

## Problem 7

Let  $u$  denote a real vector normalized to unit length. That is,  $u^T u = 1$ . Show that  $A = I - 2uu^T$  is orthogonal, i.e.,  $A^T A = I$ .

### Solution

$$\begin{aligned} A^T A &= (I - 2uu^T)^T (I - 2uu^T) \\ &= (I^T - (2uu^T)^T) (I - 2uu^T) \\ &= (I - 2uu^T) (I - 2uu^T) \\ &= I^2 - 2Iuu^T - 2uu^T I + 4(uu^T)^2 \\ &= I^2 - 4uu^T + 4(uu^T)^2 \\ &= I^2 - 4 + 4 \\ &= I \end{aligned}$$