

66. Plus One

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You are given a **large integer** represented as an integer array `digits`, where each `digits[i]` is the i^{th} digit of the integer. The digits are stored from most significant digit to least significant digit in order.

Increment the large integer by one and return *the resulting array of digits*.

Example 1:

Input: `digits = [1,2,3]`
Output: `[1,2,4]`
Explanation: The array represents the integer 123.
Incrementing by one gives $123 + 1 = 124$.
Thus, the result should be `[1,2,4]`.

Example 2:

Input: `digits = [4,3,2,1]`
Output: `[4,3,2,2]`
Explanation: The array represents the integer 4321.
Incrementing by one gives $4321 + 1 = 4322$.
Thus, the result should be `[4,3,2,2]`.

Example 3:

Input: `digits = [9]`
Output: `[1,0]`
Explanation: The array represents the integer 9.
Incrementing by one gives $9 + 1 = 10$.
Thus, the result should be `[1,0]`.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{digits.length} \leq 100$
- $0 \leq \text{digits}[i] \leq 9$
- `digits` does not contain any leading 0's.

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/4

☒ Yes ☐ No

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