

# **Ultrasonic Ranging Module HC - SR04**

## **Product features:**

Ultrasonic ranging module HC - SR04 provides 20mm - 4m, non-contact measurement function, the ranging accuracy can reach to 3mm. The modules includes ultrasonic transmitters, receiver and control circuit. The basic principle of work:

- (1) Using IO trigger for at least 10us high level signal,
- (2) The Module automatically sends eight 40kHz and detect whether there is a pulse signal back.
- (3) If the signal back, through high level , time of high output IO duration is the time from sending ultrasonic to returning.

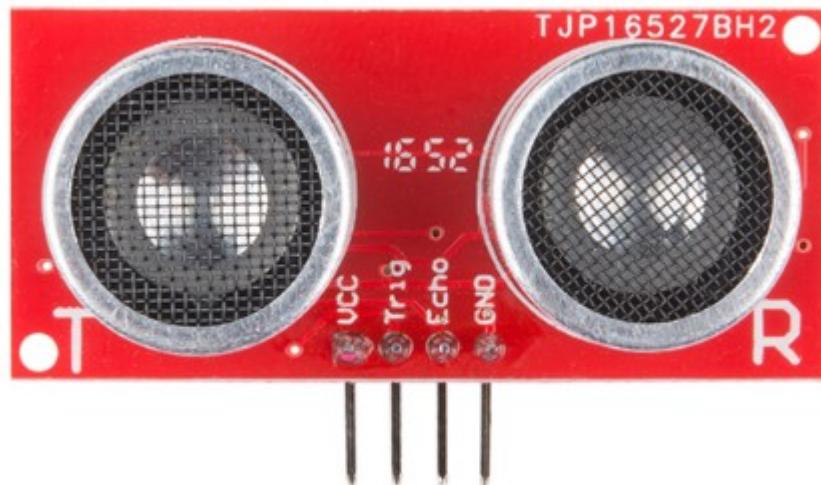
Test distance = (high level time×velocity of sound (340M/S) / 2

## **Wire connecting direct as following:**

- 5V Supply
- Trigger Pulse Input
- Echo Pulse Output
- 0V Ground

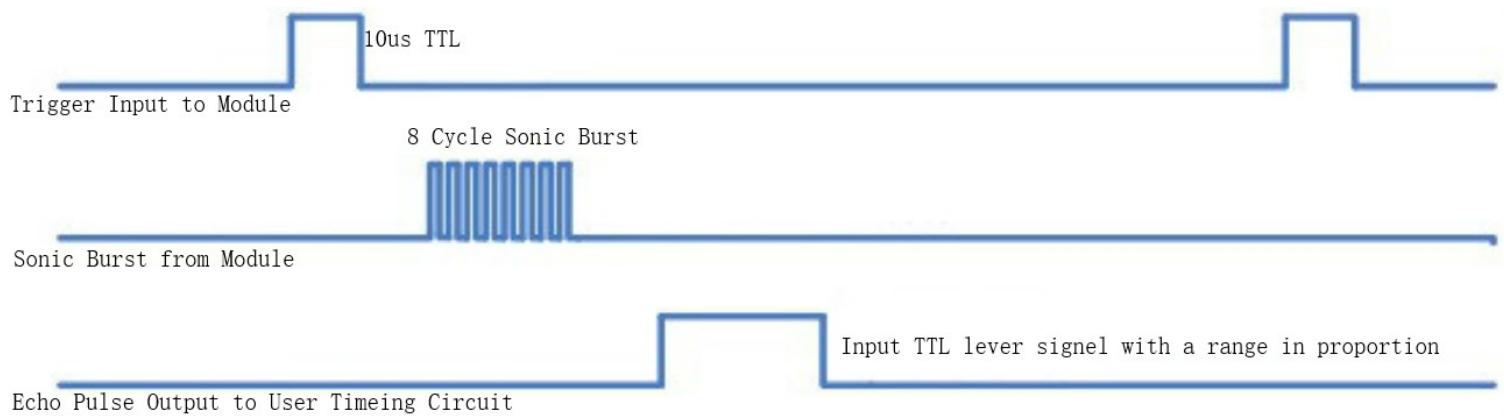
## **Electric Parameter**

Working Voltage	DC 5V
Working Current	15mA
Working Frequency	40kHz
Max Range	4m
Min Range	20mm
Measuring Angle	15 degree
Trigger Input Signal	10uS TTL pulse
Echo Output Signal	Input TTL lever signal and the range in proportion
Dimension	45x20x15mm



### Timing diagram

The Timing diagram is shown below. You only need to supply a short 10uS pulse to the trigger input to start the ranging, and then the module will send out an 8 cycle burst of ultrasound at 40kHz and raise its echo. The Echo is a distance object that is pulse width and the range in proportion .You can calculate the range through the time interval between sending trigger signal and receiving echo signal. Formula:  $uS/58 = \text{inch}$  or  $uS/148 = \text{centimeters}$ ; or: the range = high level time \* velocity (340M/S) / 2; we suggest to use over 60ms measurement cycle, in order to prevent trigger signal to the echo signal.



### Attention:

- The module is not suggested to connect directly to electric, if connected electric, the GND terminal should be connected the module first, otherwise, it will affect the normal work of the module.
- When tested objects, the range of area is not less than 0.5m square and the plane requests as smooth as possible, otherwise, it will affect the results of measuring.