

ONLINE LEARNING IN AUTOREGRESSIVE DYNAMICS

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CONTRIBUTIONS

- We define **Autoregressive Bandits** to represent **sequential decision-making** problems where the rewards are governed by an **Autoregressive Process**
- We demonstrate that the **optimal policy** is **greedy**
- We propose AR-UCB, an optimistic regret minimization algorithm, and provide:
 - an upper bound on the **expected policy regret** in the order of $\widetilde{\mathcal{O}}(\sqrt{T})$
 - an extensive numerical validation

SETTING - AUTOREGRESSIVE BANDITS

REWARD MODEL

At every time $t \in [T]$, we select an action a_t and receive a reward x_t composed of:

$$\underbrace{x_t}_{\text{Reward}} = \underbrace{\gamma_0(a_t)}_{a_t \text{ Inst. Reward}} + \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^k \gamma_i(a_t) x_{t-i}}_{i=1} + \underbrace{\xi_t}_{\text{Noise}}$$
Contribution of the past

where:

- *k* is the **order of the AR process**
- $(\gamma_i(a_t))_{i \in \{0,...,k\}}$ is an **unknown parameter vector**, characteristic of action $a_t \in \mathcal{A}$ ($|\mathcal{A}| = n$)
- ξ_t is σ^2 -subgaussian random noise

ASSUMPTIONS

- a. (Non-negative coef.) $\gamma_i(a) \geq 0, \ \forall a \in \mathcal{A}, \ i \in [0, k]$
- b. (Stability) $\Gamma \coloneqq \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{i=1}^{\kappa} \gamma_i(a) < 1$
- c. (Boundedness) $m := \max_{a \in A} \gamma_0(a) < +\infty$

OPTIMAL POLICY

Under Assumption (a), for every round $t \in \mathbb{N}$, the optimal policy π_t^* satisfies:

$$\pi_t^* \in \operatorname*{arg\,max} \langle \boldsymbol{\gamma}(a), \mathbf{z}_{t-1} \rangle$$

where:

- $\gamma(a) := (\gamma_0(a), \dots, \gamma_k(a))$ is the **coefficient vector** for action a
- $\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \coloneqq (1, x_{t-1}, \dots, x_{t-k})$ is a Markovian state representation of the problem

ALGORITHM - AUTOREGRESSIVE UPPER CONFIDENCE BOUND (AR-UCB)

AutoRegressive Upper Confidence Bound is an optimistic regret minimization algorithm that exploits the linear structure of autoregressive processes.

- AR-UCB takes as input:
 - Regularization parameter λ
 - Subgaussianity coefficient σ^2
 - AR process order k
 - Scale of the process m
- For every action a, AR-UCB makes use of a $\mathbf{L^2}$ -Penalized Least Squares Regression in order to estimate the corresponding coefficients $\gamma(a)$.
- AR-UCB plays the **optimistic action** based on the regression's estimates of AR coefficients and their **uncertainty region**:

Algorithm 1: AR-UCB. Input: $\lambda > 0$, σ^2 , k, mInitialize $\mathbf{V}_0(a) = \lambda \mathbf{I}_{k+1}$, $\mathbf{b}_0(a) = \mathbf{0}_{k+1}$, $\widehat{\gamma}_0(a) = \mathbf{0}_{k+1}$, $\forall a \in \mathcal{A}$ Initialize $\mathbf{z}_0 = (1, 0, \dots, 0)^T$ for $t \in \llbracket T \rrbracket$ do Compute $a_t \in \underset{a \in \mathcal{A}}{\operatorname{arg \, max \, UCB}_t(a)}$ Play a_t and observe $x_t = \langle \gamma(a_t), \mathbf{z}_{t-1} \rangle + \xi_t$ for $a \in \mathcal{A}$ do $\mathbf{V}_t(a) = \mathbf{V}_{t-1}(a) + \mathbf{z}_{t-1}\mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T \mathbb{1}_{\{a=a_t\}}$ $\mathbf{b}_t(a) = \mathbf{b}_{t-1}(a) + \mathbf{z}_{t-1}x_t\mathbb{1}_{\{a=a_t\}}$ $\widehat{\gamma}_t(a) = \mathbf{V}_t(a)^{-1}\mathbf{b}_t(a)$ end

Update $z_t = (1, x_t, ..., x_{t-k+1})^T$

$$\|\widehat{\gamma}_{t}(a) - \gamma(a)\|_{\mathbf{V}_{t}(a)} \leq \beta_{t}(a) \coloneqq \sqrt{\lambda(m^{2} + 1)} + \sigma\sqrt{2\log\left(\frac{n}{\delta}\right)} + \log\left(\frac{\det\mathbf{V}_{t}(a)}{\lambda^{k+1}}\right)$$

$$a_{t} \in \arg\max\ \mathbf{UCB}_{t}(a) \coloneqq \arg\max\ \langle \widehat{\gamma}_{t-1}(a), \mathbf{z}_{t-1} \rangle + \beta_{t-1}(a)\|\mathbf{z}_{t-1}\|_{\mathbf{V}_{t-1}(a)^{-1}},$$

end

REGRET ANALYSIS

REGRET DECOMPOSITION

$$\underbrace{r_t = x_t^* - x_t}_{\text{Instantaneous policy regret}} = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^k \gamma_i(a_t^*)(x_{t-i}^* - x_{t-i})}_{\text{Instantaneous autoregressive regret}} + \underbrace{\langle \gamma(a_t^*) - \gamma(a_t), \mathbf{z}_{t-1} \rangle}_{\text{Instantaneous external regret}} = \sum_{i=1}^k \gamma_i(a_t^*)r_{t-i} + \rho_t$$

EXTERNAL-TO-POLICY REGRET BOUND

$$R(\boldsymbol{\pi},T) = \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{t=1}^{T} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{k} \gamma_{i}(a_{t}^{*})r_{t-i} + \rho_{t}\right]\right] \leq \underbrace{\left(\frac{\Gamma k}{1-\Gamma} + 1\right)}_{\text{External Regret}} \underbrace{\varrho(\boldsymbol{\pi},T)}_{\text{External Regret}}$$

UPPER BOUND ON EXPECTED POLICY REGRET

$$\mathbb{E}[R(\mathsf{AR-UCB},T)] \leq \widetilde{\mathcal{O}}\bigg(\frac{(m+\sigma)(k+1)^{3/2}\sqrt{nT}}{(1-\Gamma)^2}\bigg)$$

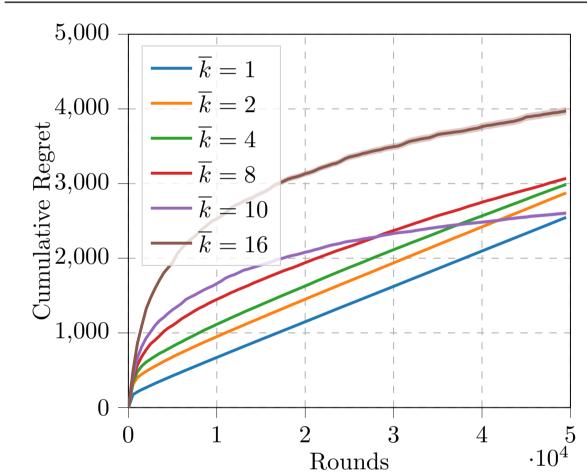
EXPERIMENTAL VALIDATION

AR-UCB VS BANDIT BASELINES

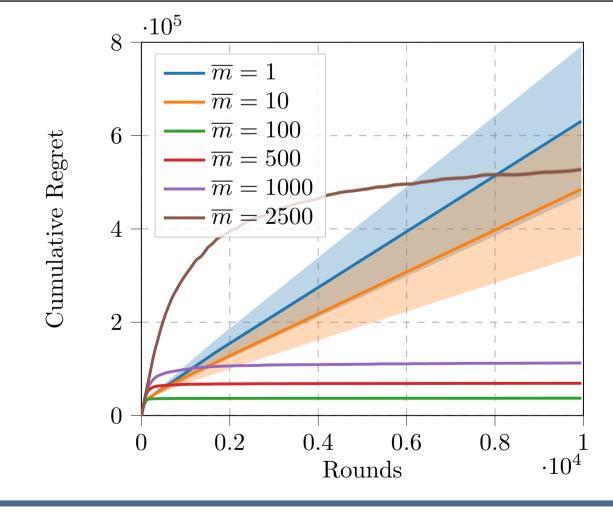
- Time horizon $T = 10^4$
- $\gamma_i(a) \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 1/k), \ \forall a \in \mathcal{A}, \ i \in [0, k]$

Parameters			Cumulative Regret $(\cdot 10^3)$		
k	m	σ	AR-UCB	UCB1	EXP3
2	1	0.75	0.58	3.2	3.6
4	20	1.5	25	739	352
4	920	10	247	4249	2925

MISSPECIFICATION OF k (REAL k=10)



Misspecification of m (real m=500)



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