

1930. Unique Length-3 Palindromic Subsequences

Medium Topics Companies Hint

Given a string `s`, return the number of **unique palindromes of length three** that are a **subsequence** of `s`.

Note that even if there are multiple ways to obtain the same subsequence, it is still only counted **once**.

A **palindrome** is a string that reads the same forwards and backwards.

A **subsequence** of a string is a new string generated from the original string with some characters (can be none) deleted without changing

- For example, "ace" is a subsequence of "abcde".

Example 1:

Input: s = "aabca"

Output: 3

Explanation: The 3 palindromic subsequences of length 3 are:

- "aba" (subsequence of "aabca")
- "aaa" (subsequence of "aabca")
- "aca" (subsequence of "aabca")

Example 2:

Input: `s = "adc"`

Output: 0

Explanation: There are no palindromic subsequences of length 3 in "adc".

Example 3:

Input: s = "bbcbaba"

Output: 4

Explanation: The 4 palindromic subsequences of length 3 are:

- "bbb" (subsequence of "bbcbaba")
- "bcb" (subsequence of "bbcbaba")
- "bab" (subsequence of "bbcbaba")
- "aba" (subsequence of "bbcbaba")

Constraints:

- $3 \leq s.length \leq 10^5$
- s consists of only lowercase English letters.

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Yes No

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 Hint 1

 Hint 2

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