

# Improved resource consolidation for database workloads in a cloud

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## Introduction

Context

## Objective

## Related Work

Overview

Virtualization Design Advisor

## Solution

OpenNebula

OpenRC

## Preliminary Results

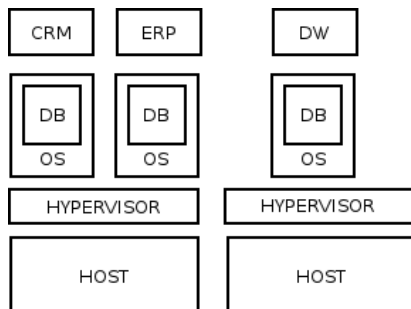
## Final Considerations

## References

# Infrastructure as a service

- ▶ Popularized business model;
- ▶ On-demand provisioning;
- ▶ Offers virtualized resources;
- ▶ Private clouds:
  - ▶ Flexible infrastructure;
  - ▶ Pack services into the same machine;
  - ▶ Resource reallocation;
  - ▶ Host migration;

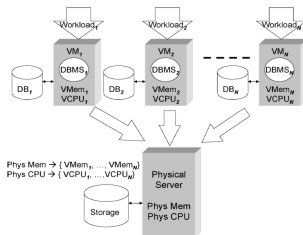
- ▶ DBMS Virtualization;
- ▶ Database consolidation;
- ▶ Infrastructure cloud deployment model:



# Objective

## Problem definition

*"Given  $N$  database workloads that will run on  $N$  database systems inside  $N$  virtual machines, how should we allocate the available resources to these virtual machines to get the best overall performance?" [Soror et al., 2007]*



# Database virtualization

- ▶ Is it an advantage to virtualize DBMSes?
  - ▶ Comparison to non-virtualized database consolidation solution[Curino et al., 2011]
    - ▶ Small amount of RAM reclaimed;
    - ▶ 6x to 12x higher throughput;
    - ▶ Different architecture;
  - ▶ According to [Minhas et al., 2008]
    - ▶ Average overhead  $< 10\%$ .
    - ▶ Query execution times not much higher;

## Resource allocation

- ▶ [Soundararajan et al., 2009]
  - ▶ Database server running on a virtual storage;
  - ▶ Minimal statistics collection;
  - ▶ Interplay between resources;
- ▶ [Soror et al., 2008]
  - ▶ Certain level of independence among resources;
  - ▶ Based on query optimizer cost model;
  - ▶ VM and DBMS parameters.

- ▶ Objective:
  - ▶ Minimize  $\sum_{i=1}^N \text{Cost}(W_i, R_i)$ .

## Problem

$$\text{Cost}_{DB}(Q, P_i, D) \longrightarrow \text{Cost}(W_i, R_i)$$



## Cost estimator overview

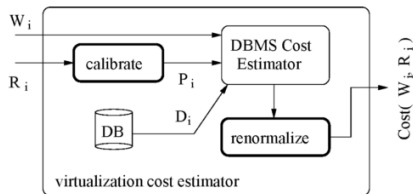


Figure: Cost estimator overview

## Advisor overview

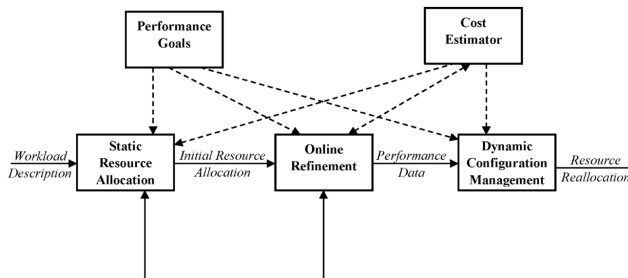


Figure: Advisor overview

# OpenNebula

- ▶ Homogeneous view of resources;
- ▶ Manages VM full life cycle;
- ▶ Configurable resource allocation policies;

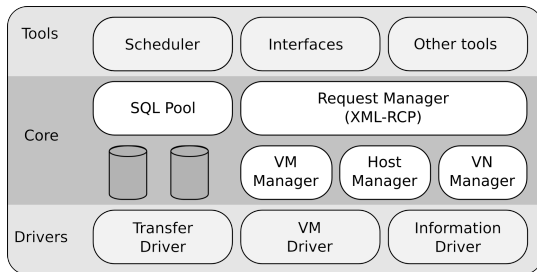
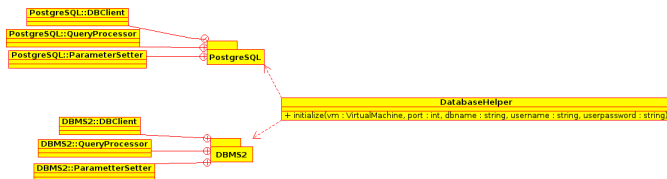


Figure: OpenNebula architecture

# OpenRC

- ▶ Advisor implementation for a private cloud;
- ▶ Supporting features.
  - ▶ Resource reallocation;
  - ▶ Communication with the DBMS:



# Calibration and renormalization

Parameters that describe CPU:

Parameter	Description
<code>cpu_operator_cost</code>	Cost of processing each operator or function call
<code>cpu_tuple_cost</code>	Cost of processing one tuple (row)
<code>cpu_index_tuple_cost</code>	Cost of processing each index entry during an index scan

Normalization in PostgreSQL:

- ▶ **seq\_page\_cost**: Cost of fetching a sequential page from disk.

Relation between costs:

$$param_{estimated} = \frac{param_{actual}}{seq\_page\_cost_{actual}}$$

# Implementation Overview

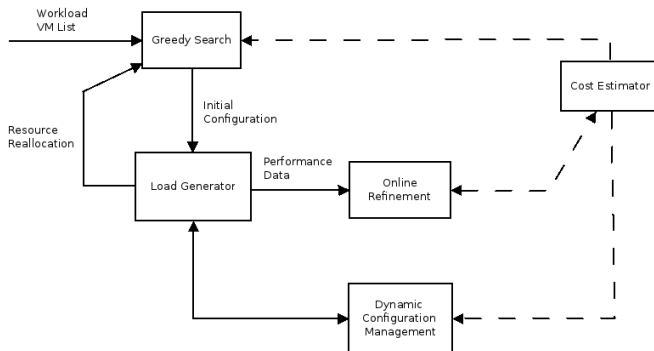
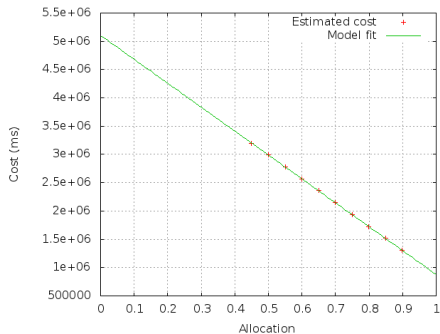
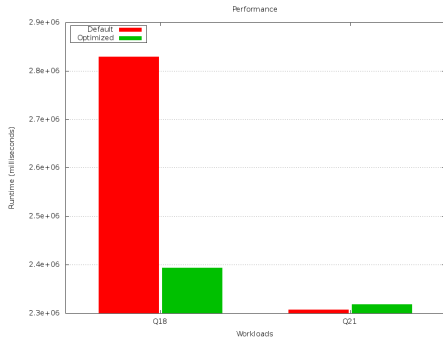


Figure: Implementation overview

# Preliminary Results



≈ 8% improvement for 2 workload units



## Final Considerations

- ▶ Test components;
- ▶ Workload variation;
- ▶ Result comparison;
- ▶ Future work
  - ▶ Different DBMS types;
  - ▶ New resources;
  - ▶ Workload Intensity;





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