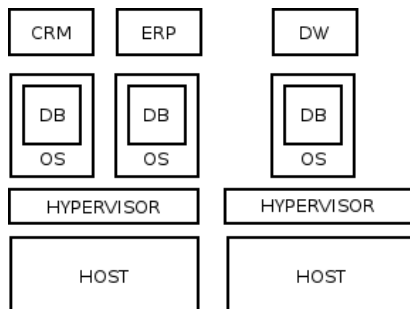
Advisor

Final Considerations

References

Context

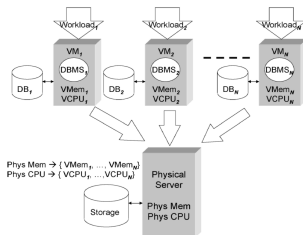
- ▶ Private clouds;
- ▶ DBMS Virtualization;
- ▶ Database consolidation;
- ▶ Infrastructure cloud deployment model:



Objective

Problem definition

"Given N database workloads that will run on N database systems inside N virtual machines, how should we allocate the available resources to these virtual machines to get the best overall performance?" [Soror et al., 2007]



Related Work

- ▶ [Dias et al., 2005]
 - ▶ CPU among distributes systems;
- ▶ [Tong et al., 2011]
 - ▶ CPU virtualization overhead;
- ▶ [Soror et al., 2008] and [Soror et al., 2010]
 - ▶ CPU cost models;
 - ▶ Virtualization design advisor;

- ▶ Objective:
 - ▶ Minimize $\sum_{i=1}^N \text{Cost}(W_i, R_i)$.

Problem

$$\text{Cost}_{DB}(Q, P_i, D) \longrightarrow \text{Cost}(W_i, R_i)$$

Cost estimator overview

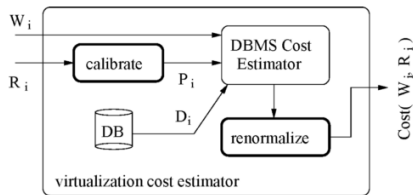


Figure: Cost estimator overview

Advisor overview

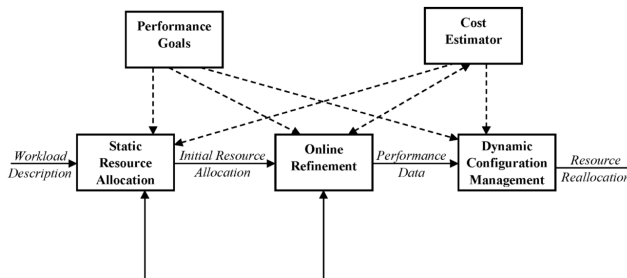


Figure: Advisor overview

OpenNebula

- ▶ Homogeneous view of resources;
- ▶ Manages VM full life cycle;
- ▶ Configurable resource allocation policies;

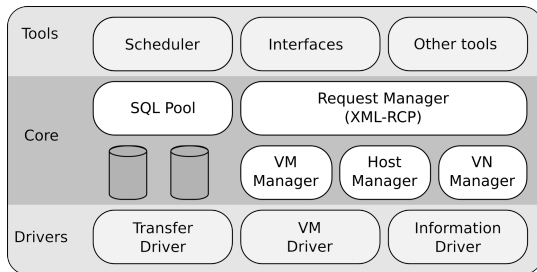
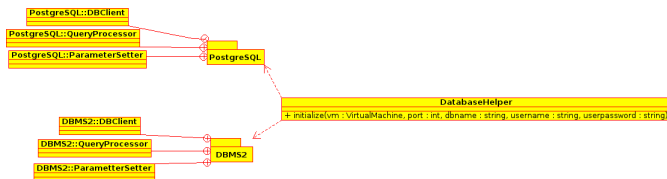


Figure: OpenNebula architecture

OpenRC

- ▶ Advisor implementation for a private cloud;
- ▶ Supporting features.
 - ▶ Resource reallocation;
 - ▶ Communication with the DBMS:



Calibration and renormalization

Parameters that describe CPU:

Parameter	Description
<code>cpu_operator_cost</code>	Cost of processing each operator or function call
<code>cpu_tuple_cost</code>	Cost of processing one tuple (row)
<code>cpu_index_tuple_cost</code>	Cost of processing each index entry during an index scan

Normalization in PostgreSQL:

- **seq_page_cost**: Cost of fetching a sequential page from disk.

Relation between costs:

$$param_{estimated} = \frac{param_{actual}}{seq_page_cost_{actual}}$$

Implementation Overview

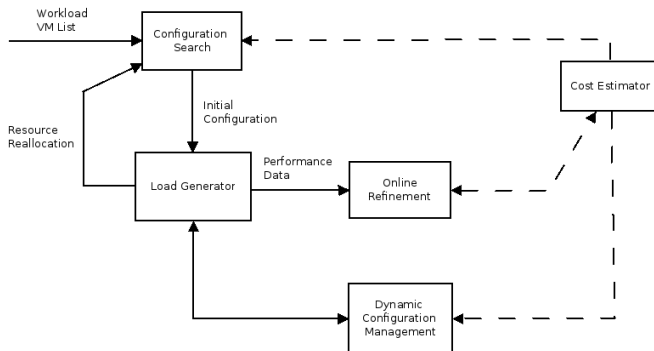
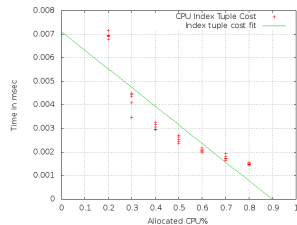
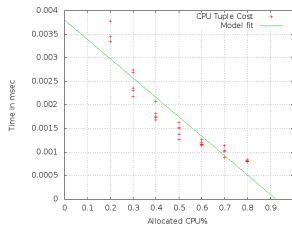


Figure: Implementation overview

Calibration



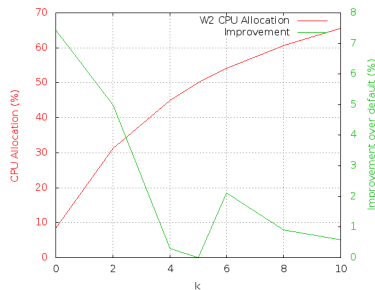
Configuration Search

$$\frac{T_{default} - T_{advisor}}{T_{default}}$$

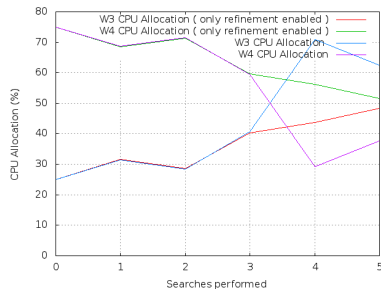
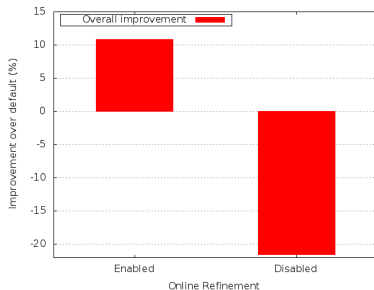
$$W_1 = 5 * C + 5 * I$$

$$W_2 = k * C + (10 - k) * I,$$

$$0 \leq k \leq 10$$



Online Refinement and Dynamic Configuration Search



Final Considerations

- ▶ Resource consolidation on the cloud;
- ▶ Improvement over default allocation;
- ▶ Future work
 - ▶ Different DBMS types;
 - ▶ New resources;
 - ▶ Explore the infrastructure;
 - ▶ Overhead;



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