1898. Maximum Number of Removable Characters

Medium Topics Companies Hint

You are given two strings `s` and `p` where `p` is a **subsequence** of `s`. You are also given a **distinct 0-indexed** integer array `removable` con

You want to choose an integer `k` (`0 <= k <= removable.length`) such that, after removing `k` characters from `s` using the **first** `k` indices

Return *the **maximum** `k` you can choose such that `p` is still a **subsequence** of `s` after the removals.*

A **subsequence** of a string is a new string generated from the original string with some characters (can be none) deleted without changing

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "abcacb", p = "ab", removable = [3,1,0]
Output: 2
Explanation: After removing the characters at indices 3 and 1, "abcacb" becomes "accb".
"ab" is a subsequence of "accb".
If we remove the characters at indices 3, 1, and 0, "abcacb" becomes "ccb", and "ab" is no longer a
Hence, the maximum k is 2.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "abcbddddd", p = "abcd", removable = [3,2,1,4,5,6]
Output: 1
Explanation: After removing the character at index 3, "abcbddddd" becomes "abcddddd".
"abcd" is a subsequence of "abcddddd".
```

Example 3:

```
Input: s = "abcab", p = "abc", removable = [0,1,2,3,4]
Output: 0
Explanation: If you remove the first index in the array removable, "abc" is no longer a subsequence.
```

Constraints:

- `1 <= p.length <= s.length <= 10^5`
- `0 <= removable.length < s.length`
- `0 <= removable[i] < s.length`
- `p` is a **subsequence** of `s`.
- `s` and `p` both consist of lowercase English letters.
- The elements in `removable` are **distinct**.

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Yes No

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Hint 1

Hint 2

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